NORTH HURON SCHOOLS KINDE, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE <u>NUMBER</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	i - ii
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	iii - x
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide financial statements	
Statement of net position	1 - 2
Statement of activities	3
Fund financial statements	
Balance sheet – Governmental funds	4
Reconciliation of governmental fund balances to governmental activities net position	5
Statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balance – Governmental funds	6
Reconciliation of the statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balance of governmental funds to the statement of activities	7
Notes to the financial statements	8 - 35
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary comparison schedule – General fund	36 – 37
Budgetary comparison schedule – Community service fund	38
Schedule of the reporting unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability	39
Schedule of the reporting unit's pension contributions	40
Schedule of the reporting unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	41
Schedule of the reporting unit's OPEB contributions	42
Notes to the required supplementary information	43

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE <u>NUMBER</u>
ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Nonmajor governmental fund types: Combining balance sheet	44
Combining statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balances	45
Combining balance sheet – Debt service funds	46
Combining statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances – Debt service funds	47
Schedules of bonded debt	48 - 50
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	51 - 52

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education North Huron Schools Kinde, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Huron Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Huron Schools, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, North Huron Schools implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise North Huron School's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2020, on our consideration of North Huron School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Huron School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering North Huron School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Nietzke & Faupel, P.C. Nietzke & Faupel, P.C. Pigeon, Michigan October 9, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of North Huron School's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the district's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's General Fund showed revenue and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$110,471.

Community Service Fund showed expenditures exceeded revenue and other financing sources by \$2,746. General Fund provided an operating transfer of \$115,000 to offset program costs.

Phase II of construction continued in the Capital Projects Fund, adding \$3,932,000 to construction in progress at year end June 30, 2020.

The Food Service Fund showed revenue and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$13,884. This increased the fund balance from \$42,366 to \$56,250.

In total, District revenues exceeded \$6.3 and \$6.7 million dollars for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Expenditures over the same time period were \$10.3 and \$7.4 million dollars for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

During the fiscal year 2020, the District retired \$1,160,000 of principal from its long-term debt.

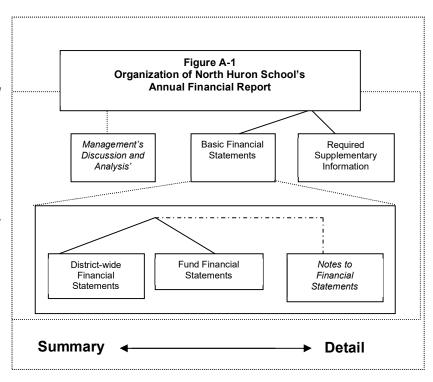
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations *in more detail* than the district-wide statements.

The *governmental fund* statements tell how *basic* services like instruction and support services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.



The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 Major Features of District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements					
	District-wide	Fund Financial Statements			
	<u>Statements</u>	Governmental Funds			
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance			
Required financial statements	* Statement of net position * Statement of activities	* Balance sheet * Statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable			

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities. All of the revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities – are one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities included:

Governmental activities – Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, support services, community services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

The District's combined net position at the beginning of the fiscal year was \$(457,756), as restated and on June 30, 2020 it is \$197,785 which represents an increase of \$655,541 as recorded in the statement of activities. This increase is due primarily to capital projects for the District.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.

The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying debt, and its capital project fund) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like school lunch and student/school activities).

The District has only governmental funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information with the governmental fund financial statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table A-3 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Table A-3 North Huron Schools Net Position

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current assets	\$ 2,641,276	\$ 2,686,696
Restricted assets	3,669,203	7,522,347
Noncurrent assets	11,041,102	7,310,242
Total assets	<u>17,351,581</u>	<u>17,519,285</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	2,570,255	2,808,026
Current liabilities	2,117,386	2,182,387
Noncurrent liabilities	6,605,025	7,790,973
Net pension liability	7,696,512	7,357,819
Net other postemployment benefits liability	1,624,725	1,943,735
Total liabilities	18,043,648	19,274,914
Deferred inflows of resources	1,680,403	1,589,264
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	7,045,031	5,994,696
Restricted	205,880	584,150
Unrestricted	(7,053,126)	(7,115,713)
Total net position	<u>\$ 197,785</u>	\$ (536,867)

The 2019 amounts have not been updated for the adoption of GASB Statement 84.

Table A-4 shows the changes in net position of the District as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Table A-4
Change in North Huron School's Net Position

	2020	<u>2019</u>
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 180,928	\$ 209,871
Federal and state categorical grants	1,621,750	1,619,128
General revenues		
Property taxes	4,430,072	4,622,879
State sources	26,098	118,893
Other	129,498	206,895
Total revenues	6,388,346	6,777,666
Expenses		
Instruction	2,799,031	2,953,047
Support services	2,119,836	2,116,163
Community services	223,399	202,172
Food service	210,708	220,214
Student/school activities	127,434	-
Interest on long-term obligations	237,976	313,015
Depreciation - Unallocated	14,421	13,209
Total expenses	5,732,805	5,817,820
Change in net position	\$ 655,541	\$ 959,846

The 2019 amounts have not been updated for the adoption of GASB Statement 84.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

District Governmental Activities

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the district completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$5,447,287. This is a decrease of \$3,902,108 due primarily to the construction project.

The District's financial condition has been impacted by a number of factors.

- Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic loss of revenue, the State of Michigan reduced the amount of state aid paid to the district by (\$66,463.25). This proration occurred after the final budget for the 2019-2020 school year was already adopted. The District had also budgeted for \$26,100 in Childcare Relief Grant Funds under the CARES Grant. However, CARES grant funds were not signed into law until July 1 so they could not be recorded as revenue in the 2019-2020 budget year. This required a larger than anticipated transfer from General Fund to the Early Learning Center.
- The District continues to contract with a third party provider for supporting services as well
 as student transportation services as a cost savings measure.

(Continued)

Student enrollment for 2019-20 was down from the previous fall count. North Huron Schools
does participate in school of choice and open enrollment to attract new students to the
District.

General Fund Budget Highlights

During the 2020 fiscal year, the District's original budget was amended to reflect changes which affected the District. These changes included adjustments for the final student count, adjustments to the State revenue projections and the final determination of grant awards.

The final amended budget reported revenue and other financing sources greater than expenditures and other financing uses by \$163,429. Final results showed that revenues were \$83,872 less than anticipated, and expenditures were \$59,936 less than anticipated. The net result after other financing sources and (uses) was a change in the fund balance of \$110,471, increasing the fund balance to \$1,683,849. This is approximately 39% of the annual general fund expenditures.

Overall, the difference between the District's final amended budget and end of the year figures amounted to a \$(52,958) variance. The variance was primarily due to operating transfers to other funds being more than expected.

Community Service Fund

The Community Service Fund added preschool services and generated \$103,509 in revenue. Total revenue decreased \$4,049. However, expenditures increased \$28,552 requiring an operating transfer from the General Fund of \$115,000.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a new bond issue on August 2, 2018 in the amount of \$7,870,000. The District is well into phase II of construction improvements for the District.

Debt Service Fund

Property taxes decreased \$262,409. Principal payments increased \$20,000. Interest and fiscal charges increased \$29,870. Overall the fund balance decreased \$150,090 for fiscal year 2020. Additional information can be found in the combining statements on pages 46-47.

Food Service Fund

Local revenue decreased \$26,040; Federal reimbursements increased \$31,486 and state reimbursements decreased \$891. Overall revenue increased \$4,555 from 2019.

On the expenditure side, food cost decreased \$1,176, and wages and employee benefits decreased \$12,644. The overall change in expenditures was a decrease of \$9,504 over 2019.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District added \$74,125 in capital assets and \$3,932,300 of phase II construction in progress during the fiscal year. There were no capital asset disposals in 2019-2020.

(Continued)

Table A-5 North Huron Schools Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	<u> 2020</u>		<u> 2019</u>
Land	\$ 20,300	\$	20,300
Construction in progress	4,895,485		963,185
Buildings and additions	5,814,182		6,025,644
Furniture and equipment	217,447		211,044
Transportation equipment	 93,688	_	90,069
Totals	\$ 11,041,102	\$	7,310,242

Long-term Obligations

At year-end, the District had approximately \$7.8 million in general obligation bonds and other long-term obligations outstanding. The District issued bonds in August 2018 in the amount of \$7,870,000 for major renovations to the school facilities. During fiscal year 2020, the District repaid \$1,160,000 in principal. Included in long-term obligations is the Port Hope Community School 2015 Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$885,000. The long-term obligations consisted of the following:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Port Hope obligations: General obligation bonds (financed with property taxes)	\$ 907,850	\$ 1,127,746
North Huron obligations: General obligation bonds (financed with property taxes)	6,757,424	7,710,147
Compensated absences	 127,370	124,998
Totals	\$ 7,792,644	\$ 8,962,891

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- The foundation allowance for the District for 2020-21 school year will be \$8,232, as the \$175 per pupil that was prorated in 2019-20 will be restored for the 2020-21 school year. An additional one time \$66 per student payment will be made based on 50% of 2019-20 membership and 50% on the 2020-21 membership count.
- For the 2020-21 School year the District will receive CARES Grant funding from several different grant sources for around \$325,000. These funds will help offset the cost of extra expense related to the COVID-19 Pandemic and to purchase technology for virtual learning.
- Student enrollment for the beginning of 2020-21 was up 8 students from where we ended the 2019-2020 school year.

 The District has partnered with Elkton Pigeon Bay Port Schools in establishing Lakeshore Academy, a unique collaborative that offers a full spectrum of learning options for families who may not be comfortable sending students into a traditional school environment right now or just need a flexible way to learn.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Business Office, North Huron Schools, 21 East Main Street, Kinde, MI 48445



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	GOVERNMENTAL <u>ACTIVITIES</u>		
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,394,822		
Investments	961,701		
Receivables:			
Accounts receivable	960		
Due from other governmental units	272,415		
Inventory	4,828		
Prepaid expenses	6,550		
Restricted cash - capital projects	7,627		
Restricted investments - capital projects	3,661,576		
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,915,785		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,125,317		
TOTAL ASSETS	17,351,581		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred charge on bond refunding, net of amortization	19,408		
Related to other postemployment benefits	462,764		
Related to pensions	2,088,083		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,570,255		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	GOVERNMENTAL
LIADULITIES.	<u>ACTIVITIES</u>
LIABILITIES:	ф 500 50 7
Accounts payable	\$ 528,507
Accrued salaries and related items	225,931
Voluntary incentive pay	30,000
Accrued retirement	94,719
Accrued interest payable	36,575
Unearned revenue	14,035
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	1,187,619
Due in more than one year	6,605,025
Net pension liability	7,696,512
Net other postemployment benefits liability	1,624,725
TOTAL LIABILITIES	18,043,648
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Related to pensions	635,353
Related to other postemployment benefits	795,238
Related to state aid funding for pensions	249,812
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,680,403
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	7,037,404
Restricted for debt service	205,880
Unrestricted	(7,045,499)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 197,785

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
			PROGRA	NET (EXPENSE)	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	OPERATING CHARGES FOR GRANTS AND S EXPENSES SERVICES CONTRIBUTIONS		REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,799,031	\$	1,462	1,249,917	\$ (1,547,652)
Support services	2,119,836		29,570	59,573	(2,030,693)
Community services	223,399		103,509	-	(119,890)
Food service	210,708		46,387	187,804	23,483
Student/school activities	127,434		-	124,456	(2,978)
Interest on long-term obligations	237,976		-	-	(237,976)
Depreciation - Unallocated	14,421		-	-	(14,421)
Total governmental activities:	\$ 5,732,805	\$	180,928	\$ 1,621,750	(3,930,127)
General revenues:					
Property taxes, levi			5		3,172,399
Property taxes, levi		ce			1,257,673
State sources - unr	estricted				26,098
Investment earning	S				90,405
Miscellaneous					39,093
Total general revenu	ies				4,585,668
CHANGE IN NET PO	SITION				655,541
NET POSITION, begi	nning of year, a	s resta	ated		(457,756)
NET POSITION, end	of year				\$ 197,785

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

400570	GENERAL	COMMUNITY SERVICE	COMBINED DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL NONMAJOR <u>FUNDS</u>	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>	* 4 000 547	•	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•	A 4075054
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,032,547	\$ -	\$ 243,307	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,275,854
Restricted cash		-	-	7,627	118,968	126,595
Investments	767,078	-	-		194,623	961,701
Restricted investments	-	-	-	3,661,576	-	3,661,576
Accounts receivable	81	879	-	-	-	960
Due from other governmental units	249,193	-	-	-	23,222	272,415
Due from other funds	241,783	199,176	-	-	44,045	485,004
Inventory	-	-	-	-	4,828	4,828
Prepaid expenses	6,550		_	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	6,550
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,297,232	\$ 200,055	\$ 243,307	\$ 3,669,203	\$ 385,686	\$ 6,795,483
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$ 46,378	\$ 69	\$ -	\$ 478,416	\$ 3,644	\$ 528,507
Due to other funds	243,221	196,520	852	1,478	42,933	485,004
Accrued salaries and related items	217,244	2,228	_	· -	6,459	225,931
Accrued retirement	92,505	592	_	-	1,622	94,719
Unearned revenue	14,035	_	_	-	-	14,035
TOTAL LIABILITIES	613,383	199,409	852	479,894	54,658	1,348,196
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	_	_	_	_	4,828	4,828
Prepaid expenses	6,550	_	_	_	-	6,550
Restricted for:	-,					-,
Food service	_	_	_	_	51,422	51,422
Debt service	-	_	242,455	-	-	242,455
Community service	-	646	· <u>-</u>	-	-	646
Library	-	_	-	-	194,623	194,623
Capital projects	-	_	-	3,189,309	-	3,189,309
Committed for:				, ,		, ,
Student/school activities	-	_	_	-	80,155	80,155
Assigned for:					•	·
Subsequent year expenditures	46,934	_	_	-	-	46,934
Unassigned	1,630,365	-	-	-	-	1,630,365
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,683,849	646	242,455	3,189,309	331,028	5,447,287
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,297,232	\$ 200,055	\$ 243,307	\$ 3,669,203	\$ 385,686	\$ 6,795,483

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020**

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

\$ 5,447,287

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Deferred charge on bond refunding Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows of resources - related to state funding for pensions		19,408 2,088,083 (635,353) 462,764 (795,238) (249,812)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are in the funds.	not reported	
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 19,013,768 (7,972,666)	11,041,102
Certain transactions related to the advance refunding of the bonds are reported as revenue		
expenditures in the fund financial statements, however they are reported as assets or liabil in the government-wide financial statements.	ities	
2005 Refunding bonds issued at a premium	(126,191)	
Less: Amortization of bond premium	40,917	(85,274)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and are not reported in the Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	e funds.	
Bonds payable	7,580,000	
Compensated absences	127,370	
Voluntary incentive pay	30,000	
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds; it is recorded when paid	36,575	
Net pension liability	7,696,512	(47.005.400)
Net other postemployment benefits liability	1,624,725	(17,095,182)

197,785

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

DEVENITE:	GENERAL	COMMUNITY SERVICE	COMBINED DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL NONMAJOR <u>FUNDS</u>	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
REVENUE:						
Local sources:	# 0 470 000	•	A 4 057 070	•	•	A 4400.070
Property taxes	\$ 3,172,399	\$ -	\$ 1,257,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,430,072
Community service	-	103,509	-	-	-	103,509
Food service	-	-	-	-	46,075	46,075
Interest	13,280	-	3,808	70,252	3,065	90,405
Intermediate school district	339,280	-	-	-	-	339,280
Student activity income	<u>-</u>	-	-		124,456	124,456
Other local revenue	68,185			3,675	1,428	73,288
Total local sources	3,593,144	103,509	1,261,481	73,927	175,024	5,207,085
State sources	765,046	-	-	-	9,469	774,515
Federal sources	229,528	-	-	-	177,219	406,747
TOTAL REVENUE	4,587,718	103,509	1,261,481	73,927	361,712	6,388,347
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Instruction	2,393,903	-	-	-	-	2,393,903
Supporting services	1,969,374	-	-	-	-	1,969,374
Community services	2,144	221,255	-	-	-	223,399
Payments to other LEAs	2,411	-	-	-	-	2,411
Food service	-	-	-	-	210,710	210,710
Student/school activities	-	-	-	-	127,434	127,434
Capital projects	-	-	-	3,951,653	-	3,951,653
Debt service:						
Principal repayment	-	-	1,160,000	-	-	1,160,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	251,571	-	-	251,571
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,367,832	221,255	1,411,571	3,951,653	338,144	10,290,455
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	219,886	(117,746)	(150,090)	(3,877,726)	23,568	(3,902,108)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Other financing sources (uses)	10,000	_	_	_	(10,000)	_
Transfers in (out)	(119,415)	115,000	_	_	4,415	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(110,110)	110,000			1,110	
	(100 415)	115 000			(F F0F)	
SOURCES (USES)	(109,415)	115,000	-	-	(5,585)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	110,471	(2,746)	(150,090)	(3,877,726)	17,983	(3,902,108)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, as restated	1,573,378	3,392	392,545	7,067,035	313,045	9,349,395
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 1,683,849	\$ 646	\$ 242,455	\$ 3,189,309	\$331,028	\$ 5,447,287

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (3,902,108)

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.

Depreciation expense \$ (275,565)

Capital outlays 4,006,425 3,730,860

Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; but it is not recorded in the governmental funds until it is paid.

Accrued interest payable, beginning of year 41,710
Accrued interest payable, end of year (36,575)

(36,575) 5,135

Bond proceeds and repayments are reported as revenue and expenditures in the fund financial statements and do not affect the statement of activities.

Repayment of bond principal

1,160,000

Certain transactions related to the advance refunding of the bonds are reported as revenue and expenditures in the fund financial statements, however they are reported as assets or liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The transactions include the following:

Amortization of bond premium 12
Deferred loss on bond refunding (4

12,619 (4,159)

8,460

Accrued compensated absences are recorded in the statement of activities when incurred, but it is not recorded in the governmental funds until it is paid.

Accrued compensated absences, beginning of year Accrued compensated absences, end of year

124,998

(127,370) (2,372)

Accrued voluntary incentive pay is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred, but it is not recorded in the governmental funds until it is paid.

Accrued voluntary incentive pay, beginning of year Accrued voluntary incentive pay, end of year

30,000 (30,000)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Pension related items

(512,212)

Other postemployment benefit items

147,042

Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to Section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:

State aid funding for pension, beginning of year

270,548

State aid funding for pension, end of year

(249,812)

20,736

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

655,541

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The North Huron School District is a consolidated school system located in Huron County, Michigan. The School has approximately 380 students in grades kindergarten through twelve. The School operates under a seven person elected Board of Education.

The basic financial statements of the North Huron Schools have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

The Reporting Entity:

The North Huron School District ("District") is governed by the North Huron Schools Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by U.S. GAAP. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the District's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements (GASB).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The government-wide financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type activities. All of the District's activities are classified as governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges paid by recipients who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. State foundation aid, taxes, certain revenue from the intermediate school district and other unrestricted items are not included as program revenues but instead as *general revenues*.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted.

The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, state sources, intermediate district sources, interest income and other revenues.) The statement of activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues and operating grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds are those funds through which most school district functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the school district's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are reported through governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *community service fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for revenue sources and expenditures for the operations of the early learning and day care center at the District.

The *debt service funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the receipt of bond proceeds and the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

The 2018 School Building and Site Bonds include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the school district has compiled with the applicable provisions of Section 1351(a)(2) of the Revised School Code.

Beginning with the year of bond issuance, the District has reported the annual construction activity in the 2018 capital projects fund. The capital projects fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures that are related to the proceeds from the issuance of the general obligation bonds that are for the purpose of defraying the cost of erecting, furnishing and equipping additions to and partially remodeling, furnishing and refurnishing, equipping and re-equipping school facilities, improving athletic facilities and playgrounds, and purchasing school buses and developing and improving sites.

The following is a summary of the revenue and expenditures for the 2018 School Building and Site bond activity since inception of the fund through the current fiscal year:

Revenue and other financing sources \$8,172,355 Expenditures and outgoing transfers \$4,983,045 Net bond proceeds included in revenue \$7,870,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED) Other Non-major Funds:

The *special revenue funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its library, food service, and student/school activities in special revenue funds.

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation:</u> Accrual Method

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Modified Accrual Method

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state and federal aid and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

State Revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30th is reported as due from other governmental units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation: (Continued) State Revenue (Continued)

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Categorical funds which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Other Accounting Policies:

Cash and Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

<u>Investments</u>

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the District is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of the United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Other Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or net realized value using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining estimated useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation of all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and additions 50 years Furniture and other equipment 5-15 years

The District's capitalization policy is to capitalize assets with an initial individual cost of \$3,000 or more. Group purchases are evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

Defined Benefit Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Other Accounting Policies: (Continued)
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on bond refunding, pension, and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on bond refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The other items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

Compensated Absences

The District's policies generally provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay. The current and long-term liability for compensated absences is reported on the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts, including related benefits, is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations or retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses/expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Other Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Balance

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are in nonspendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenditures) or are either legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as taxpayers, grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. The District's Library fund, Debt Service fund, Capital Projects fund, Food Service fund, and Community Service fund balances are considered restricted.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Education). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. The District's Student/School Activities Fund balances are considered committed.

Assigned fund balance – amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Education or by an official or body to which the Board of Education delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The District would typically use restricted fund balance first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these classified funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due date is September 14 and February 14, after which time the taxes become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Other Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Property Taxes (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Mills</u>
General Fund:	
Non-Principal Resident Exemption (PRE)	18.000
Commercial Personal Property	6.000
Debt service fund:	
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property – North Huron	2.060
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property – Port Hope	1.840

Use of Estimates:

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated accounts.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP for the general fund and special revenue funds. The capital projects funds are appropriated on a project-length basis. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e. purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The District does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The Board of Education requires that the budget be submitted in summary form. In addition, more detailed line item budgets are included for administrative control. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted by a School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, are noted in the required supplementary information section.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY: (CONTINUED)

- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.
- 5. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to June 30, 2020.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	<u>Buc</u>	<u>lget</u>	<u> </u>	ctual	Va	<u>ariance</u>
General Fund - Transfers	\$ 90),393	\$ 1	19,415	\$	29,022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

As of June 30, 2020 the District had deposits and investments subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2020, \$1,265,473 of the District's bank balance of \$1,515,473 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying value on the books for deposits at the end of the year was \$1,402,450, including \$7,627 of restricted deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

		weighted average maturity
<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	(years)
MILAF External Investment pool - CMC	\$ 3,661,576	N/A
MILAF External Investment pool - MAX	961,701	N/A
Total fair value	<u>\$ 4,623,277</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Rating</u>	Rating Agency
MILAF External Investment pool - CMC	\$ 3,661,576	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
MILAF External Investment pool - MAX	<u>961,701</u>	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
Total fair value	\$ 4,623,277		

Foreign Currency Risk

The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair Value Measurement

The District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements: and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The District does not have any investments subject to the fair value measurement.

The District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which included money market funds. One of the pooled investment funds utilized by the District is the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). MILAF funds are considered external investment pools as defined by the GASB and as such are recorded at amortized cost which approximate fair value. The MILAF (MAX Class) fund required notification of redemptions prior to 14 days to avoid penalties. These funds are not subject to the fair value disclosures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> (Continued)

	Amortized Cost
MILAF External Investment pool - CMC	\$ 3,661,576
MILAF External Investment pool - MAX	<u>961,701</u>
Total fair value	\$ 4,623,277

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2020:

		Primary
	G	<u>overnment</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,394,822
Investments		961,701
Restricted investments - Capital projects		3,669,203
	\$	6,025,726

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

	Interfund	Interfund
<u>Fund</u>	<u>receivable</u>	<u>payable</u>
General Fund	\$ 241,783	\$ 243,221
Food Service	44,045	42,933
Debt Service	=	852
Community Service Fund	199,176	196,520
Capital Projects Fund	_	1,478
Total	<u>\$ 485,004</u>	<u>\$ 485,004</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES:

Receivables from other governmental units consist of the following:

Local revenue	\$ 74,938
State revenue	105,002
Federal revenue	92,475
Total	<u>\$ 272,415</u>

Because of the District's favorable collection experience, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in the District's capital assets follows:

	<u> 2019</u>	Additions	Disposals	2020
Assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 20,300 963,185	\$ - 3,932,300	\$ -	\$ 20,300 4,895,485
Total assets not being depreciated	983,485	3,932,300		4,915,785
Capital assets, being depreciated:	10 600 251	2 275		12 606 626
Buildings and additions Furniture and equipment	12,603,351 790,315	3,275 41,497	-	12,606,626 831,812
Transportation equipment	630,192	29,353	_	659,545
Total capital assets being				,
depreciated	14,023,858	74,125	_	14,097,983
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and additions	6,577,707	214,737	-	6,792,444
Furniture and equipment	579,271	35,094	-	614,365
Transportation equipment	540,123	25,734		<u>565,857</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	7,697,101	275,565	-	7,972,666
Net capital assets	\$ 7,310,242	\$ 3,730,860	\$ -	\$11,041,102

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Instruction	\$ 137,069
Support services	117,855
Athletics	6,220
Unallocated	14,421
Total depreciation	<u>\$ 275,565</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of the debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Port Hope	<u>2019</u>	Additions	<u>Payments</u>	2020	Due within one year
2015 refunding bonds Issuance premium	\$ 1,100,000 27,746	\$ - -	\$ 215,000 4,896	\$ 885,000 22,850	\$ 220,000 4,896
North Huron					
2018 school bonds	7,170,000	-	715,000	6,455,000	715,000
Issuance premium	70,147	-	7,723	62,424	7,723
2014 school tech bonds	470,000	-	230,000	240,000	240,000
Compensated absences	124,998	2,372		127,370	
Totals	\$8,962,891	\$ 2,372	<u>\$ 1,172,619</u>	\$ 7,792,644	<u>\$ 1,187,619</u>

The District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. Long-term obligations currently outstanding are as follows:

Port Hope Obligations

\$ 885,000	
22,850	
240,000	
6,455,000	
62,424	
7,665,274	
127,370	
<u>\$ 7,792,644</u>	
	22,850 240,000 6,455,000 62,424 7,665,274 127,370

The District has defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2020, \$920,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations outstanding exclusive of compensated absence payments are as follows:

Years ending	<u>Port</u>	<u>Hope</u>	<u>North</u>	<u>Huron</u>	
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021	\$ 220,000	\$ 19,800	\$ 955,000	\$ 199,650	\$1,394,450
2022	225,000	15,400	715,000	172,200	1,127,600
2023	230,000	10,900	715,000	150,750	1,106,650
2024	210,000	6,300	715,000	129,300	1,060,600
2025	-	-	715,000	107,850	822,850
2026-2029	-	-	2,880,000	216,000	3,096,000
Issuance premium	22,850		62,424		85,274
Totals	<u>\$ 907,850</u>	<u>\$ 52,400</u>	<u>\$6,757,424</u>	<u>\$ 975,750</u>	\$8,693,424

Interest expense (all funds) for the year ended June 30, 2020 was approximately \$238,000.

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employee's retirement System (MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employee's Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversite of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan name</u>	Plan type	<u>Plan status</u>
Basic	Defined benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined contribution	Open

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED) Benefits Provided - Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined pension plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% to 7.0%.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employee's Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of the MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

<u>Option 1</u> – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below, and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until terminate public school employment.

Basic plan members: 4% contribution

Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED) Pension Reform 2012 (Continued)

Option 2 – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> – Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 – Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> – Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED) Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law includes other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Benefits Provided - Other postemployment benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED) Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> – A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

Annual Amount – The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree Other Postemployment benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under the method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 were determined as of the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2016 are amortized over a 20-year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		postemployment
	<u>Pension</u>	<u>benefit</u>
October 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 7.93%
October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 8.09%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

Employer Contributions (Continued)

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were equal to the required contribution total. Pension contributions were approximately \$569,426, with \$553,206 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were equal to the required contribution total. OPEB benefits were approximately \$161,141, with \$149,987 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Pension Liabilities

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university employers:	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Total pension liability	\$ 83,442,507,212	\$ 79,863,694,444
Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 50,325,869,388	\$ 49,801,889,205
Net pension liability	\$ 33,116,637,824	\$ 30,061,805,239
Proportionate share	0.02324%	0.02448%
Net pension liability for		
the District	\$ 7,696,512	\$ 7,357,819

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,106,046.

At June 30, 2020, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred (inflows) of <u>resources</u>
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 34,498	\$ (32,094)
Changes of assumptions	1,506,982	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment	-	(246,660)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	40,385	(356,599)
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	506,218 \$2,088,083	<u> </u>

\$506,218 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending <u>September 30,</u>	<u>A</u>	.mount
2020	\$	403,807
2021	\$	297,079
2022	\$	176,453
2023	\$	69.173

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university employers	September 30, 2019		<u>September 30, 2018</u>	
Total other postemployment benefit liability	\$	13,925,860,688	\$	13,932,170,264
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	6,748,112,668	\$	5,983,218,473
Net other postemployment benefit liability	\$	7,177,748,020	\$	7,948,951,791
Proportionate share		0.02264%		0.02445%
Net other postemployment benefit liability				
for the District	\$	1,624,725	\$	1,943,735

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to **OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,981.

At June 30, 2020, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Difference between actual and expected experience	Deferred outflows of resources \$	Deferred (inflows) of resources \$ (596,158)
Changes of assumptions	352,045	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	(28,255)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45	(170,825)
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date Totals	110,674 \$ 462,764	<u>-</u> <u>\$ (795,238)</u>

\$110,674, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED) OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending	
September 30,	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ (114,215)
2021	(114,215)
2022	(100,110)
2023	(74,280)
2024	(40.328)

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return for pension – 6.80% per year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus groups and 6.0% per year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.

Investment rate of return for $\mathsf{OPEB} - 6.95\%$ per year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary increases – The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75%.

Inflation -3.0%

Mortality assumptions –

Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Heathy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Experience study – The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2018. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED) Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments – The pension rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus) and 6.00% for Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cost of living pension adjustments – 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit – 7.5% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year twelve.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption – 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement – 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2019 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.00%	5.50%
Private Equity Pools	18.00%	8.60%
International Equity Pools	16.00%	7.30%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	1.20%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	4.20%
Absolute Return Pools	15.50%	5.40%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.80%
	<u>100.00</u> %	

^{*}Long-term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Rate of Return – For fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.14% and 5.37%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Pension discount rate – A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB discount rate — A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Pension	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% Increase
Reporting Unit's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>10,005,958</u>	\$ <u>7,696,512</u>	\$ <u>5,781,902</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other postemployment benefit		
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% Increase
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefits			
liability	\$ <u>1,992,969</u>	\$ <u>1,624,725</u>	\$ <u>1,315,502</u>

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates — The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% (decreasing to 3.5%), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other postemployment benefit		
	1% trend decrease	Healthcare cost trend rates	1% trend increase
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefits liability	\$ <u>1.302.392</u>	\$ <u>1,624,725</u>	\$ <u>1,992,926</u>

Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan – At year end the School District is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and the contributions due from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASES:

The School District is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore, the unpaid balances of the lease agreements are not reflected in the School District's long-term debt.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2020.

Years ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 11,436
2022	2,859
Total	<u>\$ 14,295</u>

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITY:

The District is a reimbursing employer for purposes of unemployment insurance claims against the District. The District reimburses the State of Michigan for all benefits charged against it in the event of termination of employment and subsequent claims of its employees. The contingent liability for unemployment insurance claims is not recognized in the accompanying financial statements. This expense is recognized as incurred.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditure that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

General Liability

The School District participates in the SET-SEG Property/Casualty Pool, Inc. for the coverage of significant losses due to its general liability. The participation in the pool constitutes transfer of the risk for significant losses with a limit of \$5 million per occurrence for real and personal property losses and a limit of \$5 million in the aggregate for personal injury. For automotive liability, the pool constitutes transfer of the risk with a limit of \$5 million for bodily injury and property damage combined. For excess liability, there is a limit of \$1 million for each occurrence. The School District is required to pay an annual premium to the MASB-SEG Property/Casualty Pool, Inc. for the liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Worker's Compensation

The School District is insured through SET/SEG Workers Compensation Disability Compensation for losses related to workers' compensation claims.

Employee Health Care

The School District uses HealthPlus for health insurance coverage for its employees and their dependents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - TRANSFERS:

During the year the Food Service Fund transferred \$10,000 to the General Fund for reimbursement for indirect costs. The General Fund transferred \$393 to the Food Service Fund, \$115,000 to the Community Service Fund, and \$4,022 to the Student/School Activities Fund.

NOTE 13 – RECLASSIFICATIONS:

Certain prior year numbers have been reclassified to be in conformity with the current year presentation.

NOTE 14 - RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES:

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact financial operations. Other financial impacts could occur though such potential impacts are unknown at this time.

NOTE 15 – NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD:

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*.

Summary:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was issued by the GASB in January 2017. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. The focus on the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Districts with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

The restatement of the beginning of the year fund balances and net position is as follows:

	Fund Balances			
	Student/ School	Total Governmental		
	Activity Fund	Funds		
Fund balances as of July 1, 2019, as previously stated	\$ -	\$ 9,270,284		
Adoption of GASB Statement 84	79,111	<u>79,111</u>		
Fund balance as of July 1, 2019, as restated	<u>\$ 79,111</u>	<u>\$ 9,349,395</u>		
		Net Position		
		Governmental		
		Activities		
Net position as of July 1, 2019, as previously stated		\$ (536,867)		
Adoption of GASB Statement 84		79,111		
Net position as of July 1, 2019, as restated		<u>\$ (457,756)</u>		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued by the GASB in June 2017 and will be effective for the District's 2022 year end. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUE:	<u>BOBOL!</u>	<u>DODOL!</u>	HOTOME	I III AL DODOLI
Local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 3,094,129	\$ 3,172,405	\$ 3,172,399	\$ (6)
Interest	26,504	13,360	13,280	(80)
Athletic activities	30,323	31,304	31,304	-
Intermediate school district	325,930	339,280	339,280	_
Other local revenue	26,673	17,841	36,881	19,040
Total local sources	3,503,559	3,574,190	3,593,144	18,954
State sources	697,252	822,919	765,046	(57,873)
Federal sources	230,074	274,481	229,528	(44,953)
TOTAL REVENUE	4,430,885	4,671,590	4,587,718	(83,872)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction				
Pre-kindergarten	113,888	90,795	90,628	167
Elementary	594,483	667,596	664,521	3,075
Secondary	870,539	893,028	886,460	6,568
Compensatory education	196,378	149,763	147,954	1,809
Vocational education	180,141	166,589	163,343	3,246
Special education	438,154	441,909	440,997	912
Total instruction	2,393,583	2,409,680	2,393,903	15,777
Supporting services	<u> </u>			
Truance/absenteeism services	1,200	628	628	-
Guidance services	35,401	35,061	33,952	1,109
Other pupil support services	8,283	14,480	14,409	71
Academic student assessment	89,308	44,812	44,273	539
Improvement of instruction	189,659	140,341	137,816	2,525
Library	2,718	2,947	2,928	19
Instructional related technology	17,021	16,021	14,819	1,202
Supervision and direction of instructional staff	69,967	75,264	75,232	32
Board of education	46,357	36,798	35,363	1,435
Executive and administration	231,466	233,167	230,982	2,185
School administration	232,066	234,192	229,982	4,210
Fiscal services	108,191	108,224	107,884	340
Internal services	4,300	3,600	3,011	589
Other business services	1,732	6,967	6,967	-
Operation and maintenance of plant	436,326	539,163	528,079	11,084
Pupil transportation	262,581	271,521	262,096	9,425
Support services - Central	51,158	59,940	54,504	5,436
Athletics	170,786	187,215	186,449	<u>766</u>
Total supporting services	1,958,520	2,010,341	1,969,374	40,967
Community services	10,718	2,926	2,144	782
Payments to other LEAs		4,821	2,411	2,410
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,362,821	4,427,768	4,367,832	59,936
(Continued)	36			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	68,064	243,822	219,886	(23,936)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in from other funds Operating transfers to other funds	10,000 (80,833)	10,000 (90,393)	10,000 (119,415)	(29,022)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(70,833)	(80,393)	(109,415)	(29,022)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,769)	163,429	110,471	(52,958)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	1,573,378	1,573,378	1,573,378	-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 1,570,609	\$ 1,736,807	\$ 1,683,849	\$ (52,958)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUE: Local sources:				
Community service	\$ 107,000	\$ 103,145	\$ 103,509	\$ 364
Total local sources Federal sources:	107,000	103,145	103,509	364
Reimbursements	-	26,100	-	(26,100)
TOTAL REVENUE	107,000	129,245	103,509	(25,736)
EXPENDITURES:				
Community services	187,698	221,424	221,255	169
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	187,698	221,424	221,255	169
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(80,698)	(92,179)	(117,746)	(25,567)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers in	80,700	90,000	115,000	25,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	80,700	90,000	115,000	25,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2	(2,179)	(2,746)	(567)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	3,392	3,392	3,392	-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 3,394	\$ 1,213	\$ 646	\$ (567)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.02324%	0.02448%	0.02484%	0.02512%	0.02387%	0.02132%
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 7,696,512	\$ 7,357,819	\$ 6,438,035	\$ 6,266,656	\$ 5,829,025	\$ 4,695,506
Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll	\$ 1,982,320	\$ 2,084,831	\$ 2,071,039	\$ 2,151,076	\$ 2,014,400	\$ 1,991,568
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll (%)	388.26%	352.92%	310.86%	291.33%	289.37%	235.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non-university employers)	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 553,206	\$ 587,099	\$ 595,218	\$ 597,644	\$ 493,861	\$ 424,168
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	553,206	587,099	595,218	597,644	493,861	424,168
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll	\$ 1,897,803	\$ 2,019,152	\$ 2,086,350	\$ 2,070,540	\$ 2,124,602	\$ 2,118,126
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	29.15%	29.08%	28.53%	28.86%	23.24%	20.03%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Reporting unit's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.02264%	0.02445%	0.02498%
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,624,725	\$ 1,943,735	\$ 2,212,478
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$1,982,320	\$ 2,084,831	\$ 2,071,039
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll (%)	81.96%	93.23%	106.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (Non-university employers)	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 149,987	\$ 156,391	\$ 131,239
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	149,987	156,391	131,239
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$1,897,803	\$ 2,019,152	\$ 2,086,350
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.90%	7.75%	6.29%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Information

Benefit changes – there were no changes of benefit terms in 2019.

Changes of assumptions – the assumption changes for 2019 were:

Discount rate for MIP and Basic plans decreased to 6.80% from 7.05%

Discount rate for Pension Plus decreased to 6.80% from 7.00%

OPEB Information

Benefit changes – there were no changes of benefit terms in 2019.

Changes of assumptions – the assumption changes for 2019 were:

Discount rate decreased to 6.95% from 7.15%

Healthcare cost trend rate increased to 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 12 from 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.00% Year 12.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2020

	FOOD SERVICE	STUDENT/ SCHOOL ACTIVITIES	LIBRARY	TOTAL NONMAJOR <u>FUNDS</u>
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,813	\$ 80,155	\$ -	\$ 118,968
Investments	-	-	194,623	194,623
Due from other governmental units	23,222	-	-	23,222
Due from other funds	44,045	-	-	44,045
Inventory	4,828	-	-	4,828
TOTAL ASSETS	\$110,908	\$ 80,155	\$194,623	\$ 385,686
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,644	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,644
Due to other funds	42,933	-	-	42,933
Accrued salaries and related items	6,459	-	-	6,459
Accrued retirement	1,622	-	-	1,622
TOTAL LIABILITIES	54,658			54,658
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:				
Inventory	4,828	-	-	4,828
Restricted	51,422	-	194,623	246,045
Committed	<u>-</u>	80,155		80,155
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	56,250	80,155	194,623	331,028
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$110,908	\$ 80,155	\$194,623	\$ 385,686

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

STUDENT/ FOOD SCHOOL <u>SERVICE ACTIVITIES</u> <u>LIBRARY</u>	TOTAL NONMAJOR <u>FUNDS</u>
REVENUE:	
Local sources:	
Student and adult lunches \$ 46,075 \$ - \$	- \$ 46,075
Interest 10 - 3,055	
Contributions 1,116 -	- 1,116
Student activity income - 124,456	- 124,456
Miscellaneous 312 -	312
Total local sources 47,513 124,456 3,055	
State sources 9,469 - Federal sources:	- 9,469
	467.007
Reimbursements 167,007 - Commodities 10,212 -	- 167,007 - 10,212
TOTAL REVENUE 234,201 124,456 3,055	
234,201 124,430 3,033	301,712
EXPENDITURES:	
Salaries and wages 54,777 -	- 54,777
Employee benefits 38,924 -	- 38,924
Food 106,570 -	- 106,570
Supplies and equipment 4,534 -	- 4,534
Purchased services 2,145 -	- 2,145
Repairs 1,197 -	- 1,197
Student/school activites - 127,434	- 127,434
Miscellaneous 2,563 -	- 2,563
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 210,710 127,434	338,144
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES 23,491 (2,978) 3,055	23,568
<u></u>	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in 393 4,022	- 4,415
Transfers out (10,000) -	- (10,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	_
SOURCES (USES) (9,607) 4,022	(5,585)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 13,884 1,044 3,055	17,983
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, as restated 42,366 79,111 191,568	313,045
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 \$ 56,250 \$ 80,155 \$ 194,623	\$ 331,028

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	NORTH HURON DEBT FUND	PORT HOPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DEBT FUND	TOTAL DEBT <u>FUNDS</u>
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$213,892	\$ 29,415	\$ 243,307
TOTAL ASSETS	\$213,892	\$ 29,415	\$ 243,307
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</u> LIABILITIES:			
Due to other funds	\$ 852	\$ -	\$ 852
TOTAL LIABILITIES	852		852
FUND BALANCES - Restricted	213,040	29,415	242,455
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$213,892	\$ 29,415	\$ 243,307

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	NORTH HURON <u>DEBT FUND</u>	PORT HOPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DEBT FUND	TOTAL DEBT <u>FUNDS</u>
REVENUE:			
Local sources:			
Taxes	\$ 1,034,721	\$ 222,952	\$ 1,257,673
Interest	3,322	486	3,808
TOTAL REVENUE	1,038,043	223,438	1,261,481
EXPENDITURES: Debt service:			
Principal repayment	945,000	215,000	1,160,000
Interest and fiscal charges	226,971	24,600	251,571
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,171,971	239,600	1,411,571
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(133,928)	(16,162)	(150,090)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	346,968	45,577	392,545
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 213,040	\$ 29,415	\$ 242,455

SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT 2014 SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY BONDS JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Years Ending	Interest due					F	Principal	Total due <u>Annually</u>	
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>1-Nov</u>		<u>1-May</u>		<u>1-May</u>			
2021	2.500%	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	240,000	\$	246,000
Total		\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	240,000	\$	246,000

Bonds in the amount of \$750,000 were issued for the purpose of technology improvements.

NORTH HURON SCHOOLS PORT HOPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DEBT

SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT 2015 REFUNDING BONDS JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Years Ending	Interest	Interest due				Principal		Total due		
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Rate</u>	,	<u>1-Nov</u>	,	<u>1-May</u>	<u>1-May</u>		<u> </u>	Annually	
2021	2.000%	\$	9,900	\$	9,900	\$	220,000	\$	239,800	
2022	2.000%		7,700		7,700		225,000		240,400	
2023	2.000%		5,450		5,450		230,000		240,900	
2024	3.000%		3,150		3,150		210,000		216,300	
Total		\$	26,200	\$	26,200	\$	885,000	\$	937,400	

On February 24, 2015, a portion of the 2005 Refunding Bonds were refunded.

SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT 2018 SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal										
Years Ending	Interest	Interest			t due		Principal		Total due	
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>1-Nov</u>			<u>1-May</u>		<u>1-May</u>		Annually	
2021	3.000%	\$	96,825	\$	96,825	\$	715,000	\$	908,650	
2022	3.000%		86,100		86,100		715,000		887,200	
2023	3.000%		75,375		75,375		715,000		865,750	
2024	3.000%		64,650		64,650		715,000		844,300	
2025	3.000%		53,925		53,925		715,000		822,850	
2026	3.000%		43,200		43,200		720,000		806,400	
2027	3.000%		32,400		32,400		720,000		784,800	
2028	3.000%		21,600		21,600		720,000		763,200	
2029	3.000%		10,800		10,800		720,000		741,600	
Total		\$	484,875	\$	484,875	\$	6,455,000	\$	7,424,750	

Bonds in the amount of \$7,870,000 were issued for the purpose of major renovations to school facilities.

Managing Principal, Jeffrey P. Bushey, CPA
Principals: JoAnn E. Lakie, CPA

Brian V. Hazard, CPA Eugene R. Gascho, COO

Consultant: Donald C. Faupel, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education North Huron Schools Kinde, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Huron Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise North Huron School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered North Huron School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of North Huron School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of North Huron School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether North Huron School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nietzke & Faupel, P.C.

Nietzke + Faugel P.C.

Pigeon, Michigan

October 9, 2020