Financial Report
With Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2018

dependent Auditors' Reporti - ii
anagement's Discussion and Analysisiii - viii
asic Financial Statements
District-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:
Balance Sheet
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Fiduciary Funds: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Notes to Financial Statements9-24
equired Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Federal Awards Supplementary Information

Issued Under Separate Cover



Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Education Bronson Community Schools Bronson, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bronson Community Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bronson Community Schools as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Education Bronson Community Schools

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, Bronson Community Schools implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and certain pension and OPEB information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report (under separate cover) dated September 11, 2018, on our consideration of Bronson Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bronson Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

Willis & Jurasek. P.C.

September 11, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

As administration of Bronson Community Schools, Counties of Branch and St. Joseph, State of Michigan, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The purpose of this standard is to improve accounting and financial reporting for pensions. It established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, pension expenses, and the related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. Implementation of this standard requires recording of the full unfunded portion of the District's pension plan administered through the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS). The unfunded pension liability has been established through actuarial valuations and will be amortized over a 22 year period which began with the plan's fiscal year-end of September 30, 2014 in the first year of implementation. With the recording of this pension liability, the liabilities of the District exceeded its assets. The balance of the net position at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$(9,612,266), a negative net position.
- For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The changes required under this standard are significant at the government-wide level. The Standard requires reporting related to postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) similar to reporting in regards to pension plans. These requirements include recording a proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, recording a proportionate share of OPEB expense and certain required disclosures and required supplementary information. The Standard has no affect on the statements at the fund level.
- The District's total net position increased by \$795,352. The increase represents an increase in ongoing revenues and decreases in ongoing expenditures.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's aggregated fund balance for the District's governmental funds was \$3,477,166 or approximately 32 percent of the total expenditures of these funds.
- The General Fund had a net change in fund balance of \$296,700. At the end of the year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,676,176 or approximately 28 percent of the total General Fund expenditures and outgoing transfers.
- In a prior fiscal year, the taxpayers of the District approved a Sinking Fund tax levy of 2.0 mills for five years to make improvements to the school facilities. Some of the improvements that have been completed this year include interior and exterior door replacements throughout the District and replacement, repair and/or resurfacing of the elementary roofs in the District. This year we have replaced plumbing fixtures throughout the District; and are preparing to replace uni-vents, and upgrading the bleachers in the Jr. Sr. High School gymnasium. The property tax revenue for the fiscal year restricted to Sinking Fund capital improvement expenditures totaled approximately \$420,000.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District financially as a whole. The district-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The financial statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities included in the fund financial statements. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's most significant funds – the General Fund and the Sinking Fund as well as the District's non-major fund, the Food Service Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities – One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector corporations.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report the governmental activities for the District. These services include instruction, support services, community services, athletics, food services, and transfers to other local districts. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, (unrestricted and restricted State Aid), and charges for services finance most of these activities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses for these services are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position reports the District's net position, the difference between assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows. The Statement of Activities reports the District's change in net position, the revenues less expenses for the fiscal year, either as an increase or a decrease, or in other words, the operating results for the year. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to its students, not to generate profits, as private-sector corporations do.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as property tax base, political conditions at the State Capitol, student enrollment growth, birth rates, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. The fund statements are formatted to comply with the legal requirements of the Michigan Department of Education's *Accounting Manual*.

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. In the fund financial statements, capital assets purchased by cash are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. No assets are reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future years' debt obligations are not recorded.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 and 5 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the fiduciary for various student group activities and scholarships. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations. The District's fiduciary funds are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7 – 8 of this report.

Additional Information – The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 9-24 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial analysis focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the District's governmental activities. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The following is a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Governme	Governmental Activities			
	2018	2017			
Current assets Non-current assets Total assets	\$ 4,713,663	\$ 5,012,727 3,408,052 8,420,779			
Deferred outflows of resources	3,360,450	1,797,223			
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total liabilities	1,236,497 <u>18,974,302</u> <u>20,210,799</u>	1,658,172 18,388,568 20,046,740			
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,561,168</u>	578,880			
Net position: Invested in capital assets – net of related debt Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted	4,085,588 515,174 (14,213,028)	3,408,052 760,931 (14,576,601)			
Total net position	\$ <u>(9,612,266)</u>	\$ <u>(10,407,618</u>)			

The above analysis focuses on the net position. The change in net position of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The net position differs from fund balances and the reconciliation appears on page 4.

By far the largest portion of the District's positive net position reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e. land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt, if any, must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Typically, one portion of the District's net position, the *restricted* portion, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. In the case of the School District, *restricted* net position is related to property taxes collected for sinking fund capital projects not spent at year-end. The *unrestricted* balance of \$(14,213,028), which is a *negative* net position, is negative as a result of the pension and OPEB liabilities. The pension and OPEB liabilities at fiscal year-end are expected to be reduced to \$0 over an approximate 20-year period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities, which depicts the changes in net position.

The following is a summary of the change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Governme	ntal Activities
	2018	2017
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 299,544	\$ 275,928
Operating grants	2,070,794	1,851,287
General revenues:		
Property taxes	1,467,528	1,464,808
Grants and state aid	7,080,423	7,061,340
Other	66,742	68,361
Total revenues	10,985,031	10,721,724
Functions/Program Expenses:		
Instruction	5,985,623	5,553,788
Support services	3,570,090	3,566,684
Food service activities	605,047	622,792
Other	4,496	7,315
Capital outlay	24,423	12,696
Total expenses	10,189,679	9,763,275
Increase (decrease) in net position	795,352	958,449
Net position beginning of year	(10,407,618)	(6,471,334)
	(10,407,010)	
Decrease in net position - implementation of GASB No. 75	_	(4,894,733)
Ending net position	\$ <u>(9,612,266)</u>	\$ <u>(10,407,618</u>)

The District's net position increased by \$795,352 during the current fiscal year. The increase in net position differs from the change in fund balances and the reconciliation appears on page 6.

The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State Aid constitute the vast majority of the School District's operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and Administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

General Fund Budgeting and Operating Highlights

The School District's budgets are prepared according to Michigan Law. The most significant budgeted funds are the General Fund and the Food Service Fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the School District amended the budgets of these governmental funds twice. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule showing the School District's General Fund original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

The General Fund actual revenue and other financing sources was \$9,895,576. That amount is slightly below the amended budget estimate of \$9,934,508. The variance (0.04%) was due in most part to year-end adjustments in state revenues as well as a decrease in in the federal revenues area.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the General Fund were \$9,598,876, which is below the amended budget estimate of \$9,806,147. The \$207,271 variance (2.2%) was due to mid-year changes in discretionary expenditures at the District level in response to the changes in anticipated revenues. More detail of these changes may be found in the District budget amendment resolutions.

The General Fund had total revenues of \$9,895,576 and total expenditures of \$9,598,876 with a net change in fund balance of \$296,700 and an ending fund balance of \$2,676,176. The current year net increase was somewhat expected going into this year due to making the necessary cuts in prior years. We are slowly adding staffing to meet student's needs, keeping in mind the continuing issues of losing students and still trying to find a good balance between the two.

There were no significant differences between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – At the end of the fiscal year 2018, the School District had \$11,179,369 invested in land and buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles and buses. Of this amount, \$7,093,781 in depreciation has been taken over the years. We currently have a net book value of \$4,085,588.

	Governmental Activiti				
Land Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles Total capital assets	2018 \$ 62,200 6,739,526 3,450,228 927,415 11,179,369	2017 \$ 62,200 6,106,231 3,358,226 879,627 10,406,284			
Less accumulated depreciation	7,093,781	6,998,232			
Net capital assets	\$ <u>4,085,588</u>	\$ <u>3,408,052</u>			

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Purchase of one hundred ninety two Chromebooks with carts to be split between all three buildings (\$41,522), security system additions at Ryan, Anderson, & Jr./Sr. High (\$31,283), new computers for food service (\$5,604), roof recoat at the elementary buildings (\$371,216), door replacements (\$262,079), new band uniforms (\$26,450), upgrade to the fire alarm system at Chicago Street (\$7,990), and two buses (\$174,107).

Long-Term Debt – State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a school district may issue to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation (State Equalized Value). At June 30, 2018, the District had no long-term bonded debt outstanding. There was no new borrowing this year including State Aid notes. The District does have a long-term pension liability, netted with related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, of approximately \$12,500,000. This liability is being amortized over a 22 year period beginning with the plan year ended September 30, 2014. The District also has a long-term OPEB liability, netted with related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, of approximately \$4,700,000. For the 2017 fiscal year, this liability is being amortized over a 20 year period. See Note 8 for further information.

Additional information on the District's short-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

On March 15, 1994, the electors of the State of Michigan approved a ballot proposition to amend the State Constitution of 1963, in part, to increase the State sales tax from 4% to 6% as part of a complex plan to restructure the source of funding of public education (K-12) in order to reduce reliance on local property taxes for school operating purposes and to equalize the per pupil finance resource disparities among school districts. The State Aid package passed by the Legislature as part of the school finance reform legislation instituted a per pupil foundation guarantee beginning in fiscal year 1994-1995. The foundation allowance has been established for 2018-2019 as \$7,871. The foundation quarantee consists of the locally raised property taxes plus State Aid. The source of revenues for the State's contribution to the foundation allowance is derived from a mix of taxing sources, including but not limited to, a Statewide property tax of six mills on all property (homestead and non-homestead), a State sales and use tax, a real estate transfer tax and a cigarette tax. One additional factor for Bronson Community Schools is the loss of revenue due to a "Headlee Rollback." This occurs when the revenue generated by the increase in taxable values of property in the District outstrips the rate of inflation. This has caused the District to rollback the millage it may levy on all nonhomestead property to 17.7264 mills instead of the 18 mills that have been voter approved. Consequently, the District has lost over \$163,016 in revenue since '04-'05. The loss will be approximately \$10,000 per year. If the State does not receive enough revenue to support enacted State School Aid Budgets we could have our State Aid payments reduced during the year which has happened in the past.

Changes in the costs for the retirement contribution for employees along with reductions in federal funding are causing an ever growing strain on school budgets, ours included. We hope to mitigate this problem by careful staffing decisions, acute awareness of opportunities to cut costs, and attempting to enhance our revenues when possible. Our buildings continue to show the signs of aging, but we are working very hard to do as much as we can with the funds we have available.

The following factors were considered in preparing the District's budgets for the 2018-2019 fiscal year:

- Foundation allowance of approximately \$7,871 per pupil an increase of \$240 per pupil from '17-'18
- Section 22d rural district \$44 per pupil
- Student enrollment projected at 15 FTE lower than the February count for 2017-2018
- Hiring of a Social Worker through At Risk Funds to be shared between Ryan and Anderson
- Increase of salaries district wide by 1.25% with a \$500 off schedule payment for all permanent staff
- Increased revenue for the MPSERS Stabilization funds to 12.21%.
- Retirement blended rate including the MPSERS Stabilization increased from 37.56% to 39.55%

Additional detail is available through analyzing District budgets and supporting documents for '18-'19.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Bronson Community School's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Mrs. Rachelle Roby Business Manager Bronson Community Schools 501 E. Chicago St. Bronson, MI 49028 Phone 517.369.3241 Fax 517.369.2802 E-mail robyr@bronsonschools.org

Bronson Community Schools
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 3,094,931
Receivables:	
Due from other governmental units	1,572,764
Inventories	4,170
Prepaid expenses	41,798
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation	4,085,588
Total assets	8,799,251
Deferred Outlows of Resources:	
Pension related	3,049,098
OPEB related	311,352
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,360,450
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,045,798
Unearned revenue	190,699
Net pension liability	14,140,031
Net OPEB liability	4,834,271
Total liabilities	20,210,799
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Pension related	1,397,734
OPEB related	163,434
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,561,168
Not Decition:	
Net Position:	4 00E E00
Net investment in capital assets	4,085,588
Restricted for:	F4F 474
Capital projects	515,174
Unrestricted	(14,213,028)
Total net position	\$ (9,612,266)

Bronson Community Schools Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Functions/Programs		Expenses	Program Revenue Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions					vernmental Activities (Expenses) venues and Change in et Position
Primary government Governmental activities: Instruction	\$	5,985,623	\$		\$	1,483,696	\$	(4,501,927)
Support services Food service activities Community services Capital outlay		3,570,090 605,047 4,496 24,423		127,466 172,078 - -		85,505 501,593 - -		(3,357,119) 68,624 (4,496) (24,423)
Total governmental activities	\$	10,189,679	\$	299,544	\$	2,070,794		(7,819,341)
		neral revenues: axes:						
		Property taxes,		•	•	es		1,047,750
		Property taxes, ate aid not restr						419,778 7,080,423
		terest and inves			poses			22,168
		ther		oarriiingo				44,574
		Total general	revenu	ies				8,614,693
	Cha	inge in Net Pos	ition					795,352
	Net	Position - Beg	inning	of Year, as	restat	ed		(10,407,618)
	Net	Position - End	of Ye	ar			\$	(9,612,266)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

<u>Assets</u>	General Fund		Sin	king Fund	 Nonmajor Food Service Fund		Total vernmental Funds
Cash and investments Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid expenditures	\$	2,326,690 1,566,604 - 1,798	\$	515,174 - - -	\$ 253,067 6,160 4,170 40,000	\$	3,094,931 1,572,764 4,170 41,798
Total assets	\$	3,895,092	\$	515,174	\$ 303,397	\$	4,713,663
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Salaries payable Accrued expenditures Total liabilities	\$	12,611 184,549 591,666 430,090 1,218,916	\$	- - - - - -	\$ 11,431 6,150 - - 17,581	\$	24,042 190,699 591,666 430,090 1,236,497
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventories Prepaid expenditures Restricted: Food services Capital projects Assigned for subsequent year expenditures Unassigned Total fund balances		1,798 - - 272,629 2,401,749 2,676,176		515,174 - 515,174	4,170 40,000 241,646 - - - 285,816		4,170 41,798 241,646 515,174 272,629 2,401,749 3,477,166
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,895,092	\$	515,174	\$ 303,397	\$	4,713,663

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 3,477,166
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 11,179,369 (7,093,781)	4,085,588
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability Deferred outflows related to the net OPEB liability Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability Deferred inflows related to the net OPEB liability	 (14,140,031) (4,834,271) 3,049,098 311,352 (1,397,734) (163,434)	(17,175,020)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (9,612,266)

Bronson Community Schools
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

						Nonmajor		Total
	Ge	neral Fund	Sir	nking Fund	Foo	od Service Fund	Go	overnmental Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	1,175,216	\$	419,778	\$	176,137	\$	1,771,131
State sources		8,262,460		-		27,933		8,290,393
Federal sources		381,208		-		473,660		854,868
Investment earnings		21,995		173		-		22,168
Interdistrict and other		54,697						54,697
Total revenues		9,895,576		419,951		677,730		10,993,257
Expenditures:								
Instruction		5,979,570		-		-		5,979,570
Support services		3,614,810		-		-		3,614,810
Food service activities		-		-		606,062		606,062
Community services		4,496		_		-		4,496
Capital outlay		-		665,708		-		665,708
Total expenditures		9,598,876		665,708		606,062		10,870,646
Net Changes in Fund Balances		296,700		(245,757)		71,668		122,611
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,379,476		760,931		214,148		3,354,555
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	2,676,176	\$	515,174	\$	285,816	\$	3,477,166

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 122,611
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (228,534) 920,252	691,718
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from the sale of assets as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets sold.		
Net book value of assets sold		(14,182)
Governmental funds report the required pension/OPEB contributions for the fiscal year June 30, 2018 as an expenditure. The Statement of Activities reports the fully accrued pension/OPEB expense based upon a September year-end to coincide with the State of Michigan's fiscal year.		
Changes in pension related liabilities and deferrals		(213,175)
Changes in OPEB related liabilities and deferrals		 208,380
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 795,352

Bronson Community Schools
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	Priva <u>Tr</u> u	Agency Fund				
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,890	\$	170,612		
Liabilities: Due to student groups			\$	170,612		
Net Position: Held in trust	\$	50,890				

Bronson Community Schools
Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2018

		e Purpose st Fund
Additions:		
Contributions	\$	5,576
Total additions		5,576
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		5,213
Total deductions		5,213
Change in Net Position		363
Net Position - Beginning of Year		50,527
Net Position - End of Year	\$	50,890

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Bronson Community Schools (the "School District" or "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the District. Based on the application of the criteria, the District does not contain any component units.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements with nonmajor governmental funds aggregated into a single column.

District-Wide Statements – The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

It is the District's policy to allocate resource outlays first to restricted net position with the remainder allocated to unrestricted net position.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Fund-Based Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, severance pay, claims, and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted State Aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period, are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Expenditure reimbursing grants are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred, eligibility requirements have been met, and receipt of monies is expected within the current availability period (60 days post year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The fiduciary fund statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Project Fund – This type of fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of monies specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and for major remodeling and repairs. The District maintains one capital project fund, the Sinking Fund, which has restricted property taxes as its source of revenue. For this Sinking Fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1212 of the Revised School Code.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Food Service Fund – This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for the specified purposes of food service activity for the District.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent. Fiduciary Fund net position and results of operations are not included in the district-wide statements.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurements of results of operations. The District presently maintains a Student Activities Fund to record the transactions of student and other groups for school-related purposes. The funds are segregated and held in trust for students, parents, alumni, and others.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for using the accrual method of accounting. Private purpose trust funds account for assets where interest payments may be spent. These funds are not reported on the District financial statements. The District's trust fund, the Scholarship Fund, is maintained to provide scholarships for post-secondary education.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenues, Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

State Revenue – The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance approach, which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a State-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of State and local sources. Revenues from State sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of State funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts taken in February 2017 and September 2017.

The State portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a State education property tax millage of six mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of State sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded mainly by non-PRE property (non-homestead) taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills plus 6 mills on Commercial Personal Property. The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August of each year. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as due from other governmental units.

The District also receives revenue from the State to administer categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain categorical funds require an accounting to the State of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year, are recorded as unearned revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

Property Taxes - Property taxes levied by the School District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due date is February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

General Fund – Non-principal residence exemption (PRE)	17.7264
General Fund – Commercial personal property	5.7264
Sinking Fund – All taxable values	2.0000

Tax abatements provided to property tax payers, if any, were not significant, and thus no disclosure was deemed required in accordance with GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*.

Cash and Investments – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit.

The District reports its investments in accordance with GASB professional standards. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the District intends to hold the investment until maturity. Accordingly, investments in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper are recorded at amortized cost.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenues, Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Cash and Investments (Continued) – State statutes authorize the District to invest in bonds, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The District is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

Receivables and Payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Property tax and other trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The District has determined the uncollectible amounts are immaterial and no provision has been recorded.

Inventories and Prepaid Items – Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both district-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	50 years
Site improvements	20 years
Buses and other vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years

Compensated Absences - The District does not report a liability for compensated absences. Sick leave can be accumulated up to 120 days and any accumulations are paid out in October of the following fiscal year for current employees. The amount has been estimated and deemed immaterial and thus management determined it was not necessary to record the liability. Any accumulation of sick pay at retirement or termination is forfeited. Vacation leave cannot be carried over from year to year, and any unused leave at year-end is forfeited.

Long-Term Obligations – In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are reported as a deferred inflow or outflow, separate from liabilities, and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenues, Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations (Continued) – In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Debt issued, as well as premiums received on debt issuances, is reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB contributions made subsequent to the plan measurement date which will be recognized in the following year.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District currently reports deferred inflows of resources related to its net pension liability and net OPEB liability. These future resources will be amortized and recognized over a time period established by the actuary and relate to differences between actuarial estimates and actual results.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Related investments are reported at fair value. See Note 8 for detailed information.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Related investments are reported at fair value. See Note 8 for detailed information.

Fund Balance – The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. In accordance with this guidance, fund balances of governmental funds are categorized according to five defined categories of fund balance. These categories consist of *nonspendable* amounts which are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact; *restricted* amounts that are constrained for specific purposes set by external parties or law; *committed* amounts that are constraints set by the highest decision making authority (the School Board) through adoption of a resolution and may only be removed by the School Board through a rescindment resolution; *assigned* amounts that have an intended purpose but require no formal specific action; and *unassigned* amounts which are the residual of the other categories and have no specific purpose.

It is the District's policy to generally use fund balance in order according to the hierarchy of fund balance categories, from restricted down to unassigned.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenues, Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Use of Estimates – The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and State law for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the *Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act* (P.A. 621 of 1978). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of budgeted estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated at the function level per State law. Violations if any, for the General Fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- 4. Transfers of budgeted amounts are allowed between functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- 6. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to June 30, 2018.

Note 3 - Cash and Investments

At year-end, the School District's cash and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities		Fiduciary Funds		Total Primary Government	
Cash and investments	\$	3,094,931	\$	221,502	\$	3,316,433

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the School District is as follows:

Deposits (checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposits)	\$ 1,418,898
Investments in MILAF pooled investment fund	1,897,335
Petty cash and cash on hand	200
Total	\$ 3,316,433

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost, except for a one-day minimum investment period on MILAF cash management funds and a fourteen-day redemption limitation on MILAF MAX Class funds.

Investment and Deposit Risk – The District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, as noted below.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District requires that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with an acceptable risk level are used for the District's deposits for custodial credit risk. At year-end, the District's deposit balance of \$1,420,000 included \$1,171,000 that was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – Custodial credit risk of investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities beyond State law.

Credit Risk – State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers' acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools. See Note 1 for a full description of allowed investments. The District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

The District's investments under the interlocal agreement (MILAF) in the amount of \$1,946,818 are regulated by the Urban Cooperation Act. The fair value of the position in the interlocal agreement pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. The interlocal agreement (MILAF) is rated at AAAm according to Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District's investment policy does not limit investments with individual issuers.

Foreign Currency Risk – The District does not invest in foreign currency and does not maintain a policy regarding foreign currency risk.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2018 consist of amounts due from other governmental units, primarily the Michigan Department of Education, plus other miscellaneous receivables. Total receivables are \$1,572,764.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

	_	inning lance	A	dditions	oosals and justments		ear-End alance
Assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	62,200	\$	-	\$ _	\$	62,200
Subtotal		62,200			-		62,200
Capital assets beings depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	5,	439,455		-	-	Ę	5,439,455
Site improvements		666,776		633,295	-	•	1,300,071
Buses and other vehicles		879,627		174,107	(126, 319)		927,415
Furniture and equipment	3,	358,225		112,850	(20,847)	3	3,450,228
Subtotal	10,	344,083		920,252	(147,166)	1′	1,117,169
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	3,	250,534		51,352	-	3	3,301,886
Site improvements		234,291		42,804	-		277,095
Buses and other vehicles		529,325		54,888	(112,138)		472,075
Furniture and equipment	2,	984,082		79,490	(20,847)	3	3,042,725
Subtotal	6,	998,232		228,534	(132,985)		7,093,781
Net capital assets being depreciated	3,	345,851		691,718	(14,181)	2	1,023,388
Net capital assets	\$ 3,	408,051	\$	691,718	\$ (14,181)	\$ 4	1,085,588

Depreciation for the fiscal year totaled \$228,534 which is allocated amongst the various functions of the School District as follows:

Instruction	\$ 66,606
Support	157,552
Food service	 4,376
Total	\$ 228,534

Note 6 - Notes Payable

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the School District was issued State Aid anticipation notes that totaled \$929,000, with interest rates between 0.7600% and 1.2000% and maturity dates of July 20, 2017 and August 21, 2017, as follows:

<u>Note</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
2016 C-1	\$ 131,520	1.0000%	07/20/2017
2016 C-2	197,480	0.7600%	07/20/2017
2016 C-3	600,000	1.2000%	08/21/2017

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6 - Notes Payable (Continued)

The State Aid anticipation notes were secured by the full faith and credit of the School District as well as pledged State Aid. Notes 2016 C-1 and 2016 C-2 required payments to an irrevocable set-aside account of \$263,200 in total by June 30, 2017. At the prior year-end, the total of these payments was considered defeased debt and was not included in the year-end balance, leaving an outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 of \$665,800 which was all paid by the applicable maturity dates. There were no State Aid anticipation notes issued for the reported fiscal year or for the year ended June 30, 2019. Activity for the reported year was as follows:

_	Balance ne 30, 2017	<u>Add</u>	<u>itions</u>	<u>Payments</u>		_	ance 30, 2018
\$	665,800	\$	-	\$	(665,800)	\$	-

Note 7 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries and natural disasters. The District participates in a distinct pool of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for self-insuring workers' disability compensation. The pool is considered a public entity risk pool. The District pays annual premiums to the pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event the pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said year, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The pool maintains reinsurance for claims in excess of \$500,000 for each occurrence with the overall maximum coverage being unlimited. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

The District has purchased commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including property and casualty errors and omissions, fleet and employee health and accident insurance.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Organization

Pension/OPEB Plan Description – The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System ("MPSERS" or "the System"), a State-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan. The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees, and covers substantially all employees of the School District. There are currently approximately 700 participating employers in the System which meets the definition of a qualified pension trust fund under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the System maintains a health plan ("OPEB") which provides postemployment healthcare benefits to all eligible retirees as an elective option including health, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage.

The System was originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified, and currently operates under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this Act establishes a governing board and its authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Organization (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued) – The System's financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools. Information provided in this report includes financial data, actuarial assumptions data, and detailed information about the pension plan and OPEB plan fiduciary net positions.

Pension Benefits Provided - Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending upon the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member or Pension Plus plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account. A refund cancels a former member's right to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

OPEB Benefits Provided – Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008 (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of OPEB, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the MPSERS, who earned service credit in the twelve months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional service or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Organization (Continued)

Pension/OPEB Plan Contributions – Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, requires contributions from both the participating employers and the active plan members. The School District, as a participating employer, is required to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension and OPEB benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees (plan members) during the year, with an additional amount paid in to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2016 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period for the 2017 fiscal year.

Pension Plan Contributions – The System is set up with several different benefit options which are available to plan members (employees) based on date of hire. The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2018:

Benefit Type	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.0% - 4.0%	17.89% - 19.03%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.0% - 7.0%	17.89% - 19.03%
Pension Plus	3.0% - 6.4%	16.61% - 18.40%
Pension Plus 2	6.2%	19.74%
Defined Contribution	0.0%	13.54% - 15.27%

The District's required and actual contributions to the plan for the year ended September 30, 2017 were \$1,279,832. The District's required and actual pension contributions include an allocation of \$416,300 in revenue received from the State of Michigan, and remitted to the System, to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) stabilization rate for the year ended September 30, 2017.

OPEB Contributions – OPEB contribution rates in effect for the fiscal year 2017 were 3% for members under the Premium Subsidy option with a corresponding 5.91% contribution from employers and 0% for members under the Personal Healthcare Fund with a corresponding 5.69% employer contribution.

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$425,012 for the year ended September 30, 2017. The District's required and actual OPEB contributions include an allocation of \$154,913 in revenue received from the State of Michigan, and remitted to the System, to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) stabilization rate for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Pension/OPEB Liabilities, Pension/OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions/OPEB

Proportionate Share of School District's Net Pension Liability - At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$14,140,031 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2016. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the System during the measurement period by the percent of statutorily required pension contributions from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2017, the District's proportionate share was .05456469 percent, an increase of .00047941 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2016.

Pension Expense - For the plan year ended September 30, 2017, the School District's pension expense was \$1,438,980, exclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate.

Proportionate Share of School District's Net OPEB Liability - At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$4,834,271 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2016. The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the System during the measurement period by the percent of statutorily required OPEB contributions from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2017, the District's proportionate share was .05459078 percent.

OPEB Expense - For the plan year ended September 30, 2017, the School District's OPEB expense was \$323,447, exclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows - At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension	OPEB	Pension	OPEB
\$ 122,887	\$ -	\$ 69,382	\$ 51,471
1,549,153	-	-	-
-	-	675,986	111,963
89,601	418	87,109	-
1,287,457	310,934	565,257	-
\$ 3,049,098	\$311,352	\$ 1,397,734	\$ 163,434
	Resource Pension \$ 122,887 1,549,153	\$ 122,887 \$ - 1,549,153 - 89,601 418 1,287,457 310,934	Resources Resources Pension OPEB Pension \$ 122,887 \$ - \$ 69,382 1,549,153 - - - - 675,986 89,601 418 87,109 1,287,457 310,934 565,257

\$1,287,457 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows (Continued) - \$310,934 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized in pension/OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30	Pension	OPEB
2019	\$ 230,945	\$ (39,400)
2020	479,894	(39,400)
2021	235,010	(39,400)
2022	(16,685)	(39,400)
2023	-	(5,416)

Payables to the Pension/OPEB Plan - The District reported an accrued pension/OPEB plan payable at June 30, 2018 of \$161,584. This amount represents employee withholdings and the employer amount payable for wages earned at June 30, 2018 but not yet paid.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

A summary of actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	September 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation rate	3.5%
Investment rate of return:	

investment rate of return:

MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid)

as well as OPEB 7.5% Pension Plus Plan (hybrid) 7.0%

Projected salary increases 3.5 – 12.3%, including wage inflation at 3.5%

Healthcare cost trend rate 7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12

Cost of living pension adjustments 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Mortality

RP-2000 Male and Female Combined Healthy Life Mortality
Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using
projection scale BB. This assumption was first used for the
September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. For retirees, 100%
of the table rates were used. For active members, 80% of the
table rates were used for males and 70% of the table rates were

used for females.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued) - Additional assumption information includes the following:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2007 through 2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension/OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation. The total pension/OPEB liability as of September 30, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2016, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years – 4.5188 for pension plan employers and 5.4744 for OPEB plan employers.
- Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000.
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2017 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Additional assumptions related to OPEB only include:

- Opt out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.
- Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
- Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for one or more dependents.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets – The long-term expected rate of return on pension/OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension/OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension/OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity pools	28.0%	5.6%
Alternative investment pools	18.0%	8.7%
International equity pools	16.0%	7.2%
Fixed income pools	10.5%	(0.1)%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.0%	4.2%
Absolute return pools	15.5%	5.0%
Short-term investment pools	2.0%	(0.9)%
Total	100.0%	

^{*}Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

Rate of Return – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension/OPEB plan investments, net of pension/OPEB plan investment expense, was 13.24% and 11.82%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate - A discount rate of 7.5% was used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, a hybrid plan). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension/OPEB plan investments of 7.5% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension/OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 7.5% (7.0% for the Pension Plus Plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

Current Single Discount Rate

1% Decrease (Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)*	Assumption (Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)*	1% Increase (Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)*		
6.5%/6.0%	7.5%7.0%	8.5%/8.0%		
<u>\$18,419,757</u>	<u>\$14,140,031</u>	<u>\$10,536,774</u>		

^{*}The Basic Plan and the Member Investment Plan (MIP) are non-hybrid plans. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan, with a defined benefit (pension) component and a defined contribution (DC) component.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

1% Decrease 6.5%	Current Discount Rate 7.5%	1% Increase 8.5%
\$5,662,328	\$4,834,271	\$4,131,509

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

Current Healthcare					
1% Decrease	1% Increase				
6.5%	7.5%	8.5%			
\$4,093,977	\$4,834,271	\$5,674,822			

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9 - Tax Deferred Annuity Plan

The District maintains a defined contribution retirement plan established under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. This tax deferred annuity plan is for eligible administrative employees and is administered by OMNI. The Board has authority over establishing and amending the plan to meet 403(b) criteria for benefits and contributions. Total employer contributions to the plan for the fiscal year were approximately \$24,000 and there was no related payable outstanding at fiscal year-end.

Note 10 - Federal and State Grants

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowance under terms of the grants, management believes that any required reimbursements would not be material.

Note 11 - New Accounting Standard

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* which was promulgated with the purpose of improving accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). The Statement established standards for measuring and recognizing OPEB liabilities, OPEB expenses, and the related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. The Statement requires cost-sharing employers to record a liability and expense equal to their proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability and expense for the cost-sharing plan, similar to the requirements under GASB Statement No. 68 for pension liability reporting. The Statement also addresses standards for OPEB note disclosures and required supplementary information. Previous to the implementation of this Standard, the OPEB liabilities were not recorded in the District's financial statements. The Standard requires this change to be applied retroactively. As a result of this implementation, which was effective July 1, 2017, the beginning net position has been adjusted to reflect the beginning of year balances of the net OPEB liability and related deferrals of inflows and outflows of resources. This restatement of net position was a decrease of beginning net position of \$4,894,733 to a restated balance of \$(10,407,618).

Note 12 - Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

GASB has issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, to improve accounting and financial reporting over fiduciary activities. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and whether these identified fiduciary activities should be reported in a separate fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. The Statement aims to enhance consistency and comparability for assessing government accountability and stewardship over fiduciary activities. Statement No. 84 will be effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board to increase the usefulness of government financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. The Statement also addresses standards for note disclosures to include information regarding the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements. Statement No. 87 will be effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, was issued to improve noted disclosures related to debt, including clarifying which liabilities should be included when governments disclose information regarding debt. The Statement requires the disclosure of essential information related to debt including unused lines of credit, collateral pledged as debt security, and other significant terms. Statement No. 88 will be effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.



Bronson Community Schools
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					
	Original		Final		Actual	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	1,154,423	\$	1,172,303	\$	1,175,216
State sources		8,061,337		8,281,231		8,262,460
Federal sources		358,509		405,536		381,208
Investment earnings		5,000		21,472		21,995
Interdistrict and other		39,553		53,966		54,697
Total revenues		9,618,822		9,934,508		9,895,576
Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Basic programs		5,256,342		5,393,954		5,329,732
Added needs		711,887		692,449		649,838
Support services:		,		,		•
Pupil		188,699		185,536		182,719
Instructional staff		143,095		137,686		136,022
General administration		294,164		275,382		269,421
School administration		660,024		645,404		636,303
Business		178,043		175,747		173,001
Operation & maintenance		1,132,209		933,974		876,964
Pupil transportation		809,167		807,437		791,228
Central services		237,556		236,747		233,710
Athletic activities		395,177		317,334		315,442
Community services:		,		ŕ		•
Community activities		4,291		880		879
Non-public school pupils		, -		3,617		3,617
Total expenditures		10,010,654		9,806,147		9,598,876
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(391,832)		128,361		296,700
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(1,000)		-		-
Total other financing sources and uses		(1,000)		-		-
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(392,832)		128,361		296,700
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,379,476		2,379,476		2,379,476
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	1,986,644	\$	2,507,837	\$	2,676,176

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of the MPSERS Plan Last Four Fiscal Years (Amounts Determined Each Year as of September 30)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (%)	0.05456469%	0.05408528%	0.05417417%	0.05495000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,140,031	\$ 13,493,835	\$ 13,232,056	\$ 12,102,808
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,595,991	\$ 4,600,819	\$ 4,550,305	\$ 4,699,769
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	307.66%	293.29%	290.79%	257.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions to the MPSERS Plan Last Four Fiscal Years (Amounts Determined Each Year as of June 30)

	20	18	2017	 2016	2015
Statutorily required pension contributions	\$ 1,3	74,117 \$	1,275,439	\$ 1,223,349	\$ 1,004,493
Pension contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	1,3	74,117	1,275,439	 1,223,349	 1,004,493
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,5	92,287 \$	4,624,441	\$ 4,441,016	\$ 4,585,498
Pension contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		29.92%	27.58%	 27.55%	21.91%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedules Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2017.

Changes of Assumptions: The actuarial assumption regarding the investment rate of return for MIP and

Basic plans changed from 8.0% to 7.5% effective for the State's fiscal year

ended September 30, 2017.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability of the MPSERS Plan Fiscal Year (Amounts Determined Each Year as of September 30)

	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (%)	0.05459078%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,834,271
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,595,991
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	105.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	36.39%

Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions to the MPSERS Plan Fiscal Year (Amounts Determined Each Year as of June 30)

	2018
Statutorily required OPEB contributions	\$ 376,678
OPEB contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	376,678
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered payroll (OPEB)	\$ 4,592,287
OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 8.20%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information OPEB Schedules Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2017.

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2017.

Single Audit Report

Year Ended June 30, 2018

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .	1 - 2
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6-7
Schedule of Reconciliation of Revenues with Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	8
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	9
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	10
Comments on Resolution of Findings from June 30, 2017	11



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Bronson Community Schools Bronson, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bronson Community Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bronson Community Schools' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 11, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bronson Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bronson Community Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bronson Community Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Education Bronson Community Schools Bronson, Michigan

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bronson Community Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

September 11, 2018



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Education Bronson Community Schools Bronson, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bronson Community Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bronson Community Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Bronson Community Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Bronson Community Schools' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Bronson Community Schools' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bronson Community Schools' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Bronson Community Schools complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Board of Education Bronson Community Schools Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Bronson Community Schools is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Bronson Community Schools' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bronson Community Schools' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bronson Community Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bronson Community Schools' basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated September 11, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Board of Education Bronson Community Schools Page 3

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

September 11, 2018

Bronson Community Schools Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program Title/Grantor's Number U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster Passed through MI Department of Education: National School Lunch Program	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	En P	ard/Grant titlement rogram Amount	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 7/1/2017	<u>E</u>	Prior Year expenditures	Adjustments Prior <u>Years</u>	Current Year Cash Payment <u>Received</u>	Current Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 6/30/2018
Non-cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555		\$	44,922	\$ -		5 -	\$ -	\$ 44,922	\$ 44,922	\$ -
Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555 10.555 10.555	171960 171980 181960 181980	_	300,499 1,421 247,879 2,080 551,879		- - - - 	255,031 1,023 - - 256,054	- - - -	45,467 398 247,019 2,080 294,964	398 247,879 2,080	860 860
Total National School Lunch Program				596,801			256,054		339,886	340,746	860
National School Breakfast	10.553	171970 181970		135,522 113,012 248,534		- - - -	116,839 - 116,839		18,683 112,363 131,046	113,012	649 649
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	170900 171900 180900 181900		826 86 628 66 1,606	350	6 - <u>-</u> _	350 36 - - 386	- - - -	825 86 - - - 911	50 628 66	628 66 694
Total Cash Assistance				802,020	386	3	373,279	-	426,921	428,738	2,203
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				846,942	386	_	373,279		471,843	-	2,203
Total United States Department of Agriculture				846,942	386	<u> </u>	373,279		471,843	473,660	2,203

Bronson Community Schools
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued)
Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program Title/Grantor's Number U.S. Department of Education Passed through Michigan Department of Education:	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Award/Grant Entitlement Program <u>Amount</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 7/1/2017	Prior Year <u>Expenditures</u>	Adjustments Prior <u>Years</u>	Current Year Cash Payment <u>Received</u>	Current Year <u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 6/30/2018
Title I									
	84.010	171530-1617	290,375	26,270	273,740	(520)	25,750	-	-
	84.010	181530-1718	309,167				208,341	264,613	56,273
			599,542	26,270	273,740	(520)	234,091	264,613	56,273
Title V	84.358	180660-1718	17,702	-	-	-	17,702	17,702	-
Title IIA	84.367	170520-1617	122,111	3,170	66,764		3,170		
	84.367	180520-1617	114,300	3,170	00,704	_	80,253	- 85,505	5,251
	04.007	100020 17 10	236,411	3,170	66,764		83,423	85,505	5,251
			200,411	3,170	00,704		00,420	00,000	5,251
Title III									
	84.365	180580-1718	10,992				10,735	10,735	
Title IV									
	84.424	180750-1718	10,000				2,024	3,174	1,150
Total passed through Michigan Department of Education			874,647	29,440	340,504	(520)	347,975	381,728	62,673
Passed through Sturgis Public Schools:									
Title III Limited English	84.365	2016-2017	10,659	1,346	10,659		1,346		
Total United States Department of Education			885,306	30,786	351,163	(520)	349,321	381,728	62,673
			\$ 1,732,248	\$ 31,172	\$ 724,442	\$ (520)	\$ 821,164	\$ 855,388	\$ 64,877

Bronson Community SchoolsSchedule of Reconciliation of Revenues with Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>Amount</u>
Revenue from Federal sources - per financial statements (includes all funds)	\$ 854,868
Adjustment to prior year Title expenses	520
Federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ <u>855,388</u>

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Bronson Community Schools (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Explanations of Schedule

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Cash received is recorded on the cash basis; expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been included and all grant requirements have been met.

The Schedule has been arranged to provide information on both actual cash received and the revenue recognized. Accordingly, the effects of accruals of accounts receivable, unearned revenue, and accounts payable items at both the beginning and end of the fiscal year have been reported.

Expenditures are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements and the financial reports with any reconciling items noted on page 8. The amounts on the Grant Auditor Report reconcile with this schedule. The amounts reported on the Recipient Entitlement Balance (PAL) Report agree with this schedule for USDA donated food commodities and the expenditures include any spoilage or pilferage.

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as permitted by section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 – Subrecipients

No federal awards were passed through the District to any subrecipients during the year.

Bronson Community Schools
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

None

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified
Material weakness identified	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	yesX none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements no	oted yesX no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not	yes <u>X</u> no
considered to be material weaknesses	yes X none reporte
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)	e yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number</u> 10.553/10.555/10.559	Name of Federal Program Child Nutrition Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	<u>\$ 750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk	yes <u>X</u> no
Section II – Financial Statement Findings	
None	
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned	Costs

Bronson Community Schools
Comments on Resolution of Findings from June 30, 2017
Single Audit Report

Financial Statement Findings

None

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None



September 11, 2018

To the Board of Education Bronson Community Schools Bronson, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bronson Community Schools for the year ended June 30, 2018. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 5, 2018. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Bronson Community Schools are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 11, the School District, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards, implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. We noted no transactions entered into by the School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the government-wide financial statements were:

Management has estimated the value of capitalized assets and the related accumulated depreciation. The bulk of the capitalized costs is based upon an asset appraisal done in a prior year. Related depreciation is based upon estimated usage using estimated lives and methods to formulate net book value. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statements contain estimates for the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. This information has been provided by ORS to all school districts participating in the MPSERS pension system. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements of any significance. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated as per the auditors' report.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the School District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedule, and schedules related to the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability, and the related notes which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Recommendations

We recommend continuing to give consideration to internal controls over fiduciary accounts and to prepare for implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of Bronson Community Schools and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Willis & Turasek, P.C.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.