FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT Frankenmuth, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019





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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Frederick C. Gardner Giacamo Provenzano Heather Thomas-Verhaeghe Brett A. Luplow

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 7, 2019

To the Board of Education Frankenmuth School District Frankenmuth, Michigan

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Frankenmuth School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Frankenmuth School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Board of Education Frankenmuth School District Page Two

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the remaining fund information of Frankenmuth School District as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension schedules and OPEB schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Frankenmuth School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of bonded indebtedness is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of outstanding bonded indebtedness is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of bonded indebtedness is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. To the Board of Education Frankenmuth School District Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2019 on our consideration of the Frankenmuth School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Frankenmuth School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sardner, Provenyone, Themas 3 Juplew, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of Frankenmuth School District's performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Please read this along with the financial statements that follow for a comprehensive understanding of the financial position of the School District.

Annual Report

The annual report consists of our Management's Discussion and Analysis, a series of financial statements, notes to those statements, required supplemental information and other supplemental information. The financial statements are divided into two sections. The District-Wide Financial Statements provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole. They present a year-end aggregate view and a longer-term view of the District's finances. All funds, capital assets and debt are combined. The fund financial statements provide more detail showing the year's activity by fund. They also show the amount available to finance future programs. Fund statements do not include long-term items such as capital assets or long-term debt.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements appear first in the financial statements. They present information on the School District as a whole. They show net position and a statement of activities for the year. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way of measuring the financial health of the School District. In the statement of activities, the revenues less the expenses result in an increase or decrease in the net position. Increases or decreases in net position, over time, affect the financial health of the District. However, the goal of the School District is to provide quality education and a safe environment, not to make a profit.

The statement of activities covers all of the School District's services, including instruction, supporting services, community services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted State Aid, and State and Federal grants finance most of these activities.

Agency Accounts

The School District acts as an agent for various student activity funds. This net position is reported in a separate statement. We exclude this net position statement from the School District's other financial statements because we cannot use these assets to finance our operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds instead of the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. Many of the other funds are created to help control and manage money for a particular purpose or to meet legal responsibilities for certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental funds of the School District focus on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end. They provide a detailed, short-term view of the operations and services of the School District. This helps determine whether more or fewer financial resources are available for future programs. An accounting method called modified accrual accounting is used in fund accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The relationship between governmental activities (District-Wide Financial Statements) and governmental fund activities (Fund Financial Statements) will be reconciled later in the report.

Summary of District-Wide Financial Statement

The following table 1 provides a summary of our net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. They represent the School District as a whole.

Assets	 2019		2018
Current and other assets	\$ 7,056,332	\$	6,980,145
Capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	17,341,051		16,561,315
Total Assets	 24,397,383		23,541,460
Deferred outflows of resources	 8,157,470		4,426,446
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	2,665,174		2,508,946
Long-term liabilities	27,941,348		26,188,910
Total Liabilities	30,606,522	·····	28,697,856
Deferred inflows of resources	 3,163,734		1,449,441
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	16,186,051		14,281,315
Restricted for debt service	91,865		114,170
Restricted for capital projects	754,562		968,252
Unrestricted	 (18,247,881)		(17,543,128)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,215,403)	\$	(2,179,391)

The change in net position for the 2018-2019 and 2017-2018 years is presented and discussed below in Table 2.

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Current assets include cash and receivables that will be realized in cash or consumed within the upcoming school year. Net investment in capital assets is the original cost of the assets and subtracting the depreciation and any related debt. Current liabilities include accounts and salaries payable whose liquidation is reasonably expected to require use of current assets. Long-term liabilities include general obligation bonds used to finance acquisition of capital assets and accrued compensated absences. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Long-term liabilities also include the District's net proportionate share of the Michigan Public School Employee's pension obligation and OPEB liability. Deferred outflows and inflows are related to the pension and OPEB transactions. Restricted net position are reported to show legal constraints that limit use of some of the assets. Debt covenants and legislation limit the School District's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations. The unrestricted net position represents the accumulated results of all past years' activities. This amount will be affected by the year-to-year combined operations.

The summary of this year's and the previous year's activities for the School District as a whole are reported below.

	2019	2018
Revenue	 	
Program revenue		
Charges for services	\$ 1,069,172	\$ 1,037,504
Grants and categoricals	2,069,399	1,837,747
General revenue		
Property taxes	5,374,744	5,228,708
State foundation allowance	7,344,906	6,872,693
Other	 163,853	 190,719
Total Revenue	 16,022,074	 15,167,371
Function/Program expenses		
Instruction	8,153,791	7,637,688
Support services	4,553,398	4,261,277
Community services	585,026	519,144
Food services	536,592	521,836
Athletics	495,822	496,220
Interest & misc. expense on long-term debt	37,010	55,493
Depreciation (unallocated)	 696,447	 620,496
Total Expenses	 15,058,086	 14,112,154
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	\$ 963,988	\$ 1,055,217

Net position increased \$963,988 for the year ended June 30, 2019 as opposed to an increase of \$1,055,217 in the previous year. Revenues increased \$854,703 over the previous year with the largest increase in State foundation allowance. Expenses increased \$945,932 with most of the increase in instruction.

Funding for the above activities comes from a variety of sources. Some activities are partially funded by those who benefit from the programs or by grants and categoricals from governments and organizations. The remaining activities are paid for from taxes, State Foundation Allowance, and other revenues, such as interest.

The change in net position differs from the change in fund balance because of different accounting requirements. A reconciliation appears later in the financial statements.

The District's Funds

General Fund

The District's fund balance at year end was \$4,666,230 preserving the District's set parameters of a minimum fund balance of \$4,000,000. The analysis of our final budget position in June and the results of governmental activities for the year were within reason. The District had a 10% projected use of reserve funds versus a 4% actual increase in reserve funds, with a net of \$633,608 better than final budget projections.

Food Service

The food service fund balance at year end is \$35,108, which is an increase in reserves of \$3,371. At this time, the District has made the decision to not transfer the allowable cost to the general fund, but will continue to evaluate.

Debt Service

Our end of the year fund balance for debt service was \$91,865. Our rate request for winter of 2019 is 2.19 a reduction of .01 mills from the prior year and is projected to be sufficient to retire the debt in 2020. After the year ended June 30, 2019, the community did vote in a new bond of \$15,030,000 with a maturity term of 17 years. Our first levy for this bond will be December of 2020. Our projected stable housing market should allow us to have stable or slight reductions in the mills requested each year assisting in maintaining our positive tax collection rates.

The District will continue to work with our financial advisor to evaluate future rates and the necessary debt service fund balance. All principal and interest payments were made by the due dates this fiscal year.

Capital Projects Fund

As anticipated, this fund saw a decrease in fund balance of \$213,690. This was due to project completion dates straddling year-end, as well as a planned spend as outlined by our five year facility plan. The summer of 2019 focused on capital improvements at our elementary building with a budget of \$875,000 for a two classroom expansion.

Final Budget vs. Original Budget

The final to original budget comparison has minimal variances to note. Each year we establish a budget prior to July 1st in order to meet our legal requirement. This first budget is established with known and projected data. This past year the District had two budget amendments to address changes as they occur.

Revenue for the final budget was increased by \$426,542 with most of the increase being state revenue which is attributed to greater than budgeted enrollment and foundation.

Expenditures were increased by \$721,550 from the first to the final budget. There were two expenditures that saw significant budget increases. Basic programs was increased \$306,745 due to our November negotiated increase in wage and benefit.

Operations and maintenance was increased \$210,217. The majority of this increase was to cover additional purchase service needs of \$130,000 (specialized repairs to boilers, units, & electrical) and additional November negotiated wage and benefit increases \$29,678.

Final Budget vs. Actual Results

The district came in \$633,608 (15%) better than final budget. This was achieved by a 2% reduction in budgeted spending (\$353,699). This reduction was realized in most functions, with no variance of significance in a specific function. Revenues came in 2% better than final projected budget \$279,909. Local revenue accounted for 78% of that amount \$218,103 approximately 5.8% better than projected). The most significant variances were; Tax Collections \$109,959, Little Eagle's \$67,486, and Preschool \$15,816.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2019 the School District had \$17,341,051 in capital assets less depreciation.

	 2019	2018
Land	\$ 1,091,665	\$ 1,091,665
Construction in progress	168,797	176,014
Buildings and improvements	24,055,571	23,625,721
Site improvements	1,814,331	963,598
Buses and other vehicles	897,234	1,000,839
Furniture and equipment	 1,404,063	1,543,092
Total Capital Assets	29,431,661	28,400,929
Less accumulated depreciation	 12,090,610	11,839,614
Net Capital Assets	\$ 17,341,051	\$16,561,315

The District completed a parking lot project, several building projects and added furniture and equipment.

<u>Debt</u>

Governmental Activities	 2019	 2018
2015 Refunding bonds	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 2,280,000
Accrued compensated absences	136,676	114,766
Totals	\$ 1,291,676	\$ 2,394,766

As of June 30, 2019 the School District had 1,155,000 in General Obligation Bonds outstanding versus 2,280,000 in the previous year – a change of about 49%. At this time, the District is in the process of issuing new debt.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issued "qualified debt," such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District has no unqualified general obligation debt. Other obligations included employee-compensated absences. The notes to the financial statements contain detailed information on long-term liabilities.

Economic Conditions Affecting Next Year's Budget

When setting a budget for the upcoming year, the District looks at many elements. The main factors are student enrollment, labor costs, foundation allowance, and taxable values. We have been able to maintain a 1% increase in enrollment each of the last three years with the 2019-2020 fiscal year budgeted at 1,300 FTE's. As of our last count date, we have met that number. We are cautious to plan for continued enrollment growth because of the expenditures associated; such as staff capacity and infrastructure needs and have created a right sized pupil plan to meet staff capacity for the future. The District's philosophy is to maintain current enrollment is school of choice and we continue to have a wait list for each level during our enrollment period. Local property values have had a stable increase with projections showing continued steady growth, allowing similar projections for all of our local sources.

At the time of budget creation, the State of Michigan had not completed their budget process causing the District to take a very conservative stance with the original budget and forecasting a slight decrease in state funding and near flat revenue projections. The projection for the 2019-20 original budget is to spend down reserves in the amount of \$393,184. Adjusting the budget to reflect the 2019 audited fund balance, would project us to be above our board requested \$4,000,000 target with a projected fund balance of \$4,273,046 on June 30th of 2020. The 2019-2020 budget reflects our projected enrollment FTE of 1300 and a \$0 increase in foundation maintaining \$8,121. While not finalized at publish date, we project enrollment and foundation to be greater than budgeted. In November we will be negotiating wage and health care benefits with our Teacher Association (FTPO) which may have an impact on final budget.

Food Service

Budget projections for food service are for a slight increase in fund balance in the amount of \$3,726. This is based on a federally regulated increase in lunch prices this year. Expenditures for food are expected to increase 2% due to both a price increase in perishable products, reductions in commodities, and increased need due to enrollment growth. We do not have any expected non-food purchases of any significance planned for this fiscal year. The breakfast program was approved to continue but will again be monitored to measure return and participation. We did see an increase in meals served for breakfast last year. This year we will again evaluate a transfer to the general fund to cover allowable costs, but those costs were not a part of the initial budget approved

Capital Projects Fund

We currently operate with two separate community approved building and site millages with a levies of .5 and 1.5 mils. The total projected revenue of both is approximately \$1,017,235 for fiscal year 2019-2020. The first collection of the additional millage was in the spring of 2016 which was from the winter tax collection of 2015. The last collection of the additional millage will be the spring of 2020. Our community has just passed an additional 5 year 2.0 mill levy which will have its first collection in December of 2020. The district has updated our 5 year facilities plan which includes the use of these funds in conjunction with our recently passed bond proposal.

Debt Service

The debt service account ended with a fund balance of \$91,865. The requested millage rate for 2019 was 2.19 mills or \$1,122,206 in expected tax revenue and will accommodate the funds needed for the final principal and interest payments.

Our community approved a new bond proposal in August of 2019. The approved bond proposal in the amount of \$15,030,000 will have a term of 17 years and will go to market for bond sales in November of 2020. Our first levy for this bond sale will be in December of 2020. Projections show that a stable housing market and historical tax collection rates allows us confidence that we will not need to raise our tax levy to continue timely payments.

PFM will assist the District to monitor and assist with the transition of from one bonded debt service fund to our newly voted to assure proper levy, reporting, and maintain a reserve of 2%-4% to assure payment.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

If you have questions regarding this report, please contact the Superintendent's office, 525 E. Genesee St., Frankenmuth, Michigan 48734.

Frankenmuth School District District Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units Other receivables Prepaids Inventories Capital assets less accumulated depreciation Total Assets	\$ 5,085,500 1,737,043 19,010 206,500 8,279 17,341,051 24,397,383
Deferred outflows of resources-OPEB Deferred outflows of resources-related to pension liability Total Deferred Outflows	1,174,787 6,982,683 8,157,470
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued interest Salaries payable Due to other governments Unavailable revenue Bonds payable, due within one year Long-term liabilities Compensated absences, due in more than one year Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Total Liabilities	357,276 1,607 897,949 223,079 30,263 1,155,000 136,676 5,897,152 21,907,520 30,606,522
Deferred inflows of resources-related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources-related to pension liability Total Deferred Inflows	1,342,848 1,820,886 3,163,734
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted Total Net Position	16,186,051 91,865 754,562 (18,247,881) \$ (1,215,403)

Frankenmuth School District District Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Ne	overnmental Activities et (Expense)
				am Rev			evenue and
		C	harges for	Ope	erating Grants	Ch	anges in Net
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services and Contributions			Position	
Instruction	\$ 8,153,791	\$	20,631	\$	1,045,784	\$	(7,087,376)
Support services	4,553,398		-		818,473		(3,734,925)
Community services	585,026		590,246		-		5,220
Food services	536,592		331,809		205,142		359
Athletics	495,822		126,486		-		(369,336)
Interest & misc. expense							
on long-term debt	37,010		-		-		(37,010)
Depreciation (unallocated)	 696,447		-		-		(696,447)
Totals	\$ 15,058,086	\$	1,069,172	\$	2,069,399		(11,919,515)

General revenues: Taxes:	
Property taxes levied for general purposes	3,189,136
Property taxes levied for capital projects Property taxes levied for debt service	1,054,290 1,131,318
State aid - unrestricted	7,344,906
Interest	55,607
Other	108,246
Total General Revenues	12,883,503
Change in Net Position	963,988
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(2,179,391)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (1,215,403)

Frankenmuth School District Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	General	Non-Major Fund Food Service		-			on-Major Fund ot Service	Capital Projects		Totals
<u>Assets</u>										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,956,961	\$ 32	2,907	\$	91,865	\$ 1,003,767	\$	5,085,500		
Due from other governmental units	1,733,770		3,273		-	-		1,737,043		
Other receivables	19,010		-		-	-		19,010		
Prepaid expenditures	206,500		-		-	-		206,500		
Due from other funds	175,802	1	5,035		-	-		190,837		
Inventory	1,973	Protocol and the second s	6,306		-			8,279		
Total Assets	\$ 6,094,016	\$ 5	7,521	\$	91,865	\$ 1,003,767	\$	7,247,169		
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 264,758	\$ 19	9,115	\$	_	\$ 73,403	\$	357,276		
Accrued salaries	\$94,651		3,298	Ψ	_	ψ /0,-+00	Ψ	897,949		
Due to other governments	223,079	•	-		_	_		223,079		
Due to other funds	15,035		-		_	175,802		190,837		
Unavailable revenue	30,263		_		-	110,002		30,263		
Total Liabilities	1,427,786	22	2,413	· · · · · ·	-	249,205		1,699,404		
		·		·	······			1,000,101		
Fund Balance Nonspendable:										
Prepaid expenditures	206,500		-		_	_		206,500		
Inventory	1,973	f	3,306		_	-		8,279		
Restricted:	.,		-,					-,		
Capital projects	-		_		-	754,562		754,562		
Debt service	_		_		91,865	-		91,865		
Assigned	393,184	28	8,802		· -	-		421,986		
Unassigned	4,064,573		· _		-	-		4,064,573		
Total Fund Balance	4,666,230	35	5,108	l	91,865	754,562		5,547,765		
Total Liabilities, and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·········	·····				
and Fund Balance	\$ 6,094,016	\$ 57	7,521	\$	91,865	\$ 1,003,767	\$	7,247,169		

Frankenmuth School District Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To Net Assets June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	5,547,765
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Deferred outflows of resources-related to pension Deferred outflows of resources-related to OPEB		6,982,683 1,174,787
Deferred inflows of resources-related to pension Deferred inflows of resources-related to OPEB		(1,820,886) (1,342,848)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds. The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	,	29,431,661 (12,090,610)
Accrued interest is not reported at the fund level		(1,607)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (District Wide)	\$	(1,155,000) (136,676) (21,907,520) (5,897,152) (1,215,403)
		(1,210,400)

Frankenmuth School District Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances June 30, 2019

Incremental \$ 3,997,296 \$ 332,377 \$ 1,137,183 \$ 1,059,676 \$ 6,526,532 State 8,916,656 20,868 4,088 - - 473,691 Total Revenue 13,202,369 537,519 1,141,271 1,059,676 \$ 6,526,532 Expenditures 13,202,369 537,519 1,141,271 1,059,676 15,940,835 Expenditures Basic programs 6,805,874 - - 6,805,874 Added needs 759,876 - - - 759,876 Support services - - - 838,161 Busic programs 6,805,874 - - - 926,065 General administration 381,836 - - - 838,161 Business 255,523 - - - 255,323 Operation and maintenance 1,421,059 - - 1,421,059 Pupit transportation services 314,003 - - 12,876 Community services 212,440 - - 12,273,66 - Projit transpor	D	General		on-Major Fund od Service		Non-Major Fund ebt Service		Capital Projects	Totals
State 8,916,656 20,868 4,088 - 8,940,612 Federal 289,417 184,274 - - - 473,691 Total Revenue 13,202,369 537,519 1,141,271 1,059,676 15,940,835 Expenditures Instruction - - 6,805,874 - - 6,805,874 Added needs 759,876 - - - 6,805,874 - - 759,876 Instructional staff 926,065 - - - 926,065 - - 381,836 Support services - - 381,836 - - 381,836 Business 265,323 - - 1,421,059 - 1,421,059 Pupil transportation services 311,003 - - 1,28,76 - - 1,28,76 Community services 212,480 - - - 1,28,76 - - 1,273,366 1,273,366 1,273,366 1,273,3	Revenue	¢ 2007.000	¢	000 077	¢	4 407 400	¢	1 050 676	¢ c 500 500
Federal 289,417 184,274 - - 473,691 Total Revenue 13,202,369 537,519 1,141,271 1,059,676 15,940,835 Expenditures Instruction Basic programs 6,805,874 - - - 6,805,874 Added needs 759,876 - - - 759,876 Support services - - 926,065 - - 381,836 General administration 381,836 - - - 381,838 School administration 838,161 - - 1421,059 Pupil transportation services 311,003 - - 1421,059 Pupil transportation services 365,556 - - - 1421,059 Community services 212,480 - - 12,876 - - 12,873,366 Probit transportation sequests 17,568 - - 12,73,366 1,273,366 1,273,366 1,273,366 1,273,366 1,273,366 1,27			Þ		\$		Þ	1,059,676	
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Central services 365,556 - - - 365,556 Prior period adjustment 12,876 - - 12,876 Community services 212,480 - - 212,480 Custody and care of children 336,369 - - 336,369 Non-public school pupils 17,568 - - 17,568 Facilities acquisitions - - 1,273,366 1,273,366 Debt Service - - 1,163,576 - 1,163,576 Food services - 534,413 - - 534,413 Athletic 465,224 - - - 465,224 Total Expenditures 93,099 3,106 (22,305) (213,690) (139,790) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - Transfers in (out) (265) 265 - - - - Other Financing Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>				-		-		-	
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Debt Service - - 1,163,576 - 1,163,576 Food services - 534,413 - - 534,413 Athletic 465,224 - - - 465,224 Total Expenditures 13,109,270 534,413 1,163,576 1,273,366 16,080,625 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures 93,099 3,106 (22,305) (213,690) (139,790) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - - Transfers in (out) (265) 265 - - - - - Other transactions 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - - 88,183 Total Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - 88,183 - - 88,183 Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372		, 				-		1,273,366	
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Athletic 465,224 - - - 465,224 Total Expenditures 13,109,270 534,413 1,163,576 1,273,366 16,080,625 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures 93,099 3,106 (22,305) (213,690) (139,790) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out) (265) 265 - - - Other transactions 88,183 - - - 88,183 Total Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - 88,183 Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Food services	-		534,413		-		-	
Total Expenditures 13,109,270 534,413 1,163,576 1,273,366 16,080,625 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures 93,099 3,106 (22,305) (213,690) (139,790) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out) (265) 265 - - - Other transactions 88,183 - - - 88,183 Total Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - 88,183 Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Athletic	465,224				-		-	
Revenues over Expenditures 93,099 3,106 (22,305) (213,690) (139,790) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out) (265) 265 - - - - Other transactions 88,183 - - - 88,183 Total Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - 88,183 Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Total Expenditures			534,413		1,163,576		1,273,366	16,080,625
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out) (265) 265 - - - Other transactions 88,183 - - - 88,183 Total Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - 88,183 Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Excess (Deficiency) of								
Transfers in (out) (265) 265 - - - - - - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 88,183 - - - 100,000 100,000 100,000 1	Revenues over Expenditures	93,099		3,106		(22,305)		(213,690)	(139,790)
Other transactions 88,183 - - - 88,183 Total Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - 88,183 Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Total Sources (Uses) 87,918 265 - - 88,183 Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Transfers in (out)	(265)		265		-		-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances 181,017 3,371 (22,305) (213,690) (51,607) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Other transactions	88,183		-		-		-	88,183
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 4,485,213 31,737 114,170 968,252 5,599,372	Total Sources (Uses)	87,918		265				-	88,183
	Net Change in Fund Balances	181,017		3,371		(22,305)		(213,690)	(51,607)
Fund Balances - End of Year \$ 4,666,230 \$ 35,108 \$ 91,865 \$ 754,562 \$ 5,547,765	Fund Balances - Beginning of Year								
	Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 4,666,230	\$	35,108	\$	91,865	\$	754,562	\$ 5,547,765

Frankenmuth School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (51,607)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; proceeds as income in the statement of activities, these costs are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Losses on the sale of capital assets are not recognized at the fund level. Depreciation expense Capital outlay Loss on disposal of capital assets	(696,447) 1,483,127 (6,944)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Repayment of bond principal	1,125,000
Governmental funds do not record accrued interest Prior year Current year	3,173 (1,607)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the government funds. Pension and OPEB related items	(868,797)
In the statement of activities, certain expenses (retirement incentives, compensated absences) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. The governmental funds measure the financial resources used (paid).	
Compensated absences Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (District Wide)	\$ <u>(21,910)</u> 963,988

Frankenmuth School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

Agency Funds

Assets

Cash, student organizations	\$ 376,751
Liabilities Due to student organizations	<u>\$ 376,751</u>

NOTE 1--Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Frankenmuth School District (the "School District") operates under an elected Board of Education and provides educational services to approximately 1,335 students, based upon the blended count.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by GASB for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational and financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. Based on the application of the criteria, the School District does not contain any component units.

B. District-Wide Statements

The District-Wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. The purpose of these statements is to distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the District's activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

The District-Wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The District-Wide approach is focused more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position from the current year's activities.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The following fund types are used by the School District:

Governmental Funds

The governmental fund statements are prepared using the current resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The fund approach is focused on the currently available resources and changes in the currently available resources of the School District.

<u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The food service fund is a special revenue fund.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support School District programs.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. The School District has opted to display information for all funds without regard to the criteria for determination of major funds. With the exception of the general fund and the capital project fund, none of the current funds meet the criteria for major fund status. The School District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the District-Wide statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/ expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Accounting basis relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Full Accrual

The full accrual basis of accounting requires recording of revenue when earned and expenses when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Modified Accrual

The modified accrual basis recognizes revenues when they are measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are still recognized when incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

E. Financial Statement Amounts

<u>Cash</u>

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits.

Investments

Investments include money market funds and are stated at fair value.

Due from Other Governments and Receivables

Due from other governmental units are payments earned but not received at yearend from other governments. Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end but not yet received from other customers.

Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies and fuel held for the School District's use and are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Prepaids</u>

Prepaid amounts consist of payments for which the School District will have a future benefit and will be used up at a date beyond the current year-end.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; therefore, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed, as incurred. The School District does not possess infrastructure type assets. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Buses and other vehicles	8 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years

Due to Other Governments and Accounts Payable

Accounts payable consist of items from which the School District benefited during the current fiscal year but has not yet paid.

Salaries Payable

Salaries payable consist of amounts due on employee's contracts payable for the current fiscal year and the District's portion of payroll taxes and retirement contributions.

Long-Term Liabilities

Bonds payable are the result of long-term obligations issued for the purpose of making capital purchases and improvements or the refinancing of previously issued obligations. Compensated absences represent accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave payable upon termination of employment. No portion of the compensated absence is believed to be current at year-end. Net pension and OPEB liabilities represent the District's proportionate share of the total liability recognized by the Michigan Public School Retirement Plan.

Inter-fund Activity

Inter-fund activity is reported as transfers. Transfers are eliminated upon consolidation.

Unemployment Compensation

The School District is subject to the Michigan Employment Security Act and has elected the reimbursement method of financing. Under this method, the School District must reimburse the Employment commission for all benefits charged against the School District. The District incurred unemployment expenditures in the amount of \$11 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Property Taxes

The School District levies its property taxes on December 1, and various municipalities collect its property taxes and remit them to the School District through February. The delinquent real property taxes of the School District are purchased by the County, and delinquent personal property taxes continue to be collected by the municipalities and recorded as revenue as they are collected. The County sells tax notes, the proceeds of which have been used to pay the School District for these delinquent real property taxes. These delinquent real property taxes have been recorded as revenue in the current year.

Foundation Revenue

The State of Michigan has adopted a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the School District. For the year ended June 30, 2019 the foundation allowance was based on the average of pupil membership counts taken in September of 2018 and February of 2018.

The state portion of the foundation allowance is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocation portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation allowance is funded primarily by non-prequalified and commercial property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period (currently the fiscal year) and is funded through 11 payments from October 2018– August 2019.

State Categorical Revenue

The School District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended for its specific purpose. Categorical funds received which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

Fund Balance

The District's fund balance classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose.
- Committed Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Board.
- Assigned Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the Board.
- Unassigned Amounts that are available for any purpose.

At June 30, 2019 the general fund and the food service fund had \$1,973, and \$6,306 in nonspendable fund balance for inventory, respectively. The general fund had nonspendable fund balance in the amount of \$206,500 for prepaid items and \$393,184 in assigned fund balance for a reduction in fund balance in the 2019-2020 fiscal year. The food service fund had \$28,802 in assigned fund balance for food service activities. The debt service fund and capital projects fund had restricted fund balances in the amounts of \$91,865 and \$754,562 for debt service and capital projects, respectively.

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including October 7, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension contributions and OPEB made after the plan's measurement date, but before the fiscal year end. The amount is amortized in the plan year in which it applies. In addition, deferred outflows are recognized for other pension items.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and OPEB actuarial valuation are recognized as deferred inflows. These future resources arise from the differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and OPEB liabilities and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

<u>Pension</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2--Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

The School District is required to adopt an annual budget before the beginning of the fiscal year for the general fund and the food service fund. The accounting basis of the budget is the modified accrual method. Following are the procedures used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The School District's Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed budget by June 30 of each year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within functional expenditure lines as approved by the Board; however, any revisions that alter functional expenditure lines of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 4. Budgeted amounts shown in the supplemental information reflect amendments through June 30.

The budgetary comparison presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by June 30. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law.

State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. The School District budget variances are illustrated in the supplemental information.

NOTE 3--Deposits and Investments

The School District is authorized, by the State of Michigan, to deposit its fund in banks, savings and loan associations, or credit unions having a principal office in Michigan.

The School District is also authorized to invest in the following:

- a. Direct bonds and obligations of the U.S. or agency or instrumentality,
- b. CDs, savings accounts with banks, savings and loan associations, or credit unions which are insured with the applicable federal agency,
- c. Commercial paper within three highest rate classifications by at least two rating services, maturing not later than 270 days,
- d. U.S. or agency repurchase agreements,
- e. Banker's acceptance of U.S. banks,
- f. Mutual funds investments which local unit can make directly.

The FDIC insures up to \$250,000 in demand deposits; however, separately named accounts of a governmental entity in a single financial institution may not necessarily be treated as a separate deposit for the \$250,000 limitation. The NCUA insures up to \$250,000 in demand deposits. At June 30, 2019 \$5,665,600 of the School District's bank balance of \$5,351,262 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

At year-end the School District's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	
	Activities	Funds	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,085,500	\$ 376,751	\$ 5,462,251

The policy of the Board is to invest surplus funds of the District.

NOTE 4—Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year, the School District carried commercial insurance for the above risks of loss.

NOTE 5--Capital Assets and Accumulated Depreciation

Capital asset activity of the School District was as follows:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2019	A	Additions	Adju	stments	D	visposals	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019
Capital assets not subject to depreciation										
Land	\$	1,091,665	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,091,665
Construction in progress		176,014		168,797	(1	76,014)				168,797
Subtotals		1,267,679		168,797	(1	76,014)		-		1,260,462
Capital assets subject to depreciation										
Site improvements		963,598		809,261		41,472		-		1,814,331
Buildings and improvements		23,625,721		295,308	1	34,542		-		24,055,571
Buses		911,363		-		-		(82,119)		829,244
Vehicles		89,476		-		-		(21,486)		67,990
Furniture and equipment		1,543,092		209,761		-		(348,790)		1,404,063
Subtotals		27,133,250		1,314,330	1	76,014		(452,395)		28,171,199
Total Capital Assets		28,400,929		1,483,127		_		(452,395)		29,431,661
Accumulated depreciation										
Site improvements		273,164		39,774		-		-		312,938
Buildings and improvements		9,751,582		533,279		-		-		10,284,861
Buses		711,864		33,000		-		(82,119)		662,745
Vehicles		57,300		6,107		-		(21,486)		41,921
Furniture and equipment		1,045,704		84,287		_		(341,846)		788,145
Total Accumulated Depreciation		11,839,614		696,447		-		(445,451)		12,090,610
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	16,561,315	\$	786,680	\$	-	\$	(6,944)	\$	17,341,051

Depreciation was not charged to specific activities as the School District considers its capital assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTE 5--Inter-fund – Receivables and Payables

The makeup of inter-fund balances is as follows:

	Due To (Payable)		
175,802	Capital projects	\$	175,802
15,035	General fund		15,035
190,837		\$	190,837
	15,035	15,035 General fund	15,035 General fund

NOTE 6--Long-Term Debt

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Other long-term debts include compensated absences and retirement incentives.

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-term debt detivity is summanzed as follows.										
		Balance						Balance		Current
	J	uly 1, 2019	A	dditions	Ret	irements	Ju	ne 30, 2019	_	Portion
Governmental Activities										· · · ·
Accrued compensated absences	\$	114,766	\$	26,337	\$	4,427	\$	136,676	\$	-
2017 Refunding bonds	_	2,280,000		-	1	,125,000		1,155,000		1,155,000
Totals	\$	2,394,766	\$	26,337	\$1	,129,427	\$	1,291,676	\$	1,155,000

Long-term debt activity is summarized as follows:

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above governmental bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2020	\$ 1,155,000	\$	19,288	\$ 1,174,288
Compensated Absences	 136,676	-	-	 136,676
Totals	\$ 1,291,676	\$	19,288	\$ 1,310,964

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the total interest paid on bonded debt was \$38,576.

NOTE 8--Pension Plan

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017 valuation will be amortized over a 21-year period beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Pension Contribution Rates				
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer		
Basic	0.0% - 4.0%	17.89%		
Member Investment Plan	3.0% - 7.0%	17.89%		
Pension Plus	3.0% - 6.4%	16.61%		
Pension Plus 2	6.2%	19.74%		
Defined Contribution	0.0%	13.54%		

Required contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$1,984,400 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$21,907,520 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2018, The District's proportion was .07287493 percent, which was an increase of .001 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2017.

For the year ending June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,016,091. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Source Description	Deferred Outflows	 Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 101,655	\$ 159,198
Changes of assumptions	5,073,763	-
Net difference between projected		
and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,497,917
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	943,225	163,771
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 864,040	 -
Total	\$ 6,982,683	\$ 1,820,886

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year (to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses)

\$ 1,733,894
\$ 1,372,773
\$ 864,072
\$ 327,018
\$ \$

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate:	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return:	
- MIP and Basic Plans:	7.05%
- Pension Plus Plan:	7.00%
- Pension Plus 2 Plan:	6.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	2.75 - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments:	3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
Mortality: Retirees:	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active Members:	P-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Notes:

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 4.5304.

Recognition period for assets in years: 5.0000.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in 2018 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Rate of Return*</u>
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.7%
% Alternative Investment Pools	18.0%	9.2%
International Equity	16.0%	7.2%
Fixed Income Pools	10.5%	0.5%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0%	3.9%
Absolute Return Pools	15.5%	5.2%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0%	0.0%
Total	100%	

*Long term rate of return does not include 2.3% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 11.11%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 7.05% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan provided through nonuniversity employers only). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.05% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Sensitivity of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05% (7.0% for the Hybrid Plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

		Current Single			
		Discount Rate			
1	% Decrease	Assumption	1	% Increase	
(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)		(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)	(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid		
6.5% / 6.0% / 5.0%		7.05% / 7.0% / 6.0%	8.05% / 8.0% /7.0%		
\$	28,762,881	\$21,907,520	\$	16,211,828	

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Payables to the Pension Plan

The District accrued liabilities to the System in the amount of \$119,572 associated with salary and wages recorded as liabilities at year end.

NOTE 9--Post-Retirement Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017 valuation will be amortized over a 21-year period beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

OPEB Contribution Rates						
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer				
Premium Subsidy	3.0%	6.44%				
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.0%	6.13%				

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from The District were \$481,550 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2019, the District's reported a liability of \$ 5,897,152 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2017. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2018 the District's proportion was .07418780 percent, which was an increase pf .002 percent from its proportion measured as of October 1, 2017.

For the year ending June 30, 2019, The District recognized OPEB expense of \$319,484. At June 30, 2019, The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Source Description	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 	\$ 1,097,612
Changes of assumptions	624,511	
Net difference between projected		
and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	226,642
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	163,698	18,594
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 386,578	 -
Total	\$ 1,174,787	\$ 1,342,848

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year

(to be Recognized	l in	Future	OPEB	Expenses)	
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Plan Year Ended	
September 30, 2019	\$ (141,188)
September 30, 2020	\$ (141,188)
September 30, 2021	\$ (141,188)
September 30, 2022	\$ (95,120)
September 30, 2023	\$ (35,955)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method: Wage Inflation Rate: Investment Rate of Return: Projected Salary Increases: Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Mortality: Retirees:	Entry Age, Normal 2.75% 7.15% 2.75 - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75% 7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.0% Year 12 RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active Members:	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Other Assumptions:	
Opt-Out Assumptions	21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.
Survivor Coverage	80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
Coverage Election at Retirement	75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes:

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 5.6018.

Recognition period for assets in years: 5.0000.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2018 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.7%
% Alternative Investment Pools	18.0%	9.2%
International Equity	16.0%	7.2%
Fixed Income Pools	10.5%	0.5%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0%	3.9%
Absolute Return Pools	15.0%	5.2%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0%	0.0%
Total	100%	

*Long term rate of return does not include 2.3% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 10.75%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	1% Increase	
6.15%		7.15%	8.15%
\$	7,079,412	\$5,897,152	\$ 4,902,728

<u>Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to Healthcare</u> <u>Cost Trend Rate</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Current Healthcare						
1% Decrease Cost Trend Rate				1% Increase		
\$	4,850,343	\$5,897,152	\$	7,098,057		

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Payables to the Pension Plan

The District accrued liabilities to the System in the amount of \$53,284 associated with salary and wages recorded as liabilities at year end.

NOTE 10--Self-Funded Insurance

The School District offers a self-insured dental plan to all full-time employees. Participants and their eligible dependents are entitled to benefits as outlined in the program booklet entitled, "Frankenmuth School District Dental Insurance Plan".

NOTE 11--Sinking Funds

The Frankenmuth School District's Capital Projects Fund-Sinking Fund records capital projects activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of section 1212(1) of the Revised School Code.

NOTE 12--Economic Dependency

The School District received approximately 59% of their revenue from the Michigan Department of Education. Due to the significance of the revenue source to the School District, the District is considered to economically dependent.

NOTE 13--Refunded Bonds

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District issued \$5,530,000 in general obligation refunding bonds with an interest rate of 1.670%. The District issued the bonds to advance refund \$5,595,000 of outstanding series 2005 refunding bonds.

The advanced refunding reduced the total debt service payments over 5 years by \$385,913. This results in an economic gain (the difference between the present values of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$363,121.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Gene	eral Fund					Food	Service		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actu	Jal	Final	nce with Budget (Under)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget er (Under)
Revenue											
Local	\$ 3,734,493	\$ 3,779,193	\$ 3,9	997,296	\$2	218,103	\$ 336,034	\$ 329,194	\$ 332,377	\$	3,183
State	8,560,673	8,897,136	8,9	915,656		18,520	20,919	18,215	20,868		2,653
Federal	288,935	334,314	2	289,417	((44,897)	141,244	141,244	184,274		43,030
Incoming transfers and other transactions	-	-		88,183		88,183	-		265		265
Total Revenues	12,584,101	13,010,643	13,2	290,552	2	279,909	498,197	488,653	537,784		49,131
Expenditures											
Instruction											
Basic programs	6,505,105	6,811,850	6,8	305,874		(5,976)	-	-	-		-
Added needs	815,199	877,302		759,876	(1	17,426)	-	-			-
Support Services					,						
Instructional staff	949,610	976,655	g	926,065	((50,590)	-	-	-		-
General administration	361,078	380,406		381,836		1,430	-	-	-		-
School administration	843,580	865,591		338,161	((27,430)	-	-	-		-
Business	261,004	252,989	2	255,323		2,334	-	-	-		-
Operation and maintenance	1,265,048	1,475,265	1,4	121,059	((54,206)	-	-	-		-
Pupil transportation services	391,577	362,409	3	311,003		(51,406)	-	-	-		-
Central services	361,334	382,859		365,556		(17,303)	-	-	-		-
Prior period adjustment	45,000	38,000		12,876		(25,124)					
Community services	228,494	222,415		212,480		(9,935)	-	-	-		-
Custody and care of children	272,871	357,310		336,369	((20,941)	-	-	-		-
Non-public school pupils	-	-		17,568		17,568	-	-	-		-
Facilities acquisition	-	-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Food service	-	-		-		-	495,896	484,696	534,413		49,717
Athletic activities	441,784	460,183	4	465,224		5,041	-	-	-		-
Transfers out	· _	-		265		265	-	-	-		
Total Expenditures	12,741,684	13,463,234	13,1	109,535	(3	353,699)	495,896	484,696	534,413		49,717
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			**************************************			<u>_</u>				·	and a second
Over Expenditures	(157,583)	(452,591)	1	181,017	6	533,608	2,301	3,957	3,371		(586)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,485,213	4,485,213		485,213		· -	31,737	31,737	31,737		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 4,327,630	\$ 4,032,622		66,230	\$ 6	33,608	\$ 34,038	\$ 35,694	\$ 35,108	\$	(586)

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.07287%	0.07155%	0.00689%	0.06504%
B. District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$21,907,520	\$18,540,763	\$17,181,466	\$15,885,527
C. District's unit's covered-employee payroll	\$6,309,200	\$6,076,791	\$6,022,655	\$5,578,315
 D. District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll (%) 	347%	305%	285%	285%
E. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	6236.00%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%

Schedule of District's Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

	2019		2018	2017		2016
A. Statutorily required contributions	\$ 1,140,27	4 \$	1,102,126	\$	1,116,834	\$ 1,112,973
B. Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	1,134,68	3	1,101,682		1,116,417	1,113,256
C. Contribution deficiency (excess)	5,58	6	444		417	(283)
D. District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,474,27	5\$	6,237,789	\$	6,009,306	\$ 5,881,054
E. Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18	%	18%		19%	19%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2018.

Changes of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2018.

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	2018	2017
A. District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.00742%	0.00720%
B. District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$5,897,152	\$6,378,381
C. District's unit's covered-employee payroll	\$6,309,200	\$6,076,791
D. District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll (%)	93.47%	104.96%
E. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	42.95%	36.39%

Schedule of District's Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

	 2019	*	2018
A. Statutorily required contributions OPEB	\$ 507,791	\$	449,625
B. OPEB Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	502,205		449,181
C. Contribution deficiency (excess)	5,586		444
D. District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,474,276	\$	6,237,789
E. OPEB Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.76%		7.20%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2018.

Changes of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2018.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FRANKENMUTH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF OUTSTANDING BONDED INDEBTEDNESS JUNE 30, 2019

2015 Refunding Bonds \$5,530,000			
Interest Rate: 1.670%	Annual	Semiannual	Total
Year Ending	Principal	Interest Payment	Fiscal Year
2019-20	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 9,644 \$ 9,644	\$ 1,174,288



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Frederick C. Gardner Giacamo Provenzano Heather Thomas-Verhaeghe Brett A. Luplow

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 7, 2019

To the Board of Education Frankenmuth School District Frankenmuth, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audit contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Frankenmuth School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Frankenmuth School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Frankenmuth School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Frankenmuth School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Frankenmuth School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. To the Board of Education Frankenmuth School District Page Two

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Frankenmuth School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sardner, Provenyome, Themas & Juplew, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants