Financial Report with Supplemental Information June 30, 2015

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Mount Clemens, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mount Clemens, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mount Clemens, Michigan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mount Clemens, Michigan as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Mount Clemens, Michigan

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the basic financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the City adopted new accounting guidance under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, other postemployment benefits schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, schedule of changes in the City net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of City contributions, schedule of investment returns, and the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mount Clemens, Michigan's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

November 9, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Introduction

This discussion and analysis is included with the City of Mount Clemens, Michigan's (the "City") financial report to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements.

Overview of this Annual Report

The basic financial statements section of this report consist of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The notes section is to be read in conjunction with, and is an integral part of, each financial statement included within both series.

The first series provides information about the governmental and business-type activities of the City of Mount Clemens. There are two statements in each series, a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These two statements are presented on a full accrual basis which is designed to present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Unlike the more traditional fund-based financial statements, these statements reflect the City's investment in capital assets net of depreciation as an asset, noncurrent liabilities as liabilities, and the current period depreciation as expenditures.

The second of these two series consists of the more traditional fund-based financial statements. It is grouped by governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and component units. These statements illustrate how the services provided by the City were financed in the short term. These fund-based financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Governmental Activities

The following tables show, in a condensed format, the current year's net position and changes in net position compared to the prior year:

		Governmental Activities							
				Percent					
	2014	2015*	Change	Change					
Assets									
Other assets	\$ 6,154,05	6 \$ 6,835,851	\$ 681,795	11%					
Capital assets	11,450,70	11,983,584	532,877	5%					
Total assets	17,604,76	18,819,435	1,214,672	7%					
Deferred Outflows	-	1,528,663	1,528,663	100%					
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	294,95	7 596,561	301,604	102%					
Long-term liabilities	8,508,40	8,539,949	31,548	0%					
Total liabilities	8,803,35	9,136,510	333,152	4%					
Deferred Inflows		216,569	216,569	100%					
Net Position									
Invested in capital assets	9,230,51	9,902,553	672,039	7%					
Restricted	1,977,70	1,996,151	18,443	1%					
Unrestricted	(2,406,81	<u>(903,685)</u>	1,503,132	-62%					
Total net position	\$ 8,801,40	\$ 10,995,019	\$ 2,193,614	25%					

Total net position related to the City's governmental activities increased by approximately \$2.1 million, which is a 25 percent increase. The increase is a result of GASB Statement No. 68: Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, which was effective July 1, 2014.

The City continues to record its net other postemployment obligation liability in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This statement's rules cause the government-wide statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree healthcare coverage, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions), over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the healthcare premiums are paid. The method of accounting was implemented on June 30, 2009 and resulted in an additional liability recorded in the governmental activities of \$670,366 in the year of implementation, which has since increased to \$2.7 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

			Governmenta	l Act	tivities	
						Percent
	2014		2015		Change	Change
Revenue						
Program revenue:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,145,38	2 \$	1,395,858	\$	250,476	22%
Operating grants	1,357,05	4	1,521,128		164,074	12%
Capital grants			1,180,000		1,180,000	100%
General revenue:						
Property taxes	4,877,32	.7	4,770,650		(106,677)	-2%
State-shared revenue	1,725,26	9	1,754,476		29,207	2%
Investment earnings	10,65	7	11,295		638	6%
Other revenue	914,55	6	949,232		34,676	4%
Total revenue	10,030,24	-5	11,582,639		1,552,394	15%
Program Expenses						
General government	4,637,29	4	4,772,395		135,101	3%
Public safety	5,145,84	·5	5,364,093		218,248	4%
Public works	2,273,71	8	1,974,097		(299,621)	-13%
Recreation and cultural	361,45	0	348,155		(13,295)	-4%
Total expenses	12,418,30	7	12,458,740		40,433	0%
Transfers	(90,000.0	<u>0</u> 0)	(90,000.00)			0%
Change in Net Position	\$ (2,478,06	<u>2</u>) <u>\$</u>	(966,101)	\$	1,511,961	-61%

The City's four largest revenue items are property taxes at 41.2 percent of total revenue, state-shared revenue at 15.1 percent, operating grants at 13.1 percent, and charges for services at 12.1 percent.

Property taxes, the largest source of general government revenue, experienced a decrease of approximately 2 percent due to a decrease in taxable property values. This was the fifth year the City experienced a decrease in property values. With the recession, the City began projecting the loss of property value in the fiscal year 2010 budget. Overall, the City has lost over 30 percent of its property tax value and cumulative revenue of \$1.45 million.

State-shared revenue, the City's second largest source of general government revenue, showed an approximate \$29,000 increase from the previous year, but still continues at the reduced levels of recent years. The amount received from the State of Michigan as of June 30, 2015 was \$1.754 million, or 32 percent less than what the City received in the 2002 fiscal year. The City realizes that there are no guarantees that further revenue-sharing cuts will not be made as the State's economy continues to impact the revenue-sharing payments. Public Act 84 of 2015 for City, Village, Township Revenue Sharing replaces Public Act 63 of 2011 (EVIP). An eligible city, village, or township will receive an amount for fulfilling the required documents. The City's compliance with Public Act 84 allows the City to receive \$554,891 of statutory revenue-sharing dollars.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The capital grant the City received during the year was a Priority Road Investment Program Grant (PRIP) from the Michigan Department of Transportation. This was a one-time grant which was used to resurface Crocker Boulevard. The City's increase in revenue was mainly due to this grant.

In past years the City has experienced declining revenue, and in response, the City reduced the full-time staff. Since 1999, the City reduced staff from 159 to 67. To accomplish the reduction, the City did not fill vacant positions resulting from retirement and reorganized. In 2005, the City had a fund balance of only \$688,000. With the City's foresight and thorough review of processes and reorganization, the City was able to make several changes without increasing taxes or fees to the community. Savings were accomplished in part by the City disbanding the police department in 2005 and contracting with the Macomb County Sheriff's Department. This contract will continue to provide long-lasting effects to the City's sustained success in providing public safety to its community.

In the City's General Fund, 34 percent of expenses are outsourced. Current outsourcing includes the assessor, police, dispatch, engineering, legal services, information technology, recreation, the inspection department, and building maintenance, which includes janitorial services, cable TV in the schools, and parking lot snow removal. All of these outsourced services are continually reviewed to ensure the maximum savings for our community. By contracting these services, Mount Clemens' residents receive quality services while saving money and the City eliminates the legacy costs associated with these positions.

Other items affecting the General Fund were the City's involvement in Medicare Part D. To date, the City has secured \$526,712 in reimbursements related to this program. Another item is the contribution by all employees toward their health insurance premiums, including the retirees who offered to change their plans.

With the reduction in revenue, the City's departments need to be recognized for the diligence in adhering to their budgets and finding new ways to control expenses.

Under governmental activities program expenses, public safety accounted for 43.6 percent of expenditures. General government expenditures are next most significant, accounting for 37.5 percent of total expenditures. Finally, public works makes up 16.1 percent of the City's expenditures. Over the past five years, the City has experienced significantly lower public safety expenses as a result of contracting police services through the Macomb County Sheriff's Department.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Business-type Activities

The following tables show, in a condensed format, the current year's net position and changes in net position compared to the prior years

		Business-type Activities							
		2014		2015*		Change	Percent Change		
Asests									
Other assets	\$	3,335,524	\$	4,335,622	\$	1,000,098	30%		
Capital assets	_	54,574,037		52,665,350		(1,908,687)	-3%		
Total assets		57,909,561		57,000,972		(908,589)	-2%		
Deferred Outflows		23,921		514,135		490,214	100%		
Liabilities									
Current liabilities		1,662,285		1,664,563		2,278	0%		
Long-term liabilities	_	21,624,906		19,177,081		(2,447,825)	-11%		
Total liabilities		23,287,191		20,841,644		(2,445,547)	-11%		
Deferred Inflows				71,144		71,144	100%		
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		34,285,748		35,157,357		871,609	3%		
Restricted		452,873		494,125		41,252	100%		
Unrestricted	_	(92,330)	_	950,837	_	1,043,167	1130%		
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	34,646,291	\$	36,602,319	\$	1,956,028	6%		

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 was adopted by the City as of July 1, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

	Business-type Activities							
							Percent	
		2014		2015	Change		Change	
Operating Revenue	\$	10,040,371	\$	10,489,690	\$	449,319	4%	
Operating Expenses - Other than								
depreciation		6,528,602		6,559,678		31,076	0%	
Depreciation and Amortization		2,357,816		2,359,844		2,028	0%	
Operating income		1,153,953		1,570,168		416,215	36%	
Property Tax Revenue		99,206		97,431		(1,775)	-2%	
Interest Income		9,208		8,520		(688)	-7%	
Interest Expense		663,382		564,729		(98,653)	-15%	
Transfers		90,000		90,000			0%	
Change in Net Position	\$	688,985	\$	1,201,390	\$	512,405	74%	

The City's business-type activities include water, sewer, sanitation, auto parking, and the Ice Arena. The City provides water and sewer services through its own water plant and sewage treatment plant. The Ice Arena is owned by the City, but is operated by a management company. The Ice Arena's operating results cover all expenses and the debt payments relating to the building of the Ice Arena. These bonds were defeased in a previous year which lowered the interest rate and produced savings for the City, the management company, and the customers. The final bond payment for the Ice Arena will be made in 2016.

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> - The Water and Sewer Fund's financial performance has been sound but has also faced some financial difficulties due to capital projects, a decline in consumption, and recording the liability of postemployment benefits other than pensions. Due to financial difficulties, the City reviews the rates annually during the budget process. Rates were increased by 9 percent in 2015 and 9 percent in 2014. Expenses are continuously reviewed and discussed with the City Commission.

In reviewing the City's net position for business-type activities, the net investment in capital assets increased by 3 percent. Liabilities were also reduced by 11 percent due to the reduction of long-term debt. Total net position of the business-type activities showed an increase of \$1.2 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City's Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 15, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City Commission creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millage. The City's major governmental fund is the General Fund; all other funds are reported as nonmajor funds. The other supplemental information includes combining schedules that present the individual nonmajor funds. All of the City's enterprise funds are presented as major funds.

The General Fund pays for most of the City's governmental services. The most significant services of 2015 were police (\$2.43 million), fire (\$1.47 million), and general government services of \$1.81 million.

The following table shows the total governmental fund activity on a modified accrual basis:

	Governmental Funds									
									Percent	
		2013		2014		2015		Change	Change	
Revenue										
Property taxes and income taxes	\$	4,926,112	\$	4,847,479	\$	4,735,410	\$	(112,069)	-2%	
Charges for services		1,063,581		1,057,548		1,105,340		47,792	5%	
Licenses and permits		269,187		269,998		628,418		358,420	133%	
State-shared revenue		1,666,010		1,725,269		1,754,476		29,207	2%	
Act 51 funding		650,439		668,475		746,530		78,055	12%	
Federal, state, and local grants		591,830		682,919		1,939,331		1,256,412	184%	
Fines and forfeitures		113,214		145,451		138,255		(7,196)	-5%	
Interest and rentals		9,394		10,614		11,239		625	6%	
Special assessments		60,834		60,500		55,780		(4,720)	-8%	
Other		364,039		503,961		467,891		(36,070)	-7%	
Total revenue		9,714,640		9,972,214		11,582,670		1,610,456	16%	
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		2,005,837		1,813,165		1,818,155		4,990	0%	
Public safety		4,305,225		4,402,026		4,562,054		160,028	4%	
Public works		2,109,834		2,090,472		3,375,458		1,284,986	61%	
Recreation and culture		226,080		237,364		291,166		53,802	23%	
Other functions		1,720,967		1,718,520		2,070,226		351,706	20%	
Total expenditures		10,367,943		10,261,547		12,117,059		1,855,512	18%	
Excess of Expenditures Over										
Revenue		(653,303)		(289,333)		(534,389)		(245,056)	85%	
Transfers - Net				(90,000)		(90,000)		<u>-</u>	0%	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(653,303)		(379,333)		(624,389)		(245,056)	65%	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		5,809,642		5,156,339		4,777,006	_	(379,333)	-7%	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	5,156,339	\$	4,777,006	\$	4,152,617	\$	(624,389)	-13%	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City amended the budget to take into account events during the year, such as unanticipated increases in grant revenue. In revenue, the most significant changes from the prior year were increases in refunds from health insurance, and increases in Community Development fees and Federal Grant funds. As for expenses, we did see decreases in several departments but overall the increases in expenditures were from the federal grant monies and an increase in employer's share of retirement.

Total expenditures increased by 15 percent, and the total net change in fund balance was a decrease of \$624,389.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

In a 2006, the City recorded its interest in debt related to the construction of the new 41B District Court building. Debt to finance the building was issued by the Charter Township of Clinton and is allocated among participating communities in proportion to the volume of cases attributable to each community. The City's portion of the debt at June 30, 2015 is \$1,938,000.

In the current year, the City did not issue any new debt nor were there any changes to existing debt obligations other than payment of scheduled principal payments. Please see Note 6 - Long-term Debt for additional information.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

On August 5, 2014, voters of the community passed a Charter Amendment which raised the ad valorem property tax authority from 15 mills to 20 mills; 56 percent of the voters supported this increase. The City Commission voted during the 2016 FY budget process to increase the millage rate to the full 20 mills. The impact on the revenue allowed the City Commission to approve much needed capital investments for the General fund, Public Works Department, Fire Department, and create a Sidewalk Safety Fund. Along with these projects, the City will also begin to rebuild fund balance in the General Fund.

State-shared revenue has shown a slight increase in recent years (2015 - \$24,680, 2014 - \$62,000) and slight increases are projected for future years.

Through the use of long-term planning, the City will evaluate and monitor its budget, plan for future capital investments, and make adjustments based on the economic conditions.

At June 30, 2015, four of the five union contracts ended. The City is in the process of negotiations and hopes to have them completed by the end of the 2016 fiscal year. The employees' pay remained the same as it has for the past six years; the only change has been the Public Act 152 Publicly Funded Health Insurance Contribution Act. The City opted for the "hard cap" provision which caps the employer contributions to medical benefit plans offered to employees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Contacting the City's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office at (586) 469-6818.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Investments (Note 3)				Prin	nary Government				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) \$ 3,438,406 \$ 2,166,032 \$ 5,604,438 \$ 252,178			overnmental		Business-type				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) \$ 3,438,406 \$ 2,166,032 \$ 5,604,438 \$ 252,178 Investments (Note 3) Receivables: 295,514 295,5			Activities		Activities		Total	Con	nponent Units
Investments (Note 3)	Assets								
Property taxes receivable	Investments (Note 3)	\$	3,438,406 -	\$, ,	\$		\$	252,178 -
Customers Accrued interest receivable I, 496 Other receivables Other receivables Oue from other governmental units Allowance for doubtful accounts (90,000) Internal balances (Note 5) S94,846 (6,94, 6,694,	Property taxes receivable		131,595		-		131,595		-
Other receivables 357,028 104,799 461,827	• •		-		1,335,647		1,335,647		500
Due from other governmental units	Accrued interest receivable		1,496		909		2,405		-
Allowance for doubtful accounts (90,000) (90,000)	Other receivables		357,028		104,799		461,827		-
Internal balances (Note 5)	<u> </u>		633,151		-		633,151		-
Inventories			,		=		(90,000)		-
Prepaid expenses 142,925 55.575 198,500	,		594,846		,		-		-
Restricted assets (Note 6)			-						-
Investment in joint ventures (Note 14)	·		142,925						-
Net pension asset 1,170,228 384,426 1,554,654 - Chrice current assets 32,413 - 32,413	, ,		-		539,051				-
Capital assets (Note 4):					-				-
Capital assets (Note 4): Assets not subject to depreciation 2,791,978 3,637,078 6,429,056 151,892 Assets subject to depreciation 9,191,606 49,028,272 58,219,878	·				38 4 ,426				-
Assets not subject to depreciation 2,791,978 3,637,078 6,429,056 151,892 Assets subject to depreciation 9,191,606 49,028,272 58,219,878 - 141,821 41,821 - 1			32,413		-		32,413		-
Assets subject to depreciation Other assets Total assets 18,819,435 57,000,972 75,820,407 404,570 Deferred Outflows of Resources Bond refunding loss being amortized Deferred outflows or lated to pension Total deferred outflows of resources 1,528,663 502,174 2,030,837 - Total deferred outflows of resources 1,528,663 514,135 2,042,798 - Liabilities Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Account payable Due to other governmental units Accounts and other liabilities 181,012 192,473 192,473 373,485 - Whoele of the resource of the second of t	• • •		2 701 070		2 (27 070		(420 05 (151.003
Total assets									151,892
Total assets 18,819,435 57,000,972 75,820,407 404,570	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9,191,606						-
Deferred Outflows of Resources Bond refunding loss being amortized 1,528,663 502,174 2,030,837 -	Other assets			_	41,021		41,021		
Bond refunding loss being amortized 1,528.663 502,174 2,030,837 -	Total assets		18,819,435		57,000,972		75,820,407		404,570
Deferred outflows related to pension									
Total deferred outflows of resources	Bond refunding loss being amortized		-		11,961		11,961		-
Liabilities 1,528,663 514,135 2,042,798 - Accounts payable 390,745 129,577 520,322 29,734 Due to other governmental units 24,804 - 24,804 - Accrued and other liabilities 181,012 192,473 373,485 - Unearned revenue - 886,962 886,962 - Noncurrent liabilities: - 455,551 455,551 - Due within one year (Note 6): - 455,551 455,551 - Payable from restricted assets - 455,551 455,551 - Compensated absences 300,000 50,000 350,000 - Current portion of long-term debt 113,361 2,471,695 2,585,056 - Due in more than one year: - - 496,707 - - Compensated absences (Note 6) 427,198 69,509 496,707 - - Accruded settlement (Note 7) 900,000 - 900,000 - -	Deferred outflows related to pension	_	1,528,663	_	502,174	_	2,030,837		-
Clabilities	Total deferred outflows of								
Accounts payable Due to other governmental units 24,804 - 373,485 - 373,485 - 373,485 - 386,962 - 886,962 - 886,962 - 386,962	resources		1,528,663		514,135		2,042,798		-
Due to other governmental units 24,804 - 24,804 - 24,804 - 24,804 - 24,804 - Accrued and other liabilities - 24,804 - 24,804 - 24,804 - - 486,962 - - - 886,962 - - - 886,962 -	Liabilities								
Accrued and other liabilities	Accounts payable		390,745		129,577		520,322		29,734
Unearned revenue - 886,962 886,962 -	Due to other governmental units		24,804		-		24,804		-
Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year (Note 6): Payable from restricted assets - 455,551 455,551 - Compensated absences 300,000 50,000 350,000 - Current portion of long-term debt 113,361 2,471,695 2,585,056 - Due in more than one year: Compensated absences (Note 6) 427,198 69,509 496,707 - Accrued settlement (Note 7) 900,000 - 900,000 - Net OPEB obligation (Note 13) 4,831,720 1,948,243 6,779,963 - Long-term debt (Note 6) 1,967,670 14,637,634 16,605,304 - Total liabilities 9,136,510 20,841,644 29,978,154 29,734 Deferred Inflows Related to Pension 216,569 71,144 287,713 - Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 494,125 494,125 - Revenue bond ordinance 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	Accrued and other liabilities		181,012		192, 4 73		373, 4 85		-
Due within one year (Note 6): Payable from restricted assets - 455,551 455,551 - Compensated absences 300,000 50,000 350,000 - Current portion of long-term debt 113,361 2,471,695 2,585,056 - Due in more than one year: - Compensated absences (Note 6) 427,198 69,509 496,707 - Accrued settlement (Note 7) 900,000 - 900,000 - 900,000 - Net OPEB obligation (Note 13) 4,831,720 1,948,243 6,779,963 - Long-term debt (Note 6) 1,967,670 14,637,634 16,605,304 - Total liabilities 9,136,510 20,841,644 29,978,154 29,734 Deferred Inflows Related to Pension 216,569 71,144 287,713 - Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Streets 1,379,338	Unearned revenue		-		886,962		886,962		-
Payable from restricted assets Compensated absences 300,000 50,000 350,000 Current portion of long-term debt 113,361 2,471,695 2,585,056 - Due in more than one year: Compensated absences (Note 6) Accrued settlement (Note 7) Net OPEB obligation (Note 13) Long-term debt (Note 6) Total liabilities 9,136,510 Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 Debt service 393,057 Transportation Revenue bond ordinance Payable from restricted assets 1,005,000 350									
Compensated absences									
Current portion of long-term debt 113,361 2,471,695 2,585,056 - Due in more than one year: Compensated absences (Note 6) 427,198 69,509 496,707 - Accrued settlement (Note 7) 900,000 - 900,000 - Net OPEB obligation (Note 13) 4,831,720 1,948,243 6,779,963 - Long-term debt (Note 6) 1,967,670 14,637,634 16,605,304 - Total liabilities 9,136,510 20,841,644 29,978,154 29,734 Deferred Inflows Related to Pension 216,569 71,144 287,713 - Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance -			-						-
Due in more than one year: Compensated absences (Note 6)	•		*						-
Compensated absences (Note 6)			113,361		2,471,695		2,585,056		-
Accrued settlement (Note 7) 900,000 - 900,000 - 900,000 - Net OPEB obligation (Note 13) 4,831,720 1,948,243 6,779,963 - Long-term debt (Note 6) 1,967,670 14,637,634 16,605,304 - Total liabilities 9,136,510 20,841,644 29,978,154 29,734 Deferred Inflows Related to Pension 216,569 71,144 287,713 - Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,			427 198		69 509		496 707		_
Net OPEB obligation (Note 13)					-				_
Long-term debt (Note 6) 1,967,670 14,637,634 16,605,304 - Total liabilities 9,136,510 20,841,644 29,978,154 29,734 Deferred Inflows Related to Pension 216,569 71,144 287,713 - Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	` ,				1.948.243				_
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension 216,569 71,144 287,713 - Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944									
Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Streets 1,379,338 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	Total liabilities		9,136,510		20,841,644		29,978,154		29,734
Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		216,569		71,144		287,713		
Net investment in capital assets 9,902,553 35,157,357 45,059,910 151,892 Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	Net Position								
Restricted for: Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944			9.902.553		35.157.357		45.059.910		151.892
Streets 1,379,338 - 1,379,338 - Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	•		,,		,,		,,		· · , - · -
Debt service 393,057 - 393,057 - Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944			1,379,338		-		1,379,338		-
Transportation 185,746 - 185,746 - Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944					-				-
Public improvement 38,010 - 38,010 - Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944					-				-
Revenue bond ordinance - 494,125 494,125 - Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	•				_		*		-
Unrestricted (903,685) 950,837 47,152 222,944	•		-		494,125				-
Total net position \$\\\\\$10,995,019\$ \$\\\\\$36,602,319\$ \$\\\\\$47,597,338\$ \$\\\\$374,836\$			(903,685)	_		_			222,944
	Total net position	\$	10,995,019	\$	36,602,319	\$	47,597,338	\$	374,836

			Program Revenue					
			Operating Capital Gra					
				Charges for	(Grants and	and	
		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions	Contributions	
Functions/Programs								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	4,772,395	\$	498,677	\$	79,525	\$	-
Public safety		5,364,093		744,973		97,470		_
Public works		1,974,097		93,423		1,344,133		1,180,000
Recreation and culture	_	348,155	_	58,785	_	-	_	-
Total governmental								
activities		12,458,740		1,395,858		1,521,128		1,180,000
Business-type activities:								
Sewage disposal system		4,163,401		4,454,697		-		-
Water supply system		2,607,683		3,092,023		-		_
Sanitary system		873,879		800,995		-		_
Automobile parking system		534,114		566,766		-		-
Ice Arena	_	1,305,174	_	1,575,209	_	-	_	-
Total business-type								
activities	_	9,484,251	_	10,489,690	_		_	
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	21,942,991	<u>\$</u>	11,885,548	<u>\$</u>	1,521,128	<u>\$</u>	1,180,000
Component unit - Downtown								
Development Authority	<u>\$</u>	319,818	<u>\$</u>	76,706	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	

General revenue:

Property taxes

State-shared revenue

Unrestricted investment earnings

Franchise fees

Miscellaneous

Total general revenue

Transfers (Note 5)

Change in Net Position

Net Position - As restated - Beginning of year (Note 15)

Net Position - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Net (Ex	oense) Revenue ar	nd C	Changes in Net	Position
_	Р	rimary Governme	nt		
G	overnmental	Business-type			Component
_	Activities	Activities	_	Total	Units
\$	(4,194,193)	\$ -	\$	(4,194,193)	\$ -
	(4,521,650) 643,459	-		(4,521,650) 643,459	-
		=			-
_	(289,370)		_	(289,370)	
	(8,361,754)	-		(8,361,754)	-
	-	291,296		291,296	-
	-	484,340		484,340	-
	-	(72,884)		(72,884)	-
	-	32,652		32,652	-
_	-	270,035	_	270,035	
		1,005,439		1,005,439	
	(8,361,754)	1,005,439		(7,356,315)	-
	-	-		-	(243,112)
	4,770,650	97,431		4,868,081	206,903
	1,754,476	-		1,754,476	-
	11,295	8,520		19,815	-
	266,695	-		266,695	-
_	682,537		_	682,537	
	7,485,653	105,951		7,591,604	206,903
_	(90,000)	90,000	_	-	
	(966,101)	1,201,390		235,289	(36,209)
	11,961,120	35,400,929		47,362,049	411,045

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

				lajor Streets		Nonmajor		
	G	eneral Fund	an	d Trunklines		Funds		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables:	\$	1,397,526	\$	946,739	\$	868,202	\$	3,212,467
Taxes		131,595		_		-		131,595
Accrued interest receivable		376		924		196		1,496
Other receivables		331,906		_		18,999		350,905
Other governmental units		422,445		140,010		70,696		633,151
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(90,000)		_		_		(90,000)
Advances to other funds (Note 5)		594,846		_		_		594,846
Prepaid expenses		128,156		-		7,400		135,556
Other current assets	_	32,413			_		_	32,413
Total assets	\$	2,949,263	<u>\$</u>	1,087,673	<u>\$</u>	965,493	<u>\$</u>	5,002,429
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	116,800	\$	237,174	\$	3,629	\$	357,603
Due to other governmental units		24,804		-		-		24,804
Accrued and other liabilities	_	158,270	_	5,929	_	13,340	_	177,539
Total liabilities		299,874		243,103		16,969		559,946
Deferred Inflows of Resources -								
Unavailable revenue		289,866		-		-		289,866
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		128,156		-		7,400		135,556
Long-term receivable		594,846		-		-		594,846
Restricted:								
Right-of-way maintenance		-		92,025		204,054		296,079
Street construction		-		752,545		330,714		1,083,259
Transportation		-		-		178,346		178,346
Public improvement		-		-		38,010		38,010
Assigned:								
Local street construction		-		-		100,000		100,000
Transportation		-		-		90,000		90,000
Unassigned		1,636,521	_				_	1,636,521
Total fund balances	_	2,359,523	_	844,570	_	948,524	_	4,152,617
Total liabilities, deferred								
inflows of resources, and								
fund balances	<u>\$</u>	2,949,263	<u>\$</u>	1,087,673	<u>\$</u>	965,493	<u>\$</u>	5,002,429

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 4,152,617
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	11,177,963
Investments in joint ventures are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	423,763
Certain receivables are expected to be collected over several years and are not available	289,866
Bonds payable and capital lease obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(1,938,000)
Employee compensated absences are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities	(701,785)
The current cost of other postemployment benefits is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(4,831,720)
Other long-term liabilities, such as claims and judgments and landfill closure and postclosure costs, do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities	(900,000)
Net pension asset is not a current financial resource and is not reported in the funds	1,170,228
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions are not current financial resources/current period liabilities and are not reported in the funds	1,312,094
Internal Service Funds are included as part of governmental activities	 839,993
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 10,995,019

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Major Fund - General Fund	Major Streets and Trunklines	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Revenue				
Property taxes	\$ 4,444,785	\$ -	\$ 290,625	\$ 4,735,410
Licenses and permits	628,418	-	-	628,418
Federal entitlement and grant revenue	347,053	-	-	347,053
State-shared grants and other revenue	1,776,395	1,998,499	318,390	4,093,284
Charges for services	990,317	12,643	102,380	1,105,340
Fines and fees	138,255	_	-	138,255
Investment income	7,010	3,022	1,207	11,239
Other revenue:				
Special assessments	_	_	55,780	55,780
Other miscellaneous revenue	451,366	3,600	12,925	467,891
Total revenue	8,783,599	2,017,764	781,307	11,582,670
Expenditures - Current				
General government	1,818,155	_	-	1,818,155
Public safety	4,562,054	_	-	4,562,054
Public works	590,880	2,022,743	761,835	3,375,458
Recreation	291,166	_,,-	-	291,166
Other functions	2,070,226			2,070,226
Total expenditures	9,332,481	2,022,743	761,835	12,117,059
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over				
Expenditures	(548,882)	(4,979)	19,472	(534,389)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (Note 5)	-	-	160,000	160,000
Transfers out (Note 5)	(180,000)	(70,000)		(250,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(728,882)	(74,979)	179,472	(624,389)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	3,088,405	919,549	769,052	4,777,006
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 2,359,523	\$ 844,570	\$ 948,524	\$ 4,152,617

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (624,389)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Capital outlay Depreciation expense	1,334,310 (636,335)
Revenue is recorded in the statement of activities when earned; it is not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end	15,267
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	51,000
Decrease in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay and other similar expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements until they come due for payment	37,679
Distribution of capital investment in joint ventures is recorded as revenue in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces the investment in joint venture)	(30,706)
The current cost of other postemployment benefits is recorded when incurred in the statement of activities	(1,069,075)
Losses from joint ventures are not recorded in the funds	(130,788)
Change in net pension asset reported in the statement of activities does not impact current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the funds	185,140
Internal Service Funds are included as part of governmental activities	(98,204)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (966,101)

	Enterprise Funds							
	Sewage Disposal System		_	Water Supply System		Sanitary Department		Automobile rking System
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Investments (Note 3) Receivables:	\$	1,526,499 -	\$	105,867 -	\$	320,402 295,514	\$	133,486 -
Customers		788,684		546,887		76		_
Accrued interest receivable		676		233		-		-
Other receivables		81,506		7,605		4,927		10,761
Inventory		6,694		-		-		-
Prepaid expenses and other assets		29,853		20,097		1,681		3,944
Total current assets		2,433,912		680,689		622,600		148,191
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets		-		539,051		-		-
Advances to other funds (Note 5)		708,549		-		-		-
Net pension asset		195,067		118,140		42,052		29,167
Capital assets (Note 4):								
Assets not subject to depreciation		-		-		-		3,637,078
Assets subject to depreciation		31,617,057		13,308,389		-		1,547,334
Other assets								41,821
Total noncurrent assets		32,520,673		13,965,580		42,052		5,255,400
Total assets		34,954,585		14,646,269		664,652		5,403,591
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Bond refunding loss being amortized		_		_		_		_
Deferred outflows related to pension		254,815		154,326		54,933	_	38,100
Total deferred outflows		254,815		154,326		54,933		38,100
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		35,271		69,476		12,087		1,171
Accrued liabilities and other		71,522		14,819		3,304		74,280
Unearned revenue		886,962		-		-		-
Compensated absences (Note 6)		15,537		25,898		5,782		2,783
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6)		1,263,070	_	516,875		-	_	300,000
Total current liabilities		2,272,362		627,068		21,173		378,234
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Advances from other funds (Note 5)		-		708,549		-		-
Payable from restricted assets (Note 6)		-		455,551		-		-
Compensated absences (Note 6)		20,221		37,038		8,269		3,981
Net OPEB obligation (Note 13)		1,095,401		852,842		-		-
Long-term debt - Net of current portion (Note 6)		5,834,291		5,828,343		-	_	2,975,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		6,949,913		7,882,323		8,269	_	2,978,981
Total liabilities		9,222,275		8,509,391		29,442		3,357,215
Deferred Inflows of Resources -								
Deferred inflows related to pension		36,100	_	21,864		7,782	_	5,398
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		24,519,696		6,552,546		_		1,909,412
Restricted for revenue bond ordinance		,		494,125		_		
Unrestricted		1,431,329		(777,331)		682,361	_	169,666
Total net position	\$	25,951,025	\$	6,269,340	\$	682,361	\$	2,079,078

The Notes to Financial Statements are an Integral Part of this Statement.

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	F				vernmental
_	Enterpri	Activities Proprietary			
		_			. ,
		10	otal Enterprise	Inte	ernal Service
_	Ice Arena		Funds		Fund
\$	79,778	\$	2,166,032	\$	225,939
Ψ	-	Ψ	295,514	Ψ	-
			273,311		
	-		1,335,647		-
	-		909		-
	-		104,799		6,123
	-		6,694		- 7.240
_		_	55,575		7,369
	79,778		3,965,170		239,431
	_		539,051		_
	-		708,549		-
	-		384,426		-
	-		3,637,078		-
	2,555,492		49,028,272		805,621
_	-		41,821		
	2,555,492		54,339,197		805,621
	2,635,270		58,304,367		1,045,052
	, ,		, ,		, ,
	11,961		11,961		_
	-		502,174		-
_		_			
	11,961		514,135		-
	11,572		129,577		33,142
	28,548		192,473		3,473
	-		886,962		-
	-		50,000		- 45 37 I
_	391,750	_	2,471,695		45,361
	431,870		3,730,707		81,976
	594,846		1,303,395		-
	-		455,551		-
	-		69,509		25,413
	-		1,948,243		-
_		_	14,637,634		97,670
	594,846	_	18,414,332		123,083
	1,026,716		22,145,039		205,059
	_		71,144		_
_			,		
	2 175 702		35,157,357		442 EQD
	2,175,703		35,157,357 494,125		662,590
	(555,188)		950,837		177,403
	1,620,515	-	36,602,319	 \$	839,993
<u> </u>	.,	<u> </u>	,2,- 17	<u> </u>	

	Enterprise Funds						
	Sewage	Automobile					
	Disposal	Water Supply Sanitary Parking					
	System	System Department System					
Operating Revenue							
Customer billings	\$ 4,401,273	\$ 2,953,444 \$ 772,563 \$ 562,034					
Billings to other funds	-						
Other revenue	53,424	138,579 28,432 4,732					
Total operating revenue	4,454,697	3,092,023 800,995 566,766					
Operating Expenses							
Cost of materials	106,771	165,261 3,419 6,307					
Water supply and sewage disposal	1,654,953	1,153,356					
Maintenance and operations	-	- 810,460 193,310					
General and administrative	822,233	465,059 60,000 -					
Depreciation and amortization	1,370,980	641,964					
Total operating expenses	3,954,937	2,425,640 873,879 392,297					
Operating Income (Loss)	499,760	666,383 (72,884) 174,469					
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)							
Property tax revenue	-	- 97,431 -					
Investment income	1,249	576 6,695 -					
Interest expense	(208,464)) (182,043) - (141,817)					
Total nonoperating (expense)							
revenue	(207,215)) (181,467) 104,126 (141,817)					
Income (Loss) - Before transfers in	292,545	484,916 31,242 32,652					
Transfers in		90,000					
Change in Net Position	292,545	484,916 31,242 122,652					
Net Position - Beginning of year (as restated) (Note 15)	25,658,480	5,784,424 651,119 1,956,426					
Net Position - End of year	\$ 25,951,025	\$ 6,269,340 \$ 682,361 \$ 2,079,078					

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 201*5*

	Governmental						
Enterpr	Enterprise Funds						
		Proprietary					
		Internal Service					
Ice Arena	Total	Fund					
\$ 1,575,209	\$ 10,264,523	\$ -					
-	-	649,494					
	225,167	16,201					
1,575,209	10,489,690	665,695					
85,942	367,700	177,062					
, -	2,808,309	, -					
991,095	1,994,865	302,977					
41,512	1,388,804	59,638					
154,220	2,359,844	212,791					
1,272,769	8,919,522	752,468					
302,440	1,570,168	(86,773)					
-	97,431	_					
-	8,520	56					
(32,405)	(564,729)	(11,487)					
(32,405)	(458,778)	(11,431)					
270,035	1,111,390	(98,204)					
	90,000						
270,035	1,201,390	(98,204)					
		·					
1,350,480	35,400,929	938,197					
\$ 1,620,515	\$ 36,602,319	\$ 839,993					

	Enterprise Funds							
	Sev	vage Disposal		Water Supply		Sanitary		omobile Parking
		System		System	_	Department	_	System
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other receipts	\$	4,429,592 (1,671,655) (775,989) 68,226	\$	3,094,073 (858,255) (740,192) 253	\$	801,007 (794,158) (136,914) (1,538)	\$	566,766 (67,041) (141,049) (3,325)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,050,174		1,495,879		(131,603)		355,351
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		90,000
Property taxes not restricted for capital activities		-	_		_	97,431	_	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-		-		97,431		90,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets Principal and interest paid on capital debt		(134,089) (1,454,068)		(284,905) (1,070,123)		<u>-</u>		- (416,922)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(1,588,157)		(1,355,028)		-		(416,922)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investment securities		1,074 -		688		6,695 243,685		
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,074	_	688		250,380	_	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		463,091		141,539		216,208		28,429
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		1,063,408	_	503,379	_	104,194	_	105,057
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	1,526,499	\$	644,918	\$	320,402	<u>\$</u>	133,486
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Less amounts classified as investments	\$	1,526,499 - -	\$	105,867 539,051 -	\$	615,916 - (295,514)	\$	133,486 - -
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,526,499	\$	644,918	\$	320,402	\$	133,486
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	499,760	\$	666,383	\$	(72,884)	\$	174,469
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:		1,370,980		641,964		-		192,680
Receivables Prepaid and other assets Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Unearned revenue		(36,865) 2,580 (12,449) 173,878 (174,829) 227,119		2,303 8,473 56,065 123,604 (154,326) 151,413		(1,526) 4,113 (45,919) 39,546 (54,933)		(3,325) (5,074) 5,044 29,657 (38,100)
Net OPEB obligation Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,050,174	\$	1,495,879	\$	(131,603)	\$	355,351
			_					

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 201*5*

				Go	vernmental	
_	Enterpri				Activities	
		Total Enterprise				
_	Ice Arena	_	Funds	Se	rvice Fund	
\$	1,575,209	\$	10,466,647	\$	665,695	
	(598,207)		(3,989,316)		(300,181)	
	(535,411)		(2,329,555)		(215,399)	
	- '		63,616		2,063	
	441,591		4,211,392		152,178	
	-		90,000		-	
_		_	97,431		-	
			107.431			
	-		187,431		-	
	(26,935)		(445,929)		(47,693)	
	(423,494)		(3,364,607)		(99,649)	
	(450,429)		(3,810,536)		(147,342)	
	-		8,457		56	
_			243,685		-	
	-		252,142		56	
	(8,838)		840,429		4,892	
	88,616		1,864,654		221,047	
	79,778	\$	2,705,083	<u> </u>	225,939	
\$	79,778	\$	2,461,546	\$	225,939	
Ψ	-	Ψ	539,051	Ψ	-	
	-		(295,514)		-	
_		_			1	
\$	79,778	<u>\$</u>	2,705,083	\$	225,939	
•	202 440	.	1 570 140	.	(04.773)	
\$	302,440	\$	1,570,168	\$	(86,773)	
	154,220		2,359,844		212,791	
	,0		_,,		,	
	-		(39,413)		2,063	
	-		10,092		1,116	
	(2,314)		427		19,643	
	(12,755)		353,930		3,338	
	-		(422,188)		-	
_	-	_	378,532			
	444 ===		401.555			
<u>\$</u>	441,591	\$	4,211,392	\$	152,178	

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 201*5*

	Pension and Other Employee enefits Trust Fund	Ag	ency Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 242,262	\$	279,710
Investments (Note 3):			
U.S. government securities	1,461,490		-
Mutual funds	26,321,044		-
Common stock	17,302,989		-
Corporate bonds	6,321,778		-
U.S. mortgage-backed securities	3,376,760		-
U.S. collateralized mortgage obligations	806,933		-
Corporate asset-backed securities	1,945,303		-
Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations	3,213,559		-
Private placement bonds	268,869		-
Receivables:			
Miscellaneous	-		2,166
Accrued interest receivable	 118,615		
Total assets	61,379,602	\$	281,876
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	18,910	\$	-
Due to other governmental units	-		6,030
Cash bonds and deposits	-		275,846
Total liabilities	 18,910	\$	281,876
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits	\$ 61,360,692		

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Pension and Other Employee
	Benefits Trust Fund
Additions Investment income: Interest and dividends Net decrease in fair value of investments Investment-related expenses	\$ 3,215,940 (1,055,767) (238,361)
Net investment income	1,921,812
Contributions: Employer Employee	761,170 218,387
Total contributions	979,557
Total additions	2,901,369
Deductions Benefit payments Refunds of contributions	4,476,066 190,273
Total deductions	4,666,339
Net Decrease in Net Position Held in Trust	(1,764,970)
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - Beginning of year	63,125,662
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - End of year	\$ 61,360,692

Component Unit Statement of Net Position June 30, 201*5*

	Downtown Development Authority				
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	252,178			
Receivables from sales to customers on account		500			
Capital assets not subject to depreciation		151,892			
Total assets		404,570			
Liabilities - Accounts payable		29,734			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		151,892			
Unrestricted		222,944			
Total net position	\$	374,836			

Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Program Revenue					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	_			arges for	Operating Capital Gra Grants and and		rants and a		De	owntown velopment	
Functions/Programs	<u>E</u> :	xpenses	S	Services	Contri	butions	Cont	tributions		Authority	
Downtown Development Authority	\$	319,818	\$	76,706	\$		\$		\$	(243,112)	
	Gen	eral revenu	ue - P	roperty tax	es					206,903	
	Cha	inge in Ne	t Pos	sition						(36,209)	
	Net	Net Position - Beginning of year							411,045		
	Net	Position	- End	of year					\$	374,836	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Mount Clemens, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Mount Clemens, Michigan:

Reporting Entity

The City of Mount Clemens, Michigan is governed by an elected seven-member commission. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Units - The Mount Clemens Building Authority is governed by a board that is appointed by the City Commission. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The DDA's governing body, which consists of 11 individuals, is selected by the City Commission. In addition, the DDA's budget is subject to approval by the City Commission.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Finance Authority (BRFA) was created to facilitate the implementation of plans for the identification, treatment, and revitalization of environmentally distressed areas within the City designated as Brownfield Redevelopment Zones. The BFRA's board of directors, consisting of nine members, is selected by the City Commission. In addition, the BRFA's budget is subject to approval by the City Commission. The BRFA had no financial activity during the year or at year end.

Financial statements of the DDA and BFRA can be obtained from the administrative offices at One Crocker Blvd., Mount Clemens, MI 48043.

The City has excluded the Mount Clemens Housing Commission from this report. Even though the City appoints the Housing Commission's directors, it does not have the ability to impose its will.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (I) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The City accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how we have spent certain resources - separate funds allow us to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenues were used. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The City reports the following funds as "major" governmental funds:

- The General Fund, which is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide general government services, other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Major Streets and Trunklines Fund, which accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax collections and other revenues that are restricted for use on major streets.

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees) and the internal service fund (which provides goods or services to other funds of the City). The City reports the following funds as "major" enterprise funds:

- The Sewage Disposal System Fund, which accounts for the activities of the sewage collection and disposal system operated by the City.
- The Water Supply System Fund, which accounts for activities of the water treatment and distribution system operated by the City.
- The Sanitary Department Fund, which accounts for the City's garbage and rubbish disposal activities for City residents.
- The Automobile Parking System Fund, which accounts for the City's metered onstreet and parking lot activities.
- The Ice Arena Fund, which accounts for the operations of the City's ice arena.

The City's internal service fund is used to allocate machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance to the various funds on a full accrual basis, so that the full costs are recognized and allocated to the various funds in the year that the costs are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts will not be used to operate our government's programs. Activities that are reported as fiduciary include:

- The Pension System and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund, which accounts for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to substantially all City employees.
- The Agency Funds, which account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for other taxing authorities, members of the community, and other parties. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Interfund activity: During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the government has spent its resources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree healthcare-related costs, or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues are not recognized until they are collected, or collected soon enough after the end of the year that they are available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the City considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, special assessments, federal grant reimbursements, and certain miscellaneous receivables due from businesses and residents will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a "deferred inflow."

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value or estimated fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Approximately \$4.0 million of the assets held by the pension plan at June 30, 2015 are not publicly traded and therefore do not always have a readily determinable market value. Management's estimates of these values are based on information provided by investment managers, fund managers, and other means. Because alternative investments are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and therefore may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets - The outstanding bonds of the enterprise funds require amounts to be set aside for debt service principal and interest, operations and maintenance, and a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as a restricted asset.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets, and infrastructure assets (e.g., water supply and sewage disposal systems, roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Infrastructure, intangibles, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Capital Asset Class	Lives (Years)
Roads, bridges, and sidewalks	25-40
Buildings and building improvements	40-50
Land improvements	10-20
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Plant facilities	50-66
Production facilities	20-66
Transmission facilities	50
Tunnels and retention basins	50

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method; bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances as an "other financing source," as well as bond premiums and discounts. The General Fund is generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: the unamortized portion of the loss on a bond refunding which is reported as a deferred outflow in the proprietary funds; and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, which are created by differences between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between projected and actual plan experience, and changes in assumptions related to economic and demographic factors.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds balance sheet relate to revenue collected beyond the City's period of availability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Honorable Mayor and City Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Honorable Mayor and City Commission may assign fund balance. The Honorable Mayor and City Commission may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Property Tax Revenue

Properties are assessed as of December 31. The related property taxes become a lien on July I of the following year. The taxes are due on February 28, after which point they are added to the county tax rolls.

The City's 2014 tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2014 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2015, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The 2014 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$322.5 million (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by the TIFA and DDA), on which taxes levied consisted of 13.7097 mills for operating purposes, .9137 mills for police and fire pension, .9137 mills for Dial-A-Ride services, .1480 mills for municipal promotion, and .3000 mills for sanitation services. Net of tax capture by the Downtown Development Authority, the tax levies resulted in approximately \$4.5 million for operating purposes, \$291,000 for police and fire pension, \$291,000 for Dial-A-Ride services, \$48,000 for municipal promotion, and \$97,000 for sanitation services. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, special revenue, and enterprise fund financial statements as tax revenue.

Pension - The City offers a defined benefit pension plan to its employees. The City records a net pension asset for the difference between the total pension liability calculated by the actuary and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan and additions to/deductions from the pension plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs - The City offers retiree healthcare benefits to retirees. The City receives an actuarial valuation to compute the annual required contribution (ARC) necessary to fund the obligation over the remaining amortization period. In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual cost equal to the current year required contribution, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of year underpaid amount, if any.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as they come due for payment, generally when there are employee terminations as of year end. All other accrued compensated absences are reported in the government-wide financial statements; generally the funds that report each employee's compensation (the General Fund and Water and Sewer Funds, primarily) are used to liquidate the obligation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Water and Sewer Funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information - The City is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all special revenue funds, except for the fringe benefit reimbursements which are budgeted as revenue. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to the first regular City Commission meeting in April, the city manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance prior to the third Monday in May.

The budget document presents information by fund, activity, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the activity level. The city manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an activity; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of an activity must be approved by the City Commission.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent when goods are received or services rendered.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Construction Code Fees - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January I, 2001 is as follows:

Shortfall at July 1, 2014		\$ (1,111,088)
Current year permit revenue		578,846
Related expenses:		
Direct costs	\$ 242,721	
Estimated indirect costs	 24,272	266,993
Current year surplus		311,853
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2015		\$ (799,235)

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - During the year, the City incurred expenditures that were in excess of amounts budgeted, as follows:

	Final B	Final Budget				
General Fund:						
Accounting	\$ 8	35,405	\$	91,524		
Controller	7	78,406		78,76 l		
Planning services	28	38,550		297,382		
Police	2,43	34,833		2,434,883		
Sewage services		2,000		2,222		
Parks and stadium	23	34,400		256,847		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Pension Trust Fund is also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles. The City has a separate investment policy for its pension funds which follows the State Pension Act limits. At June 30, 2015, the City's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

Investment values are determined based on cost for short-term investments. For securities traded on national or international exchanges, fair value is determined by the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a third-party custodian's failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that deposits and investments held by a third-party custodian be evidenced by a safekeeping receipt. At year end, the City had \$6.31 million of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits or invests funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's pension trust fund does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At year end, the following investment securities were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

	Fair Value of	
	Pension Trust	
Investment Type	Funds	How Held
Common stock	\$ 17,302,989	Counterparty
Mutual funds	26,321,044	Counterparty
Corporate bonds	6,321,778	Counterparty
Corporate asset-backed securities	1,945,303	Counterparty
Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations	3,213,559	Counterparty
U.S. government collateralized mortgage obligations	806,933	Counterparty
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities	3,376,760	Counterparty
U.S. government treasuries, notes, and bonds	1,265,377	Counterparty
Private placement	268,869	Counterparty
Other municipal	179,545	Counterparty
Other U.S. government	16,568	Counterparty
Total investments	\$ 61,018,725	

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At year end, the City had the following investments:

Investment		air Value of ension Trust Funds	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Corporate asset-backed Corporate bonds Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations U.S. government collateralized mortgage obligations U.S. government mortgage-backed U.S. government treasuries, notes, and bonds Other U.S. government Private placement Other municipal	\$	1,945,303 6,321,778 3,213,559 806,933 3,376,760 1,265,377 16,568 268,869 179,545	5.87 years 8.92 years 25.47 years 22.49 years 31.53 years 24.53 years 30.02 years 18.30 years 15.37 years
Total	<u>\$</u>	17,394,692	13.37 years

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	S&P: AAA-A		S	&P: BBB-B	_	Not Rated
Corporate asset-backed	\$	1,226,391	\$	-	\$	718,912
Corporate bonds		2,358,112		3,963,666		-
Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations		1,839,973		475,909		897,678
Private placement		127,719		141,150		-
U.S. government collateralized mortgage						
obligations		-		-		806,933
U.S. government mortgage-backed		-		-		3,376,760
U.S. government treasuries, notes, and bonds		-		-		1,265,377
Other U.S. government		-		-		16,568
Municipal		179,545			_	
Total	\$	5,731,740	\$	4,580,725	\$	7,082,228

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places limits on deposits maintained at any given financial institution to no more than 50 percent of the City's total deposits.

The City and the City's Pension Fund do not limit investments in any one issuer. At June 30, 2015, the City's Pension Fund maintained investments in Loomis Sayles Small Cap Value Fund totaling approximately 14.98 percent of the Pension Fund's total investments, Loomis Sayles Global Equity and Income Fund totaling approximately 10.83 percent of the Pension Fund's total investments, Loomis Sayles Capital Income Fund totaling approximately 8.94 percent of the Pension Fund's total investments, Oakmark Global Select Fund totaling approximately 8.23 percent of the Pension Fund's total investments, and Loomis Sayles Senior Loan Fund totaling approximately 6.60 percent of the Pension Fund's total investments

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Disposals/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$ 2,791,978	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,791,978
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Sidewalks and other intangible rights	1,758,592	-	-	1,758,592
Buildings and improvements	6,815,113	-	-	6,815,113
Machinery and equipment	7,011,809	176,665	-	7,188,474
Land improvements	2,978,203	13,814	-	2,992,017
Roads and bridges	9,758,841	1,191,524	. <u> </u>	10,950,365
Subtotal	28,322,558	1,382,003	-	29,704,561
Accumulated depreciation:				
Sidewalks	1,597,002	36,887	-	1,633,889
Buildings and improvements	2,771,602	171,109	-	2,942,711
Machinery and equipment	5,934,558	269,670	-	6,204,228
Land improvements	2,698,467	30,422	-	2,728,889
Roads and bridges	6,662,200	341,038		7,003,238
Subtotal	19,663,829	849,126		20,512,955
Net capital assets being depreciated	8,658,729	532,877		9,191,606
Net capital assets	\$ 11,450,707	\$ 532,877	\$ -	\$ 11,983,584

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities	Balance July 1, 2014		_	Additions	Disposals/ Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2015		
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	3,637,078	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,637,078	
Capital assets being depreciated: Plant facilities Production facilities Transmission facilities Tunnel and retention basins Machinery and equipment		24,946,608 20,423,517 10,852,034 35,435,604 11,210,400		174,146 - - - 271,783		- - -		25,120,754 20,423,517 10,852,034 35,435,604 11,482,183	
Land improvements	_	1,547,654	_	-			_	1,547,654	
Subtotal		104,415,817		445,929		-		104,861,746	
Accumulated depreciation: Plant facilities Production facilities Transmission facilities Tunnel and retention basins Vehicles Land improvements Subtotal Net capital assets being depreciated Net capital assets	_ _ _ \$_	14,660,690 9,921,237 4,186,578 15,851,786 7,562,401 1,296,166 53,478,858 50,936,959 54,574,037		581,077 403,445 217,040 738,007 376,883 38,164 2,354,616 (1,908,687) (1,908,687)	<u> </u>	- - - - - - - -		15,241,767 10,324,682 4,403,618 16,589,793 7,939,284 1,334,330 55,833,474 49,028,272 52,665,350	
Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority	Jı	Balance ıly 1, 2014	_	Additions	Dispos Adjustm		Ju	Balance ine 30, 2015	
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	151,892	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> :	\$		<u>\$</u>	151,892	
Depreciation expense was cha	rged t	o program	s o	f the prima	ary gove	ernme	nt a	as follows:	
Governmental activities: General government Public safety						\$		241,944 47,275	
Public works Recreation and culture								520,214 39,693	
Total governmental ac	ctivitie	es				- \$		849,126	
						<u> </u>			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities:	
Sewage disposal	\$ 1,370,980
Water supply system	641,964
Automobile parking system	187,452
Ice Arena	 154,220
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,354,616

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Advances from/to Other Funds		
General Fund	Ice Arena	\$ 594,846
Sewage Disposal System	Water Supply System	 708,549
	Total	\$ 1,303,395

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To		Amount
General Fund	Automobile Parking System Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	90,000 90,000
	Total General Fund		180,000
Major Streets and Trunklines	Nonmajor governmental funds		70,000
	Total	<u>\$</u>	250,000

The transfers from the General Fund to the Automobile Parking System and nonmajor governmental funds provided funding for operations. The transfer from the Major Streets and Trunklines Fund to the nonmajor governmental funds was to transfer a portion of state gas and weight tax revenue sharing.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the City) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Long-term debt activity can be summarized as follows:

	 Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	En	ding Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities									
Installment purchase agreement - Fire pumper	\$ 45,010	\$	-	\$	45,010	\$	-	\$	-
Installment purchase agreement - Vactor jet	186,183		-		43,152		143,031		45,361
General obligation bonds - Series 2006 41B District Court Building (Note 14)	 1,989,000		<u>-</u>		51,000		1,938,000	_	68,000
Total	2,220,193		-		139,162		2,081,031		113,361
Accrued sick and vacation liability	763,030	_	264,168	_	300,000		727,198	_	300,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,983,223	\$	264,168	\$	439,162	\$	2,808,229	\$	413,361

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	F	Reductions	Er	nding Balance_		Oue Within One Year
Business-type Activities									
General obligation bonds:									
State Combined Sewer Overflow									
Revolving Fund Debt:									
1998A Sewage Disposal									
System Bonds	\$ 1,850,000	\$	-	\$	290,000	\$	1,560,000	\$	300,000
1998A-2 Sewage Disposal									
System Bonds	1,509,425		-		243,406		1,266,019		248,070
1999A Sewage Disposal									
System Bonds	2,905,000		-		455,000		2,450,000		465,000
1998 B Sewage Disposal									
System Bonds	625,000		-		150,000		475,000		150,000
1999 B Sewage Disposal									
System Bonds	400,000		_		50,000		350,000		50,000
2010 Clean Water Program									
Proj. 5477-01	1,045,942		_		50,000		995,942		50,000
2001 Ice Arena Building Authority	, ,				,		,		,
Refunding Bonds	788,500		_		396,750		391,750		391,750
2003 Parking Improvement Bonds	3,550,000		_		275,000		3,275,000		300,000
Revenue obligations - 1998B Water	_,,						-,		,
Supply System Revenue Bonds	350,000		_		50,000		300,000		75,000
State Drinking Water Revolving	223,222				23,533		200,000		. 5,555
Fund Debt:									
1998A Water Supply System									
Revenue Bonds	300,000		_		45,000		255,000		50,000
1998A-2 Water Supply System	500,000				15,000		255,000		30,000
Revenue Bonds	689,000		_		112,500		576,500		112,500
1999A Water Supply System	007,000				112,500		37 0,300		112,500
Revenue Bonds	1,715,000		_		270,000		1,445,000		275,000
2000A Water Supply System	1,713,000				2,0,000		1,115,000		275,000
Revenue Bonds	795,000		_		105,000		690,000		110,000
2000A-2 Water Supply System	775,000		_		103,000		070,000		110,000
Revenue Bonds	960,000		_		110,000		850,000		110,000
2007A Water Supply System	700,000		-		110,000		050,000		110,000
Revenue Bonds	2,644,911				180,000		2,464,911		185,000
2007B Water Supply System	2,077,711		-		100,000		2,707,711		105,000
Revenue Bonds	184,632		_		10,000		174,632		10,000
Revenue Bonds	,			_	,	_	,	_	,
Total bonds payable	20,312,410		-		2,792,656		17,519,754		2,882,320
Long-term portion of accrued sick									
and vacation liability	124,449		45,060		50,000		119,509		50,000
,	·				·	_			<u>, </u>
Total business-type activities	\$ 20,436,859	\$	45,060	\$	2,842,656	\$	17,639,263	\$	2,932,320
						_			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	 Gov	verni	mental Acti	vitie	s	Bus	sine	ss-type Activ	itie:	s
Years Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest	_	Total	Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$ 113,361	\$	91,071	\$	204,432	\$ 2,882,320	\$	492,290	\$	3,374,610
2017	115,523		85,915		201,438	2,560,299		412,163		2,972,462
2018	135,147		80,286		215,433	2,664,663		335,772		3,000,435
2019	85,000		74,175		159,175	2,552,020		260,259		2,812,279
2020	102,000		70,202		172,202	2,465,160		189,890		2,655,050
2021-2025	578,000		280,738		858,738	3,465,000		377,227		3,842,227
2026-2030	782,000		129,982		911,982	854,343		45,834		900,177
2031	170,000		3,825	_	173,825	75,949		949	_	76,898
Total	\$ 2,081,031	\$	816,194	\$	2,897,225	\$ 17,519,754	\$	2,114,384	\$	19,634,138

Revenue Bond - The City has pledged substantially all revenue of the Water Supply System Fund, net of operating expenses, to repay the above water revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the repair of water infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from the net revenue of the water system. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on the bonds total \$7,501,163. During the current year, net revenue of the system totaled \$1,290,233 compared to the annual debt requirements of \$1,073,526.

Restricted assets within the Water Fund totaled \$539,051. Assets are restricted in accordance with provisions of the fund's revenue obligation debt agreement.

Current year liabilities payable from restricted assets in the water supply system include \$410,625 of principal and \$44,926 of interest.

Note 7 - Environmental Remediation Liability

In a previous year, the City began remediation activities on a former municipal landfill, including the installation of an interception system and periodic monitoring of methane emissions. The current estimate of the ultimate liability, based on the probabilities of various cash flows, is \$900,000. A liability is included in the government-wide statements for the estimated probable cash flow related to the ongoing activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 8 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for health and general liability claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal League risk pool for claims relating to workers' compensation. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Note 9 - Cost-sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Retirement System Board of Trustees manages and administers the City of Mount Clemens Employees' Retirement System (the "Plan") - a cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for substantially all permanent full-time employees of the City, as well as for certain employees of the Mount Clemens Housing Commission (the "Housing Commission"). Benefit terms have been established by contractual agreements between the City and the Commission and the various employee union representation; amendments are subject to the same process.

The Retirement System Board of Trustees consists of seven members nominated by the mayor and approved by the City Commission.

Plan Membership - At June 30, 2014, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	186
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	20
Active plan members	65
Total	271

Benefits Provided - The Employees' Retirement System provides retirement, disability, and death benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 9 - Cost-sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Retirement benefits for general plan members age 50 with 25 or more years of service or age 55 with 10 or more years of service are calculated as 2.25 percent of the member's final average compensation times the member's years of service up to 25 years plus I percent of the member's final average compensation times the member's years of service in excess of 25 years (2 percent for individuals hired prior to July I, 1998). Final average compensation is based on the highest consecutive three years of compensation out of the last 10 years worked. For union members hired after June 30, 1998 and non-union members hired after June 30, 1987, only base wages are included in final average compensation.

Benefits for firefighter plan members age 50 with 10 or more years of service are calculated as 2.5 percent of the member's final average compensation times the member's years of service up to 25 years plus I percent of the member's final average compensation times the member's years of service in excess of 25 years. Final average compensation is based on the highest three years of compensation out of the last 10 years worked.

All retirement benefits are based on the benefit formula in effect at the time of the member's termination. Benefits are forfeited upon withdrawal of all or part of a member's accumulated contributions.

All plan members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Non-duty disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, with a minimum benefit prior to voluntary retirement age of 15 percent of final average compensation for general members and 50 percent of final average compensation for firefighter members. Duty-related disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits; however, upon the earlier of the termination of the member's workers' compensation or age 60, additional service credit is granted for the period in which the member was in receipt of workers' compensation and the benefit is recomputed. The sum of the duty-related benefits and the workers' compensation benefit may not exceed 100 percent of a final average compensation for general members and 85 percent of final average compensation for firefighters.

All plan members are eligible for non-duty death benefits after 25 years of service or eligibility for regular retirement. All plan members are eligible for duty death benefits upon hire. Non-duty death benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits; however, the benefits are actuarially reduced in accordance with a 100 percent joint and survivor election. Duty death benefits for general members equal benefits paid under workers' compensation and are paid to the member's widower, unmarried children under the age of 18, and/or dependent parents. Duty death benefits for firefighters are determined in the same manner as disability benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 9 - Cost-sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Members who have 10 or more years of service and are not eligible for duty or non-duty death benefits are eligible for a survivor retirement allowance. Under this provision, 75 percent of the regular member's retirement allowance will be paid to a member's surviving spouse, with additional service credit granted for the period between the member's date of death and the date that the member would have attained the age of 60. The benefit terminates upon death. The member's unmarried children under the age of 18 will be paid 15 percent of the member's regular retirement allowance computed in the same manner as for a surviving spouse. If a surviving spousal benefit is not being paid, the percentage of the regular retirement allowance paid will increase to 60. The benefit terminates upon marriage, death, or attainment of age 18.

Firefighter members retiring on or after February 13, 2003 with 15 or more years of service and firefighter members receiving death or disability benefits will receive an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2 percent (non-compounding) per year for 10 years, calculated based on the initial annual pension benefit amount.

General members are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments.

Contributions - Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, the City retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Retirement System Board of Trustees in accordance with the City Charter, union contracts, and plan provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the active general member contribution rate was 5.30 percent of annual compensation and the active firefighter member contribution rate was 6.55 percent of annual compensation. The City's average contribution rate was 20.05 percent of annual covered payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 10 - Pension Plan Investments - Policy and Rate of Return

Investment Policy - The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement System Board of Trustees by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that manages risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2015:

	Target Allocation
Asset Class	Percentage
Large Cap Value Equity	15.0
Large Cap Growth Equity	15.0
Small Cap Equity	8.0
International Stocks	10.0
Dividend Strategy Equity	7.0
U.S. Core Fixed Income	40.0
Global Fixed Income	2.5
High Yield Fixed Income	2.5

Rate of Return - For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 3.52 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Note II - Pension Plan Reserves

In accordance with the City's Code of Ordinances, the following reserves are required to be set aside within the pension plan:

The <u>retiree reserve</u> is to be computed annually by the actuary as the present value of estimated benefit payments for all current retirees. The amounts reserved may be used solely to pay monthly retiree benefit payments.

The <u>employee reserve</u> is credited as employee contributions are received throughout the year; the plan maintains a record of the amount contributed by each employee, and credits interest annually at a rate of 3.0 percent. For any employee who terminates before vesting in the pension plan, their balance is returned to them; for those who stay until retirement, the balance is transferred into the retiree reserve.

The <u>employer reserve</u> account is used to account for the residual net position balance in the pension plan after funding the above two reserves.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note II - Pension Plan Reserves (Continued)

The balances of the reserve accounts at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Rec	uired Reserve	Ar	Amount Funded			
Retiree reserve	\$	42,775,835	\$	42,775,835			
Employee reserve		5,878,308		5,878,308			
Employer reserve		N/A		12,706,549			

Note 12 - Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2015, the City reported an asset for its proprotionate share of the net pension asset. The components of the net pension asset of the City at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

City's share of the net pension liability	\$ 57,028,721
City's share of the plan fiduciary net position	58,583,374
City's net pension asset	<u>\$ (1,554,653)</u>
City's share of the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	
total pension liability	102.7 %

The City's proportionate share of the net pension asset was based on the City's actuarially required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2015, relative to total contributions. At June 30, 2105, the City's proprition was 95.474 percent, which was consistent with its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015. The City has chosen to use June 30, 2015 as its measurement date for the net pension liability. The June 30, 2015 reported net pension liability was determined using a measure of the total pension liability and the pension net position as of June 30, 2015. The June 30, 2015 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, which used updated procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to June 30, 2015.

Changes in the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset during the measurement year were as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 12 - Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)						
	C	ity's Share of		_	C	ity's Share of	
		the Total	C	ity's Share of		the Net	
		Pension	t	he Plan Net		Pension	
Changes in Net Pension Asset		Liability		Position		Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	57,216,778	\$	60,268,595	\$	(3,051,817)	
Service cost		591,865				591,865	
Interest		4,146,385				4,146,385	
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		(471,168)				(471,168)	
Contributions - Employer				726,718		(726,718)	
Contributions - Employee				208,369		(208,369)	
Net investment income				1,849,063		(1,849,063)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(4,455,140)		(4,455,140)		-	
Administrative expenses	_	_	_	(14,231)	_	14,231	
Net changes		(188,058)		(1,685,221)		1,497,163	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	57,028,720	\$	58,583,374	\$	(1,554,654)	

Changes in the total net pension asset for the plan during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	otal Pension		Plan Net	١	Net Pension
Changes in Net Pension Asset	_	Liability	_	Position	_	Liability
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	59,929,172	\$	63,125,663	\$	(3,196,491)
Service cost		619,923				619,923
Interest		4,342,947				4,342,947
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(493,504)				(493,504)
Contributions - Employer				761,168		(761,168)
Contributions - Employee				218,247		(218,247)
Net investment income				1,936,719		(1,936,719)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(4,666,338)		(4,666,338)		-
Administrative expenses				(14,906)	_	14,906
Net changes		(196,972)	_	(1,765,110)	_	1,568,138
Balance at June 30, 2015	<u>\$</u>	59,732,200	<u>\$</u>	61,360,553	<u>\$</u>	(1,628,353)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 12 - Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$480,757. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	C	Outflows of	Inflows of
	F	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	-	\$ 287,713
on pension plan investments		2,030,837	-
Total	\$	2,030,837	\$ 287,713

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (net of deferred inflows of resources) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2016	\$ 324,254
2017	403,452
2018	507,709
2019	507,709

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 %
Salary increases	16.1 % Average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.5 % Net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Male (unadjusted) and Female (unadjusted) Healthy Life Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 12 - Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate.

Projected Cash Flows

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of June 30, 2015 for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment footnote, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Value Equity	15.0 %	8.3 %
Large Cap Growth Equity	15.0	8.3
Small Cap Equity	8.0	8.6
International Stocks	10.0	8.3
Dividend Strategy Equity	7.0	8.6
U.S. Core Fixed Income	40.0	6.3
Global Fixed Income	2.5	6.5
High Yield Fixed Income	2.5	5.8

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 12 - Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or I percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	19			iscount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)		
Net pension liability (asset) of the City	\$	4,289,179	\$	(1,554,654)	\$	(6,547,913)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is not available in the separately issued financial report. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows or resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position and addition to/deduction from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are report by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description - The City provides retiree healthcare benefits to all full-time employees upon retirement, in accordance with labor contracts.

This is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. The benefits are provided under collective bargaining agreements. The plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement. Administrative costs are paid by the plan through employer contributions.

Funding Policy - The collective bargaining agreements do not require contributions from employees. Retiree healthcare costs are recognized when paid by the City on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City made payments for postemployment health benefit premiums of approximately \$1,947,000.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Funding Progress - For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. This valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution (recommended)	\$	3,589,242
Interest on the prior year's net OPEB obligation		240,087
Less adjustment to the annual required contribution		(190,545)
Annual OPEB cost		3,638,784
Amounts contributed: Payments of current premiums, including implicit rate subsidy Advance funding		(2,194,088)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		1,444,696
OPEB obligation - Beginning of year	_	5,335,267
OPEB obligation - End of year	\$	6,779,963

Employer contributions and annual OPEB cost data for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

		Employer Contributions						
Fiscal Year Ended	Ar	nnual OPEB Costs	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation				
6/30/15	 \$	3,638,784	58.4 %	\$ 6,779,963				
6/30/14		3,485,117	64.0	5,335,267				
6/30/13		3,173,578	67.5	4,015,369				

The funding progress of the plan is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	٧	ctuarial 'alue of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (Percent) (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/13 6/30/11	\$	-	\$ 63,821,293 55,563,689	\$ 63,821,293 55,563,689	- -	\$ 3,793,429 4,086,498	1,682.4 1,359.7
6/30/09		-	42,380,584	42,380,584	-	4,613,101	918.7

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.50 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.25 percent after nine years. Both rates included a 4.50 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2013 was 28 years.

Note 14 - Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the Grosse Pointes-Clinton Refuse Disposal Authority (the "Authority") joint venture, which provides refuse disposal services to participating municipalities in the counties of Wayne and Macomb, Michigan. Other members include the cities of Grosse Pointe Park, Grosse Pointe Farms, Grosse Pointe, Grosse Pointe Woods, and Harper Woods, the Village of Grosse Pointe Shores, and the Township of Clinton. During the prior year, the City declined to renew its participation in the refuse contract but will still maintain a membership interest in the Authority until the City's interest in the Authority is fully refunded to the City.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 14 - Joint Ventures (Continued)

The City's interest in the net position of the Authority totaled \$30,706 at June 30, 2015 and is reported as part of the governmental activities in the statement of net position. The City is unaware of any circumstances, including potential environmental remediation, that would cause an additional burden to the participating municipalities in the near future. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from its administrative offices at 27941 Harper Avenue, Suite 106, St. Clair Shores, MI 48081.

The City is also a member of the 41B District Court Common Fund (the "Court"), a joint venture that provides judiciary services to the City of Mount Clemens and the Charter Townships of Clinton and Harrison. The City Commission appoints one member to the Court's management council, which has the responsibility of reviewing financial matters of the Court, including annual budget requests. The expenses of the Court are divided among three communities in proportion to the volume of cases attributable to each community. Fines and fees collected from within the communities are distributable to the communities net of their allocation of the Court's expenditures. The City has also recorded its interest in the capital assets, the related bonded debt obligations, and the net position of the Court in the governmental activities statements in the amount of \$393,057, based on the same allocation percentages as used to allocate revenue and expenses among participating communities.

Note 15 - Change in Accounting

During the current year, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. As a result, the government-wide statements and the proprietary funds now include a liability for our unfunded legacy costs. Some of the changes in this net pension liability will be recognized immediately as part of the pension expense measurement, and part will be deferred and recognized over future years. Refer to the pension footnote for further details. This change also effected opening net positions/fund balances as follows:

	 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Sewage Disposal System	Water Supply System	Sanitary Department		Automobile Parking System
Net position - June 30, 2014 - As previously reported Adjustment for net pension	\$ 8,801,405	\$	34,646,291	\$ 25,275,559	\$ 5,552,512	\$	568,569	\$ 1,899,171
obligation previously reported under GASB 27 Adjustment for GASB 68	862,533 2,297,182	_	- 754,638	- 382,921	231,912	_	- 82,550	- 57,255
Net position - June 30, 2014 - As restated	\$ 11,961,120	\$	35,400,929	\$ 25,658,480	\$ 5,784,424	\$	651,119	\$ 1,956,426

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 16 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and acceptable valuation techniques. This Statement also will enhance fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. GASB Statement No. 72 is required to be adopted for years beginning after June 15, 2015. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted, during the City's 2015-2016 fiscal year.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses reporting by governments that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This OPEB standard will require the City to recognize on the face of the financial statements its net OPEB liability related to its participation in the City's OPEB plan. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Or	iginal Budget	Δm	nended Budget		Actual		ance with
Revenue		Igiliai Dadget	7 (1)	ichided Budget	_	7 (Ctddi	7 111011	ded Budget
Property taxes	\$	4,476,840	\$	4,456,080	\$	4,444,785	\$	(11,295)
Licenses and permits	Ψ	282,750	Ψ	659,850	Ψ	628,418	Ψ	(31,432)
Federal grants		266.650		347,053		347,053		(31,732)
State-shared revenue and grants		1,788,000		1,788,000		1,776,395		(11,605)
Charges for services:		1,700,000		1,700,000		1,770,373		(11,003)
Charges, services, and fees		337,400		374,355		365,933		(8,422)
Charges for services rendered		230,000		230.000		230.000		(0,422)
Charges for services and sales		348,700		365,300		394,384		29,084
Fines and forfeitures:		340,700		303,300		377,307		27,004
Parking fines and fees		125,100		130,100		103,015		(27,085)
Use and admission fees		30,000				35,240		(27,063)
Investment income				35,240 7,000		,		10
		3,500		7,000		7,010		10
Other revenue - Other miscellaneous		303 500		424 200		451.266		25 166
income	_	382,500	_	426,200	_	451,366		25,166
Total revenue		8,271,440		8,819,178		8,783,599		(35,579)
Expenditures - Current								
General government:								
City Commission		6,900		6,900		6,900		-
City administrator		157,514		162,115		160,291		1,824
Accounting		84,230		85,405		91,524		(6,119)
Purchasing		144,141		139,141		135,436		3,705
Telephone		31,500		44,045		39,416		4,629
Data processing		103,500		106,920		103,448		3,472
Treasurer		128,660		128,660		119,496		9,164
Assessing		110,975		110,520		110,290		230
Property tax refunds		20,000		43,500		41,203		2,297
City clerk		147,700		132,510		126,918		5,592
Elections		33,200		37,400		33,741		3,659
Maintenance of municipal buildings		136,808		132,808		126,500		6,308
Legal services		140,000		135,000		132,611		2,389
Personnel		111,208		80,470		79,673		797
Controller		77,300		78,406		78,761		(355)
Planning services		281,382		288,550		297,382		(8,832)
Auditing services		45,000		45,500		45,500		-
Cable television		75,000		75,000		75,000		_
Community promotions		23,200		17,200		14,065		3,135
Total general government		1,858,218		1,850,050		1,818,155		31,895
Public safety:								
Police		2,434,833		2,434,833		2,434,883		(50)
Dispatch center		421,056		421,056		421,056		-
Fire		1,398,550		1,481,877		1,472,078		9,799
Volunteer firemen		52,000		52,551		47,803		4,748
Inspection		156,000		156,000		156,000		, <u>-</u>
Dog warden		26,850		38,850		30,234		8,616
Total public safety		4,489,289		4,585,167		4,562,054		23,113

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

							Variance with		
	Ori	ginal Budget	Ar	mended Budget	_	Actual	Ame	nded Budget	
Expenditures - Current (Continued) Public works:									
Supervision and overhead	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,950	\$	2,360	\$	590	
Street lighting		440,000		390,000		381,126		8,874	
Sewage services		2,000		2,000		2,222		(222)	
Community Development Block Grant		266,683	_	205,172		205,172	_		
Total public works		708,683		600,122		590,880		9,242	
Recreation and culture:									
Parks and stadium		177,750		234,400		256,847		(22,447)	
Programs		51,000		41,600		30,209		Ì11,391 [°]	
Art Center		5,000	_	5,000	_	4,110		890	
Total recreation and culture		233,750		281,000		291,166		(10,166)	
Other functions		1,918,530	_	2,094,198	_	2,070,226		23,972	
Total expenditures		9,208,470	_	9,410,537		9,332,481		78,056	
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(937,030)		(591,359)		(548,882)		42,477	
Transfers Out		(176,000)	_	(180,000)		(180,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,113,030)		(771,359)		(728,882)		42,477	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		3,088,405	_	3,088,405		3,088,405			
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	1,975,375	\$	2,317,046	<u>\$</u>	2,359,523	\$	42,477	

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Special Revenue Funds Major Streets and Trunklines Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Or	iginal Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	٧	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue	-	·8·····	_	24484	_	7 15544	_	24.282
State-shared revenue and grants Charges for services Investment income Other revenue - Other miscellaneous	\$	729,000 20,000 1,500	\$	1,993,775 20,000 2,500	\$	1,998,499 12,643 3,022	\$	4,724 (7,357) 522
income		2,000		4,000		3,600		(400)
Total revenue		752,500		2,020,275		2,017,764		(2,511)
Expenditures - Current - Public works - Street construction		1,724,640		2,145,848		2,022,743		123,105
Transfers Out		(70,000)		(70,000)	_	(70,000)	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,042,140)		(195,573)		(74,979)		120,594
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		919,549		919,549		919,549	_	-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	(122,591)	\$	723,976	\$	844,570	\$	120,594

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30

		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds Net change in total pension liability	\$	619,923 4,342,947 - (493,504) - (4,666,338) (196,972)	\$	656,926 4,309,835 27,047 - (4,401,292) 592,516
Total pension liability - Beginning of year	_	59,929,172	_	59,336,656
Total pension liability - End of year	<u>\$</u>	59,732,200	<u>\$</u>	59,929,172
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net investment income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds Other	\$	761,168 218,247 1,936,719 (14,906) (4,666,338)	\$	505,402 268,110 9,217,006 (12,919) (4,401,292) 150
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(1,765,110)		5,576,457
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning of year		63,125,663	_	57,549,206
Plan fiduciary net position - End of year	<u>\$</u>	61,360,553	<u>\$</u>	63,125,663
City's net pension asset - Ending	<u>\$</u>	(1,628,353)	\$	(3,196,491)
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		102.73 %		105.33 %
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,795,991	\$	3,977,668
City's net pension asset as a % of covered employee payroll		(42.9)%		(80.4)%

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 582,932	\$ 720,624	,,	\$ 770,584	\$ 940,264	\$ 704,000	\$ 522,454	\$ 529,250	\$ 834,776	\$ 862,090
determined contribution	761,169	505,402	520,114	558,412	566,821	678,251	620,431	529,250	834,776	862,090
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (178,237)</u>	\$ 215,222	\$ 214,405	\$ 212,172	\$ 373,443	\$ 25,749	\$ (97,977)	<u> </u>	<u> - </u>	<u> - </u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,795,991	\$ 3,977,668	\$ 3,815,508	\$ 3,822,187	\$ 4,086,498	\$ 4,593,744	\$ 4,644,573	\$ 4,646,808	\$ 4,455,135	\$ 5,257,637
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	20.1 %	12.7 %	13.6 %	14.6 %	13.9 %	14.8 %	13.4 %	11.4 %	18.7 %	16.4 %

Notes to Schedule of City Contributions

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 26 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00 percent; no explicit price inflation assumption is used in the valuation

Salary increases 4.25 percent to 27.90 percent

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent (net of expenses)

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2011

valuation

Mortality RP-200 Male (unadjusted) and Female (unadjusted) Healthy Life Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality

improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	3.5 %	16.6 %	13.6 %	3.5 %	20.6 %	14.2 %	(13.4)%	(3.8)%	15.6 %	7.7 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of City Contributions City of Mount Clemens Employees' Retirement System

	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 568,096 726,721
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (158,625)</u>
City's covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$ 3,624,184 20.1 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability City of Mount Clemens Employees' Retirement System

	_	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		95.5 %
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(1,554,654)
City's covered employee payroll	\$	3,624,184
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		42.9 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		102.7 %

Required Supplemental Information OPEB System Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2015

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

		Actuarial	Actuarial				UAAL as a
		Value of	Accrued	Unfunded	Funded Ratio	Covered	Percentage of
Actuarial		Assets	Liability (AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll	Covered
Valuation Date	_	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Payroll
6/30/09	\$	-	\$ 42,380,584	\$ 42,380,584	-	\$ 4,613,101	918.7
6/30/11		-	55,563,689	55,563,689	-	4,086,498	1,359.7
6/30/13		-	63,821,293	63,821,293	-	3,793,429	1,682.4

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

. ,		Annual	
		Required	Percentage
Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	Contribution *	Contributed
6/30/13	6/30/11	\$ 3,124,407	67.5
6/30/14	6/30/13	3,442,918	64.0
6/30/15	6/30/13	3,589,242	59.2

^{*} The required contribution is expressed to the City as a percentage of payroll.

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of June 30, 2013, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Amortization method	Level percent of payroll, closed
Amortization period	28 years
Asset valuation method	N/A
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return *	4.50%
Projected salary increases	4.25%
*Includes inflation at	4.50%
Cost of living adjustments	None

Other Supplemental Information

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

		Special Revenue Funds						
	Local Streets Dial-A-Ride			Public Improvement		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets		ai Streets	_	iai-A-rude	<u></u>	or overnerit	_	T ullus
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	571,382	\$	268,244	\$	28,576	\$	868,202
Accrued interest receivable		-		196		-		196
Other receivables		-		4,961		14,038		18,999
Due from other governmental units		67,151		3,545		-		70,696
Prepaid expenses			_	7,400		-	_	7,400
Total assets	\$	638,533	\$	284,346	\$	42,614	\$	965,493
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	178	\$	118	\$	3,333	\$	3,629
Accrued and other liabilities		3,587	_	8,482		1,271	_	13,340
Total liabilities		3,765		8,600		4,604		16,969
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable - Prepaids		-		7,400		-		7,400
Restricted:		204054						204.054
Right-of-way maintenance		204,054		-		-		204,054
Street construction		330,714		-		-		330,714
Transportation		-		178,346		38.010		178,346 38,010
Public improvement		-		-		36,010		38,010
Assigned: Local street construction		100,000		_		_		100,000
Transportation		-		90,000				90,000
Total fund balances		634,768		275,746		38,010		948,524
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	638,533	\$	284,346	\$	42,614	\$	965,493

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Sp	Special Revenue Funds				
	Local Streets	Dial-A-Ride	Public Improvement	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenue						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 290,121	\$ 504	\$ 290,625		
State-shared revenue and grants	260,784	57,606	-	318,390		
Charges for services	25,000	77,380	-	102,380		
Investment income	655	552	-	1,207		
Other revenue:			FF 700	FF 700		
Special assessments	-	- 12,925	55,780	55,780		
Other miscellaneous income		12,723		12,925		
Total revenue	286,439	438,584	56,284	781,307		
Expenditures - Current - Public works	280,228	429,079	52,528	761,835		
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	6,211	9,505	3,756	19,472		
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in	70,000	90,000		160,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	76,211	99,505	3,756	179,472		
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	558,557	176,241	34,254	769,052		
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 634,768	\$ 275,746	\$ 38,010	\$ 948,524		

Other Supplemental Information Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Agency Funds						
	Tax	Collections	Ąį	gency Fund	To	otal Agency Funds	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,864	\$	275,846	\$	279,710	
Receivables from sales to customers on account		2,166		-		2,166	
Total assets	\$	6,030	\$	275,846	\$	281,876	
Liabilities		_					
Due to other governmental units	\$	6,030	\$	-	\$	6,030	
Cash, bonds, and deposits		-		275,846		275,846	
Total liabilities	\$	6,030	\$	275,846	\$	281,876	