Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the City of Rochester Hills Oakland County, Michigan

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2014

Elected Officials:

Mayor
City Council President
City Council Vice-President
City Council Members

Bryan K. Barnett
Greg Hooper
Mark Tisdel
Kevin Brown
Dale Hetrick
Adam Kochenderfer
Stephanie Morita
Thomas Wiggins

Prepared By: Accounting and Fiscal Divisions



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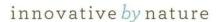


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Introductory Section



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April 22, 2015

Bryan K. Barnett Mayor Mayor, City Council Members, and Residents of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan

City Council

Stephanie Morita District 1

Adam Kochenderfer District 2

Greg Hooper District 3

Thomas W. Wiggins District 4

Kevin S. Brown At-Large

Dale A. Hetrick At-Large

Mark A. Tisdel At-Large We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Rochester Hills (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2014, in accordance with state law and the City Charter. This report was prepared by a team of City Staff led by the Accounting Division and consists of management's representation of the City's financial condition. Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the financial data, including all disclosures, rests with the administration and management of the City of Rochester Hills. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the contents of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and the information presented are accurate in all material aspects, and are presented in a manner that fairly presents the financial position of the City.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP) and regulations by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Treasurer of the State of Michigan, the City Charter, and the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a narrative introduction, an overview, and analysis. This letter of transmittal is intended to be read in conjunction and complement the MD&A.

The accuracy of the report depends on a reliable accounting system and adequate internal controls. A comprehensive internal control framework is designed to protect both the City's assets from losses, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparations of the financial statements of the City of Rochester Hills in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should be effective, the City's comprehensive internal control framework has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

Profile of Government - The City of Rochester Hills was incorporated in 1984 and is located in Oakland County, Michigan. The mayor and seven members of the City Council are elected to four-year staggered terms. Four of the council members are elected as district representatives and three members are elected as at-large representatives.

The population of the City is approximately 74,000 and comprises an area of 32.2 square miles. The City employs approximately 199 full-time employees and 57

contracted law enforcement officers. The City provides a full range of municipal services for the public's health, safety, welfare, and quality of life. City services include general administration, fire protection, contracted police protection, planning and zoning, engineering, building and code enforcement, cemetery operations and maintenance, park operations and maintenance, street construction and maintenance, storm drain improvements, and pedestrian pathway improvements and maintenance.

Water and sewer operations, maintenance, and capital improvements are provided from user charges that ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses, capital replacements, and payments on outstanding debt.

The City offers quality housing, two award-winning school districts, a hospital, major universities, a premium library, and a downtown offering a hometown atmosphere with excellent shopping and restaurants. The City has 1,100 acres of parkland affording the community with endless recreation opportunities. The Older Persons Commission and the Rochester Avon Recreation Authority offer world-class senior citizen, youth and adult activities for our residents. The City has a diverse business community and is situated in Automation Alley, the State's premier technology cluster and home to one of Michigan's fifteen SmartZones. The City's business cluster includes a concentration of automotive, computer-based, future fuel, and other research firms focused on advanced technologies.

Local Economy - The City of Rochester Hills is a desirable community and continues to be attractive to new residents and businesses. The economic condition of the City is sound and the City has one of the lowest tax rates of communities in Oakland County. The economic environment has created many challenges as well as provided the City with many new opportunities. As it has in the past, the City continues to address the current economic environment by conservatively forecasting revenues and expenditures five years into the future and by establishing a three year budget.

Michigan's economy still faces many challenges especially with its current unemployment levels that are also putting excess stress on housing which has caused a decline in housing values. Michigan's economy is improving but may not see full recovery for several more years.

With the State of Michigan's economy still facing its own challenges it becomes even more difficult for the City to project revenue received from the State especially state shared revenue. However, in 2014 the City did see its state-shared revenue increase by \$151,326. This increase was due to increased sales tax revenue at the State level. Even through the City saw an increase in state shared revenue for 2014, it is still a total decline in state shared revenue since 2001 of over \$1 million, or 16 percent. The overall loss of state shared revenue (over past periods), housing value decline

and new building construction activities improving, but still at lower levels, has made it challenging for the City to continue to provide quality services with reduced revenue.

The local tax base of the City of Rochester Hills is diversified with residential property comprising 76.73 percent, commercial property comprising 13.38 percent, industrial property representing 3.89 percent, and personal property (business equipment, furniture, and machinery) consisting of 6 percent. No one taxpayer exceeds 1 percent of the total tax roll and the total of the top 10 taxpayers account for less than 6 percent of the total tax roll. The following table illustrates the specific diversity of the City's tax base:

Single-family homes	18,831 homes
Condominiums	4,061 units
Low-income/senior citizen (11 buildings)	1,415 units
Rental apartments (16 complexes)	4,590 units
Mobile home parks (2 locations)	1,392 sites
Shopping centers	46 centers
Hotel/motels (2 buildings)	236 rooms
Office space	104 buildings
Commercial	355 buildings
Light industrial	387 buildings

The principal source of the City's revenue is from property taxes. Property tax revenues are a result of applying the City's millage rate, set by City Council (within the restrictions of state law), to the taxable value of real and personal property located within the City. The tables below illustrate the diversity of the City's current tax base, including the LDFA district, which were the basis for property tax revenue for the fiscal year 2014 budget:

	2013	
By Class	Taxable Value	Percent
Real Property	\$ 2,897,009,760	94.00%
Personal Property	184,824,590	6.00%
Total	<u>\$ 3,081,834,350</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
By Use	_	
Residential	\$ 2,364,678,200	76.73%
Commercial	412,428,510	13.38%
Industrial	119,903,050	3.89%
Personal Property	184,824,590	6.00%
Total	\$ 3,081,834,35 <u>0</u>	100.00%

Major Initiatives

Major Roads – Major road funding continues to plan, design, acquire right-of-way, construct, and improve the 38 actual miles of major road network and coordinate improvements with the Road Commission of Oakland County and the State of Michigan's road systems within the City limits. In 2014, the Major Road Fund had expenditures of \$4.2 million in capital outlay.

Local Streets – Funding for the City's local street system continues to be a challenge for the City. The residents of Rochester Hills approved local street millages that generated \$2.5 million in tax revenue for the 2014 fiscal year. The City's Administration, working with the City Council, continues to work toward a long-term local street funding strategy that will address future funding needs. The City has 218 actual miles of paved local streets and 24 actual miles of gravel streets. In 2014, the General Fund transferred nearly \$6 million and Major Road Fund transferred over \$750,000 for local street preservation and winter maintenance. The Local Road Fund had expenditures of \$6.8 million in capital outlay.

Special Police - The City's Citizen Technical Review Committee is looking for funding solutions that will ensure a stable revenue source to support efficient and effective police services for the community. In 2013, voters approved an increased millage to fund Police Services. Starting in Fiscal Year 2015, Police Services will be fully supported by their own dedicated millage and General Fund transfer will be eliminated. In 2014, the General Fund transferred over \$4.7 million to the Special Police Fund to offset its operational expenditures of \$8.6 million.

Fire Fund – The Fire Fund continues to be committed to preserving life, protecting property, and preventing harm to our environment, for our residents, businesses, and visitors through "Excellence in Service." The Fire Department continues to devote their efforts to community awareness, increased use of technology, staff training, and partnering with neighboring departments and agencies. The Fire Fund had operational expenditures of \$7.1 million in 2014.

Capital Improvement Plan - In accordance with State of Michigan Planning Act 285, the Rochester Hills Planning Commission adopts a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP is a planning tool that benefits the community and is meant to identify capital needs and goals of the City. The plan incorporates external infrastructure projects addressing drainage, major and local streets, parks, pathways, water and sewer, and city-owned facilities. The plan also includes internal infrastructure projects necessary to government operations that deliver services to our residents.

The 2015-2020 Capital Improvement Plan was adopted by the City of Rochester Hills Planning Commission. Currently, the commission is reviewing the 2016-2021 Plan as part of the 2016-18 budget process. Significant capital projects include:

- Drain extensions
- Pedestrian pathway rehabilitation and construction
- Major road construction
- Local street improvements and replacements
- Water and sewer rehabilitations and improvements
- Park improvements and development
- City-wide facilities
- Fleet and technology replacement

Long-range Financial Planning - The City continues to improve and build upon its long-range financial planning process. The City developed a five-year financial model many years ago that continues to be a valuable tool for the City. As part of the budgeting process, the Fiscal Division updates long-range forecasts of revenue and expenditures. The forecasts serve as the framework for budgetary decision-making by clarifying financial parameters and available resources and options. The model provides historical data, current budgeted City programs, and future financial capacity based on a set of future assumptions and current adopted policies and procedures.

In addition to long-range financial planning, the City has adopted the following financial policies to help guide financial decision-making:

Debt Policy - Subject to applicable provisions of state statutes and the City Charter, the City Council, by resolution, may authorize the borrowing of money for any allowable purpose. The City's general obligation bonded debt is subject to a legal limitation of 10 percent of real and personal property state equalized value. In addition, under current state statutes, the City's special assessment bond debt is subject to a legal limitation of 12 percent of real and personal property state equalized value. The City Council has adopted a Debt Management Policy to help guide the issuance and management of current and future debt offerings.

Pension and Postemployment Benefits - The City provides pension benefits for substantially all its full-time employees, members of the City Council, and paid on-call firefighters, through a defined contribution plan. Under a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings on contributions. The City makes bi-weekly contributions to the plan and the plan is fully funded.

The City has established a retiree health care benefit program, which is comprised of a health savings plan and a supplemental benefit program. Full-time employees who have completed their probation period are eligible for the health savings plan. The City contributes to the health savings plan on a bi-weekly basis and the plan is fully funded. The City has established a Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust to provide

assistance for postemployment health care insurance premiums for certain eligible employees qualifying for the supplemental benefit program. As of the January 1, 2014 Actuarial Report, the City had fully funded the supplemental benefit program.

Awards - The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Rochester Hills for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. This was the 26th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report will continue to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we will be submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements - The preparation of this report in a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated staff of the Accounting Division, as well as invaluable support from Fiscal and assistance from the Treasury Department. We would like to express appreciation to all staff members of all departments who have assisted in the preparation of this report. We would like to credit the Mayor and City Council for the continued support and dedication to maintain the highest standards of management of the City of Rochester Hills. We thank all of them for their efforts and support.

We also express our sincere appreciation to the accounting firm of Plante Moran, PLLC, which made a substantial contribution and assisted with the interpretation, guidance, review, and preparation of this document.

Respectfully submitted,

Pamela Lee City Accountant Keith Sawdon
Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

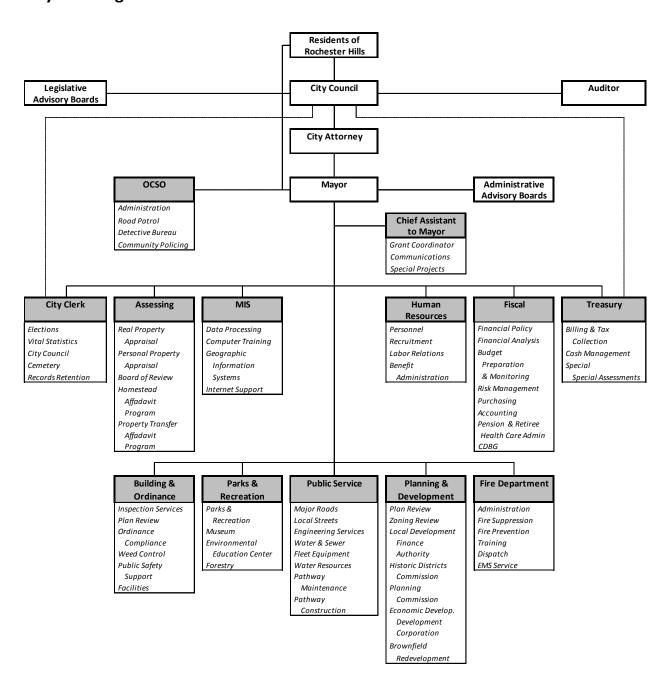
City of Rochester Hills Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

Citywide Organizational Chart



List of Principal Officials Year Ended December 31, 2014

Edward Anzek Director of Planning & Development

Tina Barton City Clerk

Sean Canto Fire Chief

Scott Cope Director of Building

Kurt Dawson Director of Assessing/City Treasurer

Pamela Gordon Director of Human Resources

Bob Grace Director of Management Information Systems

Michael Hartner Director of Parks/Forestry

Michael Johnson Command Officer, Oakland County Sheriff's

Office – Captain of Rochester Hills Contingent

Keith Sawdon Director of Finance

Allan Schneck Director of Public Services/Engineering



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Financial Section



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rochester Hills, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and in accordance with the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Rochester-Avon Recreation Authority were not audited under *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rochester Hills, Michigan

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan as of December 31, 2014 and the respective changes in its financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the major fund budgetary comparison schedules, and the Retiree Health Schedules of Funding and Contributions on pages 75-82 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents (combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules) and introductory section and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents (combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules), is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents (combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules), is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rochester Hills, Michigan

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 20, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

April 20, 2015



innovative by nature

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's (the "City") management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is a narrative overview of the City's financial activities and performance for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The MD&A is followed by the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of two sections. The first two statements, entitled government-wide statement of net position followed by the government-wide statement of activities, are financial statements that represent the City as a whole and provide a long-term perspective regarding the City's overall financial status. The statement of net position includes all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows as described in Notes 4 and 6, respectively, to the financial statements. The difference between the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows is "net position," which is a way to measure the financial health of the City as it fluctuates from one year to the next. The statement of activities reports all of the current year's earned revenue and accrued expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid and represents the change in net position from one year to the next.

The City's activities are separated into three categories: governmental and business-type activities, which represent the City's total financial performance, followed by the component unit financial information.

- The governmental activities column reports the City's basic services, including general administration, fire, police, public works, and parks and recreation.
- Business-type activities represent those activities for which the City charges fees to customers to cover the cost of services. The City's water and sewer system is the only business-type activity reported.
- The City has seven discretely presented component units included in this report as follows: Local Development Finance Authority, Economic Development Corporation, Automation Alley SmartZone Authority, Brownfield Redevelopment Authority, Rochester Hills Museum Foundation, Rochester-Avon Recreation Authority, and the Older Persons' Commission. Although legally separate, these component units are important because the City is financially accountable. Further information regarding the purpose of each component unit is found in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fund Financial Statements

The City's fund financial statements provide details of each funds activity; however, this section individually discloses only those funds designated as the City's "major" funds. All nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. These statements provide a higher level of detail than the government-wide statements and continue to illustrate how the services provided by the City were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The City has three types of funds that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes as follows:

- Governmental Funds The majority of the City's basic services included in the governmental funds not only focus on how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, but also what year-end balances are available to finance future City programs. Because this information does not include the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliation statements are provided to explain the differences between the two methods of reporting. Pages 19 and 22 illustrate this concept.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the City charges customers fees are reported in this
 fund type. This fund type provides both the short and long-term financial information
 comparable to the business-type activity in the government-wide statements.

The City uses two types of proprietary funds. The Water and Sewer Fund is an Enterprise Fund, which typically charges residents usage fees and accounts for the cost of operations. The other proprietary fund type is Internal Service Funds, of which the City has four. These internal service funds are used to report activities that provide services to other City funds and activities, typically covered by charges to other City departments. Individual financial statements are presented for each fund in the section entitled "other supplemental information." The activity of the Internal Service Funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements to avoid duplicate reporting of revenues and expenses.

• Fiduciary Funds - The Trust Fund and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individual, private organizations, other governments and other city funds. The City is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and liabilities. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the City's government-wide statements because these assets are not available to finance City operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position - The City's combined net position increased 2 percent, or \$7.9 million, from \$390.1 million in 2013 to \$398 million in 2014. The net position for the governmental activity increased from \$245.3 million in 2013 to \$251.4 million in 2014, or \$6.1 million. The primary change in the governmental activities is due to an increase in capital assets of \$6.3 million from \$160.5 million in 2013 to \$166.8 million in 2014 and a reduction in long-term liabilities of \$2.5 million, or 12 percent from \$20.6 million in 2013 to \$18.1 million in 2014. The governmental net investment in capital assets increased from \$147.2 million in 2013 to \$155.2 million, or \$8 million.

The net position of the business-type activity increased from \$144.8 million in 2013 to \$146.6 million in 2014, or \$1.8 million. The increase is attributed to an increase of \$3.1 million in current and other non-current assets, an increase of \$3.8 million in capital assets, a decrease in current liabilities of \$1 million, and an increase of long-term liabilities of \$6.1 million. The unrestricted net position increased by \$3.8 million, or 8.7 percent in the business-type activity from \$42.9 million in 2013 to \$46.7 million in 2014.

The City's assets totaled \$471.6 million in 2014, up by \$13.7 million. This relates primarily to an increase in capital assets by \$10.1 million or 3.7 percent, which is attributed to the net of additions to capital assets of \$23.3 million and \$13.2 million of depreciation. There was also an increase in current assets of \$3.6 million or 1.9 percent.

The City's total liabilities increased \$3 million, or 7.2 percent, from \$41.2 million in 2013 to \$44.2 million in 2014. This relates to the reduction of bonded debt obligations in the governmental activities of \$2.5 and an increase in the business-type activity debt obligations of \$6.1 million, or a net City increase of \$3.6 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

In condensed format, the table below shows the comparison of net position (in millions) as of December 31, 2014 to the prior year:

	Gover	nmental	Busine	ss-type		
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	To	tal
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Assets						
Current and other non-current assets	\$ 138.1	\$ 137.6	\$ 51.0	\$ 47.9	\$ 189.1	\$ 185.5
Capital assets	166.8	160.5	115.7	111.9	282.5	272.4
Total assets	304.9	298.1	166.7	159.8	471.6	457.9
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	6.0	5.6	3.4	4.4	9.4	10.0
Long-term liabilities	18.1	20.6	16.7	10.6	34.8	31.2
Total liabilities	24.1	26.2	20.1	15.0	44.2	41.2
Deferred Inflow of Resources	29.4	26.6			29.4	26.6
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	155.2	147.2	99.9	101.9	255.1	249.1
Restricted	48.4	51.1	-	-	48.4	51.1
Unrestricted	47.8	47.0	46.7	42.9	94.5	89.9
Total net position	\$ 251.4	\$ 245.3	\$ 146.6	\$ 144.8	\$ 398.0	<u>\$ 390.1</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Changes in Net Position - The City's total net position increased by \$7.9 million during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 The table below shows the comparison of changes in net position (in millions) to the prior year:

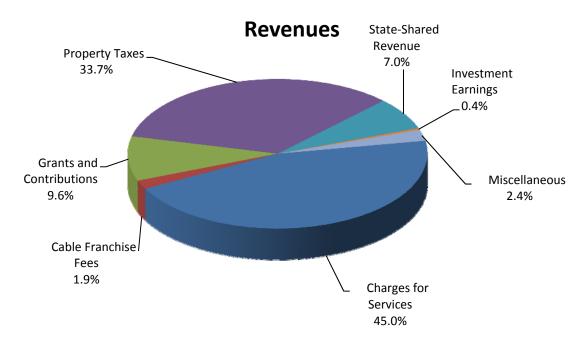
	Govern	ımental							
	Activ	/ities	Business-t	type Activities	То	Total			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Revenue									
Program revenue:									
Charges for services	\$ 5.9	\$ 5.7	\$ 29.6	\$ 29.7	\$ 35.5	\$ 35.4			
Operating grants and									
contributions	5.7	5.0	-	-	5.7	5.0			
Capital grants and									
contributions	1.2	1.6	0.7	1.4	1.9	3.0			
General revenue:									
Property taxes	26.6	26.2	-	-	26.6	26.2			
State-shared revenue	5.5	5.4	-	-	5.5	5.4			
Investment earnings	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4			
Cable franchise fees	1.5	1.4	-	-	1.5	1.4			
Miscellaneous and									
Special Item	1.7	0.9	0.2		1.9	0.9			
Total revenue	48.3	46.5	30.6	31.2	78.9	77.7			
Program Expenses									
General government	3.6	4.5	-	-	3.6	4.5			
Public works	13.2	11.7	-	_	13.2	11.7			
Public safety	18.4	18.6	-	_	18.4	18.6			
Community and economic									
development	0.9	0.9	-	_	0.9	0.9			
Recreation and culture	5.5	4.3	-	_	5.5	4.3			
Interest on long-term debt	0.6	0.8	-	_	0.6	0.8			
Water and sewer			28.8	28.5	28.8	28.5			
Total program expenses	42.2	40.8	28.8	28.5	71.0	69.3			
Change in Net Position	6.1	5.7	1.8	2.7	7.9	8.4			
Net Position - Beginning of year	245.3	239.6	144.8	142.1	390.1	381.7			

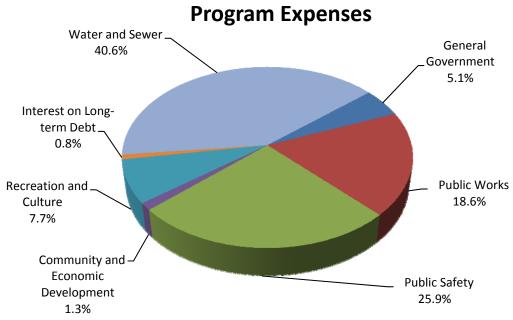
\$ 251.4 \$ 245.3 \$ 146.6 **\$**

Net Position - End of year

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City's revenue for governmental activity exceeded annual expenses by \$6.1 million, resulting in an increase in net position as of December 31, 2014 to \$251.4 million. Annual revenue for business-type activity exceeded expenses by \$1.8 million, resulting in an increase in net position to \$146.6 million. The following graphs illustrate the primary sources of revenue and expenses for the total primary government of the City of Rochester Hills for the year ended December 31, 2014:





Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities - Of the City's total revenue generated for fiscal year 2014, property tax comprises the largest segment, \$26.6 million, or 55.1 percent. Property tax revenue increased from the prior year by \$400,000. Property taxable values increased slightly while bottom line millage rates stayed the same. Of the grants and contributions revenue of \$6.9 million, \$5 million is associated with the State of Michigan Act 51 revenues for the major and local street systems. Much of the remaining revenue is associated with community assistance, contributions, waterway improvements and road system improvements in the amount of \$1.9 million. State-shared revenue is a primary source of revenue for the City of which it received \$5.5 million which is an increase from 2013 of approximately \$150,000.

The majority of governmental expense is associated with the public safety function, which is \$18.4 million, or 43.6 percent of the total governmental activity. Public safety includes building, ordinance enforcement, fire, and contracted police services. Public works expenses were \$13.2 million, or 31.3 percent of the governmental expenses. Public works activity includes roads, drains, forestry, cemetery and pedestrian pathway improvements. Recreation and cultural expenses totaled \$5.5 million, or 13.1 percent that is related to parks, environmental and museum operations as well as youth and senior citizen programs. General government expenses total \$3.6 million, or 8.6 percent.

Business-type Activities - The City's business-type activities are recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. The City provides water and sewer disposal purchased from the City of Detroit to residents. Of the City's charges for service revenue, the majority is generated from charges passed on to residents, which is \$29.6 million. Charges for service are offset by water and sewer operational expenses of \$28.8 million, or 40.6 percent of the City's total expenses, and after capital contributions, the business activity has an increased net change in position of \$1.8 million.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds - An analysis of the City's major funds follows the government-wide financial statements. The fund level financial statements provide detailed information on the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. In addition to state legislative requirements to maintain separate funds for Act 51 major and local street money, the City creates funds to administer dedicated dollars and demonstrate accountability to the citizens for special tax millages voted by citizens and earmarked bond proceeds. The City's major funds for fiscal year 2014 include the General Fund, the Major Road Fund, the Local Street Fund, the Fire Fund, and the Special Police Protection Fund.

The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$30.7 million to \$31.3 million or a total increase of \$600,000. The net increase is a combination of an increase in charges for service, refunds and contribution and an increase in expenditures activity.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Major Road Fund fund's balance decreased from \$15.2 million in 2013 to \$12.9 million in 2014. The total expenditures of \$6.1 million exceeded total revenues of \$4.3 million, or total uses of approximately \$454,000. The capital outlay expenditures in 2014 totaled \$4.2 million due to major road improvements and \$1.9 million was used for preservation, traffic control and winter maintenance.

The Local Street Fund fund's balance decreased from \$6.8 million in 2013 to \$6.7 million in 2014. Local Street's expenditures and transfers out of \$11 million exceeded revenues and transfers in of \$10.9 million, or \$125,000. The capital outlay expenditures in 2014 totaled \$6.8 million due to local road improvements, an increase from prior year of \$4.6 million and \$3.6 million was used for preservation, traffic control and winter maintenance.

The Fire Fund fund's balance increased slightly from \$3.7 million in 2013 to \$4 million in 2014. The revenues exceeded the total expenditures of fire operations by approximately \$315,000.

The Special Police Protection Fund fund's balance increased approximately by \$286,000. The cost of police operations were \$8.6 million and the total revenue was \$9.2 million which included a transfer from General Fund of \$4.7 million.

The capital project funds had a combined capital outlay of approximately \$422,000 in 2014. Fund balance for the capital project funds increased by approximately \$208,000 in 2014.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - The Mayor and City Administration continuously monitor budget performance and the City Council amends the budget to reflect current projections throughout the year.

The 2014 original budgeted revenue projections were \$24.6 million compared to the amended revenue budget of \$26.2 million. There was anticipated increase in state shared revenue (\$173,000), building permits and fees (\$786,000) and a return of OPEB Contributions (\$620,000). At year-end the actual revenue projections were down slightly (\$180,000) due to fewer building permits and fees collected.

The original budgeted expenditure projections including transfers out were \$26.5 million compared to the amended expenditure budget of \$26.2 million. At year-end the actual expenditures projections were less than projected due to overall personnel costs and professional services being less that projected. Overall the amended budget matched closely to the actual expenditures.

At year-end the actual revenues of \$26 million exceeded the actual operation expenditures of \$13.8 million and transfers to other funds of \$11.7 million by approximately \$516,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Asset and Debt Administration - The City of Rochester Hills has \$282.5 million invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, building, fire equipment, operating equipment, water and sewer lines, and infrastructure for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2014. This reflects an increase in net capital assets of \$10.1 million during the year. For detailed information on Capital Assets refer to Note 4.

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total				
		2014	2013		2014		2013		2014		2013	
Land	\$	22.2	\$	21.2	\$	5.0	\$	5.0	\$	27.2	\$	26.2
Construction in progress		-		-		10.8		4.8		10.8		4.8
Right-of-way		48.5		47.2		-		-		48.5		47.2
Infrastructure		68.8		64.6		87.5		89.2		156.3		153.8
Building and land improvements		21.2		22.4		12.1		12.4		33.3		34.8
Vehicles		3.7		3.2		-		-		3.7		3.2
Furniture and equipment		2.4		1.9		0.3		0.5		2.7		2.4
Total	<u>\$</u>	166.8	<u>\$</u>	160.5	<u>\$</u>	115.7	<u>\$</u>	111.9	<u>\$</u>	282.5	<u>\$</u>	272.4

Debt Administration - The City of Rochester Hills debt rating is excellent. Finch Ratings affirmed a rating of AAA for the City. Standard & Poor's recently issued a rating of AAA for the City. The City's total bond indebtedness at December 31, 2014 is \$32.3 million. For detail information on outstanding debt refer to Note 6.

City of Rochester Hills Outstanding Debt (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental						
	Activities						
	2	2014		2013			
Governmental activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$	11.7	\$	13.5			
County contractual obligations		3.8		4.3			
Special assessment bonds		0.5		0.8			
Total governmental activities	\$	16.0	\$	18.6			
Business-type activities - County contractual obligations	\$	16.3	\$	10.3			

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors and New Year's Budget and Rates – The City's taxable value is expected to increase by 2.25 percent for fiscal year 2015 due primarily to improvements in the City's housing market. The City's total millage rate is set at 10.4496 mills for fiscal year 2015, which continues to be one of the lowest millage rates in Oakland County. An increase of 0.5 mills in the Charter approved Fire Millage was approved by the voters on November 4, 2014 and will begin in fiscal year 2015. In addition, a new Police millage rate for up to 2.5 mills, approved by voters in on August 7, 2012, started in fiscal year 2015. This new police millage increase was offset by an equal millage decrease in the General levy, as the General Fund police subsidy was eliminated. Taxes account for 36 percent of governmental fund revenues and 28.9 percent of General Fund revenues in the fiscal year 2015 budget.

Per the 2015 Adopted Budget, the City's Major Road Fund anticipates utilizing an estimated \$7.7 million of fund balance to help support major road preservation, maintenance, and \$7.4 million in capital improvements to the major road system. The Local Street Fund continues to search for dedicated funding sources as City Council and Administration strive to develop a long-term road fund policy that will address future local street needs. The 2015 original adopted budget includes a transfer of approximately \$6.1 million from the General Fund and \$388,000 from the Major Road Fund will help support local street preservation, maintenance, and \$5.4 million in reconstruction activities. The Fire Fund's fund balance is anticipated to be unchanged in fiscal year 2015. The Special Police Fund's fund balance is anticipated to be unchanged in fiscal year 2015 as the new voter approved millage begins and the General Fund subsidy ends.

Capital projects for governmental-type funds totaling \$15.9 million for fiscal year 2015 include major roads, local streets, pathways, and fire-related capital equipment replacements.

In keeping with the uncertain economic environment, the fiscal year 2015 budget continues to keep operating expenditures in line with operating revenue streams by redesigning service delivery systems and reducing costs, including city-wide personnel costs. The City was able to comfortably reintroduce modest capital improvements with funds maintained in reserve.

Contacting the City's Management - This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information, should be addressed to the City of Rochester Hills, Accounting Division, 1000 Rochester Hills Drive, Rochester Hills, MI 48309.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

	Governmental Business-type				Compone			
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	39,176,235	\$	10,998,124	\$	50,174,359	\$	1,794,605
Investments (Note 3)		79,490,674		32,922,514		112,413,188		2,989,155
Receivables - Net:								
Property tax		15,969,581		-		15,969,581		-
Customers		728,514		5,874,519		6,603,033		65,537
Accrued interest		94,699		30,686		125,385		1,986
Due from other governmental units		2,050,713		18,242		2,068,955		894,103
Inventories		72,380		96,330		168,710		-
Long-term receivables		42,453		383,363		425,816		-
Net OPEB asset (Note 10)		40,284		6,517		46,801		-
Other assets		451,224		24,269		475,493		286,935
Restricted assets (Note 7)		-		707,950		707,950		-
Nondepreciable capital assets (Note 4)		70,735,703		15,769,749		86,505,452		3,070,244
Depreciable capital assets - Net (Note 4)		96,039,131	_	99,819,952	_	195,859,083	_	13,796,654
Total assets		304,891,591		166,652,215		471,543,806		22,899,219
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		3,079,065		3,089,619		6,168,684		106,694
Retainage payable		60,299		2,500		62,799		-
Accrued and other liabilities		984,234		225,908		1,210,142		123,933
Deposits and escrows		1,391,389		102,410		1,493,799		_
Unearned revenue		530,019		-		530,019		555,054
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 6):								
Due within one year - Debt		2,630,000		576,747		3,206,747		_
Due in more than one year - Debt		13,648,087		15,786,680		29,434,767		-
Due within one year - Capital lease		19,722		-		19,722		78,413
Due in more than one year - Capital lease		47,369		-		47,369		655,204
Due within one year - Other noncurrent liabilities		1,179,395		63,123		1,242,518		41,233
Due in more than one year - Other noncurrent liabilities		461,904	_	236,054	_	697,958		48,568
Total liabilities	_	24,031,483		20,083,041	_	44,114,524	_	1,609,099
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property taxes levied for subsequent year's budget		29,425,443			_	29,425,443		779,129
Total deferred inflows of resources		29,425,443	_		_	29,425,443		779,129
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		155,196,747		99,934,224		255,130,971		16,097,926
Restricted:		100,100,7		33,33 .,== .		200,200,07.1		10,037,320
Streets and highways		19,606,847		_		19,606,847		_
Dedicated millages		13,779,060		_		13,779,060		_
Debt service		1,909,301		_		1,909,301		_
Capital projects		10,270,228		_		10,270,228		_
Tree preservation		1,608,997		_		1,608,997		_
Cemetery Trust (Expendable)		219,109		_		219,109		_
Cemetery Trust (Experidable) Cemetery Trust (Non-expendable)		1,073,870		-		1,073,870		_
Unrestricted				_		-,075,070		4,614
	_	47 770 741	_	46.626.22	_	04.405.555	_	
Total net position	\$	47,770,506	\$	46,634,950	\$	94,405,456	<u>Ş</u>	4,408,451

		Program Revenues					
		-		Oı	perating Grants	Ca	pital Grants
		Charges for		and			and
	 Expenses		Services		Contributions	Co	ntributions
Functions/Programs							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,597,085	\$	364,640	\$	120,656	\$	-
Public works	13,234,754		403,736		5,256,594		1,176,625
Public safety	18,429,217		4,154,668		41,387		-
Community and economic development	906,554		48,729		209,233		-
Recreation and culture	5,532,795		843,349		72,094		-
Interest on long-term debt	 556,891		-				-
Total governmental activities	42,257,296		5,815,122		5,699,964		1,176,625
Business-type activities:							
Sewer	13,384,146		13,887,432		-		569,024
Water	 15,465,324		<u>15,735,100</u>				167,760
Total business-type activities	 28,849,470		29,622,532		-		736,784
Total primary government	\$ 71,106,766	\$	35,437,654	\$	5,699,964	<u>\$</u>	1,913,409
Component units:							
Local Development Finance Authority	\$ 392,439	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Economic Development Corporation	280		-		-		-
Automation Alley SmartZone Authority	100,000		-		-		-
Rochester Hills Museum Foundation	20		-		10,000		-
Rochester-Avon Recreation Authority	2,070,587		1,494,312		-		-
Older Persons' Commission	 4,565,302		1,278,731		1,171,780		35,339
Total component units	\$ 7,128,628	\$	2,773,043	\$	1,181,780	\$	35,339

General revenues:

Property taxes

Intergovernmental revenue

State-shared revenues

Unrestricted investment earnings

Unrestricted cable franchise fees

Miscellaneous

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Total general revenues

Contribution to permanent fund-principal

Special item-Refund/Return of OPEB Contributions (Note 10)

Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of year

Net Position - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2014

Net (E	xpense)	Revenue and	Changes in	Net Assets
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	Р	rimary Government			
_	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities		Total	Component Units
\$	(3,111,789)	\$ -	\$	(3,111,789)	\$ -
	(6,397,799)	-		(6,397,799)	-
	(14,233,162)	-		(14,233,162)	-
	(648,592)	-		(648,592)	-
	(4,617,352)	-		(4,617,352)	-
	(556,891)			(556,891)	
	(29,565,585)	-		(29,565,585)	-
	_	1,072,310		1,072,310	_
	<u>-</u>	437,536		437,536	-
_		1,509,846	_	1,509,846	
_		1,303,010		1,303,010	
	(29,565,585)	1,509,846		(28,055,739)	-
\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$ (392,439)
~	<u>-</u>	-	Ψ	_	(280)
	_	-		_	(100,000)
	-	-		_	9,980
	-	-		-	(576,275)
	-	-		-	(2,079,452)
	-	-		-	(3,138,466)
	26,609,298			26,609,298	684,055
	20,003,238	_		20,003,238	2,189,534
	5,520,914	-		5,520,914	-
	234,752	108,464		343,216	12,021
	1,525,713	-		1,525,713	-
	644,405	-		644,405	100,148
_	282,906			282,906	
_	34,817,988	108,464	_	34,926,452	2,985,758
	42,132	-		42,132	-
	801,280	164,418		965,698	-
_	14,500	(14,500)			
	6,110,315	1,768,228		7,878,543	(152,708)
_	245,324,350	144,800,946	_	390,125,296	20,663,699
\$	251,434,665	\$ 146,569,174	\$	398,003,839	\$ 20,510,991

	G	eneral Fund	Major	r Road Fund	Loca	l Street Fund
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,535,895	\$	1,924,881	\$	3,302,323
Investments		29,976,704		11,243,327		4,494,829
Receivables: Property tax		2 245 622		_		1 207 220
State of Michigan		3,245,623 960,305		733,020		1,387,338 268,078
Oakland County		89,310		755,020		200,070
Accounts		482,550		11,738		22,458
Interest and other		38,170		15,232		4,102
Inventories		-		· -		72,383
Long-term receivables		-		-		697
Otherassets		49,143		2,358		6,234
Total assets	\$	40,377,700	\$	13,930,556	\$	9,558,442
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balance						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	178,843	\$	823,961	\$	154,842
Retainages payable		-		7,427		45,810
Accrued wages		374,777		29,870		42,402
Deposits and escrows		1,068,434		-		5,000
Unearned revenue		482,380		-		-
Other liabilities		22,733		-		385
Total liabilities		2,127,167		861,258		248,439
Deferred inflows of resources						
Property taxes levied for subsequent						
year's budget		5,979,199				2 555 042
Unavailable revenue-not collected within		3,373,133		-		2,555,043
the period of availability		1 012 750		164,196		53,215
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,013,750 6,992,949	-	164,196	-	2,608,258
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						72 202
Inventory		-		-		72,383
Permanent Fund Principal-Cemetery Restricted		-		-		-
Road construction and maintenance		_		12,905,102		6,629,362
Fire service		_		12,505,102		0,023,302
Police protection						
Pathway operations and maintenance		_		_		-
Drain improvements		_		_		-
Tree conservation and maintenance		-		-		-
Green space preservation		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-
Pathway construction		-		-		-
Fire vehicles and equipment		-		-		-
Cemetery Trust		-		-		-
Committed						
Budget stabilization		1,000,000		-		-
Assigned						
Subsequent year's budget		4,313,480		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-
Unassigned		25,944,104				
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflow of		31,257,584		12,905,102		6,701,745
resources and fund balances	\$	40,377,700	\$	13,930,556	\$	9,558,442
. II I Silved and rand parameter	<u></u>	.5,5,7,7,00	<u>*</u>		<u>*</u>	J,JJU,-12

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

	Special Police	Nonmajor	Total Governmental
Fire Fund	Protection Fund	Governmental Funds	Funds
\$ 5,299,994 2,748,278	\$ 5,931,993 998,278	\$ 10,813,760 18,639,643	\$ 32,808,846 68,101,059
2,740,276	338,278	18,033,043	08,101,039
4,458,922	4,734,455	2,143,244	15,969,582
-	-	-	1,961,403
-	-	-	89,310
2,851 4,659	121,791 572	10,735 22,654	652,123 85,389
-	-	-	72,383
-	-	41,756	42,453
14,081	28	5,286	77,130
\$ 12,528,785	\$ 11,787,117	\$ 31,677,078	\$ 119,859,678
\$ 55,353	\$ 1,454,005	\$ 87,898	\$ 2,754,902
226,696	-	10,153	53,237 683,898
-	_	317,955	1,391,389
-	47,639	-	530,019
2,126	1,313	1,051	27,608
284,175	1,502,957	417,057	5,441,053
8,212,640	8,719,998	3,958,563	29,425,443
1,151	6,899	44,928	1,284,139
8,213,791	8,726,897	4,003,491	30,709,582
-	-	-	72,383
-	-	1,073,870	1,073,870
_	_	_	19,534,464
4,030,819	-	-	4,030,819
		100 630	100 630
-	-	100,630 2,299,054	100,630 2,299,054
-	-	1,608,997	1,608,997
-	-	5,791,294	5,791,294
-	-	1,909,301	1,909,301
-	-	1,532,249	1,532,249
-	-	8,737,979	8,737,979
-	-	219,109	219,109
-	-	-	1,000,000
-	-	-	4,313,480
-	-	3,984,047	3,984,047
			25,944,104
4,030,819	1,557,263	27,256,530	83,709,043
\$ 12,528,785	\$ 11,787,117	\$ 31,677,078	\$ 119,859,678



innovative by nature

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances to Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 83,709,043
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	126,795,799
Net OPEB assets are not available resources to pay current year expenditures	40,284
Special assessment receivables are not available to pay current year expenditures	42,453
Certain other receivables are expected to be collected over several years and are not available to pay for current year expenditures	1,241,686
Accrued interest in governmental activities are not reported in the funds	(134,414)
Amortization of bond premiums are not reported in the funds	(235,143)
Compensated absences in governmental activities are not reported in the funds	(1,434,341)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable	(14,310,000)
Internal Service Funds are included as part of governmental activities	 55,719,298
Net Position of Government Activities	\$ 251,434,665

	 General Fund	Major Road Fund	Local Street Fund
Revenue			
Property taxes	\$ 10,821,980	\$ -	\$ 2,498,857
Licenses and permits	2,676,333	-	25,675
Intergovernmental:			
State grants	5,496,518	3,673,872	1,379,738
Federal grants	171,341	1,200	-
Other governmental revenues	-	300,000	-
Charges for services	5,959,407	225,876	153,045
Fines and forfeitures	2,626	-	-
Investment earnings	71,247	31,491	12,905
Special assessments	-	-	13,777
Sale of assets	-	-	-
Refunds and other revenue	 186,327	25,682	80,440
Total revenue	25,385,779	4,258,121	4,164,437
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	6,940,068	-	-
Public works	882,370	-	-
Public safety	2,493,767	-	-
Community and economic development	815,104	-	-
Streets	-	1,935,892	3,586,070
Recreation and culture	2,677,689	-	-
Capital outlay	-	4,178,591	6,800,253
Debt service	 -	<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	13,808,998	6,114,483	10,386,323
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	11,576,781	(1,856,362)	(6,221,886)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	6,240	296,318	6,723,170
Transfers out	 (11,688,898)	(750,000)	(627,240)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,682,658)	(453,682)	6,095,930
Special item-Refund/Return of OPEB Contribution	 622,258		
Net Change in Fund Balance	516,381	(2,310,044)	(125,956)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	 30,741,203	15,215,146	6,827,701
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 31,257,584	\$ 12,905,102	\$ 6,701,745

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Special Police	Nonmajor	Total Governmental
Fire Fund		Protection Fund	Governmental Funds	Funds
\$ 5,821	L,722	\$ 3,595,406	\$ 3,871,333	\$ 26,609,298
	5,229	-	<u>-</u>	2,708,237
	-	41,387	-	10,591,515
	-	-	64,524	237,065
	-	292,815	-	592,815
1,560),512	163,037	138,967	8,200,844
3	3,057	395,928	-	401,611
14	1,702	6,121	68,250	204,716
	-	-	24,696	38,473
	-	-	149,151	149,151
	1,215	9,742	96,509	402,915
7,410	0.437	4,504,436	4,413,430	50,136,640
7,120	,,	.,55 ., .55	., . 23, . 33	33,233,313
	-	-	-	6,940,068
	-	-	834,240	1,716,610
7,128	3,289	8,602,786	-	18,224,842
	-	-	-	815,104
	-	-	-	5,521,962
	-	-	1,580,767	4,258,456
	-	-	1,468,912	12,447,756
			2,819,784	2,819,784
7,128	3,289	8,602,786	6,703,703	52,744,582
282	2,148	(4,098,350)	(2,290,273)	(2,607,942)
	_	4,714,610	2,017,330	13,757,668
(145	5,860)	(329,795)	(374,720)	(13,916,513)
	<u>· </u>			
(14	5,860)	4,384,815	1,642,610	(158,845)
(145	,,,,,,,,,,	4,304,013	1,042,010	(130,043)
179	9,022			801,280
315	5,310	286,465	(647,663)	(1,965,507)
3,715		1,270,798	27,904,193	85,674,550
\$ 4,030),81 <u>9</u>	\$ 1,557,263	\$ 27,256,530	\$ 83,709,043

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,965,507)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expenses Disposal of capital assets	12,346,628 (6,941,949) (179,307)
The donation of capital assets is not considered a current financial resource and is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds	623,718
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is set; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end	(38,472)
Revenue reported in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources and is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds	60,311
Accrued interest payable is recorded when due in governmental funds; in addition, bond issuance costs are amortized during the life of the bond	62,356
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	2,280,000
The change in accumulated employee annual leave and vacation pay, as well as estimated general liability are recorded when earned in the statement of activities	(61,683)
The change in the net OPEB obligation is not included in governmental funds	(717)
Internal Service Funds are also included as governmental activities	(75,063)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,110,315

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Enterprise Fund -			Internal Service		
	Water and Sewer Fund			Funds		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,998,124	\$	6,367,389		
Investments		32,922,514		11,389,615		
Receivables:						
Due from Federal Government		8,242		-		
Due from State of Michigan		10,000		-		
Accounts		5,874,519		-		
Accrued interest		30,686		9,309		
Inventories		96,330		-		
Net OPEB asset		6,517		-		
Prepaid costs and other assets	-	24,269	_	450,484		
Total current assets		49,971,201		18,216,797		
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets - Assets held at the County		707,950		-		
Capital assets - Net		115,589,701		39,979,035		
Long-term receivable		383,363		-		
Total assets		166,652,215		58,195,832		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		3,089,619		324,163		
Retainages payable		2,500		7,062		
Accrued wages		131,331		92,284		
Accrued vacation		147,754		143,065		
Accrued annual leave		88,300		54,764		
Deposits and escrows		102,410		-		
Accrued and other liabilities		-		71,738		
Payable related to debt and capital lease obligations:		576747		205.000		
Current portion of debt obligations		576,747		285,000		
Current portion of capital lease obligations Accrued interest		-		19,722		
Accrued interest		94,577		11,367		
Total current liabilities		4,233,238		1,009,165		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Long-term debt-net current portion		15,786,680		1,467,369		
Other non-current liabilities		63,123				
Total noncurrent liabilites		15,849,803		1,467,369		
Total liabilities		20,083,041		2,476,534		
Net Position						
Net Investment in capital assets		99,934,224		38,226,666		
Unrestricted		46,634,950		17,492,632		
Total net position	\$	146,569,174	\$	55,719,298		

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Enterprise Fund - Water	Internal Service
	and Sewer Fund	Fund
Operating Revenue		
Charges for service Other charges for services	29,610,232 12,300	6,976,414 460,709
Total operating revenue	29,622,532	7,437,123
Operating Expenses		
Cost of water produced/purchased	9,445,742	-
Cost of sewage treatment	8,299,195	-
Salaries and wages	3,042,346	2,267,449
Professional services	3,669,614	1,755,289
Public utilities	-	585,942
Material and supplies	306,318	225,037
Repairs and maintenance	55,972	1,002,427
Rentals	6,291	7,396
Depreciation and amortization	3,867,622	2,251,024
Total operating expenses	28,693,100	8,094,564
Operating Income (Loss)	929,432	(657,441)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		
Investment income	108,464	36,899
Interest expense	(147,737)	(37,575)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(8,633)	198,735
Total nonoperating revenue	(47,906)	198,059
Income (Loss) - Before contributions and transfers	881,526	(459,382)
Capital Contributions		
Federal grant	15,855	5,591
Capital and lateral charges	360,230	-
Other capital contributions	360,699	205,383
Total capital contributions	736,784	210,974
Transfers		
Transfers in	-	891,885
Transfers out	(14,500)	(718,540)
Total transfers	(14,500)	173,345
Special item-Refund/Return of OPEB Contributions	164,418	-
Change in Net Position	1,768,228	(75,063)
Net Position - Beginning of year	144,800,946	55,794,361
Net Position - End of year	\$ 146,569,174	\$ 55,719,298

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Ent	erprise - Water	Int	ernal Service
		and Sewer		Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers	\$	29,965,804	\$	6,907,283
Cash payments for goods and services	•	(22,815,482)	·	(3,648,130)
Cash payments to employees		(3,026,669)		(2,250,525)
Other operating revenue		12,300		460,709
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,135,953		1,469,337
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers in from other funds		-		844,955
Transfers out to other funds		(14,500)		(718,540)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		(14,500)		126,415
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Payment for capital acquisitions		(825,935)		(2,711,065)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,007		206,578
Principal payments		(523,198)		(308,949)
Interest paid		(260,234)		(43,002)
Federal grants		15,855		5,591
Capital contributions		62,660		205,383
Collection of capital and lateral charges		360,230		-
Transfer in from other funds		-		46,930
Special item		164,418	_	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(1,000,197)		(2,598,534)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investment securities		(33,922,302)		(11,891,501)
Proceeds from maturities of investment securities		28,627,548		12,592,240
Receipts of interest and dividends		86,992		37,818
Net cash used in investing activities		(5,207,762)		738,557
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,086,506)		(264,225)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1, 2014		13,084,630		6,631,614
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31, 2014	\$	10,998,124	\$	6,367,389

(Continued on next page)

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Enterprise - Water and Sewer		Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$	929,432	\$	(657,441)
Depreciation expense Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease in other assets Increase in inventories Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued expenses Increase in accrued wages, vacation, and annual leave		3,867,622 366,082 6,399 (32,062) (1,006,687) 15,677		2,251,024 (69,131) 38,539 - 7,855 16,924
Decrease in other liabilities Total adjustments		(10,510) 3,206,521	_	(118,433) 2,126,778
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,135,953	\$	1,469,337

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities - During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Water and Sewer Fund received \$360,699 of lines donated by developers. In addition, Oakland County constructed \$6.6 million of sewer lines for the Oakland Macomb Interceptor project and the City incurred long term debt of \$6.6 million. The Water and Sewer Fund recognized \$2,441 of unrealized gain in the market value of securities while the Internal Service funds recognized a \$3,813 unrealized loss in the market value of securities.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

	Retire	ee Health Care			
	Be	enefit Trust	Agency Funds		
Assets					
Cash	\$	65,883	\$	3,297,928	
Investments - Mutual funds		1,962,100			
Total assets		2,027,983	\$	3,297,928	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	3,940	
Due to other governments		-		3,158,408	
Accrued and other liabilities		364		135,580	
Total liabilities		364	\$	3,297,928	
Net Position - Held in trust for benefits	\$	2,027,619			

Fiduciary Funds and Trust Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Retiree Health Care			
	Benefit Trust			
Additions				
Investment income	\$	86,520		
Contributions				
Total additions		86,520		
Deductions				
Benefit payments and other expenses		116,799		
Refund of contributions		965,698		
Total deductions		1,082,497		
Net Change in Net Position		(995,977)		
Net Position - Beginning of year		3,023,596		
Net Position - End of year	\$	2,027,619		

Component Units Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

	Local Development Finance Authority		t Economic Development Corporation		Automation Alley t SmartZone Authority		Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		Rochester Hills Museum Foundation		Rochester- Avon Recreation Authority		Older Persons' Commission	Total
Assets			_		_		_		_		_			
Cash and investments	\$	2,959,724	\$	1,190	\$	93,869	\$, -	\$	9,996	\$	485,445	\$ 912,793	\$ 4,783,760
Due from other governmental units Receivables - Accrued interest and other		741,360		-		-		37,769		-		1,000	113,974 27,362	894,103 67,523
Prepaid costs and other assets		1,695 1,521		-		-		-		-		38,466 115,117	170,297	286,935
Capital assets		1,321		-		-		-		-		1,941,575	14,925,323	16,866,898
Capital assets	_			<u> </u>	_		-		_		_	1,941,575	14,923,323	10,000,090
Total assets		3,704,300		1,190		93,869		358,512		9,996		2,581,603	16,149,749	22,899,219
Liabilities														
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-		21,003	85,691	106,694
Accrued and other liabilities		2,557		-		-		-		-		26,850	94,526	123,933
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		308,589	246,465	555,054
Noncurrent liabilities:														
Due within one year - Capital lease		-		-		-		-		-		78,413	-	78,413
Due in more than one year - Capital lease		-		-		-		-		-		655,204	-	655,204
Due within one year - Other noncurrent														
liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		5,760	35,473	41,233
Due in more than one year - Other														
noncurrent liabilities	_	2,910		-	_	-	_	-	_	-		29,807	15,851	48,568
Total liabilities	_	5,467			_		_		_		_	1,125,626	478,006	1,609,099
Deferred inflows of resources														
Property taxes levied for subsequent														
year's budget		741,360						37,769						779,129
, ,	_				_		-		_					
Total deferred inflows of resources		741,360		-		-		37,769		-		-	-	779,129
Net Position														
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		1,172,603	14,925,323	16,097,926
Restricted														
Donations for "Acts of Kindness"		-		-		-		-		-		-	4,614	4,614
Unrestricted		2,957,473		1,190		93,869		320,743		9,996		283,374	741,806	4,408,451
Total net position	\$	2,957,473	\$	1,190	\$	93,869	\$	320,743	\$	9,996	\$	1,455,977	\$ 15,671,743	\$ 20,510,991

			Program Revenues					
			Charges for	Operating Grants/			Capital Grants/	
	Ε	xpenses	Services		•		Contributions	
Local Development Finance Authority - Public service	\$	392,439	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Economic Development Corporation - Community								
and economic development		280	-		-		-	
Automation Alley SmartZone Authority - Public service		100,000	-		-		-	
Rochester Hills Museum Foundation - Recreation								
and culture		20	_		10,000		-	
Rochester-Avon Recreation Authority - Recreation								
and culture		2,070,587	1,494,312		-		-	
Older Persons' Commission - Recreation and culture		4,565,302	1,278,731	_	1,171,780	_	35,339	
Total governmental activities	\$	7,128,628	\$ 2,773,043	\$	1,181,780	\$	35,339	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Intergovernmental revenue

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of year

Net Position - End of year

Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2014

				N	et (Expen	se)	Revenue and	Chan	ges in N	let P	osition				
	Local			Aut	tomation			Roo	chester	Ro	chester-				
De	velopment	Econor	mic		Alley		Brownfield	H	Hills		Avon		Older		
	Finance	Develop	ment	Sm	artZone	Re	edevelopment	Mι	iseum	Re	creation	F	Persons'		
	Authority	Corpora	tion	Αι	uthority	_	Authority	Four	ndation	Α	uthority	Co	mmission		Total
\$	(392,439)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(392,439)
	-		(280)		-		-		-		-		-		(280)
	-		-		(100,000)		-		-		-		-		(100,000)
	-		-		-		-		9,980		-		-		9,980
	-		-		-		-		-		(576,275)		-		(576,275)
_						_	<u> </u>						(2,079,452)	_	(2,079,452)
\$	(392,439)	\$	<u>(280</u>)	\$	(100,000)	\$		\$	9,980	\$	<u>(576,275</u>)	\$	(2,079,452)	\$	(3,138,466)
	647,440						26.615								684,055
	647,440		-		-		36,615 -		-		664,464		1,525,070		2,189,534
	6,602		3		142		616		16		640		4,002		12,021
	-						_				11,759		88,389		100,148
	654,042		3		142		37,231		16		676,863		1,617,461		2,985,758
_	261,603		<u>(277</u>)		(99,858)	_	37,231		9,996	_	100,588		(461,991)		(152,708)
\$	2,695,870	\$ 1	,467	\$	193,727	\$	283,512	\$	_	\$:	L,355,389	\$	16,133,734	\$	20,663,699



innovative by nature

Notes to Financial Section



innovative by nature

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan:

Reporting Entity

The City of Rochester Hills, Michigan is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected seven-member council. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (fire protection and contracted police service), street maintenance, water and wastewater distribution, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Units - The Rochester Hills Building Authority is governed by a fivemember board that is appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to finance and construct the City's public facilities.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The following component units are reported within the component unit column in the government-wide financial statements. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

a. The Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA) is governed by a 13-member board, of which seven members are appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council while the other six members are appointed by the legislative bodies of other taxing authorities. The LDFA was created to provide a means for financing infrastructure improvements within a certain area of the City on behalf of the City and other entities. The City has the ability to impose its will upon LDFA. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget for LDFA and LDFA is presented as a government fund type. There are no modifications needed to reflect the full accrual basis of reporting for the LDFA. The financial statements presented on pages 29 through 31 also reflect the LDFA's modified accrual basis of reporting. No separate financial statements are issued for the LDFA.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- b. The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) is governed by a 9-member board, appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The EDC was created to provide a means and method for encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving, or expanding within the City. The City of Rochester Hills, Michigan has the ability to impose its will upon the EDC. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget for EDC and EDC is presented as a government fund type. There are no modifications needed to reflect the full accrual basis of reporting for the EDC. The financial statements presented on pages 29 through 31 also reflect the EDC's modified accrual basis of reporting. No separate financial statements are issued for the EDC.
- c. The Automation Alley SmartZone Authority is governed by a 13-member board, of which seven members are appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council while the other six members are appointed by the legislative bodies of other taxing authorities. The Automation Alley SmartZone Authority was created to foster new economic growth and development by establishing clusters of technology companies. The program also seeks to develop relationships between these businesses and universities by providing businesses resources and accessibility to university facilities for the purpose of commercializing research. The City of Rochester Hills has the ability to impose its will upon the Automation Alley SmartZone and the City Council sets the annual budget for the SmartZone. There were no modifications needed to reflect the full accrual basis of reporting. The financial statements presented on pages 29 through 31 also reflect the SmartZone Authority's modified accrual basis of reporting. No separate financial statements are issued for the SmartZone Authority.
- d. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (the "Brownfield Authority") was created, pursuant to Public Act 381 of 1996, to promote revitalization of environmentally distressed areas within the 32.2 square mile boundary of the City. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority is governed by a seven-member board, appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on the Brownfield Authority. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget for the Brownfield Authority. There are no modifications needed to reflect the full accrual basis of reporting for the Brownfield Authority. The financial statements presented on pages 29 through 31 also reflect the Brownfield Authority's modified accrual basis of reporting. No separate financial statements are issued for the Brownfield Authority.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- The Rochester Hills Museum Foundation was organized in 2014 as a 501(c)3 tax e. exempt organization and will receive and administer funds to promote and assist in the development of the Museum's educational activities and programs including the development of broad public, private and volunteer support to make the Museum's resources more accessible to the public and promote historic preservation in Rochester Hills and the surrounding area. The Foundation is governed by a nine member board. Six of the Board Members will be at-large members and shall be appointed by the City Council. At least two of the at-large Board Members shall be residents of the City of Rochester Hills. The Mayor will nominate three of the six at-large Board Members to be confirmed by the City Council and the City Council shall nominate and appoint three of the six at-large members. The remaining Board Members are ex-officio members. The City Council sets the annual budget for the Rochester Hills Museum Foundation. The financial statements presented on pages 29 and 31 also reflect the Rochester Hills Museum Foundation's modified accrual basis of report. No separate financial statements are issued for the Rochester Hills Museum Foundation.
- f. The Rochester-Avon Recreation Authority (R.A.R.A.) was organized in 1971 for the purpose of providing extensive and varied recreational programs for residents residing within the jurisdiction of the participating governmental organizations. Along with the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan, which is 43% of participating members, City of Rochester (29%), Rochester Community School District (14%) and Avondale School District (14%) are also member units of the R.A.R.A.

The governing body of the R.A.R.A. consists of a total of 7 members that include one Council member and two Council-appointed residents from the City of Rochester Hills, one Council member and one Council-appointed resident from City of Rochester, one Board-appointed member from the Rochester Community Schools and one Board-appointed member from the Avondale School District. There is a financial benefit/burden relationship between R.A.R.A. and the City of Rochester Hills. R.A.R.A.'s financial statements can be obtained from its administrative offices at 500 East Second Street, Rochester, MI.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

g. The Older Persons' Commission (O.P.C.) was organized in 1983 for the purpose of providing activities and services for older persons residing within the jurisdiction of the participating governmental organizations. Along with the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan, which is a 65% participating member, Oakland Township (23%) and the City of Rochester (12%) are also member units of the O.P.C.

The governing body of the O.P.C. consists of a total of 8 members including two City Council members and two Council-appointed older persons from the City of Rochester Hills, one City Council member, and one Council-appointed older person from the City of Rochester, and one Board Member and one Board-appointed older person from Oakland Township. There is a financial benefit/burden relationship between O.P.C. and the City of Rochester Hills. O.P.C.'s financial statements can be obtained from its administrative offices at 650 Letica Dr., Rochester, MI.

Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the Paint Creek Trailways Commission, which was organized in 1981 for the purposes of owning, developing, maintaining, and otherwise operating certain non-motorized public trails within the jurisdiction of the participating governmental organizations. The participating communities, which include Orion Township (23 percent), City of Rochester (22 percent), City of Rochester Hills (24 percent), and Oakland Township (31 percent), provide annual funding for its operations. During the current fiscal year, the City contributed \$18,673 for its operations. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. The City does not have an equity interest in the joint venture. Complete financial statements for the Paint Creek Trailways Commission can be obtained from the administrative offices at 4393 Collins Road, Rochester, MI 48306.

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives – the government wide perspective, and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The government wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. The City's property taxes are levied on each December 1. The City's 2013 tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2013 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended December 31, 2014, which is the year for which it was levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to a modified accrual based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment that is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for licensing, permits, or services; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activities has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's Water and Sewer Fund and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the Enterprise Fund are reported separately in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The City accounts for its various different activities in several different funds, in order to demonstrate accountability for how we have spent certain resources. Separate funds allow us to show the particular expenditures that specific revenues were used for. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds and permanent funds. The City reports the following funds as "major" governmental funds:

- a. The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Major Road Fund accounts for the State of Michigan Public Act 51 monies that are used to construct and maintain the major road system.
- c. The Local Street Fund accounts for the State of Michigan Public Act 51 monies and special millage, spread by the City, that are used to construct and maintain the local street system.
- d. The Fire Fund accounts for all revenue and expenditures for citywide fire operations, including millage collection.
- e. The Special Police Protection Fund accounts for the special millage for City police protection contracted with Oakland County.

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds, (which provide goods and services to users in exchange for charges or fees) and internal service funds (which provide goods or services to other funds of the City). The City reports the Water and Sewer Fund as a "major" enterprise fund. The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the cost of maintenance and operations for water and sewer provided to City residents and businesses that is financed primarily through user charges.

The City's internal service funds accounts for the costs of operating and maintaining the land, building, machinery, equipment, technology, vehicles and insurance and used to allocate costs to the various funds on a full accrual basis, so that the full costs are recognized and allocated to the various funds in the year that the costs are incurred.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts will not be used to operate our government's programs. Activities that are reported as fiduciary include:

- a. Retiree Health Care Trust Fund which accumulates resources for the postemployment employee health care benefit program.
- b. Trust and Agency Fund accounts for advance payments and delinquent taxes.
- c. Tax Collection Fund which collects taxes on behalf of all the taxing authorities (State, County, School Districts, City and smaller authorities) and remits the taxes to each authority.
- d. Payroll Fund which accounts for payroll activities.

Interfund activity: During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. If applicable, any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activity (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activity column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in the business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfer in the business-type activities column.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the government has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as annual leave and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues are not recognized until they are collected, or collected soon enough after the end of the year that they are available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the City considers accounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, special assessments and federal grant reimbursements will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a "deferred inflow."

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income from pooled investments is generally allocated to each fund using a weighted average.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets - Assets have been restricted in the primary government, as they represent the assets held by Oakland County to be applied against future payment obligations of the City. See Note 7 for additional discussion.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, water and sewer mains, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Interest included during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of assets constructed. During the current year \$88,469 of interest expense was capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction.

Infrastructure, intangibles, buildings, equipment and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Roads	20 years
Drainage flow rights	40 years
Water and sewer distribution systems	50 years
Buildings	50 years
Land improvements	10 to 15 years
Building improvements	10 years
Other tools and equipment	5 to 10 years
Vehicles	5 to 12 years
Office furnishings	3 to 5 years

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Annual Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and annual leave pay benefits. Historically, these benefits have been liquidated by the General Fund or other operating funds to which each employee is assigned. All vacation and annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year-end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective-interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances as an "other financing source," as well as bond premiums and discounts. The debt service funds are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – During 2014 the City had no deferred outflows that qualified to be reported in the deferred outflow category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of items that arise under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. One item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues not collected within the period of availability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Both the governmental funds and governmental activities report deferred inflow for property taxes levied for the next year's budget.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted — net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider unrestricted — net position to have been depleted before restricted — net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider all categories of unrestricted fund balance to have been depleted before using restricted fund balance. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the City's policy to spend funds in this order: unassigned, assigned and committed.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed fund balance represents funds formally set aside by resolution of the City Council for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds can only be rescinded by resolution of the City Council.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Assigned fund balance represents the City Council's intent to use resources for an intended purpose; the approval for using assigned fund balance is done through the budget process.

The City Council has adopted, by ordinance, a Budget Stabilization Fund in which the City Council may at its discretion set aside all or any part of a surplus generated in General Fund resulting from the excess of revenue in comparison to expenditures. An appropriation from the Budget Stabilization Fund would require an approved resolution by a two-thirds vote of the City Council. Per ordinance, the Stabilization Appropriation may be used for the following conditions: to cover a General Fund deficit, to cover expense arising from a natural disaster or to prevent a reduction of staff any time in a fiscal year or during the budget preparations for the next fiscal year when revenues or estimated revenues do not cover actual or estimated expenditures.

To preserve a sound financial system and to provide a stable financial base, the City Council adopted a Fund Balance Policy. At a minimum, the fund balance of General Fund and Special Revenue Funds will be maintained at twenty percent of operating revenues. The City Council's Fund Balance Policy included that fund equity of Internal Service Funds will be maintained at a minimum of twenty percent of operating revenues and the Water and Sewer Fund's unrestricted net position be maintained at a minimum of twenty five percent of operating revenue. Funds with a special purpose (Debt Service, Perpetual Care, Tree Fund, Green Space Preservation and Capital Funds) are exempted from this policy due to the nature of their individual function.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on each December 1 based on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time they are added to the County tax roll and additional penalties and interest are assessed.

The City's 2013 tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2013 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended December 31, 2014, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The 2013 taxable valuation of the City totaled approximately \$3 billion on which taxes are levied as follows:

Function	Mills	Dollars
General operating purposes	3.6222 \$	10,181,264
Local Streets	0.8400	2,488,840
Fire operating services	1.9564	5,797,108
Police protection services	1.2083	3,580,195
OPC operating and transportation	0.3294	975,822
R.A.R.A. operating	0.1950	577,697
Pathway maintenance	0.1858	550,434
Debt service	0.2894	868,324
Green space preservation	0.2972	880,537

These amounts are recognized in the respective General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds financial statements as tax revenue. In addition, the City acts as the billing and collection agent for the Rochester Hills Public Library and collects .7823 mills, (\$2.3 million) that are passed on to the Rochester Hills Public Library as received for their library operations. The library is not a part of the City's financial statement.

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Costs — The City offers a retiree healthcare supplemental benefit to certain qualified retirees. The City receives an actuarial valuation to compute the annual required contribution (ARC) necessary to fund the obligation over the remaining amortization period. In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual costs equal to the current year's required contribution, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of year unpaid amounts, if any. The net OPEB obligation has generally been liquidated from the General Fund, Fire Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses. Capital and lateral charges are intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure and are recognized as non-operating revenue.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Construction Code Fees - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs.

A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative shortfall at January 1, 2014		\$ (4,759,560)
Building permit revenue		1,751,876
Related expenses:		
Direct expenses	\$ 1,499,235	
Estimated indirect costs	224,885	
Total related expenses		1,724,120
Cumulative shortfall at December 31, 2014		\$(4,731,804)

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest, operating funds, in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. In addition, the Act allows the City to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, with maturities not exceeding more than 270 days from the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade at the time of purchase; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The City has designated 13 banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the City, for its operating funds, in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments permissible under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), as listed above. The City's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

As of December 31, 2014, the City's operating portfolio is as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Percentage
Commercial Paper	\$ 8,993,580	14.3%
US Government Securities	 53,969,308	<u>85.7</u> %
	\$ 62,962,888	100.0%

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2014, the City's operating portfolio had the following bank deposits:

Bank Deposit	De	eposit Amount	Percent
Bank of America	\$	18,037,984	20.0%
Comerica Bank		247,028	0.3%
Federated Investors		5,671,141	6.3%
FirstMerit Bank		496,512	0.6%
Flagstar Bank*		4,499,571	5.0%
Huntington Bank		249,281	0.3%
Michigan Class		14,043,779	15.5%
Private Bank**		46,248,939	51.2%
Talmer		743,189	0.8%
	\$	90,237,424	100.0%

^{*} Includes 4,000,000 in CDARS (Fully Insured)

Investments of the Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust Fund (the Trust) are made in accordance with Act 314 of 1965, as amended, and are limited to no more than 70 percent in common stock. The general goal of the Trust, as defined by its Investment Policy Statement (IPS), is to have 60 percent of its investments in equities and 40 percent in fixed income investments including cash equivalents. Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, authorizes certain investments and limitations as allowable including stocks, bonds, reverse repurchase agreements, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles. In addition, no investments, loans, or leases can be made with parties related to the Trust.

^{**} Includes 46,000,000 in CDARS (Fully Insured)

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2014, the Trust was holding the following registered mutual fund investment types:

					Ticker
Investment Type	Fai	r Value	Percentage	Average Duration	Symbol
Delaware Foundation Conservative Fund	\$	640,372	32.63%	N/A	DFIRX
Delaware Foundation Moderate Fund		525,204	26.77%	N/A	DFBRX
Delaware Foundation Growth Fund		796,524	40.60%	N/A	DFGRX
	ς	1 962 100	100 00%		•

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Risk, Deposits and Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a custodian failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's operating fund Investment Policy states that "The City will minimize custodial risk by: 1) Using financial institutions and brokers (custodians) meeting pre-established criteria and; 2) Holding all securities in the name of the City of Rochester Hills." The City's Annual Depository Resolution, for its operating portfolio, lists qualified Broker/Dealer/Safekeeping institutions for the purchase and safekeeping of commercial paper and US Government obligations. All security transactions entered into by the city, for its operating portfolio, are conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis, held by a third-party custodian, and evidenced by a safekeeping receipt. As of December 31, 2014, \$53,969,308 in U.S. Government obligations and \$8,993,580 in Commercial Paper are held in third-party safekeeping in the City's name. The City's two Investment Pool Accounts have their securities safe kept with a third-party selected by the counterparty. The balance in the accounts is \$19,714,920. The pool's securities are held in trust for the participants of the fund and are not available to the counterparty should the counterparty happen to fail.

In addition, the City's deposit policy, for operating funds, related to custodial credit risk, requires that all financial institutions utilized by the City maintain an office within the state of Michigan and meet certain other requirements including financial. At year end, the City had 3 bank depositary accounts (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were partially uninsured and uncollateralized in the aggregate amount of \$18,069,604.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City believes whenever possible it is prudent to have FDIC insure the bulk of the City's bank deposits including its Certificate of Deposit portfolio. Due to the size and nature of the City's operating fund investment portfolio, it may be impractical at all times to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it has funds on deposit and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

For the Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust Fund, Custodial risk is associated with the possible failure of the Trust's safekeeping agent, where the Trust would not be able to recover the value of its investments in the possession the Trust's agent. The Trust's Investment Policy Statement (IPS) requires that all investment transactions shall be conducted through a custodian that will act as the Trust's third party. Securities shall be held by the custodian, as designated by the Trust Board through its selected investment provider, and shall be evidenced by a custodial report. As of December 31, 2014, \$1,988,479 or 100 percent of the investments were held in third party safekeeping, in the Trust's name.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's operating fund investment policy restricts investment maturities to two years unless the maturity is matched to a specific cash flow need. Commercial paper purchases have a maximum maturity of 270-days as stated within state law. The City's operating fund investment policy minimizes the risk that the market value of the securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the general interest rate by structuring the maturities of the portfolio to meet cash flow requirements of ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to liquidate securities prior to maturity. This is done by investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities and investment pools and only purchasing securities with the intent to hold to maturity. At year-end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

Investments	N	Market Value	Weighted Average Maturity	
Government agency securities	\$	53,969,308	359 Days	
MI CLASS Investment Pool		14,043,779	1 Day	
Federated Investment Pool		5,671,141	1 Day	
Commercial Paper		8,993,580	238 days	

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

All of the investment pool accounts, used for the City's operating portfolio, are Stable NAV Government Investment Pools that seek to preserve the value of the investment at \$1.00 per share. Using \$1.00 per share funds helps limit the City's risk exposure that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. Since the City began using the listed investment pools, their NAV's have maintained \$1.00 per share.

The Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust's adopted IPS does place the maximum effective maturity of any single security at 30 years. As the schedule of investments listed below indicates, the Trust's fixed income investments had an average duration that fell in the 7 to 10 year range which is reasonable given the long-term nature of the Trust. The mutual funds within the portfolio of the Trust were holding fixed income investments at year end that did exceed the 30 year limitation but given the reasonable nature of the average duration the Trust was comfortable with those positions. A reasonable duration reduces the Trust's risk exposure to rapidly adjusting interest rates. The following table shows the bond maturity breakdown:

Bond Maturity Breakdown	% Bonds
1 to 3 Years	4.48%
3 to 5 Years	13.93%
5 to 7 Years	15.14%
7 to 10 Years	22.45%
10 to 15 Years	6.28%
15 to 20 Years	2.94%
20 to 30 Years	27.90%
Over 30 Years	6.88%
TOTAL	100.00%
Average Duration	7 to 10 years

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the possibility that institution(s) for which an investment is being held could fail. State law limits investments, related to the City's operating funds, in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's operating fund investment Policy minimizes credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions and intermediaries with which the City does business, and diversifying the portfolio so potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. As of year-end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. Treasuries) are as follows:

Investments	Ma	arket Value	Rating
Government agency securities	\$	53,969,308	AA+
MI CLASS Investment Pool		14,043,779	AAAm
Federated Investment Pool		5,671,141	AAAm
Commercial Paper		8,993,580	A1+
	\$	82,677,808	

The City's Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust's adopted IPS states that the general investment objectives of the Trust are to attain a favorable relative rate of return for the Trust with the primary emphasis upon (i) preservation of capital, (ii) anticipated liquidity needs, and (iii) a view towards long-term capital appreciation.

In addition, the IPS further defines its desired exposure to fixed income securities as being rated "BBB"(or its equivalent) or higher at the time of purchase by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency. The minimum dollar-weighted average credit quality rating of the fixed income portfolio must be "A". Asset backed securities, mortgage backed securities, and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs) shall be rated "AAA" (or its equivalent) by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency at the time of purchase.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2014, debt obligation investments held by the Trust, in all four mutual funds had the following ratings:

Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust

Туре	% Bonds
AAA	32.1%
AA	3.4%
A	13.1%
BBB	29.3%
ВВ	10.7%
В	9.1%
Below B	2.2%
Not Rated	0.1%
TOTAL	100.0%
Average Credit Quality	Α

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's operating fund investment policy minimizes the risk inherent in placing a large portion of the portfolio with a single security issuer by limiting such placement to a percentage of the total portfolio, defined as securities plus deposits and cash equivalents. The diversification by security issuer is limited to: 5% for Commercial Paper issuers; 5% for Banks and Savings & Loan issuers; 20% for U.S. Government Agency issuers; 25% for Individual Pool Accounts; and, 100% for U.S. Treasury Obligations.

Operating Portfolio
2014 Concentration Risk
12/31/2014

TOTAL	L \$	153,189,112	100.00%
Bank of America-Flex Spending		25,161	0.02%
Bank of America-Payroll		9,331	0.01%
Bank of America-Pooled Checking		18,037,984	11.77%
Federated Investors		5,671,141	3.70%
Michigan Class		14,043,779	9.17%
UST - FHLMC/FMCDN, AA+		23,969,616	15.65%
UST - FHLB/FHDN, AA+		29,959,030	19.56%
CP - COCA COLA, A-1+ P-1		2,997,923	1.96%
CP - GECC, A-1+ P-1		5,990,627	3.91%
CDARS (1)		50,000,000	32.63%
Talmer Bank		743,189	0.49%
Huntington Bank		249,281	0.16%
Flagstar Bank		499,571	0.33%
Comerica Bank		247,028	0.16%
FirstMerit Bank		496,512	0.32%
PrivateBancorp, Inc	\$	248,939	0.16%
12/ 31/ 2014			

(1) Through the CDARs network, deposits are placed with one financial institution and through network arrangements the full deposit is placed with other institutions, in the network, to keep the total deposit plus interest within FDIC insurance limits

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust's adopted IPS states that no more than 5 percent of the assets of the Trust's portfolio may be invested in any individual equity security and no more than 15 percent of the market value of the portfolio may be invested in countries not represented in the MSCI EAFE index plus Canada. Fixed income securities of a single issuer or issue, with the exception of U.S. Government and Agency securities, are limited to no more than 10 percent of the market value of the portfolio. In addition, no more than 20 percent of the market value of the fixed income portfolio may be invested in zero coupon bonds.

CMOs are limited to securities that are currently paying interest, receiving principal pay downs and do not contain leverage. The allocation to CMOs is limited to 10 percent of the market value of the manager's portfolio. For the purpose of this restriction, commercial mortgage backed securities are considered within the CMO category.

As of December 31, 2014, as reported by the mutual funds, no holdings exceed any of the Board's adopted IPS limits.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign Currency Risk is the possibility that changes (up or down) in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Many factors can affect foreign currencies including: political, economic, legal, regulatory, and operational uncertainties; differing accounting and financial reporting standards and limited availability of information. These risks may be greater with respect to securities of companies located in emerging market countries. Investments in securities of issuers located in emerging market countries tend to be more volatile than investments in securities of issuers located in developed foreign countries.

The City's operating fund portfolio had no exposure to foreign currency risk at December 31, 2014.

The City's Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust's IPS does place limitations on the Trust's foreign currency exposure including: equities of foreign domiciled companies that are traded in the U.S. may be purchased so long as the securities are registered (or filed) with the Securities and Exchange Commission and traded on a recognized national exchange or over-the counter market; currency hedging is not permitted; at least three countries must be represented in the portfolio and investments in non-U.S. dollar denominated securities are not permitted. In addition, investments in American

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Depository Receipts (ADRs) will be designated as foreign securities for asset allocation purposes.

At December 31, 2014 the asset allocation mutual fund's equity holdings in developed versus emerging countries was as follows:

Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust

Market Classification	Percentage	Dollars
Developed Markets	91.7%	\$ 1,047,381
Emerging Markets	8.3%	94,366
TOTAL	100.0%	\$ 1,141,747

Security Lending Transactions

Under current provisions of State statutes, the Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust could lend U.S. government securities, corporate bonds, and common stock, to broker and/or dealers in exchange for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The custodial bank does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower was to default. Borrowers are required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to but not less than 102 percent of the market value of the loaned securities. The summary prospectus for the mutual funds, used by the Trust, were silent related to their security lending practices. The Trust did not lend any securities as of December 31, 2014.

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs)

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs) are U.S. government or corporate-issued asset-backed certificates.

The Trust's adopted IPS places the following limits on these securities: must be currently paying interest, receiving principal pay downs and do not contain leverage. The Trust's allocation to CMOs is limited to 10 percent of the market value of the manager's portfolio. For the purpose of this restriction, commercial mortgage backed securities are considered within the CMO category.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2014 the fixed income portion of the mutual funds were holding just over 23.5 percent of their portfolio in securitized instruments but none in the CMO area.

Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust

Securitized		Total %
Agency Mortgage-Backed		14.29
Non-Agency Residential MBS		3.54
Commercial MBS		4.38
Asset-Backed	_	1.58
		_
	Total	23.79

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

	Balance		Disposals and	Balance
Governmental Activities	January 1, 2014	Additions	Adjustments	December 31, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 21,245,818	\$ 1,074,808	\$ 75,100	\$ 22,245,526
Right of way	47,155,921	1,334,256		48,490,177
Subtotal	68,401,739	2,409,064	75,100	70,735,703
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Roads	121,034,474	10,168,541	-	131,203,015
Drain flowage rights	30,772,175	-	-	30,772,175
Land improvements	19,307,902	408,586	-	19,716,488
Building and Building improvements	30,501,874	289,446	39,739	30,751,581
Vehicles	10,511,991	1,085,124	662,582	10,934,533
Office furnishings	5,340,284	940,692	54,483	6,226,493
Other tools and equipment	5,910,985	379,960	34,172	6,256,773
Subtotal	223,379,685	13,272,349	790,976	235,861,058
Accumulated depreciation:				
Roads	70,965,627	5,209,785	-	76,175,412
Drain flowage rights	16,275,451	739,103	-	17,014,554
Land improvements	13,442,126	944,880	-	14,387,006
Building improvements	14,000,688	886,565	31,896	14,855,357
Vehicles	7,281,279	681,081	662,582	7,299,778
Office furnishings	4,999,458	414,616	54,483	5,359,591
Other tools and equipment	4,343,248	420,969	33,988	4,730,229
Subtotal	131,307,877	9,296,999	782,949	139,821,927
Net capital assets being depreciated	92,071,808	3,975,350	8,027	96,039,131
Net capital assets	\$ 160,473,547	\$6,384,414	\$ 83,127	\$ 166,774,834

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance		Disposals and	Balance
Business-type Activities	January 1, 2014	Additions	Adjustments	December 31, 2014
Caribal accepts and half-advanced accepts and				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,958,172		\$ -	\$ 4,958,172
Construction in progress	4,812,858	5,998,719		10,811,577
Subtotal	9,771,030	5,998,719	-	15,769,749
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Water and sewer distribution systems	162,877,036	1,597,991	42,824	164,432,203
Land improvements	204,561	-	-	204,561
Building and Building improvements	14,383,521	17,963	42,086	14,359,398
Office furnishings	105,600	-	-	105,600
Other tools and equipment	8,269,543	14,400	47,802	8,236,141
Subtotal	185,840,261	1,630,354	132,712	187,337,903
Accumulated depreciation:				
Water and sewer distribution				
systems	73,707,261	3,284,461	35,149	76,956,573
Land improvements	197,099	789	-	197,888
Buildingimprovements	1,979,829	319,697	14,167	2,285,359
Office furnishings	105,132	468	-	105,600
Other tools and equipment	7,751,162	262,207	40,838	7,972,531
Subtotal	83,740,483	3,867,622	90,154	87,517,951
Net capital assets being depreciated	102,099,778	(2,237,268)	42,558	99,819,952
Net capital assets	\$ 111,870,808	\$ 3,761,451	\$ 42,558	\$ 115,589,701

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the City of Rochester Hills' component units for the year was as follows:

		Balance		Disposals and	Balance
Component Units	Jar	nuary 1, 2014	Additions	Adjustments	December 31, 2014
Land	\$	3,070,244	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,070,244
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		13,839,643	51,502	-	13,891,145
Building improvements		1,830,133	41,575	-	1,871,708
Land improvement		113,532	943,717	-	1,057,249
Machinery and equipment		2,053,876	29,603	2,372	2,081,107
Vehicles		1,183,264	35,339	-	1,218,603
Office equipment and furniture		128,262		21,116	107,146
Subtotal		19,148,710	1,101,736	23,488	20,226,958
Less accumulated depreciation		5,761,301	690,323	21,320	6,430,304
Net capital assets being depreciated		13,387,409	411,413	2,168	13,796,654
Net capital assets	\$	16,457,653	\$ 411,413	\$ 2,168	\$ 16,866,898

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Government						
Genera	General government					
Public		6,817,165				
Public	Public safety					
Recrea		475,392				
	Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,296,999			
Business-ty	oe Activities:					
Water			2,188,119			
Sewer			1,679,503			
	Total Business-type Activities	\$	3,867,622			
	"					

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments - The City has active projects at year-end. The projects include various road infrastructure improvements, water and sewer projects, drain and pathway improvements, facility improvements and technology projects. At year-end, the City's commitments are as follows:

	Total Contract			Remaining
		Amount		Commitment
Road improvements	\$	9,946,670	\$	1,211,645
Drain and pathway improvements		1,318,921		1,300,660
Facility improvements		617,756		293,590
Management information systems		1,300,000		444,032
Water and sewer infrastructure		1,832,223		287,886
Total	\$	15,015,570	\$	3,537,814

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

As of year-end the City had no interfund receivables or payables.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

Fund Transferred From	Funds Transferred To	Amount
General Fund	Major Road Fund Local Street Fund	\$ 296,318 5,973,170
	Special Police Fund	4,714,610
	Nonmajor governmental funds	251,000
	Internal Service - Facilities Fund	453,800
	Total General Fund	11,688,898
Major Road Fund	Local Road Fund	750,000
Local Street Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	627,240
Fire Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	145,860
Special Police Fund	Internal Service - Facilities Fund	329,795
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	6,240
	Nonmajor governmental funds	274,690
	Internal Service - Facilities Fund	93,790
	Total nonmajor governmental funds	374,720
Water & Sewer Fund	Internal Service - Fleet Equipment Fund	14,500
Internal Service - Facilities	Nonmajor governmental funds	718,540
	Total	<u>\$ 14,649,553</u>

The transfers from the General Fund to the Major Roads and Local Street Funds, Special Police Protection Fund, additional non-major governmental funds, and Facilities Fund represent the use of unrestricted resources to finance those programs, in accordance with budgetary authorizations; the transfer from Major Road Fund to the Local Street Fund represents a transfer for local streets improvement and maintenance; the transfer from the Local Street Fund to non-major governmental funds and Special Police Fund to Facilities Fund represents the movement of resources to be used to service debt; the transfer from Fire Fund to non-major governmental fund represents a transfer to purchase and replace fire apparatus, the transfer from nonmajor governmental funds to

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

other non-major governmental and internal service funds represents resources for equipment, pathway improvements and to service debt; the transfer from Water & Sewer Fund to the Fleet Equipment Funds is for equipment; and the transfer from Facilities to nonmajor governmental funds is to service debt.

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the district) are received. Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning							Ending	Due Within	
		Balance		Additions		Re	eductions	Balance	One Year	
Governmental Activities										
General Obligation Bonds:										
Building Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 payable through 2021										
with interest at 2.0% to 4.0%	\$	5,595,000	\$	-		\$	(525,000)	\$ 5,070,000	\$	615,000
General Obligation Limited Tax Capital Improvement Refunding Bond,										
Series 2011 payable through 2017 with interest at 2% to 4%		1,845,000			-		(410,000)	1,435,000		460,000
General Obligation Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, OPC, Series 2010										
payable through 2021 with interest at 2.0% to 4.5%		5,280,000			-		(580,000)	4,700,000		610,000
Michigan Transportation Fund Bond, MTF-2001 Series										
payable through 2016 with interest at 4.25% to 4.6%		750,000			-		(250,000)	500,000		250,000
County Contractual Obligations:										
Robert Huber Drain, payable through 2014 with interest at 3.3% to 2%		110,000			-		(110,000)	-		-
Rewold Drain Refunding Bond, payable through 2025 with interest at 2% to 2.25% Oakland County Building Authority, Building Authority Refunding Bonds		2,235,000			-		(155,000)	2,080,000		160,000
Series 2012 payable through 2020 with interest at 2.0%		1,995,000			-		(290,000)	1,705,000		285,000
Special Assessment Bonds:										
Public Improvement City Share Bonds, 2001 Series payable through 2016										
with interest at 2.6% to 4.7%		375,000			-		(125,000)	250,000		125,000
Public Improvement Special Assessment Bonds, 2001 Series payable										
through 2016 with interest at 3.0% to 4.7%		400,000	_		-		(125,000)	275,000		125,000
Total bond obligations		18,585,000			-		(2,570,000)	16,015,000		2,630,000

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

	Begi	inning Balance	 Additions	-	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due	Within One Year
Other long-term obligations:								
Tax Tribunal		17,704	9,128		(17,704)	9,128		-
Capital Lease		86,040	-		(18,949)	67,091		19,722
Compensated absences - Governmental activities		1,372,658	1,364,247		(1,302,564)	1,434,341		1,024,833
Compensated absences - Internal Service		197,364	196,914		(196,448)	197,830		154,562
Total other long-term obligations		1,673,766	1,570,289		(1,535,665)	1,708,390		1,199,117
Unamortized premium on refundings		306,853	 -		(43,766)	263,087		-
Total governmental activities	\$	20,565,619	\$ 1,570,289	\$	(4,149,431)	\$ 17,986,477	\$	3,829,117
Business-type Activities								
County Contractual Obligations:								
Oakland County Water and Sewage Disposal System Refunding Bonds,								
Series 2012 payable through 2022 with interest at 1.5 % to 2.75%	\$	1,800,000	\$ -	\$	(195,000)	\$ 1,605,000	\$	190,000
Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Drainage District-Drain Bonds, Series 2010B								
payable through 2030 with interest at 1.15% to 5.9%		783,069	-		(31,038)	752,031		32,331
Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Drainage District-Drain Bonds, Series 2010A								
payable through 2031 with interest at 2.5%		3,105,763	44,734		(138,379)	3,012,118		141,612
Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Drainage District-Drain Bonds, Series 2011								
payable through 2033 with interest at 2.5%		3,066,260	303,276		(158,781)	3,210,755		162,751
Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Drainage District-Drain Bonds, Series 2013								
payable through 2032 with interest at 2.5%		1,541,408	4,935,097		-	6,476,505		-
Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Drainage District-Drain Bonds, Series 2014A								
payable through 2034 with interest at 2% to 3.5%		-	 1,293,344		-	1,293,344		50,053
Total business-type bond obligations		10,296,500	6,576,451		(523,198)	16,349,753		576,747
Other long-term obligations:								
Compensated absences - Water and Sewer		303,785	295,415		(300,024)	299,176		236,053
Unamortized premium on refundings		15,381	 -		(1,707)	13,674		-
Total other long-term obligations		319,166	 295,415		(301,731)	312,850		236,053
Total business-type activities	\$	10,615,666	\$ 6,871,866	\$	(824,929)	\$ 16,662,603	\$	812,800
Component Units								
Tax Tribunal	\$	1,105	\$ 3,480	\$	(1,105)	\$ 3,480	\$	-
Capital Lease		807,658	-		(74,041)	733,617		78,413
Turf Payback Agreement		-	37,275		(1,920)	35,355		5,760
Compensated absences		53,865	 32,932		(35,473)	51,324		35,473
Total component units	\$	862,628	\$ 32,932	\$	(112,539)	\$ 823,776	\$	119,646

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	 Gove	overnmental Activities					Business-type Activities						
	 Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total		
2015	\$ 2,630,000	\$	494,903	\$	3,124,903	Ş	576,747	\$	508,822	\$	1,085,569		
2016	2,730,000		409,761		3,139,761		1,035,500		484,994		1,520,494		
2017	2,330,000		325,232		2,655,232		1,051,528		459,940		1,511,468		
2018	1,865,000		258,450		2,123,450	1,073,599		434,300			1,507,899		
2019	1,965,000		195,762		2,160,762		1,090,274		407,978		1,498,252		
2020-2024	4,270,000		214,373		4,484,373		5,414,194		1,618,784		7,032,978		
2025-2029	225,000		2,531		227,531		4,468,146		890,254		5,358,400		
2030-2034	 					_	1,639,765	_	92,635		1,732,400		
	\$ 16,015,000	\$	1,901,012	\$	17,916,012	\$	16,349,753	\$	4,897,707	\$	21,247,460		

The Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drainage District (OMID) is a construction and rehabilitation project that began in 2010 and is projected to continue through 2016. The OMID Series 2010B bonds were issued as Federally Taxable Recovery Zone

Economic Development Bonds and are eligible to recover tax credit payments from the United States Treasury equal to 45 percent of the interest payable on the bonds. The City's tax credit over the next 16 years will be \$171,752.

OMID was also approved for \$42 million of loans in which \$16 million of the debt was federally forgiven and \$116 million will be loans from the Michigan State Revolving Fund (SRF) (OMID Series 2010A \$26 million, OMID Series 2011 \$25 million and OMID Series 2013 \$65 million). During the year, the City's portion of SRF draws was \$5,283,107 and with added debt for OMID Series 2014A of \$1,293,344, a total increase of \$6,576,451.

Advance and Current Refunding

In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust that would provide for all future debt payments on the old bonds. At December 31, 2014 the total considered defeased is \$16,845,000. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the basic financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Future Revenues Pledged for Debt Payment

County Contractual Obligations - Governmental Activities - The above contractual obligations to the County are the result of the County issuance of bonds on the City's behalf. The City has pledged to raise property taxes, to the extent permitted by law, if necessary to fund the obligation to repay the County. Proceeds from the County bonds provided financing for the construction of drains described above. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on the bonds is \$2,331,618. During the current year, net revenue generated by property tax millages was \$128,856 compared to the annual debt requirements of \$310,803 with the difference coming from fund balance.

County Contractual Obligations - Business-type Activities - The City has pledged substantially all revenue of the Water and Sewer Fund, net of operating expenses, to repay the County for the above water and sewer obligations. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the extension of water and sewer mains. The bonds are payable from the net revenues of the water and sewer system. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on bonds totaled \$21,247,460. During the year, net operating revenues of the system were approximately \$4,961,525 compared to the annual debt requirements of \$785,139.

Note 7 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the City's unspent portion of bond proceeds held by Oakland County for the improvement of the water and sewer system in the amount of \$707,950. The County holds these monies to apply against future water and sewer system construction for the City. Oakland County has invested these monies and allocated interest earned as an increase to the amount due the City.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for medical claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal League risk pool program for workers' compensation claims and the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority risk pool for claims relating to general liability, motor vehicles, and comprehensive property damage. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Risk Management (Continued)

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

The Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (the "Authority") risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits, and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to the Authority that the Authority uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the City.

The City estimates the liability for general claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are reported in the Insurance (Internal Service) Fund. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	 2014	2013
Estimated liability - Beginning of year	\$ 162,226	\$ 50,609
Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates	(116,637)	120,663
Claims payments	 (1,796)	 (9,046)
Estimated liability - End of year	\$ 43,793	\$ 162,226
Estimated liability for claims reported	\$ 28,793	\$ 147,226
Estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported	 15,000	 15,000
Total estimated liability	\$ 43,793	\$ 162,226

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 9 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Rochester Hills Group Pension Plan, which is administered by the City, provides pension benefits for substantially all of its full-time employees, City Council members, and paid on-call firefighters through a defined contribution plan. As of year end there were 240 active participants and 60 participants that were terminated or retired, this totals to 300 participants in the pension plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees over 18 years of age are eligible to participate after a six-month probationary period. As established by the pension contract, the City contributes 12 percent to 14 percent of employees' gross earnings, certain employee groups have an employee pretax mandatory contribution of 1 or 3 percent, and any participant can make contributions to the pension plan, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. In accordance with these requirements, the City contributed \$1,967,967 during the current year, employees' mandatory contributions were \$391,067, and employee voluntary contributions were \$12,291. There were no forfeitures that reduced the City's pension expense and there were no employer's liability outstanding as of December 31, 2014. The City's contributions for each employee (plus interest allocated to each employee's account) are fully vested after five years of continuous service.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan description: The City provides retiree health care benefits to eligible retirees, retiree's spouse and qualified dependents through the City of Rochester Hills Retiree Health Benefit Program (the Plan). Benefits are provided to all eligible retired employees by providing them with a funding source to assist with the reimbursement of health care benefits.

The Plan consists of two parts. The first or primary component, the Retiree Health Savings Plan (RHS Plan), a defined contribution plan, is available to all eligible employees after they have completed six months of full-time service with the City. As of year-end there were 193 active participants and 71 participants that were terminated or retired, this totals 264 participants in the primary component of the RHS Plan. This component allows retirees to receive reimbursement of eligible health care expenses. The second component, the Supplemental Benefit Plan, is a flat fixed dollar amount based on the years of service as of March 12, 2001. This is a closed program and is only available to employees who met certain criteria at March 12, 2001. As of year-end there are 66 active participants and 40 participants that are terminated or retired and receiving the benefit.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The RHS Plan is a single employer defined contribution plan administered by the City through Transamerica Retirement Solutions. Benefits are provided to full-time non-union employees and employees covered through collective bargaining agreements.

Benefits received under this plan are based on the accumulation of contributions and investment earnings to pay for health care expenses at retirement.

The Supplemental Benefit Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust Board as established and authorized through a Section 115 Trust Document. Investments for the Trust are managed through Transamerica Retirement Solutions. Benefits are provided to eligible retirees that have met certain criteria at March 12, 2001. Benefits under this program are defined fixed payments, based on years of service, to be used to cover health care insurance premiums. Both the RHS Plan and the Supplemental Benefit Plan do not issue separate stand-alone financial statements and administrative costs are paid through employer and or employee contributions.

Funding policy: The RHS Plan is funded by City contributions and pre-tax mandatory employee contributions. The value of participant accounts is dependent on the accumulation of employer and employee contributions as well as investment earnings of each participants directed investments. The City contributes to the health savings plan on a bi-weekly basis, a minimum of 3 percent of gross earnings. Certain employee groups who have accrued more than 40 unused annual leave hours must contribute the equivalent of up to 16 hours per year to the RHS Plan and other groups have a mandatory percentage contribution. Benefits paid out depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. During the year the City contributed, from various funds, \$502,553 to the RHS Plan and employee mandatory contributions were \$85,122.

The City has established a Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust per P.A. 149 to assist with prefunding the Supplemental Benefit Plan for retiree health care benefits. Investments for the Trust are managed through Transamerica Retirement Solutions. The investment fiduciaries shall invest the Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust in accordance with P.A. 314 of 1965, as amended. The City contributed the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) for the Supplemental Benefit Plan following a one year schedule. All future benefits required under the Supplemental Benefit Plan, including administrative, will come from the Trust Fund. Expenditures for postemployment healthcare costs for employees

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

participating in the supplemental benefit plan are paid as the applicable costs are incurred. During fiscal year 2014, this amounted to \$96,399.

As of 1/1/2014, the premiums paid by pre-Medicare retirees, who participate in the City's medical/health care policy, were no longer based on the City's blended rate. Their premiums were now based on the pre-Medicare retiree group. That change in premium eliminated the City's the implicit rate subsidy. Due to this change the City requested that the Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust return back to the City \$965,698, which is reported as a special item in 2014.

Funding progress: The City's most recent actuarial valuation report was completed as of January 1, 2014. The results of this report indicated that the assets exceeded the accrued liabilities. The excess was amortized over thirty years as level dollars credits and applied as a credit to completely offset the computed normal cost. The results indicated that the City was not required to make a contribution so no ARC payment was made to the Trust during the year. The next actuarial valuation report is planned to be completed in 2016.

The valuation's computed contributions and funding are summarized as follows:

	Governmental	Water &	
Actual Funding	Activities	Sewer Fund	Total
Annual required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest on the prior year's net OPEB Obligation	(2,050)	(334)	(2,384)
Adjustment to the ARC	2,767	489	3,256
Annual OPEB cost	717	155	872
Amounts contributed:			
Amounts funded			
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	717	155	872
OPEB obligation - Beginning of year	(41,001)	(6,672)	(47,673)
OPEB asset - End of year	\$ (40,284)	\$ (6,517)	\$ (46,801)

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current year is as follows:

OPEB Costs	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Annual required contribution	\$ 110,041 \$	110,041	\$ -
Annual OPEB Costs	110,026	110,871	872
Employer contributions	159,450	110,041	-
Percentage of ARC contributed	144.9%	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of OPEB costs contributed	144.9%	99.3%	0.0%
Net OPEB obligation (asset)	\$ (48,503) \$	(47,673)	\$ (46,801)

The funding progress of the plan as of the most recent valuation date is as follows:

Funding progress Valuation as of:	<u>1</u>	/1/2010		1/1/2012		1/1/2014
Actuarial value of assets Actuarial accrued liability	\$	2,039,331 3,475,690	\$	2,440,766 3,245,483		2,089,290 1,813,465
Unfunded AAL	<u>.</u>	1,436,359	\$	804,717	\$	(275,825)
omanaca / WE	<u> </u>	1,430,333	<u>~</u>	004,717	<u>~</u>	(273,023)
		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>
Fund ratio		75%				115%
Annual covered payroll	\$	13,307,285	\$	13,520,411	\$	13,543,337
Ratio of UAAL to covered payroll		6.05%		5.95%		-2.04%

Actuarial methods and assumptions: Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses). The employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date and the health care cost trend rate assumed a 10 percent annual rate for inflation reducing by .5 percent increments to an ultimate rate of 6 percent in year 2020.

Note 11 – Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and acceptable valuation techniques. This Statement also will enhance fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. GASB Statement No. 72 is required to be adopted for years beginning after June 15, 2015. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted, during the City's 2016 fiscal year.

Required Supplemental Information



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Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2014

P	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget
Revenues	640.740.440	¢40.024.420	¢40.004.000	.
Property taxes	\$ 10,713,410	\$ 10,821,430	\$10,821,980	\$ 550
Federal sources	130,000	135,000	171,341	36,341
State sources	5,252,000	5,425,000	5,496,518	71,518
Fees and permits	2,266,400	3,052,670	2,676,333	(376,337)
Fines and forfeitures Charges for services	3,500	2,300	2,626 5,959,407	326 80,587
5	6,046,670	5,878,820	, ,	•
Investment earnings	117,550	70,000	71,247	1,247
Other Transfer in other funds	95,000	185,030	186,327	1,297
	5,680	6,240	6,240	- -
Special item-Refund/Return of OPEB Contribution	17,850	622,260	622,258	(2)
Total revenues	24,648,060	26,198,750	26,014,277	(184,473)
Expenditures				
General government:				
City Council	176,530	237,640	216,910	20,730
City administration	4,288,000	4,068,480	3,936,764	131,716
Clerk	1,260,500	1,230,940	1,133,599	97,341
Assessing	1,082,010	975,520	933,517	42,003
Human resources	744,580	748,570	719,278	29,292
Public works:				
City development	623,240	640,750	601,692	39,058
Cemetery	327,520	321,870	280,678	41,192
Public safety:				
Building	2,810,980	2,602,110	2,450,428	151,682
Crossing guard	52,920	52,100	43,339	8,761
Community and economic development:				
Planning	746,680	732,480	692,203	40,277
Community development block grant	130,000	135,000	122,901	12,099
Recreation and culture:				
Parks and recreation	2,788,590	2,769,220	2,673,147	96,073
Historic district commission	11,080	11,090	4,542	6,548
Transfers out other funds	11,432,510	11,689,290	11,688,898	392
Total expenditures	26,475,140	26,215,060	25,497,896	717,164
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,827,080)	(16,310)	516,381	532,691
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	28,545,401	30,741,203	30,741,203	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 26,718,321	\$30,724,893	\$31,257,584	\$ 532,691

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Major Road Fund Year Ended December 31, 2014

							Var	iance with
		Original	A	Amended			Α	mended
		Budget	Budget		Actual		Budget	
Revenues		_						
Federal grant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,200	\$	1,200
State sources		3,105,000		3,335,000		3,673,872		338,872
Other governmental sources		300,000		300,000		300,000		-
Charges for services		226,500		215,770		225,876		10,106
Investment earnings		47,610		32,000		31,491		(509)
Other		60,500		38,200		25,682		(12,518)
Transfer from other funds		296,710		296,310		296,318		8
Total revenues		4,036,320		4,217,280		4,554,439		337,159
Expenditures - Public works								
Street maintenance		2,126,890		2,117,470		1,935,892		181,578
Capital outlay		2,379,470		3,838,330		4,178,591		(340,261)
Transfers to other funds		750,000		750,000		750,000		-
Total expenditures		5,256,360		6,705,800		6,864,483		(158,683)
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,220,040)		(2,488,520)		(2,310,044)		178,476
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		13,601,944	_	15,215,146		15,215,146	-	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	12,381,904	<u>\$</u>	12,726,626	\$	12,905,102	\$	178,476

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Local Street Fund Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Original Budget	Amended Budget Actual		Actual		riance with Amended Budget		
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$	2,504,430	\$	2,497,730	\$	2,498,857	\$	1,127	
State sources		1,192,000		1,259,000		1,379,738		120,738	
Licenses and permits		10,000		17,000		25,675		8,675	
Charges for services		116,410		109,830		153,045		43,215	
Special assessment		4,500		11,800		13,777		1,977	
Investment earnings		20,390		11,990		12,905		915	
Other		7,500		84,600		80,440		(4,160)	
Transfers from other funds	_	6,462,650		6,723,170 10,715,120		6,723,170	_		
Total revenues		10,317,880				10,887,607		172,487	
Expenditures - Public works									
Street maintenance		4,253,340		4,138,760		3,586,070		552,690	
Capital outlay		5,437,300		6,969,020		6,800,253		168,767	
Transfers to other funds		627,240		627,240	_	627,240			
Total expenditures	_	10,317,880	_	11,735,020	11,013,563			721,457	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		-		(1,019,900)		(125,956)		893,944	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	5,279,393		6,827,701	6,827,701				
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	5,279,393	\$	5,807,801	\$	6,701,745	\$	893,944	

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Fire Fund Year Ended December 31, 2014

				Variance with
	Original	Amended		Amended
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenue				
Property taxes	\$5,828,250	\$5,821,330	\$ 5,821,722	\$ 392
Licenses and permits	6,000	6,200	6,229	29
Fines and forfeitures	3,500	2,500	3,057	557
Charges for services	1,594,250	1,554,460	1,560,512	6,052
Investment earnings	22,320	14,000	14,702	702
Other	2,500	3,850	4,215	365
Special item-Refund/Return of OPEB Contribution	5,950	179,030	179,022	(8)
Total revenue	7,462,770	7,581,370	7,589,459	8,089
Expenditures				
Public safety - Fire	7,371,000	7,435,510	7,128,289	307,221
Transfers out other funds	91,770	145,860	145,860	
Total expenditures	7,462,770	7,581,370	7,274,149	307,221
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	-	-	315,310	315,310
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	3,475,916	3,715,509	3,715,509	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$3,475,916	\$ 3,715,509	\$ 4,030,819	\$ 315,310

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Police Fund Year Ended December 31, 2014

Revenues		Original Amended Budget Budget			Actual		riance with Amended Budget	
	\$	3,599,160	Ś	3,595,090	Ś	3,595,406	Ś	316
Property taxes State sources	Ą	31,000	Ş	41,380	Ą	41,387	Ş	7
		•		•		•		-
Other governmental sources		258,500		292,760		292,815		55
Fines and forfeitures		365,000		368,000		395,928		27,928
Charges for services		154,910		153,500		163,037		9,537
Investment earnings		9,840		5,000		6,121		1,121
Other		-		9,740		9,742		2
Transfers from other funds		4,779,460		4,714,610		4,714,610		
Total revenues		9,197,870		9,180,080		9,219,046		38,966
Expenditures								
Public safety - Police		8,867,690		8,849,900		8,602,786		247,114
Transfers to other funds	_	330,180	_	330,180	_	329,795		385
Total expenditures		9,197,870		9,180,080	_	8,932,581	_	247,499
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		-		-		286,465		286,465
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	1,017,896		1,270,798		1,270,798		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	1,017,896	\$	1,270,798	\$	1,557,263	\$	286,465

Required Supplemental Information Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust Fund Year Ended December 31, 2014

Schedule of Funding Progress

			Actuarial						
	Actuarial Accrued								UAAL as of
Actuarial	Value of	Lia	bility (AAL)	Unf	unded AAL				Percentage of
Valuation Dated	Assets	E	ntry Age		(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Cov	ered Payroll	Covered Payroll
December 31	(a)		(b)	(b-a)		(a/b)	(c)		((b-a)/c)
2008	\$ -	\$	3,509,633	\$	3,509,633	0.00%	\$	13,548,800	10.61%
2010	2,039,331		3,475,690		1,436,359	58.67%		13,307,285	6.05%
2012	2,440,766	2,440,766			804,717	75.21%		13,520,411	5.95%
2014	2,089,290		1,813,465		(275,825)	115.21%		13,543,337	-2.04%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

		Annual	
Year Ended	F	Required	Percentage
December 31	Co	ntribution	Contribution
2011	\$	159,436	196.4%
2012		110,041	144.9%
2013		110,041	100.0%
2014		-	0.0%

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds except that operating transfers and debt proceeds have been included in the "revenue" and "expenditures" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)." All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before the first Monday in July, each department director submits to the mayor a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year.
- 2. The mayor prepares a comprehensive budget, which is presented to the City Council at their first meeting in August.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted to obtain residents' comments.
- 4. Prior to November 1, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council.
- 5. Supplemental appropriations to the City's budget require the approval of the City Council.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is at the fund level.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - The City had four expenditure budget variances for the year.

<u>Fund Name</u>	Expenditure Line Item	<u>Fin</u>	al Budget	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Major Road Fund	Capital outlay	\$	3,838,330	\$ 4,178,590	\$ (340,260)
Tree Fund	Public works		10,000	20,540	(10,540)
Fire Capital Fund	Capital outlay		174,680	175,715	(1,035)
Capital Improvement Fund	Miscellenous		-	1,941	(1,941)



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Other Supplemental Information

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet – All Fund Types Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2014

		Special Revenue	De	ebt Service	Ca	pital Project	P	ermanent	Total Nonmajor Government		
	_	Funds		Funds		Funds		Funds		Funds	
Assets											
Cash and investments	\$	11,536,948	\$	2,323,257	\$	14,300,219	\$	1,292,979	\$	29,453,403	
Receivables:											
Property tax		1,663,994		479,250		-		-		2,143,244	
Accounts		9,444		1,291		-		-		10,735	
Accrued interest		7,739		385		14,530		-		22,654	
Long-term receivables - Special assessments		-		41,756		-		-		41,756	
Otherassets	_	5,286	_	-	_		_		_	5,286	
Total assets	\$	13,223,411	\$	2,845,939	\$	14,314,749	\$	1,292,979	\$	31,677,078	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources and Fund Balance											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	27,404		20	\$	60,474	\$	-	\$	87,898	
Accrued wages		10,153		-		-		-		10,153	
Deposits and escrows		317,955		-		-		-		317,955	
Otherliabilities	_	525	_	526	_	-	_			1,051	
Total liabilities		356,037		546		60,474		-		417,057	
Deferred inflows of resources											
Property taxes levied for subsequent year's budget		3,064,227		894,336		-		_		3,958,563	
Unavailable revenue-not collected within		-,,		,						-,,	
the period of availability		3,172		41,756		-		_		44,928	
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,067,399		936,092		-				4,003,491	
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable											
Permanent Fund Principal-Cemetery		_		_		_		1,073,870		1,073,870	
Restricted								_,,		_,,	
Pathway operations and maintenance		100,630		_						100,630	
Drain improvements		2,299,054		_		_		_		2,299,054	
Tree conservation and maintenance		1,608,997		_		-		-		1,608,997	
Green space preservation		5,791,294		_		_				5,791,294	
Debt service		3,791,294		1,909,301		_		_		1,909,301	
		-		1,303,301		1 522 240		-			
Pathway construction		-		-		1,532,249		-		1,532,249	
Fire vehicles and equipment		-		-		8,737,979		-		8,737,979	
Cemetery Trust		-		-		-		219,109		219,109	
Assigned											
Capital projects				-		3,984,047		-		3,984,047	
Total fund balances	_	9,799,975	_	1,909,301		14,254,275	_	1,292,979		27,256,530	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	\$	13,223,411	\$	2,845,939	\$	14,314,749	\$	1,292,979	\$	31,677,078	

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Fund Types Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Project Funds	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental
	Revenue Funus	Fullus	Fullus	Fullus	Governmentar
Revenue					
Federal grant	\$ 64,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,524
Property taxes	2,997,169	874,164	-	-	3,871,333
Charges for services	138,967	-	-	-	138,967
Investment earnings	22,813	8,852	34,825	1,760	68,250
Special assessments	-	24,696	-	-	24,696
Sale of assets	133,750	-	15,401	-	149,151
Other	20,048	457	33,872	42,132	96,509
Total revenue	3,377,271	908,169	84,098	43,892	4,413,430
Expenditures					
Public works	832,299	-	1,941	-	834,240
Parks and recreation	1,580,767	-	-	-	1,580,767
Capital outlay	1,047,263	-	421,649	-	1,468,912
Debt service:					-
Principal retirement	-	2,280,000	-	-	2,280,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	537,660	-	-	537,660
Paying agent and other		2,124			2,124
Total expenditures	3,460,329	2,819,784	423,590		6,703,703
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(83,058)	(1,911,615)	(339,492)	43,892	(2,290,273)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	15,000	1,345,780	656,550	-	2,017,330
Transfers out	(265,930)		(108,790)		(374,720)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,930)	1,345,780	547,760		1,642,610
Net Change in Fund Balance	(333,988)	(565,835)	208,268	43,892	(647,663)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	10,133,963	2,475,136	14,046,007	1,249,087	27,904,193
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 9,799,975	\$ 1,909,301	\$ 14,254,275	\$ 1,292,979	\$27,256,530



innovative by nature

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes or to the acquisition equipment, land, or other relatively minor or comparatively short-lived assets.

R.A.R.A. Millage Fund - This fund accounts for the special millage for the Rochester-Avon Recreation Authority (R.A.R.A.) activities.

Pathway Fund – This fund accounts for the special millage used primarily to maintain pathways.

Tree Fund – This fund accounts for monies collected per the Tree Conservation Ordinance adopted by City Council. The monies can only be used for operation and maintaining trees on city property and street right-of-way and preserving wooded areas.

Public Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for storm water / drainage improvements.

Older Persons' Millage Fund – This fund accounts for the special millage for the Older Persons' Commission activities.

Green Space Preservation Fund – This fund accounts for the special millage to permanently preserve natural green spaces and wildlife habitats, and protect woodlands, wetland, rivers, and streams.

	R.A.F	R.A. Millage			
		Fund	Path	nway Fund	 Tree Fund
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	271,038	\$	360,522	\$ 1,924,040
Receivables:					
Property tax		322,097		306,904	-
Accounts		-		8,844	600
Accrued interest		-		-	2,312
Otherassets		-		100	 -
Total assets	\$	593,135	\$	676,370	\$ 1,926,952
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	5,470	\$ -
Accrued wages		-		1,745	-
Deposits and escrows		-		-	317,955
Otherliabilities		-		202	 -
Total liabilities		-		7,417	317,955
Deferred inflows of resources					
Property taxes levied for subsequent year's budget		593,135		565,151	-
Unavailable revenue-not collected within					
the period of availability				3,172	
Total deferred inflows of resources		593,135		568,323	-
Fund Balances					
Restricted					
Pathway operations and maintenance		-		100,630	-
Drain improvements		-		-	-
Tree conservation and maintenance		-		-	1,608,997
Green space preservation					
Total fund balances				100,630	 1,608,997
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balances	\$	593,135	\$	676,370	\$ 1,926,952

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

Im	Public provement Fund		ler Persons' Ilage Fund	reen Space eservation	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			
\$	2,318,247	\$	457,823	\$ 6,205,278	\$ 11,536,948			
	-		544,119	490,874	1,663,994			
	- 663 5,174		- - -	- 4,764 12	9,444 7,739 5,286			
\$	2,324,084	\$	1,001,942	\$ 6,700,928	\$ 13,223,411			
\$	17,142	\$	-	\$ 4,792	\$ 27,404			
	7,888		-	520	10,153			
	-		-	-	317,955			
				 323	 525			
	25,030		-	5,635	356,037			
	-		1,001,942	903,999	3,064,227			
					 3,172			
	-		1,001,942	903,999	3,067,399			
	-		-	-	100,630			
	2,299,054		-	-	2,299,054			
	_		-	- 5,791,294	1,608,997 5,791,294			
	2,299,054		<u> </u>	 5,791,294	 9,799,975			
\$	2,324,084	<u>\$</u>	1,001,942	\$ 6,700,928	\$ 13,223,411			

	R.A.F	R.A Millage Fund	Path	way Fund	Tree Fund		
Devenue							
Revenue	\$	580,151	\$	552,772	Ļ		
Property taxes Federal grant	Þ	580,151	Þ	552,772	Ş	-	
Charges for services		-		- F 000		20.076	
_		-		5,880 771		20,976	
Investment earnings Sales of assets		-		//1		5,286	
Other		_		- 5,490		-	
Other			-	3,430	_		
Total revenue		580,151		564,913		26,262	
Expenditures							
Public works		-		326,326		20,540	
Parks and recreation		580,151		-		-	
Capital outlay				_			
Total expenditures		580,151		326,326		20,540	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		-		238,587		5,722	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out				(259,690)		(6,240)	
Total other financing							
sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		(259,690)		(6,240)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(21,103)		(518)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		_		121,733		1,609,515	
Fund Balances - End of year	Ġ		\$	100,630	<u> </u>	1,608,997	
i unu balances - Liiu oi yeal	\$		٠	100,030	ک	1,000,337	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2014

Pub	olic					Tota	ıl Nonmajor
Improv	ement	Older	Persons'	Gr	een Space	Spec	ial Revenue
Fur	nd	Milla	ge Fund	Pre	eservation		Funds
\$	-	\$	979,968	\$	884,278	\$	2,997,169
	64,524		-		-		64,524
	112,111		-		-		138,967
	3,065		-		13,691		22,813
	133,750		-		-		133,750
	14,558		-				20,048
	328,008		979,968		897,969		3,377,271
	485,433		-		-		832,299
	-		979,968		20,648		1,580,767
	10,030				1,037,233		1,047,263
	495,463		979,968		1,057,881		3,460,329
		·			_		_
(167,455)		-		(159,912)		(83,058)
	15,000		-		-		15,000
							(265,930)
	15,000		-		-		(250,930)
							<u> </u>
(152,455)		-		(159,912)		(333,988)
2,	451,50 <u>9</u>				5,951,206		10,133,963
\$ 2,	299,054	\$	-	\$	5,791,294	\$	9,799,975

		R.A.R.A	. Millage F	und		Pathway Fund			
					riance				Variance
	A	mended		'	with	Α	mended		with
	- 1	Budget		Am	ended	Budget			Amended
	(Ur	naudited)	Actual	Вι	udget	(Ur	naudited)	Actual	Budget
Revenue									
Property taxes	\$	580,550	\$580,151	\$	(399)	\$	552,530	\$552,772	\$ 242
Federal grant		-	-		-		-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-		-		3,370	5,880	2,510
Investment earnings		-	-		-		700	771	71
Sale of assets		-	-		-		-	-	-
Transfers in		-	-		-		-	-	-
Other							6,740	5,490	(1,250)
Total revenue		580,550	580,151		(399)		563,340	564,913	1,573
Expenditures									
Public works		-	-		-		367,650	326,326	41,324
Parks and recreation		580,550	580,151		399		-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-	-	-
Transfers out							259,690	259,690	
Total expenditures		580,550	580,151		399		627,340	586,016	41,324
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)									
Expenditures		-	-		-		(64,000)	(21,103)	42,897
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	_	-		_		_	121,733	121,733	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$		<u>\$ -</u>	\$		\$	57,733	\$100,630	\$ 42,897

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Amended Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2014

-	Tree Fund		Public I	mprovement	Fund	Older Persons' Millage Fund			
		Variance			Variance			Variance	
Amended		with	Amended		with	Amended		with	
Budget		Amended	Budget		Amended	Budget		Amended	
(Unaudited)	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	(Unaudited)	Actual	Budget	(Unaudited)	Actual	Budget	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 980,640	\$979,968	\$ (672)	
-	-	-	64,520	64,524	4	-	-	-	
20,490	20,976	486	127,500	112,111	(15,389)	-	-	-	
5,000	5,286	286	2,800	3,065	265	-	-	-	
-	-	-	133,750	133,750	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	(15,000)	(15,000)	-	-	-	-	
			14,540	14,558	18				
25,490	26,262	772	328,110	313,008	(15,102)	980,640	979,968	(672)	
10,000	20,540	(10,540)	643,240	485,433	157,807	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	980,640	979,968	672	
-	-	-	10,500	10,030	470	-	-	-	
6,240	6,240								
16,240	26,780	(10,540)	653,740	495,463	158,277	980,640	979,968	672	
9,250	(518)	(9,768)	(325,630)	(182,455)	143,175	-	-	-	
1,609,515	1,609,515		2,451,509	2,451,509					
\$ 1,618,765	\$ 1,608,997	<u>\$ (9,768</u>)	\$ 2,125,879	\$ 2,269,054	<u>\$143,175</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

(Continued on next page)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Amended Budget and Actual (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Green Space Preservation				n	Total			
	Aı	mended				riance with	Amended		Variance with
	1	Budget			Am	ended	Budget		Amended
		naudited)		Actual		udget	(Unaudited)	Actual	Budget
Revenue	<u></u>						<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Property taxes	\$	884,210	Ś	884,278	\$	68	\$ 2,997,930	\$ 2,997,169	\$ (761)
Federal grant	Ţ	-	٧	-	Ţ	-	64,520	64,524	y (701) 4
Charges for services		_		_		_	151,360	138,967	(12,393)
Investment earnings		12,000		13,691		1,691	20,500	22,813	2,313
Sale of assets		-		-		-	133,750	133,750	-
Transfers in		-		-		-	(15,000)	(15,000)	_
Other		_					21,280	20,048	(1,232)
Total revenue		896,210		897,969		1,759	3,374,340	3,362,271	(12,069)
Expenditures									
Public works		-		-		-	1,020,890	832,299	188,591
Parks and recreation		44,330		20,648		23,682	1,605,520	1,580,767	24,753
Capital outlay	:	1,050,000		1,037,233		12,767	1,060,500	1,047,263	13,237
Transfers out		-					265,930	265,930	
Total expenditures		1,094,330	_	1,057,881		36,449	3,952,840	3,726,259	226,581
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)									
Expenditures		(198,120)		(159,912)		38,208	(578,500)	(363,988)	214,512
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	_!	5,951,206	_	5,951,206			10,133,963	10,133,963	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$!	5,753,086	<u>\$</u>	5,791,294	\$	38,208	\$ 9,555,463	<u>\$ 9,769,975</u>	\$214,512

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Road Improvement 2001 Fund — This fund accounts for payment of debt created for improvement to roads using Act 175 bonds. Revenue is generated from tax levies and expenditures are made for principal and interest.

Local Street Improvement 2001 Fund – This fund account for payment of debt created for the improvement of local streets using Act 175 bonds. Revenue is generated from special assessment collections, and funds received under Act 51 are transferred to these funds from the Local Street Special Revenue Fund for the City's share. Expenditures are made for principal and interest.

Drain Fund – This fund accounts for payment of debt created for drain construction and maintenance. Revenue is generated from tax levies and expenditures are made for principal and interest.

Refunding OPC Building Bond Series 2010 – This fund accounts for payment of debt created for refunding of the OPC Building Bond 2001 Series callable portion. Revenue is generated from tax levies and expenditures are made for principal and interest.

Municipal Building Refunding Bond Series 2010 Fund – This fund accounts for payment of debt created for refunding of the Municipal Building Bond Series 2002 callable portion. Revenue is generated from tax levies and expenditures are made for principal and interest.

Refunding Bond, Capital Improvement Series 2011 – This fund accounts for payment of debt created for refunding of the Local Street Improvement 2002 Fund callable portion. Revenue is received under Act 51 and transferred from the Local Street Fund. Expenditures are made for principal and interest.

Assets	20	Road Provement 001 Fund	1mp 20	orovement 001 Fund	ain Fund
Cash and investments	\$	216,697	\$	207,719	\$ 796,807
Receivables:					
Property tax		-		-	69,908
Accounts		-		1,291	-
Accrued interest		-		-	385
Long-term receivables - Special assessments				41,756	 <u> </u>
Total assets	\$	216,697	\$	250,766	\$ 867,100
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3
Otherliabilities					 256
Total liabilities		-		-	259
Deferred inflows of resources					
Property taxes levied for subsequent year's budget		-		-	130,366
Unavailable revenue-not collected within					
the period of availability				41,756	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		41,756	130,366
Fund Balances					
Restricted - Debt service		216,697		209,010	 736,475
Total fund balances		216,697		250,766	 866,841
Total liabilites, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$	216,697	\$	250,766	\$ 867,100

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

		Mur	icipal					
		Bui	lding	Refu	nding Bond,			
OPC	Refunding	Refund	ing Bond,		Capital	Tota	al Nonmajor	
Bor	nd, Series	Series 2010		Im	orovement	Debt Service		
20	10 Fund	F	und	Se	eries 2011		Funds	
			_					
\$	522,117	\$	3,837	\$	576,080	\$	2,323,257	
•	- ,	•	-,	•	,	•	,, -	
	409,342		-		-		479,250	
	-		-		-		1,291	
	-		-		-		385	
							41,756	
\$	931,459	\$	3,837	\$	576,080	\$	2,845,939	
					_		_	
\$	17	\$	_	\$	_	\$	20	
	270		-	<u> </u>			526	
	287						546	
	207		_		_		340	
	762.070						004.006	
	763,970		-		-		894,336	
							41.756	
-				-			41,756	
	763,970		-		-		936,092	
	167,202		3,837		576,080		1,909,301	
	931,172		3,837		576,080		2,845,393	
\$	931,459	\$	3,837	\$	576,080	\$	2,845,939	

	Road Improvement 2001 Fund		Local Street Improvement 2001 Fund	Drain Fund
Revenue				
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 128,856
Investment earnings		52	5,837	1,352
Special assessments Other		<u>-</u>	24,696 	- 457
Total revenue		52	30,533	130,665
Expenditures				
Principal retirement		250,000	250,000	265,000
Interest		34,000	35,675	45,803
Miscellaneous		300	600	263
Total expenditures		284,300	286,275	311,066
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures		(284,248)	(255,742)	(180,401)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer in		175,810	185,810	
Total other financing				
sources (uses)		175,810	185,810	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(108,438)	(69,932)	(180,401)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		325,135	278,942	916,876
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	216,697	\$ 209,010	\$ 736,475

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Debt Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Municipal		
		Building	Refunding Bond,	
OPC F	Refunding	Refunding Bond,	Capital	Total Nonmajor
Bon	d Series	Series 2010	Improvement	Debt Service
201	LO Fund	Fund	Series 2011	Funds
\$	745,308	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 874,164
	442	10	1,159	8,852
	-	-	-	24,696
				457
	745,750	10	1,159	908,169
	580,000	525,000	410,000	2,280,000
	177,450	193,794	50,938	537,660
	461	250	250	2,124
	757,911	719,044	461,188	2,819,784
	(12,161)	(719,034)	(460,029)	(1,911,615)
		718,540	265,620	1,345,780
		718,540	265,620	1,345,780
	(42.464)	(40.4)	(404.400)	(505,025)
	(12,161)	(494)	(194,409)	(565,835)
	179,363	4,331	770,489	2,475,136
\$	167,202	\$ 3,837	\$ 576,080	\$ 1,909,301
<u> </u>	- , -		,	. , ,

	Roa	d Improvement	2001	Local Street Improvement 2001			
			Variance			Variance	
	Amended		with	Amended		with	
	Budget		Amended	Budget		Amended	
	(Unaudited) Actual	Budget	(Unaudited)	Actual	Budget	
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Investment earnings	40	0 52	12	4,580	5,837	1,257	
Special assessments	-	-	-	19,560	24,696	5,136	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in	175,81	0 175,810		185,810	185,810		
Total revenue	175,85	0 175,862	12	209,950	216,343	6,393	
Expenditures							
Principal retirement	250,000	250,000	-	250,000	250,000	-	
Interest	34,000	0 34,000	-	35,680	35,675	5	
Miscellaneous	300	300		600	600		
Total expenditures	284,30	284,300		286,280	286,275	5	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)							
Expenditures	(108,45	0) (108,438)	12	(76,330)	(69,932)	6,398	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	325,13	325,135		278,942	278,942		
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 216,68	5 \$ 216,697	\$ 12	\$ 202,612	\$ 209,010	\$ 6,398	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Debt Service Funds Combining Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Amended Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2014

Municipal Building Refunding Bond,

	Drain Fund		OPC Refun	ding Bond, S	eries 2010	Series 2010			
		Variance			Variance			Variance	
Amended		with	Amended		with	Amended		with	
Budget		Amended	Budget		Amended	Budget		Amended	
(Unaudited)	Actual	Budget	(Unaudited)	Actual	Budget	(Unaudited)	Actual	Budget	
\$ 128,810	\$ 128,856	\$ 46	\$ 758,610	\$ 745,308	\$ (13,302)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
1,250	1,352	102	400	442	42	-	10	10	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	457	457	-	-	-	-	-	-	
						718,540	718,540		
130,060	130,665	605	759,010	745,750	(13,260)	718,540	718,550	10	
265,000	265,000	-	580,000	580,000	-	525,000	525,000	-	
46,810	45,803	1,007	177,460	177,450	10	193,800	193,794	6	
780	263	517	1,550	461	1,089	280	250	30	
312,590	311,066	1,524	759,010	757,911	1,099	719,080	719,044	36	
(402 520)	(4.00, 404)	2.420		(42.464)	(42.464)	(5.40)	(40.4)	4.5	
(182,530)	(180,401)	2,129	-	(12,161)	(12,161)	(540)	(494)	46	
916,876	916,876		179,363	179,363		4,331	4,331		
\$ 734,346	\$ 736,475	\$ 2,129	\$ 179,363	\$ 167,202	<u>\$ (12,161)</u>	\$ 3,791	\$ 3,837	<u>\$ 46</u>	

(Continued on next page)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Debt Service Funds (Continued) Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Amended Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2014

Refunding	Rond	Canital	Improvement,
Retuiluing	bona,	Capitai	improvement,

		Series 201	1	Total			
	Amended Budget (Unaudited) Actual		Variance with Amended Budget	Amended Budget (Unaudited)	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget	
Revenue	<u> </u>			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 887,420	\$ 874,164	\$ (13,256)	
Investment earnings	950	1,159	209	7,220	8,852	1,632	
Special assessments	-	-	-	19,560	24,696	5,136	
Other	-	-	-	-	457	457	
Transfers in	265,620	265,620		1,345,780	1,345,780		
Total revenue	266,570	266,779	209	2,259,980	2,253,949	(6,031)	
Expenditures							
Principal retirement	410,000	410,000	-	2,280,000	2,280,000	-	
Interest	50,940	50,938	2	538,690	537,660	1,030	
Miscellaneous	280	250	30	3,790	2,124	1,666	
Total expenditures	461,220	461,188	32	2,822,480	2,819,784	2,696	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)							
Expenditures	(194,650)	(194,409)	241	(562,500)	(565,835)	(3,335)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	770,489	770,489		2,475,136	2,475,136		
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 575,839	<u>\$ 576,080</u>	<u>\$ 241</u>	\$ 1,912,636	\$ 1,909,301	\$ (3,335)	

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds account for the purchase and replacement of major equipment, improvements, and the construction of major capital replacements that are not financed by proprietary funds.

Fire Capital Fund – This fund accounts for monies received from the Special Revenue Fire Fund and is used for the purchase and replacement of major fire department capital items.

Pathway Construction Fund – This fund accounts for monies received from the Special Revenue Pathway Fund and private development to support major rehabilitation and construction of pedestrian pathway systems.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for the capital purchases and construction by the City. Revenue is transferred from other City funds and expenditures in this fund are for capital purchases, construction or development.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

		Pathway	Capital	Total Nonmajor
	Fire Capital	Construction	Improvement	Capital Project
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$8,786,359	\$ 1,533,639	\$ 3,980,221	\$ 14,300,219
Receivables:				
Accrued interest	9,872	832	3,826	14,530
Total assets	\$8,796,231	\$ 1,534,471	\$ 3,984,047	\$ 14,314,749
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities				
	ć 50.252	ć 2.222	A	6 60 474
Accounts payable	\$ 58,252	\$ 2,222	\$ -	\$ 60,474
Retainages payable				
Total liabilities	58,252	2,222	-	60,474
Fund Balances				
Restricted				
Pathway construction	-	1,532,249	-	1,532,249
Fire vehicles and equipment	8,737,979	-	-	8,737,979
Assigned - Capital projects			3,984,047	3,984,047
Total fund balances	8,737,979	1,532,249	3,984,047	14,254,275
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,796,231	\$ 1,534,471	\$ 3,984,047	\$ 14,314,749

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Pathway	Capital	Total Nonmajor
	Fire Capital	Construction	Improvement	Capital Project
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenue				
Investment earnings	\$ 20,104	\$ 4,208	\$ 10,513	\$ 34,825
Sale of assets	15,401	-	-	15,401
Other	770	33,102		33,872
Total revenue	36,275	37,310	10,513	84,098
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	175,715	235,924	10,010	421,649
Miscellaneous			1,941	1,941
Total Expenditures	175,715	235,924	11,951	423,590
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(139,440)	(198,614)	(1,438)	(339,492)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in	145,860	259,690	251,000	656,550
Transfers out			(108,790)	(108,790)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	145,860	259,690	142,210	547,760
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,420	61,076	140,772	208,268
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	8,731,559	1,471,173	3,843,275	14,046,007
Fund Balances - End of year	<u>\$8,737,979</u>	<u>\$ 1,532,249</u>	\$ 3,984,047	<u>\$ 14,254,275</u>

		Fii	re C	Capital Fur	nd		Pathway Construction Fund					
					٧	/ariance					Va	riance
	Α	mended				with	Ar	nended				with
		Budget			Α	mended	E	Budget			Am	nended
	(Ur	(Unaudited)		Actual		Budget	(Unaudited)			Actual	В	udget
Revenue												
Investment earnings	\$	19,000	\$	20,104	\$	1,104	\$	3,800	\$	4,208	\$	408
Sale of assets		15,400		15,401		1		-		-		-
Transfers in		145,860		145,860		-		259,690		259,690		-
Other		770		770				230		33,102		32,872
Total revenue		181,030		182,135		1,105		263,720		297,000		33,280
Expenditures												
Capital outlay		174,680		175,715		(1,035)		281,720		235,924		45,796
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out												
Total expenditures	_	174,680	_	175,715	_	(1,035)		281,720	_	235,924	_	45,796
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)												
Expenditures		6,350		6,420		70		(18,000)		61,076		79,076
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		8,731,559		8,731,559		<u>-</u>	1	<u>,471,173</u>	_	1,471,173		
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	8,737,909	\$	8,737,979	\$	70	\$ 1	,453,173	\$	1,532,249	\$	79,076

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects Funds Combining Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Amended Budget to Actual Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Capital	lm	provemer	ıt Fu	ınd	Total						
				V	ariance					Va	riance	
Ar	nended				with	Α	mended			with		
E	Budget			Ar	mended		Budget			Αn	nended	
(Un	audited)		Actual		Budget		naudited)		Actual	В	udget	
\$	10,000	\$	10,513	\$	513	\$	32,800	\$	34,825	\$	2,025	
	-		-		-		15,400		15,401		1	
	251,000		251,000		-		656,550		656,550		-	
	13,500				(13,500)		14,500		33,872		19,372	
	274,500		261,513		(12,987)		719,250		740,648		21,398	
	13,600		10,010		3,590		470,000		421,649		48,351	
	-		1,941		(1,941)		-		1,941		(1,941)	
	108,790		108,790				108,790		108,790		-	
	122,390		120,741		1,649		578,790		532,380		46,410	
	152,110		140,772		(11,338)		140,460		208,268		67,808	
3	3,843,275		3,843,275	_		_1	4,046,007	1	14,046,007			
\$ 3	3,995,385	\$ 3	3,984,047	\$	(11,338)	\$ 1	4,186,467	\$ 1	14,254,275	\$	67,808	



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Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for the resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes the government's specific activity.

Cemetery Trust Fund – This fund accounts for monies collected from sale of cemetery lots and spaces and interest earned to be used to manage and preserve in perpetuity assets for the purpose of providing for general care, maintenance and improvements of the Cemetery.

Permanent Fund Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

	Cemetery Trust			
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	1,292,979		
Total assets		1,292,979		
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable-Permanent Fund Principal		1,073,870		
Restricted for Cemetery Trust		219,109		
Total fund balances		1,292,979		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,292,979		

Permanent Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Cer	netery Trust
Revenue		
Investment earnings-spendable	\$	1,760
Other		42,132
Total revenue		43,892
Net Change in Fund Balance		43,892
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		1,249,087
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	1,292,979

Permanent Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Amended Budget to Actual Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Cemetery Trust								
	Ame	nded Budget	Varia	nce with					
	(U	naudited)	Actual	Amend	ed Budget				
Revenue									
Investment earnings	\$	1,500	\$ 1,760	\$	260				
Other		42,600	42,132		(468)				
Total revenue		44,100	43,892		(208)				
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		1,249,087	1,249,087						
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	1,293,187	\$ 1,292,979	\$	(208)				

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one City department or agency to other departments or agencies primarily on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Facilities Fund – This fund accounts for the costs of operating and maintaining the land and buildings of the City, excluding the water and sewer building.

Management Information Systems Fund – This fund accounts for the costs of data processing services provided to various City departments. The actual cost of materials and services is reimbursed to this fund by the user departments.

Fleet Equipment Fund – This fund accounts for the costs of acquiring and maintaining City-operated vehicles used by various City departments. The actual cost of labor and materials is reimbursed to this fund by the user departments.

Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for the City's self-insured premium payments for general liability, fleet, and property insurance. Recorded in this fund are the reserves and estimated IBNR liability.



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Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

		Management			
		Information	Fleet		
	Facilities	Systems	Equipment	Insurance	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,811,516	\$ 1,187,661	\$ 1,230,064	\$ 1,138,148	\$ 6,367,389
Investments	3,650,000	1,998,420	5,741,195	-	11,389,615
Accrued interest receivable	4,757	1,239	3,313	-	9,309
Other	70,375	1,941	8,736	369,432	450,484
Total current assets	6,536,648	3,189,261	6,983,308	1,507,580	18,216,797
Property, Plant, and Equipment					
Land	17,791,940	_	_	_	17,791,940
Land improvements	4,379,530	_	_	_	4,379,530
Building	30,662,739	_	_	_	30,662,739
Furniture	1,567,403	4,518,370	_	_	6,085,773
Machinery and equipment	1,410,877	-	2,713,956	_	4,124,833
Vehicles			5,778,118		5,778,118
Total property, plant, and equipment	55,812,489	4,518,370	8,492,074		68,822,933
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,313,589)	(3,651,469)	(4,878,840)	-	(28,843,898)
Net property, plant, and equipment	35,498,900	866,901	3,613,234		39,979,035
Total assets	42,035,548	4,056,162	10,596,542	1,507,580	58,195,832
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	246,059	45,726	32,378	-	324,163
Retainage payable	7,062	-	-	-	7,062
Accrued wages	28,934	36,476	26,874	-	92,284
Accrued vacation	29,092	71,104	42,869	-	143,065
Accrued annual leave	13,879	24,458	16,427	-	54,764
Payable related to debt or capital lease obligations:					
Due in less than one year - Debt	285,000	-	-	-	285,000
Due in less than one year - Capital lease	-	19,722	-	-	19,722
Accrued interest	11,367	-	-	-	11,367
Other liabilities	27,945			43,793	71,738
Total current liabilities	649,338	197,486	118,548	43,793	1,009,165
Long-term liabilities - debt less current portion	1,420,000	47,369			1,467,369
Total liabilities	2,069,338	244,855	118,548	43,793	2,476,534
Nat Parities					
Net Position	22 702 000	910 533	2 612 224		20 226 600
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	33,793,900 6,172,310	819,532 2,991,775	3,613,234 6,864,760	1,463,787	38,226,666 17,492,632
Total net position	\$ 39,966,210	\$ 3,811,307	<u>\$ 10,477,994</u>	<u>\$ 1,463,787</u>	\$ 55,719,298

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Management	Fleet		
	Facilities	Information	Equipment	Insurance	
	Fund	Systems Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Operating Revenue					
Charges for services	2,419,146	1,927,750	2,629,518	-	6,976,414
Miscellaneous revenue	1,492	<u>781</u>	53,044	405,392	460,709
Total operating revenue	2,420,638	1,928,531	2,682,562	405,392	7,437,123
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and wages	698,713	904,394	664,342	-	2,267,449
Public utilities	585,942	-	-	-	585,942
Professional services	650,906	329,077	484,472	290,834	1,755,289
Materials and supplies	165,038	41,470	18,529	-	225,037
Repairs and maintenance	234,751	160,854	606,822	-	1,002,427
Rentals	4,825	-	2,571	-	7,396
Depreciation and amortization	1,208,086	414,616	628,322		2,251,024
Total operating expenses	3,548,261	1,850,411	2,405,058	290,834	8,094,564
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,127,623)	78,120	277,504	114,558	(657,441)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment earnings	14,161	5,184	7,362	10,192	36,899
Interest expense	(34,472)	(3,103)	-	-	(37,575)
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(5,202)		203,937		198,735
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(25,513)	2,081	211,299	10,192	198,059
Income (Loss) - Before capital contributions					
and transfers	(1,153,136)	80,201	488,803	124,750	(459,382)
Capital Contributions					
Federal grant	5,591	-	-	-	5,591
Other capital contributions	205,383	_	_	_	205,383
Total capital contributions	210,974				210,974
Transfers	,				•
Transfer in	830,525	46,860	14,500	-	891,885
Transfer out	(718,540)				(718,540)
Total transfers	111,985	46,860	14,500		173,345
Change in Net Position	(830,177)	127,061	503,303	124,750	(75,063)
Net Position - Beginning of year	40,796,387	3,684,246	9,974,691	1,339,037	55,794,361
Net Position - End of year	\$ 39,966,210	\$ 3,811,307	\$ 10,477,994	\$ 1,463,787	\$ 55,719,298

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Management	Fleet		
		Information	Equipment	Insurance	
	Facilities	Systems Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,351,188	\$ 1,927,750	\$ 2,628,345	\$ -	6,907,283
Cash payments for goods and services	(1,694,721)	(459,581)	(1,091,904)	(401,924)	(3,648,130)
Cash payments to employees	(698,831)	(894,789)	(656,905)	-	(2,250,525)
Other operating revenue	1,492	<u>781</u>	53,044	405,392	460,709
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(40,872)	574,161	932,580	3,468	1,469,337
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers in from other funds	783,595	46,860	14,500	-	844,955
Transfers out to other funds	(718,540)				(718,540)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activites	65,055	46,860	14,500	-	126,415
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing					
Activities					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,641	-	203,937	-	206,578
Payment for capital acquisitions	(681,486)	(940,692)	(1,088,887)	-	(2,711,065)
Principal payments	(290,000)	(18,949)	-	-	(308,949)
Interest paid	(39,899)	(3,103)	-	-	(43,002)
Federal grant	5,591	-	-	-	5,591
Capital contributions	205,383	-	-	-	205,383
Transfer in from other funds	46,930				46,930
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(750,840)	(962,744)	(884,950)	-	(2,598,534)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Purchase of investment securities	(3,650,000)	(1,998,844)	(6,242,657)	-	(11,891,501)
Proceeds from maturities of investment securities	4,349,472	1,999,294	6,243,474	-	12,592,240
Receipts of interest and dividends	14,497	5,155	7,974	10,192	37,818
Net cash provided by investing activities	713,969	5,605	8,791	10,192	738,557
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	(12,688)	(336,118)	70,921	13,660	(264,225)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1, 2014	2,824,204	1,523,779	1,159,143	1,124,488	6,631,614
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31, 2014	<u>\$ 2,811,516</u>	<u>\$ 1,187,661</u>	\$1,230,064	<u>\$ 1,138,148</u>	\$ 6,367,389

(Continued on next page)

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Facilities	Management Information Systems Fund	Fleet Equipment Fund	Insurance Fund	Total	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$ (1,127,623)		\$ 277,504	\$ 114,558	\$ (657,441)	
Depreciation expense	1,208,086	414,616	628,322	-	2,251,024	
Increase in accounts receivable	(67,958)	-	(1,173)	-	(69,131)	
Decrease in other assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	291	38,111	137	-	38,539	
and other accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in accrued wages, vacation	(53,550)	33,709	20,353	7,343	7,855	
and annual leave	(118)	9,605	7,437	-	16,924	
Decrease in other liabilities				(118,433)	(118,433)	
Total adjustments	1,086,751	496,041	655,076	(111,090)	2,126,778	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (40,872)	\$ 574,161	\$ 932,580	\$ 3,468	\$ 1,469,337	

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agency for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or funds. Agency Funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Trust Fund:

Retiree Health Care Benefit Trust Fund — This fund accounts for the activity of the postemployment employee health care benefit program provided by the City.

Agency Funds:

Trust and Agency Fund – This fund accounts for advance payments, delinquent taxes, and licensing recorded here until received and/or disbursed.

Tax Collection Fund – This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of current City tax levies.

Payroll Fund – This fund accounts for monies aggregated for payroll and payroll-related liabilities.

Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

			Agency Funds					
	Retiree Health			Tax				
	Care Benefit		Trust and		Collection	Payroll	Total Agency	
		Trust		ncy Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	
Assets								
Cash	\$	65,883	\$	3,000	\$ 3,258,988	\$ 35,940	\$ 3,297,928	
Investments - Mutual funds	_	1,962,100						
Total assets		2,027,983	<u>\$</u>	3,000	\$ 3,258,988	\$ 35,940	\$ 3,297,928	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,940	\$ 3,940	
Due to other governmental units		-		3,000	3,123,408	32,000	3,158,408	
Accrued and other liabilities		364			135,580		135,580	
Total liabilities		364	\$	3,000	\$ 3,258,988	<u>\$ 35,940</u>	\$ 3,297,928	
Net Position - Held in trust for benefits	\$	2,027,619						

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended December 31, 2014

Trust and Agency Fund	Balance January 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2014
Assets - Cash	\$ 2,157	\$ 221,970	\$ 221,127	\$ 3,000
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Total liabilities Tax Collection Fund	\$ - 2,157 \$ 2,157	\$ 185,275 1,838,513 \$ 2,023,788	\$ 185,275 1,837,670 \$ 2,022,945	\$ - 3,000 \$ 3,000
Assets - Cash	\$3,154,178	\$ 114,040,180	\$ 113,935,370	\$ 3,258,988
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental/component units Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ - 3,030,994 123,184 \$3,154,178	\$ 89,221 129,813,218 675,268 \$ 130,577,707	\$ 89,221 129,720,804 662,872 \$ 130,472,897	\$ - 3,123,408 135,580 \$ 3,258,988
Payroll Fund				
Assets - Cash	\$ 36,479	\$ 16,303,239	\$ 16,303,778	\$ 35,940
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental/component units Total liabilities	\$ 4,479 32,000 \$ 36,479	\$ 146,127 3,887,537 \$ 4,033,664	\$ 146,666 3,887,537 \$ 4,034,203	\$ 3,940 32,000 \$ 35,940



Statistical Section



Statistical Section

This part of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, not disclosures, and required supplemental information says about the City's overall financial health.

The statistical section is organized into the following main categories:

- Financial trends
- Revenue capacity
- Debt capacity
- Demographic and economic information
- Operating information

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.



Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

	Fiscal Year					
	2005	2006	2007	2008		
Governmental Activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 110,689,829	\$114,283,971	\$120,942,021	\$132,920,551		
Restricted	44,263,028	49,911,176	49,530,590	46,078,458		
Unrestricted	19,576,062	20,562,505	26,878,656	28,657,852		
Total net position	174,528,919	184,757,652	197,351,267	207,656,861		
Business-type Activities						
Net investment in capital assets	102,222,247	103,730,294	112,770,535	112,451,368		
Unrestricted	19,971,163	21,865,974	15,377,599	16,349,812		
Total net position	122,193,410	125,596,268	128,148,134	128,801,180		
Primary Government in Total						
Net investment in capital assets	212,912,076	218,014,265	233,712,556	245,371,919		
Restricted	44,263,028	49,911,176	49,530,590	46,078,458		
Unrestricted	39,547,225	42,428,479	42,256,255	45,007,664		
Total net position	\$ 296,722,329	\$310,353,920	\$325,499,401	\$336,458,041		

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fisc	al Year		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ 143,262,388	\$ 145,384,763	\$145,640,716	\$ 145,142,346	\$ 147,168,547	\$ 155,196,747
45,513,634	47,311,191	47,528,421	50,063,452	51,090,072	48,467,412
30,532,380	36,011,999	41,111,202	44,348,803	47,065,731	 47,770,506
219,308,402	228,707,953	234,280,339	239,554,601	245,324,350	251,434,665
, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
109,473,244	108,400,368	105,213,118	102,227,501	101,946,407	99,934,224
18,894,276	24,607,878	31,342,789	39,915,557	42,854,539	46,634,950
128,367,520	133,008,246	136,555,907	142,143,058	144,800,946	146,569,174
,			,,	_ : :,===,= :=	, ,
252,735,632	253,785,131	250,853,834	247,369,847	249,114,954	255,130,971
45,513,634	47,311,191	47,528,421	50,063,452	51,090,072	48,467,412
49,426,656	60,619,877	72,453,991	84,264,360	89,920,270	94,405,456
\$ 347,675,922	\$ 361,716,199	\$ 370,836,246	\$ 381,697,659	\$ 390,125,296	\$ 398,003,839

	Fiscal Year			
	2005	FISCA 2006	2007	2008
Expenses	2003	2000	2007	2008
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 4,682,613	\$ 6,299,416	\$ 5,190,888	\$ 5,090,089
Public works	10,077,715	10,138,213	11,521,381	12,195,118
Public safety	15,572,006	16,632,031	17,721,910	18,700,427
Community and economic development	1,321,727	1,153,060	1,193,025	1,203,475
Recreation and culture	4,478,326	4,744,567	5,098,671	6,626,340
Interest on long-term debt	2,383,866	2,231,178	2,020,901	1,822,708
Total governmental activities expenses	38,516,253	41,198,465	42,746,776	45,638,157
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	23,062,151	22,710,087	23,983,445	26,363,970
Total primary government expenses	61,578,404	63,908,552	66,730,221	72,002,127
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	210,223	171,991	191,352	193,570
Public works	494,101	360,254	220,996	274,862
Public safety	3,703,136	3,453,260	3,387,525	3,432,773
Community and economic development	198,384	204,898	84,036	91,197
Recreation and culture	636,928	604,141	663,262	694,404
Operating grants and contributions	4,468,171	4,721,131	4,759,738	4,579,943
Capital grants and contributions	6,162,297	2,450,364	1,662,224	3,160,070
Total governmental activities program revenues	15,873,240	11,966,039	10,969,133	12,426,819
Business-type activities - Water and sewer				
Charges for service	20,535,851	21,271,242	24,423,551	24,887,533
Capital grants and contributions	3,840,383	3,782,154	1,159,068	1,611,334
Total business-type activities program revenues	24.376.234	25.053.396	25,582,619	26.498.867
Total primary government program revenues	40,249,474	37,019,435	36,551,752	38,925,686
	,2,	37,013,133	30,331,732	
Net (Expense) Revenue	(22.642.042)	(20, 222, 426)	(24 777 642)	(22.244.220)
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(22,643,013)	(29,232,426)	(31,777,643)	(33,211,338)
	1,314,083	2,343,309	1,599,174	134,897
Total primary government net expenses	(21,328,930)	(26,889,117)	(30,178,469)	(33,076,441)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental activities:				
Property taxes	27,492,422	29,985,752	31,851,346	32,791,719
State-shared revenues	5,395,634	5,341,983	5,362,252	5,270,042
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,618,951	4,900,644	5,578,240	3,861,984
Unrestricted cable franchise fees	647,350	968,467	944,073	978,304
Miscellaneous	1,031,921	619,505	571,400	572,796
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,118,104	87,108	63,947	42,087
Transfer	-	-	-	-
Contribution to permanent fund-principal	-	-	-	-
Special item Extraordinary item - Consent judgment		(2,443,300)		
Total general governmental revenues	38,304,382	39,460,159	44,371,258	43,516,932
Business-type activities				
Unrestricted investment earnings	517,710	972,934	918,369	498,092
Miscellaneous	495,024	86,615	34,323	20,057
Transfer	-	-	,	
Special item	_	_	_	_
Total general business-type revenues	1,012,734	1,059,549	952,692	518,149
Total primary government program revenues	39,317,116	40,519,708	45,323,950	44,035,081
Change in Net Position	33,317,110	40,313,700	75,525,550	44,033,031
Governmental activities	15,661,369	10,227,733	12,593,615	10,305,594
Business-type activities	2,326,817	3,402,858	2,551,866	653,046
Total primary government	\$ 17,988,186	\$ 13,630,591	\$ 15,145,481	\$ 10,958,640

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					(Accru
		Fisca	ıl Year		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ 6,347,983	\$ 5,225,635	\$ 5,046,903	\$ 4,695,356	\$ 4,465,008	\$ 3,597,085
11,263,739	12,220,800	11,965,328	11,621,301	11,699,421	13,234,754
18,392,571	18,072,766	17,885,660	17,920,001	18,548,887	18,429,217
1,066,989	894,785	793,710	864,268	932,396	906,554
4,876,599	4,612,372	4,482,418	4,364,953	4,299,082	5,532,795
1,616,853	1,317,638	944,612	818,736	832,141	556,891
43,564,734	42,343,996	41,118,631	40,284,615	40,776,935	42,257,296
26,896,023	27,112,560	27,227,738	27,346,260	28,563,981	28,849,470
70,460,757	69,456,556	68,346,369	67,630,875	69,340,916	71,106,766
197,758	250,305	271,264	282,168	335,060	364,640
328,823	62,222	364,902	231,815	533,505	403,736
3,078,049	3,740,432	3,974,851	4,087,803	3,979,720	4,154,668
30,326	47,516	21,505	22,709	37,156	48,729
758,658	842,766	825,893	844,302	850,706	843,349
4,453,885	4,449,772	4,470,444	4,816,403	4,975,418	5,699,964
5,425,635	3,597,135	874,157	593,955	1,620,345	1,176,625
14,273,134	12,990,148	10,803,016	10,879,155	12,331,910	12,691,711
25,901,158	28,970,666	30,055,678	32,375,117	29,727,018	29,610,232
362,930	2,653,340	639,083	441,084	1,383,227	736,784
26,264,088	31,624,006	30.694.761	32.816.201	31,110,245	30,347,016
40,537,222	44,614,154	41,497,777	43,695,356	43,442,155	43,038,727
(29,291,600)	(29,353,848)	(30,315,615)	(29,405,460)	(28,445,025)	(29,565,585)
(631,935)	4,511,446	3,467,023	5,469,941	2,546,264	1,497,546
<u>(29,923,535</u>)	(24,842,402)	(26,848,592)	(23,935,519)	(25,898,761)	(28,068,039)
22 808 100	21 667 020	20 101 201	26 417 474	26 270 510	26 600 208
32,898,199 4,543,462	31,667,939 4,449,876	28,181,281 5,077,251	26,417,474 5,247,035	26,270,519 5,372,104	26,609,298 5,520,914
1,180,742	850,707	442,713	350,337	292,100	234,752
1,037,993	1,217,626	1,267,159	1,359,968	1,409,770	1,525,713
1,165,537	462,127	772,163	1,078,121	687,926	644,405
117,208	105,124	147,434	226,787	182,355	282,906
, -	-	-	-	-	14,500
-	-	-	-	-	42,132
-	-	-	-	-	801,280
40,943,141	38,753,399	35,888,001	34,679,722	34,214,774	35,675,900
194,351	122,272	80,553	117,210	111,624	108,464
3,924	7,008	85	-	-	12,300
-	-	-	-	-	(14,500)
					164,418
198,275	129,280	80,638	117,210	111,624	270,682
41,141,416	38,882,679	35,968,639	34,796,932	34,326,398	35,946,582
11,651,541	9,399,551	5,572,386	5,274,262	5,769,749	6,110,315
(433,660)	4,640,726	3,547,661	5,587,151	2,657,888	1,768,228
\$11,217,881	\$14,040,277	\$ 9,120,047	\$10,861,413	\$ 8,427,637	\$ 7,878,543

	 2005		2006 2007		2007	2008	
General Fund							
Committed							
Budget stabilization	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000
Consent judgment	-		2,443,300		-		-
Assigned	-		-		-		-
Unassigned	 11,002,987		10,136,148		12,885,787		14,429,937
Total General Fund	12,002,987		13,579,448		13,885,787		15,429,937
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	43,808		60,563		60,151		107,532
Permanent Fund Principal-Cemetery	742,769		784,983		825,755		854,339
Restricted							
Road construction and maintenance	18,915,593		21,301,410		20,213,575		18,687,480
Fire service	1,172,238		1,227,513		1,642,698		1,794,465
Police protection	742,979		407,633		200,003		245,991
Pathway operations and maintenance	230,296		241,870		75,302		111,456
Drain improvements	5,704,215		6,038,430		6,050,306		5,113,813
Tree conservation and maintenance	1,343,801		1,441,848		1,557,407		1,638,492
Green space preservation	-		1,052,673		1,543,267		1,425,054
Debt service	6,999,896		6,569,620		5,983,256		4,923,532
Pathway construction	2,312,626		2,469,796		2,661,979		2,511,653
Fire vehicles and equipment	5,918,327		7,980,300		8,445,574		8,370,923
Cemetery Trust	136,480		334,537		271,317		293,728
Assigned							
Capital projects	 2,230,385		2,824,669		3,602,963		3,947,103
Total other governmental funds	 46,493,413		52,735,845		53,133,553		50,025,561
Total of all governmental funds	\$ 58,496,400	\$	66,315,293	\$	67,019,340	\$	65,455,498

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	
-	-	-	-	-	4,313,480	
14,153,056	18,175,688	23,793,530	27,286,912	29,741,203	25,944,104	
 15,153,056	19,175,688	24,793,530	28,286,912	30,741,203	31,257,584	
13,133,030	13,173,000	21,755,550	20,200,312	30,711,203	31,237,301	
100.034	120 100	100.020	165 300	64.150	72 202	
108,824	130,100	100,938	165,288	64,159	72,383	
898,772	927,311	961,329	986,949	1,031,738	1,073,870	
18,106,023	19,441,018	19,585,696	20,969,948	21,978,688	19,534,464	
1,938,315	2,634,008	3,073,339	3,475,915	3,715,509	4,030,819	
383,932	563,609	694,720	1,017,897	1,270,798	1,557,263	
144,891	208,313	135,738	126,228	121,733	100,630	
4,520,953	4,317,799	3,573,694	3,028,107	2,451,509	2,299,054	
1,659,911	1,643,884	1,665,859	1,641,439	1,609,515	1,608,997	
2,265,823	3,303,468	4,220,263	5,093,769	5,951,206	5,791,294	
4,706,620	4,250,814	3,809,902	3,373,388	2,475,136	1,909,301	
2,603,150	1,607,372	1,570,471	1,609,849	1,471,173	1,532,249	
8,064,185	8,162,349	7,935,237	8,370,007	8,731,559	8,737,979	
112,235	121,146	214,843	213,578	217,349	219,109	
 3,810,494	3,922,640	4,048,008	3,966,203	3,843,275	3,984,047	
 49,324,128	51,233,831	51,590,037	54,038,565	54,933,347	52,451,459	
\$ 64,477,184	\$ 70,409,519	\$ 76,383,567	\$ 82,325,477	\$ 85,674,550	\$ 83,709,043	

	2005	2006	2007	2008
Revenue				
Property taxes	\$ 27,492,422	\$ 29,985,752	\$ 31,851,346	\$ 32,791,719
Licenses and permits	1,929,475	2,085,161	1,833,330	1,812,760
Federal grants	271,076	196,306	417,451	1,088,216
State-shared revenues and grants	9,805,835	9,720,235	9,632,935	9,447,908
Other governmental revenues	260,660	271,548	278,750	1,834,527
Charges for services	6,974,473	6,365,265	6,052,030	6,770,913
Fines and forfeitures	575,901	446,243	421,141	471,195
Interest earnings	2,226,383	4,003,059	4,663,989	3,175,803
Sale of assets	38,401	-	-	-
Other	1,410,503	471,312	452,595	476,695
Total revenue	50,985,129	53,544,881	55,603,567	57,869,736
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	7,149,633	6,747,880	8,799,097	7,367,155
Public works	2,527,976	2,298,684	1,819,806	1,965,170
Public safety	15,695,576	16,599,439	17,726,727	18,418,447
Community and economic development	1,325,230	1,144,244	1,182,824	1,199,020
Streets	2,764,324	3,294,116	4,433,168	4,855,495
Recreation and culture	4,315,311	4,691,740	5,064,526	5,146,701
Capital outlay Debt service	5,253,484	3,510,025	8,080,138	13,763,238
Principal	4,498,024	4,286,060	4,496,018	4,644,708
Interest	2,087,708	2,077,158	1,887,132	1,717,185
Miscellaneous	103,387	1,359	824	24,559
Wilderfulleous	103,307		024	24,555
Total expenditures	45,720,653	44,650,705	53,490,260	59,101,678
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	5,264,476	8,894,176	2,113,307	(1,231,942)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt issuance	3,235,000	-	-	-
Debt premium or discount	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	9,949,344	10,208,696	10,105,249	11,739,222
Transfers out	(12,758,196)	(11,284,976)	(11,514,509)	(12,071,122)
Payment to refund bond escrow agent				
Total other financing sources (uses)	426,148	(1,076,280)	(1,409,260)	(331,900)
Special item	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,690,624	7,817,896	704,047	(1,563,842)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	52,806,773	58,497,397	66,315,293	67,019,340
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 58,497,397	\$ 66,315,293	\$ 67,019,340	\$ 65,455,498
Debt Service as a Percentage of				
Noncapital Expenditures	19.44%	18.30%	16.36%	16.32%

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
¢ 22 000 100	¢ 21 667 020	¢ 20 101 202	¢ 26 417 474	¢ 26 270 E10	¢ 26 600 200
\$ 32,898,199 1,684,243	\$ 31,667,939	\$ 28,181,282 2,467,531	\$ 26,417,474	\$ 26,270,519	\$ 26,609,298 2,708,237
326,125	2,277,128 941,478	1,504,851	2,577,130 201,632	2,571,550 174,056	237,065
8,700,365	8,466,325	9,218,464	9,634,631	9,865,099	10,591,515
1,332,549	600,690	489,146	453,796	528,096	592,815
7,305,795	7,557,775	7,382,311	7,464,602	7,769,831	8,242,976
380,016	440,886	426,922	378,247	336,031	401,611
954,946	792,526	374,599	291,907	245,859	204,716
-	-	-	-	-	149,151
1,369,885	754,424	412,708	392,907	573,634	399,256
54,952,123	53,499,171	50,457,814	47,812,326	48,334,675	50,136,640
8,551,010	7,076,133	6,740,159	6,438,938	6,530,376	6,940,068
2,240,229	2,020,511	1,875,536	1,656,614	1,704,769	1,716,610
18,543,168	18,038,190	17,364,296	17,288,660	17,691,504	18,224,842
1,060,982	887,169	751,195	796,056	824,991	815,104
4,947,355	5,141,160	4,850,974	4,210,522	4,844,567	5,521,962
4,801,681	4,605,997	4,219,325	4,121,970	4,119,257	4,258,456
8,880,496	3,261,641	4,308,443	3,540,040	5,200,576	12,447,756
4,997,417	4,848,247	3,494,040	3,005,889	3,037,611	2,280,000
1,528,045	1,270,761	910,686	746,836	640,710	537,660
53,069	184,038	80,010	2,638	48,808	2,124
55,603,452	47,333,847	44,594,664	41,808,163	44,643,169	52,744,582
	,555,5	<u> </u>	. 1,000,100	,0 .0,203	32),
(651,329)	6,165,324	5,863,150	6,004,163	3,691,506	(2,607,942)
-	13,645,000	2,270,000	-	2,235,000	-
-	-	82,781	-	-	-
12,218,041	9,993,536	8,682,371	12,584,684	12,501,659	13,757,668
(12,545,026)	(10,144,746)	(8,630,932)	(12,646,937)	(12,889,250)	(13,916,513)
	(13,726,779)	(2,293,322)		(2,189,842)	
(326,985)	(232,989)	110,898	(62,253)	(342,433)	(158,845)
-	-	-	-	-	801,280
(978,314)	5,932,335	5,974,048	5,941,910	3,349,073	(1,965,507)
65,455,498	64,477,184	70,409,519	76,383,567	82,325,477	85,674,550
<u>\$ 64,477,184</u>	<u>\$ 70,409,519</u>	<u>\$ 76,383,567</u>	\$ 82,325,477	\$ 85,674,550	\$ 83,709,043
16.23%	16.12%	12.28%	10.87%	10.28%	7.52%



Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.



Revenue Capacity Information Taxable Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

	Taxable Value by Property Type							Taxable	
			Real Property						Value as a
Fiscal	Tax				Personal		Tax Rate	Estimated	Percentage
Year	Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Property	Total Value	(Mills)	Actual Value	of Actual
2005	2004	\$ 2,415,192,410	\$ 409,780,590	\$ 201,887,100	\$ 203,963,970	\$ 3,230,824,070	9.3681	\$ 7,654,823,720	42.21%
2006	2005	2,573,882,270	440,887,010	199,880,260	187,326,370	3,401,975,910	9.6681	8,024,712,900	42.39%
2007	2006	2,720,759,290	478,220,740	202,502,370	200,536,560	3,602,018,960	9.7060	8,368,567,980	43.04%
2008	2007	2,801,498,910	510,999,610	209,350,210	205,537,880	3,727,386,610	9.7060	8,351,078,480	44.63%
2009	2008	2,782,059,550	545,149,070	211,159,600	204,285,970	3,742,654,190	9.7060	8,084,781,040	46.29%
2010	2009	2,637,547,585	564,580,740	207,544,800	191,244,010	3,600,917,135	9.7060	7,472,052,230	48.19%
2011	2010	2,337,061,650	502,972,330	178,594,910	176,032,380	3,194,661,270	9.7060	6,476,390,380	49.33%
2012	2011	2,232,908,563	444,293,600	139,646,680	176,466,320	2,993,315,163	9.7060	6,041,692,626	49.54%
2013	2012	2,253,441,406	419,075,040	118,567,180	181,726,150	2,972,809,776	9.7060	6,028,657,392	49.31%
2014	2013	2,298,696,600	409,303,060	118,804,730	187,007,950	3,013,812,340	9.7060	6,160,235,260	48.92%

Source: City of Rochester Hills

Note: Under Michigan law, the revenue base is referred to as "taxable value." This amount represents assessed value (50 percent of true cash value), limited for each property by the lower of 5 percent or inflation.

Millage Rates - Direct City Taxes	Overlapping Taxes

General Special Direct County on Metro County Zoo Art Tax Year Operating Purpose Debt Taxes Operating Authority Parks Authority Institute	
Tax Year Operating Purpose Debt Taxes Operating Authority Parks Authority Institute	1.5844
2005	
Homestead 3.2169 5.1809 1.2703 9.6681 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.0000 0.000	
Nonhomestead 3.2169 5.1809 1.2703 9.6681 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.0000 0.000	1.5844
2006	
Homestead 3.7220 4.7980 1.1860 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.0000 0.000	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.7220 4.7980 1.1860 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.0000 0.000	1.5844
2007	
Homestead 3.8226 4.7980 1.0854 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.0000 0.000	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.8226 4.7980 1.0854 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.0000 0.000	1.5844
2008	
Homestead 3.7298 4.7980 1.1782 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.7298 4.7980 1.1782 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
2009	
Homestead 3.7545 4.7980 1.1535 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.7545 4.7980 1.1535 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
2010	
Homestead 3.7242 5.1525 0.8293 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.7242 5.1525 0.8293 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
2011	
Homestead 3.7465 5.3089 0.6506 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.7465 5.3089 0.6506 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.000	1.5844
2012	
Homestead 3.9132 5.3089 0.4839 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.200	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.9132 5.3089 0.4839 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.200	1.5844
2013	
Homestead 3.6222 5.7944 0.2894 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.200	1.5844
Nonhomestead 3.6222 5.7944 0.2894 9.7060 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.200	1.5844
2014	
Homestead 1.9636 8.1965 0.2895 10.4496 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.200	
Nonhomestead 1.9636 8.1965 0.2895 10.4496 4.1900 0.2146 0.2415 0.1000 0.200	1.5844

Source: City of Rochester Hills

 $Note: Michigan\ law\ restricts\ the\ maximum\ millage\ that\ may\ be\ levied\ by\ the\ City\ without\ a\ vote\ of\ our\ residents,\ as\ follows:$

	General	Special	
	Operating	Purpose	Debt
2014	3 9132	8 1965	No limit

Revenue Capacity Information Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Overlapping Taxes										
									Total Dire Overlappin	
	Roch	ester Commu	unity		Avonda	le School Distric	t		Resident's	School
Oakland	State			State					Rochester	
Intermediate	Education			Education					Community	Avondale
School District	Tax	Operating	Debt	Tax	Operating	Supplemental	Sinking	Debt	Schools	Schools
3.3690	6.0000		5.1800	6.0000	0.0000	1.3203		7.0000	26.5379	25.0881
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	5.1800	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.5989	7.0000	44.5379	41.7678
3.3690	6.0000		5.1800	6.0000	0.0000	1.2503		7.0000	26.4915	24.9664
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	5.1800	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.5936	7.0000	44.4915	41.7161
3.3690	6.0000		5.1800	6.0000	0.0000	1.2602		7.0000	30.4855	34.1593
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	5.1800	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.5936	7.0000	48.4855	50.8991
3.3690	6.0000	0.0000	5.1800	6 0000	0.0000	1.0998	0.6000	7.0000	30.5885	34.1050
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000		6.0000 6.0000	0.0000 18.0000	0.0000		7.0000	48.5855	51.0050
3.3030	0.0000	10.0000	3.1000	0.0000	10.0000	0.0000	0.0000	,,,,,,,	.0.5055	31.0030
3.3690	6.0000	0.000	5.1800	6.0000	0.0000	1.1526	0.6000	7.0000	30.5885	34.1581
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000		6.0000	18.0000	0.0000		7.0000	48.5855	51.0055
3.3690	6.0000	0.0000	6.7000	6.0000	0.0000	1.3120	0.6000	7.0000	32.1055	34.3175
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	6.7000	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.6000	7.0000	50.1055	51.0055
3.3690	6.0000	0.0000	6.7000	6.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6000	7.0000	32.1055	33.0055
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	6.7000	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.6000	7.0000	50.1055	51.0055
3.3690	6.0000	0.0000	6.7000	6.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6000	7.0000	32.3055	33.2055
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	6.7000	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.6000	7.0000	50.3055	51.2055
3.3690	6.0000		6.7000	6.0000	0.0000	0.0000		7.3000	32.3055	33.5055
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	6.7000	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.6000	7.3000	50.3055	51.5055
3.3690	6.0000		6.4000	6.0000	0.0000	0.0000		7.3000	32.7491	34.2491
3.3690	6.0000	18.0000	ь.4000	6.0000	18.0000	0.0000	0.6000	7.3000	50.7491	52.2491

Revenue Capacity Information Principal Property Taxpayers

		2014		2005		
	2014 Taxable	Percentage of	2014	2005 Taxable	Percentage	2005
Taxpayer	Value	Total	Rank	Value	of Total	Rank
Detroit Edison Singh Cider Mill Village	\$ 26,510,850 24,397,750	0.86% 0.79%	1 2	\$ 21,587,960	0.63%	2
Vorh Assoc. LLC (Meadowbrook/The Village RH)	20,890,960	0.67%	3	24,420,700	0.72%	1
New Plan (Hampton Village Center) Winchester Center LLC	18,375,610 13,216,760	0.59% 0.43%		21,008,500 13,042,590	0.62% 0.38%	3 9
Joel Nosanchuk Stuart Frankel	12,798,570 12,785,960	0.41% 0.41%		12,674,140 17,429,350	0.37% 0.51%	10 4
Associate Estates Realty: Apartments	11,231,320	0.36%		13,422,860	0.39%	8
1185 River Oaks North, LLC (Solomon Properties)	10,828,680	0.39%	9	15,700,550	0.46%	6
Consumers Power	10,101,663	0.32%	10			
FANUC Robotics				15,997,590	0.47%	5
First Industrial Realty		_		14,847,780	0.44%	7
Subtotal	161,138,123	5.23%		170,132,020	4.99%	
Other	2,852,674,217	94.77%		3,231,843,890	<u>95.01%</u>	
Total	\$ 3,013,812,340	100.00%		\$ 3,401,975,910	100.00%	

Source: City Assessing Department

Revenue Capacity Information Property Tax Levies and Collections

						Percent of
		Current	Percent	Delinquent	Total Tax	Levy
Fiscal Year	Total Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	Collected
2005	\$ 30,256,675	\$ 28,998,137	95.8	\$ 1,051,151	\$ 30,049,288	99.3
2006	32,875,767	31,774,138	96.6	1,091,374	32,865,512	100.0
2007	34,941,567	33,496,756	95.9	1,471,825	34,968,580	100.0
2008	36,122,159	34,486,540	95.5	1,625,429	36,111,968	100.0
2009	36,290,684	34,712,620	95.7	1,625,806	36,338,426	100.0
2010	34,842,029	33,466,594	96.0	1,370,511	34,834,105	100.0
2011	30,923,844	29,965,392	96.9	959,858	30,925,250	100.0
2012	28,951,559	28,060,297	96.9	907,455	28,967,752	100.0
2013	28,768,092	28,079,464	97.6	741,000	28,820,464	100.2
2014	29,173,993	28,418,086	97.4	579,126	28,997,212	99.4



Debt Capacity

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

	2005			2006		2007		2008
Governmental Activities								
General obligation bonds	\$	30,760,000	\$	28,505,000	\$	26,150,000	\$	23,680,000
County contractual obligations		19,515,013		16,893,953		15,032,935		13,108,228
Special assessment bonds	_	3,535,000	_	3,105,000	_	2,625,000	_	2,150,000
Total		53,810,013		48,503,953		43,807,935		38,938,228
Business-type Activities								
County contractual obligations	_	3,800,000	_	3,700,000	_	3,550,000	_	3,400,000
Total debt of the government	\$	57,610,013	\$	52,203,953	\$	47,357,935	\$	42,338,228
Total taxable value	\$	3,230,824,070	\$	3,401,975,910	\$	3,602,018,960	\$	3,727,386,610
Ratio of total debt to taxable value		1.78%		1.53%		1.31%		1.14%
Total population		68,825		69,405		69,183		68,120
Total debt per capita based on taxable value	\$	837.05	\$	752.16	\$	684.53	\$	621.52

Debt Capacity Information Ratios of Outstanding Debt

	2009		2010		2011	 2012		2013	 2014
\$	20,880,000 11,160,811 1,675,000	\$	18,320,000 9,097,564 1,350,000	\$	16,840,000 7,103,511 1,175,000	\$ 15,175,000 5,692,611 975,000	\$	13,470,000 4,340,000 775,000	\$ 11,705,000 3,785,000 525,000
	33,715,811		28,767,564		25,118,511	21,842,611		18,585,000	16,015,000
_	3,250,000	_	4,172,069	_	6,764,940	 8,102,958	_	10,296,500	 16,349,753
\$	36,965,811	\$	32,939,633	\$	31,883,451	\$ 29,945,569	\$	28,881,500	\$ 32,364,753
\$	3,742,654,190	\$	3,600,917,135	\$	3,194,661,270	\$ 299,331,163	\$	2,972,809,776	\$ 3,013,812,340
	0.99%		0.91%		1.00%	10.00%		0.97%	1.07%
	69,014		70,995		70,995	71,452		73,875	73,556
\$	535.63	\$	463.97	\$	449.09	\$ 419.10	\$	390.95	\$ 440.00

Debt Capacity Information Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

						0	ther General		Total Debt	Obligation	e	General
				Ger	neral Bonded	В	onded Debt	Ge	neral Bonded	Debt to	Ob	ligation
Fiscal	St	ate Equalization		Deb	ot Obligation	C	Obligations	De	bt Obligation	Taxable	D	ebt per
Year		Value	Population	Out	tstanding (1)	Ou	tstanding (2)		Outstanding	Value	(Capita
2005	\$	4,012,356,450	68,825	\$	30,760,000	\$	19,515,013	\$	50,275,013	1.25%	\$	730.48
2006		4,184,283,990	69,405		28,505,000		16,893,953		45,398,953	1.08%		654.12
2007		4,175,552,010	69,183		26,150,000		15,032,935		41,182,935	0.99%		595.28
2008		4,042,390,520	68,120		23,680,000		13,108,228		36,788,228	0.91%		540.05
2009		3,728,995,735	69,014		20,880,000		11,160,811		32,040,811	0.86%		464.27
2010		3,238,195,190	70,995		16,945,000		9,097,564		26,042,564	0.80%		366.82
2011		3,020,846,313	70,995		15,665,000		7,103,511		22,768,511	0.75%		320.71
2012		3,014,328,696	71,452		14,200,000		5,692,611		19,892,611	0.66%		278.41
2013		3,080,117,630	73,875		12,720,000		4,340,000		17,060,000	0.55%		230.93
2014		3,354,077,190	73,556		11,205,000		3,785,000		14,990,000	0.45%		203.79

Source: City of Rochester Hills

⁽¹⁾ General bonded debt includes all direct bonded debt with the exception of Special Assessment and Michigan Transportation Bonds.

⁽²⁾ Other general bonded debt includes County contractual obligations.

Debt Capacity Information Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

			City Share as	N.I	at City Chave
	De	bt Outstanding	Percent of	Net City Share	
Governmental Unit	Fi	scal Year 2014	Gross	Fis	scal Year 2014
Direct debt - City of Rochester Hills	\$	11,730,000	100.00	\$	11,730,000
Overlapping debt:					
Rochester School District		104,210,000	59.20		61,692,320
Avondale School District		129,496,600	50.86		65,861,971
Oakland County at Large		448,667,894	6.15		27,593,075
Oakland Community College		3,075,000	6.19		190,343
Oakland Intermediate School District		55,625,000	6.17		3,432,063
Total overlapping debt		741,074,494			158,769,772
Total	\$	752,804,494		\$	170,499,772

Direct debt is the outstanding long-term debt of the City.

Overlapping debt figures supplied by Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan.

The percentage of overlapping bonded debt applicable to each governmental unit is estimated using the taxable valuation of assessed property. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of each governmental unit's taxable property located within the boundaries of the City of Rochester Hills and dividing it by that governmental unit's total taxable value.

	2005	2006	2007	2008
Debt Limit				
State equalized valuation	\$ 4,012,356,450	\$4,184,283,990	\$4,175,552,010	\$4,042,390,520
Debt limit (10 percent of State equalized valuation)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Total debt limit	401,235,645	418,428,399	417,555,201	404,239,052
Debt Subject to Debt Limit				
Total debt	57,610,013	52,203,953	47,357,935	42,338,228
Less deduction:				
Special Assessment Bonds	3,555,000	3,105,000	2,625,000	2,150,000
Michigan Transportation Highway Fund Bonds	2,125,000	2,025,000	1,875,000	1,725,000
Total amount of debt subject to limit	51,930,013	47,073,953	42,857,935	38,463,228
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 349,305,632	\$ 371,354,446	\$ 374,697,266	\$ 365,775,824
Net Debt Subject to Limit as				
Percentage of Debt Limit	12.94%	11.25%	10.26%	9.51%

Debt Capacity Information Legal Debt Margin

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ 3,728,995,735	\$ 3,238,195,190	\$3,020,846,313	\$ 3,014,328,696	\$3,080,117,630	\$3,354,077,190
10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
372,899,574	323,819,519	302,084,631	301,432,870	308,011,763	335,407,719
, , , , , , , ,	,,-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , ,	, , , , ,	, , ,
36,965,811	32,939,633	32,012,812	29,945,569	28,881,500	32,364,753
1,675,000	1,350,000	1,175,000	975,000	775,000	525,000
1,575,000	1,375,000	1,175,000	975,000	750,000	500,000
33,715,811	30,214,633	29,662,812	27,995,569	27,356,500	31,339,753
\$ 339,183,763	\$ 293,604,886	\$ 272,421,819	\$ 273,437,301	\$ 280,655,263	\$ 304,067,966
9.04%	9.33%	9.82%	9.29%	8.88%	9.34%

29,622,532

2014

Water and Sewer Revenue **Debt Service** Operating Net Fiscal Operating Expenses (Less Operating -Year Principal Interest Coverage Revenue Depreciation) Income 2005 20,516,429 \$ 19,955,285 561,144 \$ \$ 26,630 21.07 2006 24,457,874 4,051,521 20,406,353 100,000 131,115 17.53 2007 25,985,763 23,983,445 2,002,318 150,000 152,781 6.61 2008 24,910,422 22,174,326 2,736,096 150,000 146,781 9.22 2009 25,904,015 22,692,599 3,211,416 150,000 140,781 11.04 2010 29,010,706 22,995,479 6,015,227 150,000 133,636 21.21 2011 30,055,678 23,299,258 6,756,420 174,572 171,425 19.53 2012 32,375,117 23,445,562 8,929,555 335,493 215,042 16.22 2013 29,730,969 24,468,955 5,262,014 339,891 200,695 9.73

Note: Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements.

4,797,054

523,198

261,941

6.11

24,825,478

Debt Capacity Information Pledged-revenue Coverage

	Debt Se	rvice	
Special			
Assessment			
Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
	-	_	
164,366	405,000	184,884	0.28
103,190	430,000	165,724	0.17
90,333	480,000	145,093	0.14
95,057	475,000	122,020	0.16
84,006	475,000	99,050	0.15
68,032	325,000	77,125	0.17
55,074	175,000	60,250	0.23
46,186	200,000	53,075	0.18
44,298	200,000	44,475	0.18

250,000

35,675

0.13

38,473



Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.



Demographic and Economic Information Housing Profile

				Per Capita	Annual		City Housing
			Personal Income	Personal	Unemployment		Profile Number
Fiscal Year	Population		(in Thousands)	Income	Rate		of Units (4)
2005	68,825	(3)	(1)	(1)	3.3	(5)	29,590
2006	69,405	(2)	(1)	(1)	3.3	(5)	29,813
2007	69,183	(2)	(1)	(1)	3.6	(5)	29,760
2008	68,120	(2)	(1)	(1)	4.1	(5)	29,800
2009	69,014	(2)	(1)	(1)	7.9	(5)	29,303
2010	70,995	(3)	(1)	(1)	7.5	(5)	29,861
2011	70,995	(3)	(1)	(1)	5.9	(6)	30,104
2012	71,452	(2)	(1)	(1)	5.1	(6)	30,221
2013	73,875	(2)	(1)	(1)	4.8	(6)	30,287
2014	73,556	(2)	(1)	(1)	4.7	(6)	30,502

⁽¹⁾ Information not available

⁽²⁾ Source: SEMCOG Monthly Population and Households Estimated Growth Population'

⁽³⁾ Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Rochester Hills Assessing Department

⁽⁵⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Labor-Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁽⁶⁾ Source: Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget

Demographic and Economic Information Principal Employers

2014		2014	Percentage	2005	Percentage	2005
Rank	Principal Employers	Employees	of Total	Employees	of Total	Rank
1	Oakland University	2,213	6.77%	(1)	(1)	(1)
2	Rochester Community Schools	1,970	6.02%	(1)	(1)	(1)
3	Crittenton Hospital	1,447	4.42%	(1)	(1)	(1)
4	FANUC America Corp.	775	2.37%	(1)	(1)	(1)
5	Webasto Roof Systems	620	1.90%	(1)	(1)	(1)
6	Lear Corporation	335	1.02%	(1)	(1)	(1)
7	Henry Ford Health System	250	0.76%	(1)	(1)	(1)
8	Hi Tech Mold & Eng.	215	0.66%	(1)	(1)	(1)
9	3 Dimensional Services	210	0.64%	(1)	(1)	(1)
10	Guardian Angel Health Services	207	0.63%	(1)	(1)	(1)

Total Employed 32,709

Source: City Planning Department & SEMCOG

(1) Information not available

Demographic and Economic Information Construction Activity

	Total	Total
Fiscal	Building	Construction
Year	Permits	Valuation
2005	780	\$ 118,058,400
2006	604	93,315,021
2007	621	89,856,530
2008	459	73,550,900
2009	426	48,545,250
2010	502	63,610,325
2011	524	69,003,350
2012	528	105,108,990
2013	532	76,511,572
2014	584	128,541,287

Source: City Building Department

Demographic and Economic Information Miscellaneous Demographics

Population (1)		2010 Labor Characteristics (2)		
			Number of	
2010 U.S. Census	70,995	Occupation	Employees	
2000 U.S. Census	68,825	Management, professional, and related	19,242	
1990 U.S. Census	61,766	Service	4,136	
		Sales and office	8,097	
		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	1,367	
		Production, transportation, and material moving	2,208	
		Total	35,050	
2010 Income Characteri				
	Number of			
Household Income	Households	2010 Industry (2)	•	
Less than \$10,000	1,054	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting, and mining	43	
\$10,000 - \$14,999	808	Construction	1,069	
\$15,000 - \$24,999	2,230	Manufacturing	7,540	
\$25,000 - \$34,999	1,821	Wholesale trade	1,003	
\$35,000 - \$49,999	2,802	Retail trade	3,716	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	4,526	Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	652	
\$75,000 - \$99,999	3,978	Information	505	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	5,305	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental,		
\$150,000 or more	4,935	and leasing	2,457	
		Professional, scientific, management,		
		administrative, and waste management services	5,227	
		Educational, health, and social services	7,773	
		Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation,		
2010 Residential Characte	eristics (1)	and food services	3,133	
		Other professional and related services	1,330	
Single Family	73.90%	Public administration	602	
Multi Family	22.30%			
Mobile Homes	3.80%	Total	35,050	
2010 Ann Chabintin	(4)	2010 Educational Characteristics (1)		
2010 Age Statistics	(1)	2010 Educational Characteristics (1)	Persons 25	
Years		Years of School Completed	and Over	
Under 5	5.70%	Did not graduate high school	5.20%	
5 to 19	20.20%	High school graduate	17.80%	
20 to 24	5.50%	Some college, no degree	18.90%	
25 to 44	24.50%	Associate's degree	8.10%	
45 to 64	30.30%	Bachelor's degree	27.90%	
Over 64	13.80%	Graduate or professional degree	22.10%	
O VC1 0-	13.30/0	Graduate of professional degree	22.10/0	

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau

⁽²⁾ American Fact Finder

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.



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Operating Information Full-Time Equivalent Government Employees

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General government:										
Mayor	11	10	12	12	13	11	11	11	11	11
Clerks and Election	8	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	6	6
Accounting	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	8
Assessing	11	10	10	10	10	9	8	8	8	7
Human Resources	5	4	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Treasury	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Planning and zoning	8	7	8	7	6	5	5	5	5	5
Parks and recreation	19	17	17	15	15	14	14	14	13	15
Management information systems	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Cemetery	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Public safety:										
Police services (contracted officers)	58	59	59	60	59	60	57	57	57	57
Police administration (contracted)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire and EMS	43	46	46	45	43	39	37	37	36	36
Building	20	18	18	14	13	12	13	13	13	13
Ordinance enforcement	7	7	7	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Public works:										
Department of Public Service	68	64	68	67	66	60	61	61	62	58
Forestry	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fleet	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	7
Facilities	7	7	7	6	6	5	5	5	6	6
Total	300	294	302	290	285	264	260	260	258	256

Source: City Accounting Division

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008
Election:				
Number of elections	3	3	2	3
Registered voters	47,289	46,929	48,304	50,292
New registrations	4,237	4,886	4,607	6,409
Building:	•	•	•	•
Permits issued	4,674	3,894	3,465	3,044
Inspections	12,163	10,784	9,078	7,878
Parks and recreation:		•	•	•
Park attendance (estimate)	902,626	895,671	832,950	863,359
Museum attendance (estimate)	22,153	17,163	19,354	18,060
Education Programs attendance (estimate)	4,431	4,560	3,412	3,335
Forestry - Tree inventory	19,362	19,283	19,434	19,182
Major roads:				
Winter material applied - Salt (in tons)	2,770	1,118	2,572	3,165
Other material applied to major roads (in tons)	112	88	85	175
Linear feet of ditches cleaned - Major roads	-	888	-	335
Local streets:				
Pothole repair - Solvex applied (in tons)	113	60	85	57
Other material applied to local streets (in tons)	2,192	3,417	1,726	1,984
Winter material applied (in tons)	1,683	648	1,373	1,935
Fire:				
Fire inspections/reviews/investigations	1,281	1,792	1,671	1,527
Number of fires	134	136	96	73
Number of rescues and Emergency Medical Service	2,819	3,014	3,452	3,321
Number of community education programs	353	426	485	736
Number of participants in education programs	8,624	12,324	9,512	20,773
Police (contracted services) - Dispatched calls for service	28,535	30,041	29,706	30,650
Patrol investigators:				
Criminal activity - New cases	683	775	680	900
Criminal activity - Recovered property	\$51,709	\$20,413	\$89,214	\$62,529
Uniformed patrol:				
Criminal activity - New cases	1,008	949	859	795
Criminal activity - Recovered property	\$90,293	\$51,709	\$153,333	\$24,621
Crime statistics:				
Part A crimes	2,926	3,169	2,554	2,467
Part B crimes	1,253	1,192	1,259	1,683
Part C crimes (Miscellaneous)	23,843	23,843	23,754	24,404
Water and sewer:				
Water and sewer utility billings	136,749	138,081	138,787	138,928
Water sales (million cubic feet)	428	434	428	365
Meter reads				
Wieter reads	175,490	176,378	194,874	196,272
Meter installations	175,490 1,772	176,378 1,660	194,874 2,074	196,272 1,382

Source: City of Rochester Hills

Operating Information Operating Indicators by Function

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
2	2	2	3	1	2
50,292	50,975	51,548	52,709	53,132	53,184
4,413	5,055	4,584	5,740	3,916	3,979
2,827	3,532	3,472	3,530	3,404	3,395
7,287	8,660	9,352	11,774	10,599	11,620
971,505	1,098,388	1,001,058	1,099,337	1,044,907	1,051,037
26,089	30,480	31,900	50,812	51,113	52,250
2,487	3,235	389	1,200	743	436
19,003	19,051	19,158	19,187	18,885	18,736
1,817	1,903	2,559	1,438	1,339	729
172	66	82	179	91	24
800	320	280	10	250	521
61	54	68	73	65	173
1,742	2,309	3,523	700	1,971	1,969
1,115	1,678	1,836	981	1,057	372
1,802	1,327	1,202	932	1,258	1,418
70	100	110	172	123	109
3,300	3,690	4,569	4,732	4,489	4,763
630	668	290	377	423	654
14,110	24,956	24,241	7,495	6,255	8,052
27,352	31,135	30,194	30,258	31,198	31,697
720	695	679	944	1,090	1,091
\$7,563	\$7,148	\$11,496	\$17,652	\$31,419	\$67,469
732	812	750	663	621	583
\$23,004	\$17,199	\$18,181	\$19,114	\$20,104	\$18,688
2,137	2,154	1,896	1,898	1,502	1,401
155	1,344	759	692	465	380
21,826	25,063	24,680	26,137	27,410	27,167
139,928	140,340	141,080	141,768	141,281	141,952
338	360	339	357	303	288
197,049	198,528	199,794	204,387	204,995	206,562
1,122	1,325	1,207	1,108	1,306	643
385	395	368	379	323	301

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008
General government:				
Buildings - City Hall	1	1	1	1
Cemetery	1	1	1	1
Acreage	17	17	17	24
Public safety:				
Police station	1	1	1	1
Fire:				
Stations	5	5	5	5
Fire response vehicles	8	10	10	10
Emergency response vehicles	7	8	8	8
Public works:				
Buildings	1	1	1	2
Streets (miles):				
Miles of major roads (actual)	36.66	37.62	37.56	37.65
Miles of local streets (actual)	206.50	211.52	215.55	216.11
Water:				
Mains (miles)	429.88	434.32	439.24	428.27
Gate valves	4,435	4,506	4,615	4,369
Hydrants	4,699	4,772	4,821	4,829
Sewer:	,,,,,	.,	.,	.,===
Miles of sanitary sewers	317.29	321.47	322.50	323.92
Miles of storm sewers	53.67	54.00	54.80	53.07
Manholes - Sanitary	7,630	7,726	7,754	7,857
Manholes - Storm	814	822	822	843
Inlets and catch basins	4,532	4,572	4,599	4,662
Parks and recreation:	1,332	1,372	1,333	1,002
Major/Community parks:				
Buildings	16	16	16	16
Acreage	580.7	590.7	590.7	590.7
Developed parks/playgrounds	5	5	5	5
Developed fields (soccer, baseball, etc.)	20	20	20	20
Neighborhood parks:	20	20	20	20
Acreage	23.6	23.6	23.6	23.6
Developed parks/playgrounds	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Developed fields (soccer, baseball, etc.)	2	2	2	2
Special use parks:	2	2	2	2
Buildings	10	10	10	10
_	333.10	333.10	333.10	333.10
Acreage	333.10	333.10	333.10	333.10
Museums				
Education centers Golf courses	1 1	1 1	1 1	1
Veteran's Memorial Pointe		1	1	1 1
	1			
Linear Parks:	71.8	71.8	71.8	71.8
Natural Resource Areas:	-	-	7.0	33.8
Total park acreage	1,009.20	1,019.20	1,026.24	1,053.04
Number of parks	11	11	11	11

Source: City Departments

Operating Information Capital Asset Statistics

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
48	55	55	55	55	55
1	1	1	1	1	1
5	5	5	5	5	5
11	23	23	23	22	22
8	12	10	11	10	10
2	2	2	2	2	3
38.21	38.21	38.21	38.21	38.21	38.21
217.74	218.97	218.97	218.97	218.97	218.97
428.27	428.81	429.29	429.29	431.00	432.00
4,401	4,495	4,583	4,583	4,608	4,628
4,843	4,857	4,893	4,893	4,910	5,028
319.84	322.01	321.70	321.70	323.00	323.00
55.33	54.51	50.22	50.22	51.00	51.00
7,861	7,897	7,888	7,888	7,923	7,937
891	866	714	714	735	757
4,835	4,952	5,114	5,114	5,161	5,228
16	16	16	16	16	16
590.7	590.7	590.7	590.7	590.7	590.7
5	5	5	5	5	5
20	20	20	20	20	20
23.6	23.6	23.6	23.6	23.6	23.6
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
10	10	10	10	10	10
333.10	333.10	333.10	333.10	333.10	333.10
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
71.8	71.8	71.8	71.8	71.8	71.8
41.3	41.3	41.3	41.3	64.9	113.3
1,060.46	1,060.46	1,060.46	1,060.46	1,084.14	1,132.52
11	11	11	11	11	11

Operating Information State-shared Revenue and Gas & Weight Tax

State-shared revenue

Fiscal Year Ended	Modified Accrual		Α	ccrual Basis of
December 31	Basi	s of Accounting		Accounting
2005	\$	5,474,685	\$	5,395,634
2006		5,375,537		5,341,983
2007		5,298,510		5,362,252
2008		5,292,542		5,270,042
2009		4,661,073		4,543,462
2010		4,420,538		4,449,876
2011		5,031,743		5,077,251
2012		5,211,578		5,247,035
2013		5,346,706		5,372,104
2014		5,495,218		5,520,914

Gas and weight tax

Fiscal Year Ended	Type of Street					Total Gas and Weight Tax		
December 31		Major Roads		Local Streets		(Act 51) Receipts		
2005	\$	3,114,289	\$	1,183,035	\$	4,297,324		
2006		3,100,240		1,185,402		4,285,642		
2007		3,082,171		1,183,456		4,265,627		
2008		2,973,260		1,143,744		4,117,004		
2009		2,891,351		1,114,510		4,005,861		
2010		2,451,532		945,301		3,396,833		
2011		2,999,309		1,151,107		4,150,416		
2012		3,177,395		1,207,342		4,384,737		
2013		3,247,102		1,232,181		4,479,283		
2014		3,597,734		1,354,329		4,952,063		

Source: City Accounting Division

Operating Information Labor Agreements / December 31, 2014

	Contract	Full-Time Employees
Name	Expiration Date	Covered
Union Employees		
Office/Technical/Public Works Employees		
AFSCME, Local 2491, Council 25	12/31/2015	111
Public Works/Parks-Supervisory		
AFSCME, Local 1917.28, Council 25	12/31/2015	8
Fire Fighters		
International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 3472	12/31/2013	30
Paid on Call Fire Fighters		
Michigan Association of Fire Fighters	12/31/2014	56
Nonunion Employees	-	
Mayor	N/A	1
Department Directors	N/A	10
Technical/Professional/Management	N/A	37

Note: International Association of Firefighters, Local 3472 currently in negotiations

Source: City Accounting Division



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Federal Awards
Supplemental Information
December 31, 2014

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Plante & Moran, PLLC



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Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rochester Hills, Michigan

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated April 20, 2015, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited basic financial statements subsequent to April 20, 2015.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

April 20, 2015



Plante & Moran, PLLC



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management, the Honorable Mayor, and
Members of the City Council
City of Rochester Hills, Michigan, and the Board of Directors
Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan (the "City"), which includes the Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission, a component unit of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's and Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 20, 2015. The financial statements of Rochester Avon Recreation Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's and Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's and Commission's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.



To Management, the Honorable Mayor, and
Members of the City Council
City of Rochester Hills, Michigan, and the Board of Directors
Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2014-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission's respective basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's Response to Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's and Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's and Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Southfield, Michigan April 20, 2015

Plante & Moran, PLLC



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Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and the Board of Directors
Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's (the "City") and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission's (the "Commission") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014. The City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and the Board of Directors Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan's and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's and Commission's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's and Commission's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and the Board of Directors Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-I33. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Morax, PLLC

Southfield, Michigan April 20, 2015

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2014

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Federal Expenditures
Major program - Aging Cluster - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Passed through the Area Agency on Aging to the Older Persons' Commission - Special Programs for the Aging -				
Title III, Part C:	93.045			
Nutrition services:	73.043	14-9059-03	\$ 246,782	\$ 175,120
2013-2014		15-9059-03	258,978	58,177
2014-2015		13-7037-03	250,770	168,005
Program income				100,005
Total nutrition services				401,302
Nutrition Services Incentive Program:	93.053			
2013-2014		14-9059-03	83,594	67,862
2014-2015		15-9059-03	73,969	21,107
Total Nutrition Services Incentive Program				88,969
Total Aging Cluster				490,271
Nonmajor programs: Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - U.S. Department of Transportation - Highway Planning and Construction - Passed through Michigan Department of Transportation - Federal Award	20.205	RR 8128	207,495	1,200
Community Development Block Grant - Entitlement Grants Cluster - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development - Passed through Oakland County Department of Community Development Entitlement Grant:	14.218			
Program year 2012-2013 #802261-60010		B-11-UC-26-0002	130,953	5,274
Program year 2013-2014 #802261-60010			138,083	25,537
Program year 2014-2015 #802261-60010			137,859	92,905
Total Community Development Block Grant Cluster				123,716
Medicaid Cluster - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Passed through the Area Agency on Aging to the Older Persons' Commission Medicaid Assistance (Medicaid) - Home Delivered				
Meals	93.778	N/A	4,818	4,818

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2014

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Federal Expenditures
Nonmajor programs (Continued): Transit Services Program Cluster - Department of Transportation - Capital Assistance Program for Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities - Passed through Suburban Mobility Authority for Regional Transportation - In-kind	20.513	2012-0170 P6-5310	\$ 33,339	\$ 33,339
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Cooperative Forestry Assistance - Passed through Michigan Department of Natural Resources	10.664	N/A	4,000	3,000
U.S. Department of the Interior - Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608	FXFRI3340300000W4	90,000	8,606
National Endowment for the Arts - Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership - Passed through Michigan Humanities Council	45.129	N/A	2,814	2,814
Environmental Protection Agency - Congressionally Mandated Projects - Wayne County Rouge River - Passed through Environmental Protection Agency	66.202	XP99574309	36,240	36,240
U.S. Department of Homeland Security - Homeland Security - Security Grant Program - Passed through Michigan Department of State Police	97.067	N/A	499	499
Total federal awards				\$ 704,503

Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2014

Note - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan, which includes the Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission within its reporting entity, under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2014. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements, although the basis for determining when federal awards are expended is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. In addition, expenditures reported on the Schedule are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows, if applicable, of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and Rochester Hills-Oakland-Rochester Older Persons' Commission. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	XYesNo	
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	YesX_ None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No		
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No		
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	YesX_ None reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for m	najor programs: Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	YesXNo	
Identification of major program:		
CFDA Number Name of F	ederal Program or Cluster	
93.045, 93.053 Aging Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	A and type B programs: \$300,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

Reference Number	Finding
2014-001	Finding Type - Material weakness
	Criteria - The City should evaluate risks and put controls in place to prevent or detect misstatements to the accounting records that could be consequential. This should include recorded amounts whose activity take place outside of the City's normal operating transactions.

Condition - The activity related to the City's participation in the Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain (OMID) takes place at Oakland County, so it is not able to be subjected to the City's normal internal controls. The City accounts for this activity once per year as it receives the information from Oakland County. However, there is no process in place for a review of how this annual activity has been recorded.

Context - In the current year, Oakland County initiated segment 4 of the OMID project, and it included the issuance of new bonds, which were partly attributable to the City. This liability related to the unspent portion of these bond proceeds was not identified and recorded by the City.

Cause - The City has put a process in place to record the annual activity of the OMID project, but has not put procedures in place to review the resulting accounting adjustments.

Effect - The City properly recorded its portion of the project costs incurred in 2014, but the liability for the unspent portion of the bond proceeds was not recorded in the accounting records.

Recommendation - We recommend that the City's Finance Department implement additional controls to ensure that transactions that occur outside of normal operations are properly recorded.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Finding
2014-001	
(Continued)	Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The City makes a rigorous effort to contact and receive information from Oakland County Fiscal Services necessary to record the proper information related to the ongoing Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain (OMID) project within the City's records.
	The City will further refine and increase the number of questions presented to Fiscal Services at Oakland County for OMID. We will also expand those presented with the questions to include Water Resource Commission staff,

selling debt related to OMID.

We will also include the review of Drain Board Adopted Minutes as an additional step to ensure that we are receiving all the information needed to

Oakland County Treasury staff and the Finance Advisor used by the County in

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

properly record OMID-related transactions.

None

Report to the City Council December 31, 2014



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April 20, 2015

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rochester Hills, Michigan 1000 Rochester Hills Drive Rochester Hills, MI 48309

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated April 20, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit which is divided into the following sections:

Section I - Results of the Audit Process

Section II - Legislative and Other Updates

Section I includes information that auditing standards require independent auditors to communicate to those individuals charged with governance. We will report this information annually to the Honorable Mayor and members of the City Council of the City of Rochester Hills. Section II contains updated legislative and informational items that we believe will be of interest to you.

In addition to the comments and recommendations in this letter, our observations and comments regarding the City's internal control, including any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses that we identified, have been reported to you in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. This report is included in the supplemental schedule of federal awards and we recommend that the matters we have noted there receive your careful consideration.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the City's staff for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during our audit. Their assistance and professionalism are invaluable.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Honorable Mayor and members of the City Council and management of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



We welcome any questions you may have regarding the following communications and we would be willing to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Joseph C Hyferian

Lisa C Manetta

Joseph C. Heffernan

Lisa C. Manetta

Section I - Results of the Audit Process

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated December 22, 2014, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City of Rochester Hills, Michigan. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Our audit of the City's financial statements has also been conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Under Government Auditing Standards, we are obligated to communicate certain matters that come to our attention related to our audit to those responsible for the governance of the City, including compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, certain instances of error or fraud, illegal acts applicable to government agencies, and significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. Toward this end, we issued a separate letter dated April 20, 2015 regarding our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on February 18, 2015.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note I to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2014.

We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

We noted no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were those related to the recording of the self-insurance liability, the property tax refund liability resulting from appeals filed with the Michigan Tax Tribunal, and the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) for other post-employment benefits, as disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. Management's estimate of the self-insurance liability is based on known cases and claims against the City, while factoring in previous years' history. Management's estimate of the property tax refund liability is based on total tax dollars in contention as of year end, as tracked and calculated by management with the assistance of the City's assessor. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The AAL has been calculated by the actuary using numerous assumptions, including reliance on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table to estimate life expectancy of participants. Updated tables have been issued and thus use of the 1994 table may not provide an accurate estimate of life expectancy as of December 31, 2014. The total computed AAL using this assumption is approximately \$1.8 million. The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report.

We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management.

Management has corrected all such misstatements.

Significant Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the City, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement with management each year prior to our retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition of our retention.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 20, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Our responsibility for other information in documents containing the City's financial statements and report does not extend beyond the financial statements. We do not have an obligation to determine whether or not such other information is properly stated. However, we read the introductory and statistical sections of the CAFR and nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information or manner of its presentation appearing in the financial statements.

Section II - Legislative and Other Updates

Financial Outlook

Following five years of overall revenue decline, the City experienced an increase of 1.1 percent in 2013 and 3.7 percent in 2014 in total governmental fund-type revenue. The 2014 taxable value (used for 2015 revenue) increased 2.4 percent. While these numbers are modest, they represent good news relative to the difficult times experienced from 2008 through 2012. With the tax base now approximately 20 percent lower than its high point, the City has resized itself, reduced its compensation costs, yet has continued to provide the services its residents expect and maintained a sufficient level of financial health.

During 2014, the City took certain steps which indicate continued focus on containing or reducing costs while still advancing priority initiatives. These include:

- Curtailment of the Implicit Rate Subsidy benefit component of the City's retiree health care (which resulted in the return of approximately \$966,000 of contributions made to fund the plan in previous years)
- Creation of the North Oakland County Water Authority (an inter-local cooperation of four communities created to jointly contract for water service beginning in 2015)
- A \$2 million Stormwater, Asset Management and Wastewater (SAW) grant awarded from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
- Establishment of the Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund Trust and Greenspace Trust
- Creation of the Rochester Hills Museum Foundation (a 501(c)(3) exempt organization)
- Investment in the City's roads of over \$10 million

In addition, the 2015 fiscal year will see the renewal of millages and the introduction of new voter approved millages for fire and police protection. The increased revenue for fire will be used to hire new firefighters and the new millage for police protection will be used to replace the General Fund's subsidy. In addition, the General Fund reduced its millage for the 2015 fiscal year in recognition of discontinuing the police protection subsidy. Given the lack of unfunded legacy costs for pension and retiree health care, the City appears to be in a strong and fiscally sustainable financial position for the next several years. The only significant uncertainty is the funding of road costs, which will be impacted by the passage of Proposal I, or (failing that) some alternative legislation to correct the long term funding for roads.

In the near future, we expect revenues to continue to increase, but modestly so (likely by less than inflation). A challenge for many communities will be finding ways to keep cost increases below inflation as well, particularly related to employee benefits. We encourage the City to continue its practice of preparing a three-year budget and periodically updating its five-year financial projection, in order to maintain its long-term financial sustainability.

New Rules Governing Management of Federal Programs

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has issued significant reforms to the compliance requirements that must be followed by non-federal entities receiving federal funding. All entities receiving federal dollars will need to understand the changes made as a result of these reforms and may be required to make changes to internal procedures, processes, and controls.

These reforms impact three key areas of federal grants management:

- 1. Audit Requirements For fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, the threshold for obtaining a federal awards audit will increase from the current threshold of \$500,000 of annual federal spending to \$750,000. There will also be significant changes to the criteria for qualifying as a low-risk auditee and a reduction in the number of major programs required to be tested for some grant recipients.
- Cost Principles Effective for all federal awards received on or after December 26, 2014, the grant reforms related to cost principles go into effect. Not only were certain changes made to allowable costs under this new guidance, but there were significant changes in the area of time and effort reporting and indirect costs.
- 3. Administrative Requirements Also effective for all federal awards received on or after December 26, 2014, non-federal entities receiving federal funding must adhere to new rules related to administering federal awards. Most notably, these requirements may impact the City's procurement systems, including maintaining written conflict of interest policies and disclosures.

These revisions are clearly the most significant change to occur to federal grants management in recent history. Entities receiving federal funding will need to carefully digest these changes in order to ensure that the implementation of the new regulations occurs in a timely and complete manner. Plante & Moran, PLLC has been on the cutting edge of these reforms, offering our clients free webinars, implementation checklists, and other tools to aid in implementation. We have many experts in this area and welcome any questions you may have.

Retro-pay Prohibition Exceptions

Public Act 54 of 2011, which was signed by the Governor on June 7, 2011, prohibits retroactive pay on an expired contract and calls for employees working under an expired agreement to bear the cost of any increased healthcare costs until a new contract is in effect. During that period, the public employer is authorized to make payroll deductions necessary to pay the increased cost of maintaining those benefits.

HB 5097 of 2013, which has now been signed into law by the Governor as PA 301 of 2014, provides for exceptions to the retro-pay prohibition for public safety personnel that are subject to compulsory arbitration of labor disputes under PA 312 of 1969. In addition, these employees would only be required to pay increases in insurance benefits after a collective bargaining agreement expired and before a new agreement is in place that would not exceed the amount of the employee's share under the Publicly Funded Health Insurance Contribution Act.

New Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Regulations

The Governor signed PA 563 of 2014 into effect in January 2015. This new act is effective beginning July 1, 2015 and will change the regulations on how governmental entities charge for FOIA requests. Under the new law, public bodies will need to establish and make publically available written procedures and guidelines for FOIA requests. This can be done by providing paper copies or a link on the government's website. The written procedures and guidelines, which must be provided free of charge upon request, must include certain items, including fee calculations and procedures for submitting written requests and to appeal denials.

The new Act has numerous other very specific requirements and guidelines that will require a significant change in practice. We strongly advise you to read the entire Act to ensure understanding with all the related provisions. Written documentation and appropriate tracking mechanisms will need to be put in place to ensure compliance by July 1, 2015.

MDOT Performance Audit Requirements

Public Act 298 of 2012 allows the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) to conduct performance audits to evaluate whether local governments that received funds under Public Act 51 of 1951 used them in compliance with the applicable regulations. Recent guidance from MDOT administration clarifies that the State will not be performing these audits directly, but rather is requiring local units to request that certain additional procedures be performed by the local unit's financial statement auditing firm and that a separate report of these procedures be issued. This will be required for a local unit's first audit period starting after October 1, 2015 (for the City of Rochester Hills, this is the year ended December 31, 2016). It is not clear at this time whether this will be an annual requirement, but we will keep you apprised as information becomes available.

EVIP-like Requirements Tied to Act 51 Monies (Public Act 301 of 2014)

PA 301 of 2014 became effective October 9, 2014. This Act creates EVIP-like requirements for those who pay employees with Act 51 monies. For the purposes of this Act, "transportation employee" means an employee paid in whole or in part through Act 51 revenues or who is engaged in work funded through Act 51 revenues.

The act requires local units receiving ACT 51 money for the construction or maintenance of roads to comply with **one of the following** conditions by September 30, 2015:

- I. Develop and publicize a transportation employee compensation plan that the local agency intends to implement with any new, modified, or extended employment contracts or agreements. This compensation plan must include certain limitations on employer contribution toward retirement plans and health insurance as well as limitations on factors that determine pension benefits.
- 2. Comply with Public Act 152 of 2011 using one of the three following options: place hard caps on the amount contributed toward healthcare costs, elect an 80 percent employer contribution cap, or adopt a motion to opt out.

3. Certify that the local road agency does not offer medical benefits to its transportation employees or elected public officials.

If a local unit receiving Act 51 money does not certify that it complies with one of the above criteria by September 30th of each year, the Department of Transportation may withhold Act 51 distributions until compliance is established. Act 301 also requires local road agencies to maintain a searchable website (accessible to the public) that includes the current budget, the number of active transportation employees by job classification and wage rate, a financial performance dashboard, the names and contact information of the governing body, and a copy of the annual certification provided to MDOT.

For communities who are already complying with the requirements of Public Act 152 of 2011, we do not expect this new legislation to have a significant impact on operations since it essentially just creates a new reporting requirement; however, please contact your audit team if you would like to talk through the details of the act and the City's compliance.

Revenue Sharing

In 2014 the City received \$5.3 million in constitutional revenue sharing and \$66,000 in statutory revenue sharing (EVIP). As you are likely aware, the State of Michigan's 2014-2015 budget eliminated the Economic Vitality Incentive Program (EVIP) for cities, villages, and townships and replaced it with a component now called City, Village, and Township Revenue Sharing (CVTRS).

This new revenue-sharing model eliminates two of the three EVIP requirements, but it retains the requirement to publish a citizen's guide and performance dashboard, along with some enhancements related to debt service requirements and future budgets. The City has already met these requirements.

In addition, the 2014-2015 budget added a one-time payment for those receiving no or minimal statutory revenue sharing; as a result, the City should see an additional \$120,000 this year. We currently do not expect this to continue in the future. We will keep you apprised of any changes to CVTRS that occur during the 2015-2016 State budget process.

Personal Property Tax

In August 2014, Michigan voters put the last piece of personal property tax reform in place. As a result, personal property taxes will be reduced in two respects:

- 1. Small taxpayers with total personal property within a taxing unit valued at less than \$80,000 will be able to sign an affidavit exempting this personal property from taxation. This exemption began with the 2014 tax billings.
- 2. Personal property used in a manufacturing process that is purchased after December 31, 2012 will be exempt. This exemption will begin in the 2016 tax billings.

The package of legislation is generally intended to fully reimburse local units of government for revenue losses that result from this exempt property.

The changes include creation of a new Local Community Stabilization Authority (LCSA) that will receive money from two sources:

- <u>Use tax</u>: the legislation includes specific amounts of the use tax that will be diverted from the State's General Fund to the new LCSA; and
- <u>Essential Services Assessment</u>: Manufacturers will pay a "local community essential services assessment" to the LCSA based on the value of their exempt manufacturing property. The rate is set at 2.4 mills for a property's first five years; then 1.25 mills for the next five; then 0.9 mills thereafter.

The losses described by the bill are to be paid in order of this priority:

- a) School debt
- b) Intermediate School District losses
- c) School operations
- d) Government essential services (police, fire, ambulance, and jail)
- e) Debt and TIFA forgone increases
- f) All other reimbursements (defined below)

In theory, if there is not enough money available, the lower priority items may not be fully reimbursed. However, that department has indicated that it expects the fund to have enough to cover all reimbursements.

All other reimbursements - These reimbursements come from the use tax and would also begin in 2015-2016 and initially be proportional to each local unit's share of total "qualified losses," taking into account the losses of all municipalities. Over time, the reimbursement will shift to be based on each entity's share of eligible manufacturing personal property (based on the amount used in the ESA calculation above). Beginning in FY 2017-2018, 5 percent of the revenue would be distributed proportionally based on each local unit's share of eligible manufacturing personal property. The 5 percent portion would increase in 5 percent increments in each subsequent year. By FY 2036-2037, all revenue in the last category of reimbursements would be distributed based on the local unit's share of eligible manufacturing personal property. In short, in the beginning, the reimbursement is closely tied to the amount of lost personal property taxes, but over time, the community's reimbursement will be tied to the level of eligible manufacturing personal property then in existence.

Determining the Amount of Community Loss

Communities will first need to calculate their losses. Losses are classified as either debt loss or non-debt loss, as follows:

- **Debt Loss** Debt loss is defined as the amount of ad valorem and dedicated taxes that go toward debt that are lost as a result of the personal property tax exemption. During FY 2014-2015 and 2015-2016, revenue distributed by the newly created Local Community Stabilization Authority (LCSA) would equal either a community's debt loss or, in the case of a TIF, the small taxpayer loss. Through the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the losses are limited to the impact of the \$80,000 small business exemption. When the phase-out of eligible manufacturing property would begin to occur when tax bills go out in 2016, the debt loss (and corresponding reimbursement) will increase.
- Non-debt Loss Non-debt loss is calculated using the lowest rate of each individual millage levied in the period between 2012 and the year immediately preceding the current year. This will exclude debt millage. The department will compute the loss by comparing the current year taxable value of commercial and industrial property to the taxable value that existed at December 31, 2012 (2013 tax year). In 2016, cities will be reimbursed for non-debt loss for 2014 and 2015 related to the small taxpayer exemption loss. This is for cities only. For 2014 and 2015, townships will be reimbursed for the debt loss related to the small business exemption, but not the other losses created by the small business exemption. Starting in 2016, all municipalities are reimbursed for non-debt loss.