

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION June 30, 2018 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Board of Education Hillman Community Schools Alpena, Montmorency and Presque Isle Counties, Michigan Hillman, Michigan 49746

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hillman Community Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hillman Community Schools' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hillman Community Schools, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This statement requires the District to report its net OPEB obligation and associated deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. The District has restated their July 1, 2017 net position accordingly. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Prior year information

The financial statements contain summarized total information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017. The prior year information was obtained from the audited financial statements for the prior year and is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it was derived.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hillman Community Schools' basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues and expenditures and the indebtedness schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of revenues and expenditures and indebtedness schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues and expenditures and indebtedness schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 1, 2018, on our consideration of the Hillman Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Hillman Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

QUAST, JANKE AND COMPANY

Quest, Jande and Company

Certified Public Accountants, P.C Bay City, Michigan 48708 October 1, 2018

June 30, 2018

This section of Hillman Community Schools' annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Hillman Community Schools financially as a whole. The District-wide Financial Statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's most significant funds – the General Fund, the Food Service Fund, and the 2015 Debt Retirement Fund. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net position, presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

District-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Information for the Major Funds

Schedule of Reporting Units Contributions

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Other Supplemental Information

June 30, 2018

Reporting the School District as a Whole

District-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net position – as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position – as reported in the statement of activities – are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to their students, not to generate profits as commercial entities strive to do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided to students and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statements of net position and statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, supporting services, community services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted State Aid (foundation allowance revenue), and State and Federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond covenants. Other funds are established to help the School District control and manage money for particular purposes or to meet legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other sources of revenue. The School District's two types of funds, governmental and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed shortterm view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine what financial resources are readily available to spend in the near future to finance the School District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

June 30, 2018

District-wide Financial Analysis

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

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Table 1

	Governmental Activities						
Assets:	Ju	ne 30, 2018	June 30, 2017				
Current and other assets	\$	681,225	\$	1,333,790			
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		5,622,368		5,840,111			
Total Assets		6,303,593		7,173,901			
Deferred outflows of resources		1,661,070		1,065,910			
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities		1,057,354		971,992			
Long-term liabilities		11,142,977		11,808,352			
Total liabilities		12,200,331		12,780,344			
Deferred inflows of resources		1,056,688		313,357			
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		3,017,368		2,810,111			
Restricted - Debt service		64,817		61,026			
Restricted - Food service		14,915		17,308			
Unrestricted		(7,664,527)		(7,742,335)			
Net Position	\$	(4,567,427)	\$	(4,853,890)			

The above analysis focuses on the net position (see Table 1). The School District's net position was \$(4,496,594) at June 30, 2018. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$3,077,368 compares original cost less depreciation of the School District's capital assets to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraint from debt requirements and legislation that limit the School District's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations.

June 30, 2018

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities						
		Year Ende	ed June 30,				
		2018		2017			
Revenue:							
Program revenue:							
Charges for services	\$	104,190	\$	142,743			
Grants and categorical		1,306,178		1,235,787			
General revenue:							
Property taxes		2,338,471		2,294,833			
State PILT		17,075		15,767			
State unrestricted		1,664,537		1,658,214			
Investment earnings		14,152		4,807			
Other		36,283		10,726			
Total Revenue		5,480,886		5,362,877			
Function/Program Expenses:							
Instruction		2,624,176		2,704,056			
Support services		1,931,444		1,942,686			
Community services		1,969		926			
Food services		308,103		308,692			
Interest on long-term debt		83,925		74,964			
Depreciation (unallocated)		244,806		243,074			
Total Expenses		5,194,423		5,274,398			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	286,463	\$	88,479			

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$5,274,378. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the program or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and categoricals of \$1,235,787. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$2,294,833 in taxes, \$1,658,214 in state foundation allowance, and with our other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

June 30, 2018

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$358,506. A key reason for the change in net position was decrease in expenses. The increase in net position differs from the change in fund balance and the reconciliation appears on page 17.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State aid constitute the vast majority of School District operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and Administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$874,213, which is an increase of \$22,147 from last year. The primary reason for this increase was a reduction of expenses in the general fund with only a slight decrease in overall revenues.

The debt service fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$3,791. This was due to decreased property tax revenue.

The Food Service Fund Balance decreased by \$2,394.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements. Changes to the General Fund original budget were as follows:

Budgeted revenues were increased from the original budget by \$290,445. This was due to increase in State Aid Categoricals that were unknown at the time of the original budget. Also a significant increase was received in Title funding.

Budgeted expenditures increased from the original budget by \$134,357. This was mainly due to At Risk funding and Title funding expenses increasing due to an increase in the allocation for these categoricals.

Actual revenues were \$30,277 more than the final budget. This difference is due to an increase in State Aid due to a taxable value decrease entered by township treasurer in July 2018.

Actual expenditures were \$225,073 less than the final budget. This was due to a concerted effort to stay under budget.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2018, the School District had \$13,349,583 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and disposals) of \$96,129.

		2018	2017
Land and improvements	\$	598,184	\$ 592,184
Buildings and improvements		9,775,484	9,775,484
Buses and other vehicles		664,879	579,960
Equipment		2,311,036	 2,305,826
Total Capital Assets		13,349,583	13,253,454
Less Accumulated Depreciation		7,727,215	 7,413,343
Net Capital Assets	\$	5,622,368	\$ 5,840,111
This year's additions of \$96,129 consisted of the f	ollowing:		

This year's additions of \$96,129 consisted of the following:

Various equipment	\$ 5,210
Buses	84,919
Land improvements	 6,000
	\$ 96,129

Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$2,545,000 in long-term outstanding versus \$3,030,000 in the previous year. The debt was made up of only the 2015 general obligation bonds.

The School District's General Obligation Bond rating continues to be equivalent to the State's credit rating. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this limit. The School District's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt of \$2,545,000 is significantly below the statutorily imposed limit.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2019 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2019 fiscal year is 90 percent and 10 percent of the October 2018 and February 2019 student counts, respectively. The 2019 fiscal year budget was adopted in June 2018, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in October of 2018. Approximately 68 percent of total General Fund revenues are from the unrestricted state aid. Under State law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, School District funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operation. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2018-2019 fiscal year budget. Once the final student count and related per pupil funding is validated, State law requires the School District to amend the budget if actual School District resources are not sufficient to fund original appropriations.

Since the School District's revenue is heavily dependent on State funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to school districts. The State periodically holds a revenue-estimating conference to estimate revenues. Based on the results of the most recent conference, the State estimates a \$240 per pupil increase in the foundation allowance.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Manager, Jill Olsen at Hillman Community Schools, 26042 M32 South, Hillman, Michigan 49746.

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
ASSETS:	\$	220.000	\$	07E 17E
Cash & equivalents Accounts receivable	Ş	220,000 3,857	Ş	875,425
Taxes receivable		5,057		9,832
				-
Due from other governmental units		451,566		438,700
Prepaid items		1,249		5 <i>,</i> 080
Investments		724,929		4 750
Inventories		4,553		4,753
Capital assets		13,349,583		13,253,454
Accumulated depreciation		(7,727,215)		(7,413,343
Total Assets		7,028,522		7,173,901
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Related to pensions		1,507,399		958,738
Related to OPEB		153,671		107,172
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,661,070		1,065,910
IABILITIES:				
Accounts payable		65,461		64,958
Accrued payroll and other liabilities		466,478		416,765
Accrued interest		20,964		5,269
Compensated absences		86,299		98,662
Net OPEB liability		2,284,907		2,410,071
Net pension liability		6,671,222		6,754,619
Current portion of long term liabilities		504,451		485,000
Non current portion of long term liabilities		2,100,549		2,545,000
Total Liabilities		12,200,331		12,780,344
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Related to pensions		979,404		313,357
Related to OPEB		77,284		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,056,688		313,357
NET POSITION:				
Investment in capital assets - net of related debt		3,017,368		2,810,111
Restricted for debt service		64,817		61,026
Restricted for food service		14,915		17,308
Unrestricted (deficit)		(7,664,527)		(7,742,335
Total Net Position (deficit)	ć	(4,567,427)	\$	(4,853,890

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Totals for 2017

			Program Revenues		tal Activities		
	Expenses	Charges for Services			Net (Expenses) Changes in 2018) Revenues And Net Position 2017	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction	\$ 2,624,176	\$ -	\$ 829,098	\$ -	\$ (1,795,078)	\$ (2,148,793)	
Supporting services	1,931,444	44,862	251,143	-	(1,635,439)	(1,416,849)	
Community services	1,969	-	1,969	-	-	(926)	
Food services	308,103	59,328	223,968	-	(24,807)	(11,262)	
Interest on long term debt	83,925	-	-	-	(83,925)	(74,964)	
Depreciation (unallocated)	244,806				(244,806)	(243,074)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,194,423	\$ 104,190	\$ 1,306,178	<u>\$ -</u>	(3,784,055)	(3,895,868)	
GENERAL PURPOSE REVENUES: Property taxes, levied for operating purposes Property taxes, levied for debt retirement					1,799,477 538,994	1,789,725 505,108	
State school aid - unrestricted					1,664,537	1,658,214	
State PILT					17,075	15,767	
Investment earnings					14,152	4,807	
Other					36,283	10,726	
Total General Purpose Revenues					4,070,518	3,984,347	
Change in net position					286,463	88,479	
Net Position (deficit) - Beginning of Year, as Report	ted				(4,853,890)	(2,639,470)	
Prior Period Adjustment - GASB 75					-	(2,302,899)	
Net Position (deficit) - Beginning of Year					(4,853,890)	(4,942,369)	
Net Position (deficit) - End of Year					\$ (4,567,427)	\$ (4,853,890)	

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2018 With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2017

ASSETS	G	ENERAL	-	NMAJOR FOOD ERVICE		MAJOR 2015 DEBT TREMENT		Totals J 2018	lune 3	30, 2017
Cash	\$	144,416	\$	10,767	\$	64,817	\$	220,000	\$	875,425
Taxes receivable	-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Accounts receivable		1,176		2,681		-		3,857		9,832
Grants receivable		30,183		-		-		30,183		22,711
Due from State of Michigan		419,328		2,055		-		421,383		415,989
Due from other funds		-		5,000		-		5,000		-
Prepaid items		1,249		-		-		1,249 724,929		5,080
Investments		724,929		4 552						4 752
Inventory				4,553				4,553		4,753
		1,321,281		25,056		64,817		1,411,154		1,333,790
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY										
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable		65,461		-		-		65,461		64,958
Salaries payable		288,885		5,509		-		294,394		291,188
Retirement		113,500		2,214		-		115,714		74,381
Payroll taxes		20,799		365		-		21,164		20,597
Employee benefits		32,112		1,243		-		33,355		29,142
Due to other funds		5,000		-		-		5,000		-
Unearned revenue		1,042		810	. <u> </u>			1,852		1,458
Total Liabilities		526,799		10,141		-		536,940		481,724
FUND BALANCES:										
Nonspendable		-		4,553		-		4,553		17,411
Restricted		-		10,362		64,817		75,179		93,293
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Committed for elementary roof repair		30,000		-		-		30,000		10,000
Committed for major repair or maint.		20,000						20,000		
Unassigned		744,482		-		-		744,482	<u> </u>	558,284
Total Fund Balances		794,482		14,915		64,817		874,214		678,988
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			<u>^</u>	25.050	<u>^</u>	c	<u>,</u>		<u> </u>	4 94 4 9 4 5
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$:	1,321,281	\$	25,056	\$	64,817	\$	1,411,154	Ş	1,214,849

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 874,214
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because -	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:	
Capital assets at cost Accumulated depreciation	13,349,583 (7,727,215)
Deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds-	
Related to pensions Related to OPEB	1,507,399 153,671
Long term liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds -	
Bonds payable Bus Loan	(2,545,000) (60,000)
Compensated balances Net OPEB liability	(86,299) (2,284,907)
Net pension liability	(6,671,222)
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in	
the governmental funds- Related to pensions	(979,404)
Related to OPEB	(77,284)
Accrued interest payable not included as a liability in governmental activities	(20,964)
Rounding	 11
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (4,567,427)

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2017

	GENERAL	NONMAJOR FOOD SERVICE	MAJOR 2015 DEBT RETIREMENT	TOTALS 2018	JUNE 30, 2017
REVENUES:	ć 1.007.5C1	ć 50.220	ć 500.000		ć <u>2 602 07</u> 1
Local sources	\$ 1,907,561	\$ 59,329	\$ 539,939	\$ 2,506,829	\$ 2,683,071
State sources Federal sources	2,356,500	28,628	17,082	2,402,210	2,233,845
	206,950	195,340	-	402,290	403,508
Interdistrict and other sources	169,557			169,557	171,436
Total Revenues	4,640,568	283,297	557,021	5,480,886	5,491,860
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction	2,664,502	-	-	2,664,502	2,761,536
Supporting services	1,990,333	-	-	1,990,333	1,923,817
Community services	1,969	-	-	1,969	2,663
Food service	-	308,704	-	308,704	291,834
Debt service -		,		,	,
Principal repayment	-	-	485,000	485,000	450,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	68,230	68,230	100,613
Total Expenditures	4,656,804	308,704	553,230	5,518,738	5,530,463
	, ,	, -	,	-,,	-,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfer in	-	48,014	-	48,014	21,864
Operating transfer (out)	(48,014)	-	-	(48,014)	(21,864)
Sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-
Indirect costs	-	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	(21,864)
Indirect cost recovery	25,000	-	-	25,000	21,864
Redemption of school bus loans	60,000	-	-	60,000	(15,663)
Interest on school bus loans	-		-	-	(810)
Net other financing					
sources (uses)	36,986	23,014	-	-	(16,473)
3001003 (0303)		23,014			(10,473)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	20,750	(2,393)	3,791	22,148	(55,076)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	773,732	17,308	61,026	852,066	734,064
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 794,482	\$ 14,915	\$ 64,817	\$ 874,214	\$ 678,988

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 22,148
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because -		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (313,872) 96,129	
Net		(217,743)
Accrued interest recorded in the statement of activities when incurred and reported in governmental funds when paid		(15,695)
Bond principal repayment reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and as a reduction of long-term debt in the statement of activities		485,000
Bus loan proceeds reported as an other financing sources in governmental funds and as an increase of long-term debt in the statement of activities		(60,000)
Net increase in pension liability		-
Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts		(33,989)
Change in net OPEB liability and related deferred amounts		94,379
Decreases in compensated absences are reported as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds in accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6		12,363
Rounding		 1
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 286,464

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Student Activity Fund					
ASSETS	2018			2017		
Cash in bank	\$	74,577	\$	69,433		
LIABILITIES						
Due to school organizations	\$	74,577	\$	69,433		

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Hillman Community Schools conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Government Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. The School District has no component units.

District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

District-wide Statements

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted State aid.

Fund-based Statements

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within approximately 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary Fund statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to record the general operations of the School District pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

Special Revenue Fund

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Food Service Fund is a special revenue fund used by the School District to account for the revenues and expenditures of furnishing breakfast and lunch to the pupils in the School District. Any operating deficits generated by this activity are the responsibility of the General Fund.

2015 Debt Retirement Fund

The 2015 Debt Retirement Fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs of the bonds paid primarily by taxes levied on taxpayers residing within the School District. The fund balance of the 2015 Debt Retirement Fund is reserved to signify the amounts restricted exclusively for debt service requirements.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity -

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds".

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both district-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an individual cost of more than \$1,000 and any assets susceptible to theft. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The School District does not have any infrastructure-type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	20-50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture and other equipment	3-10 years

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the district-wide financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees, who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Long-Term Obligations

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They relate to the School District's net pension plan and net OPEB plan liabilities and are composed from the changes in assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They relate to the School District's net pension plan and net OPEB plan liabilities. They are composed from the changes in assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, the net difference between projected and acutual earnings on plan investments and the School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

Net Position/Fund Balance

In the government-wide the funds report the following components of net position:

Unrestricted - Net position that is not subject to externally imposed restrictions.

Net investment in capital assets – Capital assets, accumulated depreciation, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Nonexpendable - Net position subject to externally imposed constraints that it be maintained permanently by the School District.

Restricted – Expendable – Net position whose use by the School District is subject to externally imposed constraints that can be fulfilled by actions of the School District pursuant to those constraints or that expire by the passage of time.

Fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government in bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are comprised of the following:

Non-spendable – amounts that are not in a spendable form such as inventory.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself.

Assigned – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose.

Unassigned – amounts that are available for any purpose, positive amounts are only reported in general fund.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes a government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (including committed and assigned). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Program and General Revenue

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements for a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than a program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 each year and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the following July 1. School property taxes are levied on July 1 each year, based on the previous year's assessment, by various municipalities whose boundaries include property within the District, and are due by September 14. Delinquent real taxes are advanced to the District by the Counties involved. Taxes are recorded as revenue in the year levied. Taxes receivable are recorded for property taxes collected within 60 days of year-end, if any.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Mills</u>
General Fund:	
Non-Principal Resident Exemption (PRE)	18.000
Commercial Personal Property	6.000
2015 Debt Retirement Fund:	
PRE, Non-PRE, Industrial Personal Property	3.100

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing the basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets liabilities, revenues and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Effective July 1, 2017, the District adopted the provision of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which requires the District to recognize their unfunded postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) as a liability and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of other postemployment benefits. In accordance with this statement, the District has reported a net OPEB liability of \$ 2,302,899 in the government-wide statement of net position as a change in accounting principle adjustment to unrestricted net position as of July 1, 2017

Note 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and State law for the General, Debt Service, and Special Revenue Funds. The presentation of the budget information and the basic financial statements is consistent except that capital outlay is presented within the functional categories in the budget and the General Fund budget is presented with the original and amended budget adopted. The budget for athletic activities was adopted separately and the actual results reported, as required by GASB Statement No. 54, as part of the General Fund on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits school districts to amend their budgets during the year. The budget was amended during the year in a legally permissible manner.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Fund Deficits - The School District had no accumulated fund balance deficits.

Note 3. CASH AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

As of June 30, 2018, the book value of the District's demand deposits, consisting of deposits and their cash equivalents, was \$220,000 with a corresponding bank balance of \$233,771. As of June 30, 2018 \$70,672 of the District's \$233,771 bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy requires that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with an acceptable risk level be used for the School District's deposits for custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District's policy for custodial risk states that custodial credit will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law and by prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. The School District does not have investments with custodial risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The School District's policy minimizes interest rate risk by requiring the structuring of the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools; and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

Foreign Currency Risk

The District is not allowed by State statue to invest in foreign investments and accordingly has no foreign investments.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's policy does not further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan; the School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year end, the School District's deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental		Fiduciary		Total Primary		
	Activities		Funds		Government		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	220,000	\$	74,577		\$	294,577

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investment:

			Weighted		
			Average		
			Maturity	Standard &	Allocation
	F	air Value	(Years)	Poor's Rating	Percent
MILAF+Cash Mgmt Class	\$	7,845	0.0027	AAAm	1.08%
MILAF+MAX Class		717,084	0.0027	AAAm	98.92%
	\$	724,929			100.00%
Portfolio Weighted Average N	Maturity		0.0027		

The District invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which include money market funds. One of the pooled investment funds utilitzed by the District is the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Plus (MILAF+). MILAF+ is a local government invstment pool of "qualified" investments for Michigan school districts. MILAF+ is not regulated nor is it registered with the SEC. MILAF+ reports as of June 30, 2018, the fair value of the District's investments is the same as the value of the pooled shares. MILAF, as defined by GASB, is recorded at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The MILAF+ portfolio offers three share classes which are: Cash Management Class, MAX Class, and GovMIC Class. The only class that has limitations or restrictions on withdrawal is MAX Class, which requires notification of redemptions prior to 14 days to avoid penalties. The MILAF+ portfolio is not subject to fair value disclosures.

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 196,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,300
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	395,884	6,000	-	401,884
Buildings and improvements	9,775,484	-	-	9,775,484
Buses and other vehicles	579,960	84,919	-	664,879
Furniture and equipment	2,305,826	5,210		2,311,036
Total capital assets	13,253,454	96,129	-	13,349,583
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	292,653	17,535	-	310,188
Buildings and improvements	4,523,626	182,626	-	4,706,252
Buses and other vehicles	514,114	40,582	-	554,696
Furniture and equipment	2,082,950	73,129		2,156,079
Total accumulated depreciation	7,413,343	313,872		7,727,215
Net capital assets	\$ 5,840,111	\$ (217,743)	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 5,622,368

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the School District as follows:

Government Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 10,687
Support	57,772
Food service	607
Unallocated	 244,806
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 313,872

Note 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The compositon of interfund balances at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Interfu</u>	nd Payable	Fund	Interfur	nd receivable
General	\$	5,000	Food Service	\$	5,000

Theoutstandingbalancesbetweenfundsresultmainlyfromthetimelagbetweenthedatesthat(1)interfundgoodsandservicesareprovided, (2)transactionsarerecordedintheaccountingsystems, and (3) payments betweenfunds are made. All amounts are expected to be repaid within one year.

The compositon of interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Fund	Tran	sfers out	Fund	Tra	ansfers in
General	\$	48,014	Food Service	\$	48,014

Transfers are used to move unrstricted revenues collected in the general fun to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 6. Long-Term Debt

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences, claims and judgments, termination benefits, and certain risk liabilities.

On February 10, 2015 the District issued 2015 Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$3,955,000. The bonds are general obligation bonds of the District, and are payable as to principal and interest from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, levied without limitation as to rate of amount, on all taxable property within the boundaries of the School District. The proceeds of this issue were to be used for the purpose of refunding all of the District's outstanding 2005 Refunding Bonds dated May 1, 2005.

The Bonds are fully qualified for the Michigan School Bond Qualification and Loan Program pursuant to Act 92, Public Acts of Michigan, 2005, as amended, enacted pursuant to Article IX, Section 16 of the Michigan Constitution of 1963. Under the terms of these constitutional and statutory provisions, if for any reason the District is unable to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds when due, then the District shall borrow and the State of Michigan shall lend to it an amount sufficient to enable the District to make payment.

On September 8, 2017 the district entered into a note agreement with a financial institution in the amount of \$60,000. The note is due in yearly installments and bears a 2.49% interest rate. The proceeds of the note were used to purchase buses.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the School District for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Beginning			
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Debt Obligations -				
2015 Refunding Bonds	\$ 3,030,000	\$-	\$ (485,000)	\$ 2,545,000
Bus loan	-	60,000	-	60,000
	3,030,000	60,000	(485,000)	2,605,000
Other Obligations -				
Compensated absences	98,662	<u> </u>	(11,034)	87,628
Total long-term debt	\$ 3,128,662	\$ 60,000	\$ (496,034)	\$ 2,692,628

Fiscal year annual debt service requirements for June 30 to maturity for the above governmental fund obligations are as follows:

	Principal	I	nterest			Total
2019	\$ 504,451	\$	54,936		\$	559,387
2020	514,811		44,859			559,670
2021	525,180		34,490			559,670
2022	535,558		23,913			559,471
2023	 525,000		13,126	_		538,126
	\$ 2,605,000	\$	171,324	=	\$ 2	2,776,324

Compensated Absences

The School District accrues a liability for compensated absences which meet the following criteria:

- (1) The School District's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future
- (2) The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- (3) Payment of the compensation is probable.
- (4) The amount can be reasonably estimated.

All teaching staff, after twelve years of employment with the district, are eligible to be reimbursed for accumulated sick days, up to a maximum of 188 days, upon retirement from teaching. They will be reimbursed at .00243 times the base BA base rate in effect for the year ended June 30, 2018. As of June 30, 2018, the amount which would be due upon retirement for eligible staff is \$87,628.

Note 7. Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for medical claims and participates in the SET-SEG risk pool for claims relating to workers' compensation, general liability, and property/casualty claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance did not exceed the amount of coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8. Economic Dependency

Approximately 50% of the School District's General Fund revenues are received from the State of Michigan through the Michigan Department of Education. This School District is considered to be economically dependent on this revenue source.

Note 9. Tax Abatements

There were no significant tax abatements made to the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 10. Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits for are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions and Funded Status

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2016 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period for the 2016 fiscal year.

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The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2017.

Pension Contribution Rates					
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer			
		Universities	Non-Universities		
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	23.05%	19.03%		
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0%	23.05%	19.03%		
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4%	N/A	18.40%		
Defined Contribution	0.00%	18.75%	15.27%		

Required contributions to the pension plan from Hillman Community Schools were \$603,821 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$6,671,222 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2016. District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2017, District's proportion was .02574345 percent, which was a decrease of .00133 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, District recognized pension expense of \$629,711. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Defer Inflow Resou	rs of
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	57,977	\$	32,734
Changes of Assumptions		730,885		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		318,928
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		62,997		314,653
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		655,540		313,089
Total	\$	1,507,399	\$	979,404

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflow) and Deferred Outflow of Resources by Year (To Be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses)

Year Ending September 30	Amount
2018	59,759
2019	161,590
2020	14,847
2021	(50,652)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:	Sep	otember 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method:	Ent	try Age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate:	3.5	%
Investment Rate of Return:		
- MIP and Basic Plans (Non-H	Hybrid): 7.5	%
- Pension Plus Plan (Hybrid):	7.0	%
Projected Salary Increases:	3.5	- 12.3%, including wage inflation at 3.5%
Cost-of-Living Pension Adjus	tments: 3%	Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
Mortality: RP-2000 N	/lale and Female	Combined Healthy Life Mortality Tables, adjust

Mortality: RP-2000 Male and Female Combined Healthy Life Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. For retirees, 100% of the table rates were used. For active members, 80% of the table rates were used for males and 70% of the table rates were used for females.

Notes:

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2007 through 2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2017, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2016, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: [4.5188 for non-university employers 1.1222 for university employers]

Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2017 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.6%
% Alternative Investment Pools	18.0	8.7
International Equity	16.0	7.2
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.1)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.2
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	5.0
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.9)
TOTAL	100.0%	

*Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 13.24%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 8.0% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, a hybrid plan provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Hillman Community School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% (7.0% for the Hybrid Plan), as well as what Hillman Community School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

1%	Decrease	Current Single Discount Rate		1% Increase	
(Non-H	ybrid/Hybrid)*	ŀ	Assumption	(Non-H	ybrid/Hybrid)*
6.5	5% / 6.0%	(Non-	Hybrid/Hybrid)*	8.	5% / 8.0%
		7	7.5% / 7.0%		
\$	8,690,384	\$	6,671,222	\$	4,971,217

* University employers provide non-hybrid plans only. For non-university employers, the Basic plan and the Member Investment Plan (MIP) are non-hybrid plans. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan, with a defined benefit (pension) component and a defined contribution (DC) component.

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS)

The District accrued liabilities to the System in the amount of \$113,500 associated with salary and wages recorded as liabilities at year end.

Note 11. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2016 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period for the 2017 fiscal year.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2017.

OPEB Contribution Rates				
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer		
		Universities	Non-Universities	
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	7.36%	5.91%	
Personal Healthcare	0.00%	6.98%	5.69%	

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$562,145 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, District reported a liability of \$6,394,077 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2016.Hillman Community School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2017, District's proportion was 0.07220482 percent, which was a decrease of .00000018 percent from its proportion measured as of October 1, 2016.

For the year ending June 30, 2018, Hillman Community Schools recognized OPEB expense of \$216,166. At June 30, 2018, Hillman Community Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe	erred	De	eferred	
	Outflo	ows of	Inf	lows of	
	<u>Reso</u>	urces	<u>Resources</u>		
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	-	\$	24,328	
Changes of Assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan		-		52,919	
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions		-		37	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		153,671		-	
Total	\$	153,671	\$	77,284	

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflow) and Deferred Outflow of Resources by Year

Year Ending September 30	Amount
2018	(18,675)
2019	(18,675)
2020	(18,675)
2022	(18,675)
2022	(2,584)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate:	3.5%
Investment Rate of Return:	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases:	3.5 - 12.3%, including wage inflation at 3.5%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12
Mortality:	RP-2000 Male and Female Combined Healthy Life Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. For retirees, 100% of the table rates were used. For active members, 80% of the table rates were used for males and 70% of the table rates were used for females.

Other Assumptions:

Opt Out Assumptions	21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.
Survivor Coverage	80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
Coverage Election at Retirement	75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes: Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2007 through 2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2017, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2016, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: [5.4744 for non-university employers or 1.4186 for university employers]

Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2017 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on O	PEB plan investments	was determined using a building-block method in which best-
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate

Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.6%
% Alternative Investment Pools	18.0	8.7
International Equity	16.0	7.2
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.1)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.2
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	5.0
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.9)
TOTAL	100.0%	

*Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 11.82%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 7.5% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of Hillman Community School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Hillman Community School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what Hillman Community School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

1	% Decrease	Current D	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
6.5%		7	7.5%	8.5%				
\$	2,676,287	\$	2,284,907	\$	1,952,749			

Sensitivity of Hillman Community School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents Hillman Community School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what Hillman Community School's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

1	% Decrease	Current Healthcar	e Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase				
6.5%		7.5	5%		8.5%			
\$	1,935,009	\$	2,284,907	\$	2,682,192			

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2017 MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

The District accrued liabilities to the System in the amount of \$33,355 associated with salary and wages recorded as liabilities at year end.

Note 12. Management Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition and disclosure through October 1, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events or transactions were identified.

Note 13. Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities was issued by GASB in January 2017 and will be effective for the School District's 2020 year end. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. The focus on the criteria generally is on: (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Districts with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Final	
	Original	Amended	A atual
REVENUES:	Budget	Budget	Actual
Local sources	\$ 1,869,404	\$ 1,904,996	\$ 1,907,561
State sources	2,146,317	2,305,010	2,356,500
Federal sources	189,125	230,730	206,950
Interdistrict and other sources	115,000	169,555	169,557
Total Revenues	4,319,846	4,610,291	4,640,568
EXPENDITURES:			
Instruction-			
Basic programs	2,023,134	2,081,727	2,061,740
Added needs	670,400	625,326	602,762
Supporting services -			
Pupil	55,820	55 <i>,</i> 820	55,292
Instructional staff	42,807	42,807	37,643
General administration	123,377	116,785	104,127
School administration	459,316	464,580	456,444
Business services	122,491	181,663	176,364
Operation & maintenance	580,712	591,233	573,997
Transportation	434,929	400,780	380,163
Support services - Central	104,869	118,371	106,870
Support services - Other	128,165	106,471	99,433
Community services -			
Community activities	1,500	2,000	1,969
Total Expenditures	4,747,520	4,787,563	4,656,804
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfers out	(55,000)	(50,000)	(48,014)
State aid payback	-	-	-
Indirect costs recovery	25,000	25,000	25,000
Indirect costs	-	-	-
Redemption of school bus loans	90,000	60,000	60,000
Interest on school bus loans			
Net other financing sources (uses)	60,000	35,000	36,986
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(367,674)	(142,272)	20,750
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	621,875	773,732	773,732
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 254,201	\$ 631,460	\$ 794,482

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE - FOOD SERVICE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Origina Budge		Final Amended Budget	Actual			
REVENUES: Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 63,7 13,7 202,1	['] 30	54,540 28,958 202,167	Ş	59,329 28,628 195,340		
Total Revenues	279,6	514	285,665		283,297		
EXPENDITURES: Supporting services - Food service	307,6	535	319,649		308,704		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Indirect costs Operating transfer In	(25,0 55,0		(25,000) 50,000		(25,000) 48,014		
Net other financing sources (uses)	30,0	000	25,000		23,014		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,9	979	(8,984)		(2,393)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,6	50	17,308		17,308		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,6	529 \$	8,324	\$	14,915		

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Α.	District's proportion of net pension liability (%)							0.02574%	0.02707%	0.02754%	0.02681%
В.	District's proportionate share of net pension liability							6,671,222	6,754,919	6,725,776	5,904,367
C.	District's covered- employee payroll							2,108,260	2,271,053	2,298,662	2,282,458
D.	District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll							316.43%	297.44%	292.60%	258.68%
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability							64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

*The employer's covered payroll is defined by GASB 82, Pension Issues—an amendment to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, as payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based; and by GASB 85, Omnibus 2017, as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plan are based. For university employers, covered payroll for both pension and OPEB is the greater of 1) university payroll on which contributions to the plan are based or 2) the required minimum payroll amount required by PA 136 of 2016. For non-university employers, covered payroll for both pension and OPEB represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.

Schedule of the District's Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Reporting Unit Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

		 2024	2023		2022	2021	202	0	2019	2	2018	 2017	2016		2015
A.	Statutorily required contributions	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$:	\$7	02,493	\$ 607,950 \$	614,766	\$	431,600
В.	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*	 					- <u> </u>			7	02,493	 607,950	614,766		431,600
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	_ \$	\$_		\$	\$:	\$	-	\$ \$	-	=\$_	-
D.	District's covered-employee payroll**	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$:	\$ 2,1	10,472	\$ 2,123,033 \$	2,188,141	\$	2,316,044
E.	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll										33.29%	28.64%	28.10%		18.64%

*Contributions in relation to statutorily required pension contributions are the contributions an employer actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
A. Employer's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)										0.0258022%
B. Employer's proportionate share of net OPEB liability										2,284,907
C. Employer's covered payroll (OPEB)*										2,108,260
D. Employer's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll (%)										108.38%
E. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability										36.39%

*The employer's covered payroll is defined by GASB 82, Pension Issues—an amendment to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, as payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based; and by GASB 85, Omnibus 2017, as payroll on which contributions to the OPEB plan are based. For university employers, covered payroll for both pension and OPEB is the greater of 1) university payroll on which contributions to the plan are based or 2) the required minimum payroll amount required by PA 136 of 2016. For non-university employers, covered payroll for both pension and OPEB represents payroll on which contributions to both plans are based.

Schedule of the District's Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Reporting Unit Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

		2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Α.	Statutorily required OPEB contributions										\$ 165,649
В.	OPEB contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*										165,649
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)										\$ -
D.	Employer's covered payroll (OPEB)**										\$ 2,110,472
E.	OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered payroll										7.85%

*Contributions in relation to statutorily required OPEB contributions are the contributions an employer actually made to the OPEB Plan, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms in fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 2017.

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes of benefit assumptions in fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 2017.

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

REVENUES:	2018	2017
Local Sources -		
Current tax levy	\$ 1,781,933	\$ 1,777,807
Other taxes	8,656	2,016
Revenue in lieu of taxes	1,513	1,105
Interest on delinquent taxes	8,888	9,902
Gate receipts	21,103	25,926
Participation fees	17,240	17,190
Transportion fees	6,519	10,472
Interest on investments	10,433	3,533
Rentals	9,897	11,393
Royalties	1,254	1,048
Local grants and donations	13,740	13,523
Other	26,385	22,279
Total Local Sources	1,907,561	1,896,194
State Sources -		
State Foundation Grant	1,664,537	1,658,214
Isolated Districts	20,664	21,000
Computer Adaptive Test	2,465	2,942
MPSERS 147a	43,236	32,034
MPSERS 147c	297,868	283,877
MPSERS 147e	2,869	203,077
	742	826
Financial Analytic Tools	742	
Special Education At Risk - Section 31a	208,516	98,680
	5,670	159,070
Targeted Literacy		6,270
Headlee Data Collection	11,442	11,846
Technology infastructure	-	2,828
Dual Enrollment Incentives	2,670	1,380
Trig Stipend	-	6,468
First Robotics	9,000	-
High School Pupil Supports	3,327	4 770
Other	7,500	1,772
Total State Sources	2,356,500	2,287,207
Federal Sources -		
Title 1	156,196	162,422
Title II A	25,880	36,463
Title III A	313	-
Title IV A	6,250	-
Small Rural Schools	17,633	8,828
Medicaid Outreach	678	1,452
Total Federal Sources	206,950	209,165

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

REVENUES (Continued):	2018	2017			
Interdistrict and Other Sources					
Transfers from other governmental units:					
Special Education	143,973	157,206			
Medicaid Fee for Service	25,584	18,625			
Total Interdistrict and Other Sources	169,557	175,831			
Total Revenues	4,640,568	4,568,397			
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction	2,664,502	2,511,611			
Supporting Services	1,990,333	1,850,730			
Community Services	1,969	926			
Total Expenditures	4,656,804	4,363,267			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers out	(48,014)	(35,197)			
Sale of assets	-	-			
Redemption of school bus loans	60,000	-			
State aid adjustment	-	-			
Indirect cost recovery	25,000	24,627			
Interest on school bus loans	-	-			
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	36,986	(10,570)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,750	104 560			
NET CHANGE IN FOND BALANCE	20,750	194,560			
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	773,732	579,172			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 794,482	\$ 773,732			
	γ <i>1 J</i> +,+02	γ 113,132			

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2017

		Employee	Purchased	Supplies and	Other	Capital	Tota	als
INSTRUCTION:	Salaries	Benefits	Services	Other Costs	Expenses	Outlay	2018	2017
Basic Programs -								
Elementary	\$ 515,543	\$ 394,940	\$ 36,529	\$ 34,846	\$ 1,082	\$ -	\$ 982,940	946,321
Secondary	471,839	378,950	153,492	73,437	1,082	-	1,078,800	1,040,793
Pre School								
Total Basic Programs	987,382	773,890	190,021	108,283	2,164	-	2,061,740	1,987,114
Added Needs -								
Special Education	153,305	128,846	3,487	990	-	-	286,628	267,713
Compensatory Education	185,774	128,451	1,909		-	-	316,134	256,784
Total Added Needs	339,079	257,297	5,396	990			602,762	524,497
Total Instruction	1,326,461	1,031,187	195,417	109,273	2,164	-	2,664,502	2,511,611
SUPPORTING SERVICES:								
Pupil -								
Guidance Services	-	-	54,320	972	-	-	55,292	55,611
Instructional Staff Services -								
Improvement of Instruction	7,831	6,937	15,777	1,045	-	-	31,590	16,384
Instructional Related Technology	-	-	2,465	-	-		2,465	27,235
Academic Student Assessment			3,588				3,588	656
Total Instructional Staff	7,831	6,937	21,830	1,045	-	-	37,643	44,275

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2017

SUPPORTING SERVICE (CONTINUED):	Salaries		Employee Benefits		urchased Services		oplies and her Costs		Other xpenses	 Capital Outlay		To: 2018	tals	2017
General Administration Services - Board of Education Executive Administration	\$ 2,673 37,384		204 25,458	\$	27,009 3,310	\$	2,952	\$	- 5,137	\$ -	\$	32,838 71,289	\$	85,403 55,705
Total General Administrative Services	40,05	7	25,662		30,319		2,952		5,137	-		104,127		141,108
School Administrative Services - Office of the Principal	252,96	7	201,164		954		1,359		-	-		456,444		391,626
Business Services - Fiscal Services Other Business Services	70,42	7	53,922		1,029 22,552		794		701 26,939	 -		126,873 49,491		115,018 33,900
Total Business Services	70,42	7	53,922		23,581		794		27,640	-		176,364		148,918
Operations and Maintenance - Operations of Buildings Services Security Services	157,46	L 	126,144		94,218 1,815		182,173 -		976 -	 11,210		572,182 1,815		562,152 1,561
Total Operations and Maintenance	157,463	L	126,144		96,033		182,173		976	11,210		573,997		563,713
Pupil Transportation Services - Pupil Transportation Services	142,244	1	82,002		19,601		49,823		1,574	84,919		380,163		309,039
Support Services - Central - Planning, Research, Development, and Staff/Personnel Services Non Instructional Technology	14,219	- -	- 10,580 -		- - 69,565		- - 12,506		- - -	 - -		- 24,799 82,071		890 17,593 76,687
Total Support Services - Central	14,219	Ð	10,580		69,565		12,506		-	-		106,870		95,170
Support Services - Other - Athletics	21,87	L	11,380		53,811		11,291		1,080	-		99,433		101,271
Total Supporting Services	707,07	7	517,791		370,014		262,915		36,407	96,129		1,990,333		1,850,730
COMMUNITY SERVICES: Community Activities					-	. <u>.</u>	1,969		-	 -	. <u></u>	1,969		926
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,033,538	<u>3</u> Ş	1,548,978	Ş	565,431	Ş	374,157	Ş	38,571	\$ 96,129	Ş	4,656,804	Ş	4,363,267

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS FOOD SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

REVENUES:	2018	2017		
Local sources - Cafeteria sales Milk machine Earnings on investments Headstart sales	\$ 48,622 2,962 43	\$ 45,502 3,495 31		
GSRP lunches Other	7,702	- 21,502		
Total local sources	59,329	70,530		
State sources - MPSERS 147c Section 31a At Risk Section 31d School Lunch	15,221 2,270 11,137	2,280 10,187		
Total state sources	28,628	12,467		
Federal sources - National School Lunch Program Nutrition Grant	125,067	136,451		
National School Breakfast Program Donated commodities - Entitlement	53,515 16,758	58,871 19,111		
Total federal sources	195,340	214,433		
Total revenues	283,297	297,430		
EXPENDITURES: Supporting services - Food service -				
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Purchased services Food and milk USDA Delivery charge Sales tax Supplies and other costs	98,682 71,663 5,997 114,586 16,758 234 784	94,781 65,275 3,024 120,355 16,185 529 572		
Total expenditures	308,704	300,721		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (Uses): Operating transfers in Indirect costs	48,014 (25,000)	35,197 (24,627)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	23,014	10,570		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,393)	7,279		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	17,308	10,029		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,915	\$ 17,308		

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS 2015 REFUNDING BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

REVENUES:	2018	2017			
Local sources -					
Current tax levy	\$ 534,563	\$ 499,187			
Other taxes	-	361			
Interest on delinquent taxes	2,911	3,141			
Earnings on investments	2,465	1,274			
T	5 20 020	F02 0C2			
Total local sources	539,939	503,963			
State sources -					
Debt loss on personals	1,520	2,419			
Payment in lieu of taxes	15,562	14,662			
r dymene mined of taxes	10,002	1,002			
Total revenues	557,021	521,044			
EXPENDITURES:					
Debt service -					
Bond principal	485,000	475,000			
Interest on bonded debt	63,225	72,725			
Paying agent fees	500	500			
Taxes paid back	4,505	1,580			
	/	,			
Total expenditures	553,230	549,805			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,791	(28,761)			
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	61 076	00 707			
FUND BALANCE - DEGININING OF TEAK	61,026	89,787			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 64,817	\$ 61,026			

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS FIDUCIARY FUND SCHEDULE OF DUE TO SCHOOL ORGANIZATIONS Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
ELEMENTARY -		
Dance Funds	\$ 158	\$ 107
Fines	177	452
General Purpose	1,833	1,329
Library	641	122
Math & Science	100	100
Physical Education	116	116
School Spirit Store	1,162	818
Student Improvement	610	(1,010)
Super U Grant		94
Total Elementary	4,797	2,128
HIGH SCHOOL -		
Athletics	1,733	1,391
Class of 2017	-	1,202
Class of 2018	784	2,548
Class of 2019	4,819	8,092
Class of 2020	8,833	4,927
Class of 2021	5 <i>,</i> 985	925
Class of 2022	1,877	1,535
Class of 2024	968	-
Band	98	980
Baseball	2,509	2,145
Basketball JH	26	26
Basketball - Girls	1,424	1,476
Basketball - Boys	2,645	1,348
Broadcasting	732	732
Cheerleading	316	471
Drama	196	196
International travel	(9)	836
Fines & Supplies	442	437
Football	2,631	692

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS FIDUCIARY FUND SCHEDULE OF DUE TO SCHOOL ORGANIZATIONS Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
HIGH SCHOOL (Continued) -		
Hall of Fame	809	469
Honor Society	379	487
Library	128	106
Physics	311	320
Rentals	864	864
Revolving Account	636	636
Robotics	1,769	319
Scholarship	1,000	1,000
Scholarship	6,500	7,000
Shop	6,282	6,282
School Store	-	3 <i>,</i> 886
Softball	1,952	1,511
Spanish	36	36
Special Ed	-	33
Student Council	1,460	1,225
Student Improvement	993	355
Track	19	19
Track - Junior High	5	5
Volleyball	1,326	2,179
Volleyball - Junior High	20	-
Yearbook	9,282	10,614
Total High School	69,780	67,305
	\$ 74,577	\$ 69,433

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS DETAIL OF 2015 REFUNDING BOND June 30, 2018

Purpose of issue -2015 Refunding Bonds Amount of issue: \$3,955,000 Interest rate - 2.000% Date of issue - February 10, 2015

	Ma	y, 1			Novem	ıber, 1		
Date	Principal		Interest	Interest			Total	
2018				\$	26,763	\$	26,763	
2019	490,000		26,763		21,863		538,625	
2020	500,000		21,863	21,863 16,863			538,725	
2021	510,000		16,863		11,763		538,625	
2022	520,000		11,763		6,563		538,325	
2023	 525,000		6,563		-		531,563	
	\$ 2,545,000	\$	83,813	\$	83,813	\$	2,712,625	

HILLMAN COMMUNITY SCHOOLS DETAIL OF BUS NOTE PAYABLE June 30, 2018

Purpose of issue -Bus purchases Amount of issue: \$60,000 Interest rate - 2.490% Date of issue - September 8, 2017

		May, 1									
Date	Р	rincipal	Interest								
2019		14,451		1,411							
2020		14,811		1,134							
2021		15,180		765							
2022	_	15,558		388							
	\$	60,000	\$	3,698							



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Partners: Tim othy J. Quast, C.P.A David G. Gwizdala, C.P.A. Members: American Institute of C.P.A.'s Michigan Association of C.P.A.'s

REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The Board of Education Hillman Community Schools

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the government activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hillman Community Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hillman Community Schools' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hillman Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hillman Community Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hillman Community Schools' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hillman Community Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hillman Community Schools' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

QUAST, JANKE AND COMPANY

Quest Jande and Congressy

Certified Public Accountants, P.C Bay City, Michigan 48708 October 1, 2018