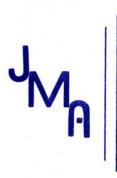
ROSCOMMON COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

June 19, 2019

Board of Commissioners Roscommon County Roscommon, MI 48653

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Roscommon, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Roscommon County's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Page 2 Board of Commissioners Roscommon County June 19, 2019

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Roscommon County, Michigan as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for each major fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, employee retirement and benefit systems, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-15, 58-63, and 64-72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information statements. because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Page 3 Board of Commissioners Roscommon County June 19, 2019

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Roscommon, Michigan's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated June 19, 2019, on my consideration of Roscommon County's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Roscommon County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In a

JAMES M. ANDERSON, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

As management of the County of Roscommon, we offer readers of the county's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the county for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. The assets of the County of Roscommon exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,977,732 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$2,542,336 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- 2. At the close of the current fiscal year, the County of Roscommon's governmental funds reported combined ending net position of \$2,106,481.
- 3. At December 31, 2018, the unassigned fund balance of General Fund was \$995,850, or 12% of General Fund annual expenditures.
- 4. 100% Tax Payment Enterprise Fund ended the year with \$9,384,892 in net position.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Roscommon County's basic financial statements. These statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Roscommon County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Roscommon County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Roscommon County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Roscommon County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Roscommon County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). *Governmental activities* include legislative, judicial, general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, community and economic development, recreation and culture, and other functions. Business-type activities include delinquent tax collections, airport, landfill, and commissary operations.

The county's governmental activities also include a legally separate entity (component unit) for which the county is financially accountable. The *component unit* included is the Roscommon County Road Commission. Financial information for the balance of the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. A separately issued report can be obtained from the component unit's office as stated in Note A.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts and is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Roscommon like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Roscommon County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Most of the county's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the county's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *government funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County of Roscommon maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, E-911, Sheriff Road Patrol, Housing Rehabilitation, Commission on Aging, and Gypsy Moth funds, each of which is considered to be a major fund. Data for the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds. The county maintains only one of the two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The county uses enterprise funds to account for its delinquent tax collections, airport, landfill and inmate commissary operations. The Tax Payment Fund and Airport Fund are reported as major Proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only with more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each enterprise fund.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the county's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and combining component unit funds are presented immediately following the General Fund detail schedule of Expenditures.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial analysis focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the governmental and business-type activities. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As the following table demonstrates, the county's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$13,977,732 at December 31, 2018.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities	Totals			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 12,199,110	\$ 11,381,757	\$ 9,484,177	\$ 8,482,707	\$ 21,683,287	\$ 19,864,464		
Capital Assets	8,389,866	8,751,479	2,398,016	2,393,960	10,787,882	11,145,439		
Total Assets	20,588,976	20,133,236	11,882,193	10,876,667	32,471,169	31,009,903		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	659,885	1,764,073			659,885	1,764,073		
Long-Term Liabilities	12,954,312	10,122,617	-	-	12,954,312	10,122,617		
Other Liabilities	260,555	354,561		36,301	260,555	390,862		
Total Liabilities	13,214,867	10,477,178		36,301	13,214,867	10,513,479		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,132,277	8,075,264			9,132,277	8,075,264		
Net Positions								
Invested in Capital Assets								
Net of Related Debt	7,851,520	8,108,830	2,398,016	2,393,960	10,249,536	10,502,790		
Restricted	884,341	900,744	301,519	315,942	1,185,860	1,216,686		
Unrestricted	(6,629,380)	(5,664,707)	9,171,716	8,130,464	2,542,336	2,465,757		
Total Net Position	\$ 2,106,481	\$ 3,344,867	\$ 11,871,251	\$ 10,840,366	\$ 13,977,732	\$ 14,185,233		

County of Roscommon's Net Position

A large portion of the county's net position, \$10,249,536 (73 percent), reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The county uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the county's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The next largest portion of the county's net position, \$2,542,336 (18 percent), represents *unrestricted net positions* that may be used to meet the county's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The remaining balance of \$1,185,860, (9 percent), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

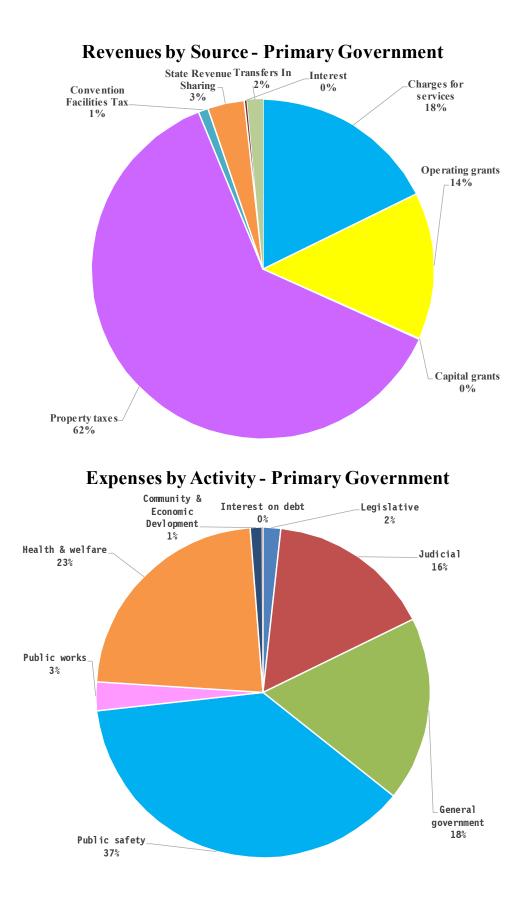
	Government Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities	Totals		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenue							
Program Revenue:							
Charges for Services	\$ 2,884,599	\$ 2,535,909	\$ 2,027,417	\$ 1,287,856	\$ 4,912,016	\$ 3,823,765	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	2,278,214	2,054,227	-	-	2,278,214	2,054,227	
Capital Grants	11,000	15,000	96,792	77,453	107,792	92,453	
General Revenue:							
Property Taxes	10,128,611	9,979,981	-	-	10,128,611	9,979,981	
Other	786,874	686,682	68,621	37,597	855,495	724,279	
Total Revenue	16,089,298	15,271,799	2,192,830	1,402,906	18,282,128	16,674,705	
Expenses							
Legislative	281,041	261,315	-	-	281,041	261,315	
Judicial	2,668,424	2,599,566	-	-	2,668,424	2,599,566	
General Government	3,007,022	2,831,832	896,916	737,432	3,903,938	3,569,264	
Public Safety	6,247,496	6,067,738	-	-	6,247,496	6,067,738	
Public Works	463,036	444,936	26,458	35,005	489,494	479,941	
Health & Welfare	3,784,639	3,525,174	-	-	3,784,639	3,525,174	
Community & Economic Development	195,404	247,975	-	-	195,404	247,975	
Interest on Debt	13,051	12,256			13,051	12,256	
Total Expenses	16,660,112	15,990,792	923,374	772,437	17,583,486	16,763,229	
Increase in Net Position							
Before Transfers	(570,814)	(718,993)	1,269,456	630,469	698,642	(88,524)	
Transfers	238,571	365,753	(238,571)	(365,753)			
Increase in Net Position	(332,243)	(353,240)	1,030,885	264,716	698,642	(88,524)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,438,724	2,791,964	10,840,366	10,575,650	13,279,090	13,367,614	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,106,481	\$ 2,438,724	\$ 11,871,251	\$ 10,840,366	\$ 13,977,732	\$ 13,279,090	

County of Roscommon Changes in Net Position

The County's net position increased by \$698,642 during the current year. Revenues increased \$1,607,423 and total expenses increased \$820,257 creating a positive swing of \$787,166 in the change of net position from the prior year. The most dramatic difference from the prior year is the increase in revenues from delinquent tax sales in the Tax Payment Funds of \$667,102.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the county's net position by \$570,814.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the county's net position by \$1,269,456.



Capital Assets. As of December 31, 2018, the County had \$10,787,882 invested in a range of assets. This included a net decrease of \$357,557 from last year net of depreciation.

Roscommon County Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	 Governmental Activities			 Business-Type Activities			Totals			
	 2018		2017	2018	_	2017		2018	_	2017
Land	\$ 2	\$	2	\$ 205,431	\$	205,431	\$	205,433	\$	205,433
Buildings and Improvements	7,423,334		7,717,620	2,121,305		2,117,885		9,544,639		9,835,505
Machinery and Equipment	696,441		787,929	71,280		70,644		767,721		858,573
Vehicles	 270,089		245,928	 				270,089		245,928
Total	\$ 8,389,866	\$	8,751,479	\$ 2,398,016	\$	2,393,960	\$	10,787,882	\$	11,145,439

Additional information on the County Capital Assets can be found in Note G on Pages 36 to 37 of this report.

Debt Administration. At the year end of 2018, the County had outstanding drain district notes of \$538,346. The debts are backed by the County's full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the County's debt is comprised of Compensated Absences, OPEB and Net Pension obligations.

Debt Administration

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Totals			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Drain District Notes	\$ 538,346	\$ 642,649	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 538,346	\$ 642,649		
OPEB Liabilities	2,431,832	1,748,019	-	-	2,431,832	1,748,019		
Net Pension Obligation	9,367,289	7,117,286	-	-	9,367,289	7,117,286		
Compensated Absences	616,845	614,663			616,845	614,663		
Total	\$ 12,954,312	\$ 10,122,617	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,954,312	\$ 10,122,617		

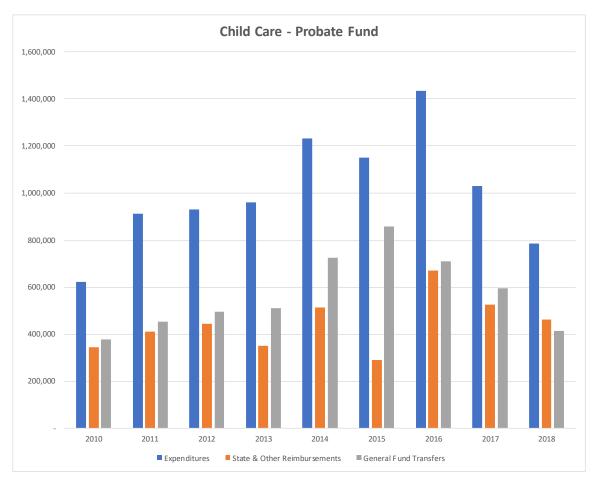
Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note I on pages 38 to 42 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

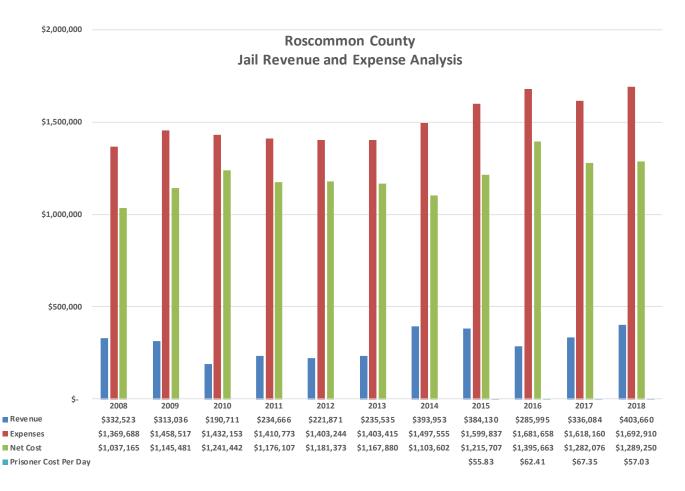
Roscommon County has utilized Fiscal Year 2018 to trend toward better aligning cost area expenditures with County goals and objectives. With limited increases in taxable value – less than 1.0% between tax billings for 2017 and 2018 – there were no 'new' revenues available to support increased services. As a result, Fiscal Year 2018 proved to be a year of maintaining the overall fiscal position and core services.

Overall, General Fund revenues increased approximately \$193,156. This increase can be attributed to the changes put in place for flat fee recording of deeds as well as a 2% increase in taxes collected. General Fund expenses for 2018 were \$367,525 over 2017. Several factors drove the increase, including allocations to other funds and departments above the original request, unplanned emergency building maintenance projects, a drastic increase in autopsies due to State regulations, Health Care Reimbursements Account expenditures of \$40,000 more than average and an unexpected increase in defined benefit contributions exceeding \$80,000.

Continued diligent oversight and supervision of our Child Care Fund by the Juvenile Referee/ Child Care Fund Administrator allowed for a transfer of \$181,000 less than the anticipated budget.



The Roscommon County Jail also successfully managed to increase revenues through the addition of housing for Genesee County and Federal inmates. Expenses remained flat. These factors, coupled with higher than budgeted revenue increase allowed for Roscommon County to slightly increase the overall General Fund Balance. A .5% increase is anticipated.



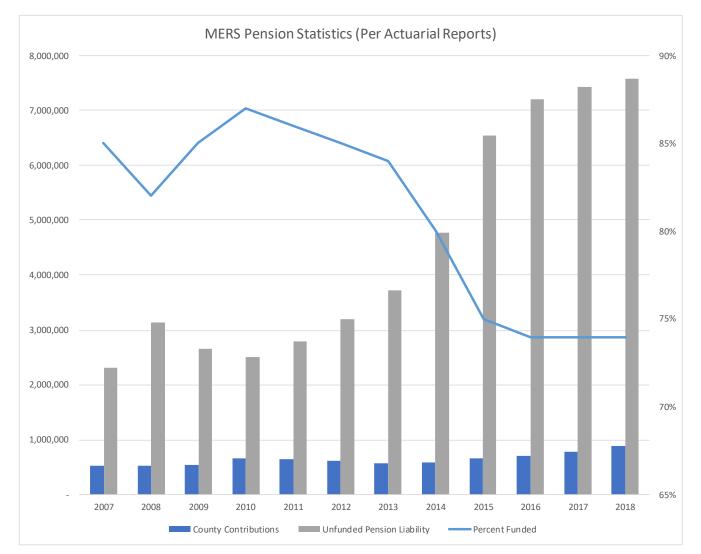
The development of a five-year strategic plan in March 2018 has driven a majority of financial decisions made by the Board of Commissioners. After several planning and review session the Board of Commissioners adopted a plan that focuses on 5 key areas: Youth and Family Support in the Community; Education, Marketing and Economic Development; Financial Sustainability and Growth and Staff Development – Support and Retention. A Youth, Family and Community Development Millage of .5 mills was proposed on the November 2018 ballot to support the initiatives of the strategic plan. This millage proposal failed by roughly 10%.

Several grants and cost share programs continued in 2018, with some receiving higher funding then seen in 2017. Roscommon County Emergency Operations received a \$10,000 grant for the purchase of new laptop computers and saw an increase in reimbursements for travel and training. The Roscommon County Sheriff's Office received a \$15,000 USDA Rural Development Grant to offset the purchase of a new road patrol vehicle and also continued to receive 50% reimbursement funding from the State of Michigan for snowmobile, ORV and Marine patrols.

The Roscommon County Blodgett Memorial Airport was awarded a 90/10 split FAA Block Grant for purposes of engineering studies for runway rehabilitation. Gas sales continue to rise, increasing sales by approximately \$14,000 from 2017 to 2018. A late purchase of fuel brought expenditures above revenues however, creating a loss. Hanger rentals remain steady and overall expenditures were down as no major projects were planned for the fiscal year.

Several internal changes occurred that directly impacted the overall general fund budget. Second Chance Academy, an adjudicated youth day facility operated by the County, began the process of closing in February 2018. It's final day in operation was May 31, 2018. The general fund appropriated \$27,500 to offset unemployment and final billings. While the closure had immediate costs, the long-term implications are reduced and/or redirected expenditures of \$100,000 annually for the Child Care Fund. Additionally, the County owned property located at 1015 Short Drive, Prudenville, Michigan was vacated by its largest renter, Central Michigan District Health. This placed the County in a position to decide on either retaining or selling the building. Sale of the building to the Roscommon County Commission on Aging to create an adult daycare facility was chosen and the process began in July 2018 to transfer ownership.

Overall health and welfare benefit costs increased 7% in 2018. The Board of Commissioners approved to continue a 5% employee premium cost share to offset increased annual healthcare premiums. Continued review and study of the health and welfare benefits resulted in a change of third-party administrators in order to receive better statistics and usage information. This information was utilized to make changes the current medical plans for 2019. The Board of Commissioners also increased its efforts to reduce the unfunded liability associated with the Defined Benefit retirement plans by maximizing the amount contributed by the employer and making an additional \$30,000 in payments from interest earned.



Director turnover occurred in several department, resulting in restructuring and increased learning curves. The structure of management for Juvenile Detention changed from a shared directorship to a Director and Assistant Director reporting style. The District Court Administrator position was vacated and filled in early January 2017. The Animal Control Program Administrator position became vacant with the retirement of long-term Director Terry MacKillop. A new Director was appointed in May 2018. Soil Erosion was transferred to the Drain Commissioner Office and an Assistant Jail Administrator position was approved and filled.

A 2% across the board cost of living increase was provided to all union and non-union employees, excluding the Board of Commissioners. The Chief Judge for Circuit and District Court instituted a change to the annual step increase program, which was formerly an automatic process. Merit steps for court employees will now be provided on an annual basis. A review of various wage scales and the processes involved in stabling pay and administering raises across the board was reviewed and the Board of Commissioner's authorized the Controller to begin the process of a third-party wage scale review.

Several policies were updated as well as increases to various fees for services. The Purchasing Policy, which had not been reviewed for several years, was updated to reflect current pricing, purchase standards and to include a local purchase preference guideline. The Roscommon County Employee Handbook was reviewed and has begun to be updated to stay current with laws and statutes that have been implemented over the last decade. A full-scale County Evacuation Plan was designed and implemented.

As a apart of the budgeting process all departments were asked to review their current assessed fees to ensure compliance with statutes and to establish them at comparable market value. Two departments, Soil Erosion and the Clerk's Office, found that the fees charged for certain services were well under the area and State averages. These were increased accordingly.

Buildings and Grounds projects were implemented to reduce long term costs in regards to heating and lighting. An indoor LED lighting project was undertaken, with project costs of \$25,544. Rebates of \$15,145 were received from Consumer's Energy and an estimated reduction of annual bills is expected to be approximately \$7,200. Energy efficient window tinting was added to the Administration portion of the Roscommon County Governmental Complex in efforts to reduce the exertion of our HVAC systems to both cool and heat the building.

In alignment with the adopted Strategic Plan, several new community outreach projects were implemented. A partnership with Michigan State University Extension to fund a 4H Spin Club Coordinator position was entered into. This position has created several youth mentoring groups and hands on learning experiences aimed at improving the future of job training. A Brownfield Assessment Grant Coalition was entered into with Iosco, Crawford and Ogemaw Counties to potentially receive funding to demolish and/or development properties.

NEXT YEAR'S FORECAST

The passage of renewals for Sheriff's Road Patrol and the Animal Control Program millages as well as an approved increase in the 911 millage from .06593 to 1.0 mills should ensure sustainability of these funds without additional allocations from the general fund. An anticipated CPI growth of 2.4% coupled with an upward trend in assessed values places the County in a strong position for increased tax revenues. Interest rates have also been slowly increasing, which will bring in additional interest.

These positive revenue streams will be needed to offset the ever-growing demands for maintain the essential and basic governmental services performed by the County of Roscommon. Overall health and welfare benefits are anticipated to increase by 3% while costs associated with the defined benefit pension plan will increase an average of \$6,900 per month. The downward trend in inmates eligible for transfers to outside facilities will likely result in a large dip in Jail revenues and additional State programs such as the Michigan Indigent Defense Fund will put added strain on existing revenue sources.

CLOSING

The struggle to maintain a strong fiscal position while promoting change within the community was the central focus for Fiscal Year 2018. Increased demands associated with human resources as well as decreased economic factors continued to strain the services provided. Small growth in the fund balance is an accomplishment based on continued diligence in revenue collections and expenditure oversight.

Fiscal growth of Roscommon County, both as a governmental entity and a community, continue to be essential to improving the statistics of poverty, drug abuse, alcoholism and at-risk youth. Improvements in these areas will only have a positive impact on the budget through improved taxable values.

Requests for Information

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Email: ValentinoJ@roscommoncounty.net

ROSCOMMON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental	Business Type	Road	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Commission
Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,046,175	\$ 7,125,537	\$ 11,171,712	\$ 2,296,348
Receivables				
Accounts receivables	22,214	420	22,634	1,523
Current tax	5,713,064	-	5,713,064	-
Delinquent tax	-	1,695,367	1,695,367	-
Special assessments	-	538,647	538,647	-
Interest	6,474	53,885	60,359	-
Other governments	501,316	43,459	544,775	1,297,073
Mortgages	1,909,867	-	1,909,867	-
Inventories	-	26,862	26,862	959,426
Capital Assets - Net	8,389,866	2,398,016	10,787,882	26,407,319
Total Assets	20,588,976	11,882,193	32,471,169	30,961,689
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred amounts related to Pensions	3,204,764	-	3,204,764	-
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	659,885		659,885	
Grant match deposits	039,005	2,991	2,991	-
•	2.004.040			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,864,649	2,991	3,867,640	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	242,595	13,933	256,528	46,258
Due to other governments	7,215	-	7,215	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	35,742
Accrued interest payable	10,745	-	10,745	-
Escrow	-	-	-	21,010
Advances from other governments	-	-	-	611,387
Long-term Liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences	616,845	-	616,845	329,538
Due within one year	77,427	-	77,427	210,000
Due within more than one year	460,919	-	460,919	1,880,000
Net Pension Obligation	9,367,289	-	9,367,289	-
Post Employment Benefit Liabilities	2,431,832		2,431,832	1,296,742
Total Liabilities	13,214,867	13,933	13,228,800	4,430,677
Deferred Inflows of Resources Taxes levied for a subsequent period	5,474,142		5,474,142	
Mortgage receivables	1,909,867	-		-
	1,909,007	-	1,909,867	175 140
Other state grants Deferred amounts related to Pensions	- 1,001,157	-	- 1,001,157	175,140
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	747,111		747,111	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,132,277	-	9,132,277	175,140
Net Position				
Investment in Capital Assets net of				
related debt	7,851,520	2,398,016	10,249,536	24,317,319
Restricted for:				
Training	20,682	-	20,682	-
Insurance deductibles	60,000	-	60,000	-
Contamination cleanup	305,077	-	305,077	-
Delinquent property	-	301,519	301,519	-
· · · · · · ·	498,582	· _	498,582	-
Capital outlay	490,002			
Capital outlay Unrestricted	(6,629,380)	9,171,716	2,542,336	2,038,553

ROSCOMMON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Channes for	Operating	Capital	Note (Fundame)	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense)	
runctions/programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	CONTRIBUTIONS	Revenue	
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
Legislative	\$ 281,041	\$ 0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (281,041)	
Judicial	2,668,424	641,925	1,098,215	-	(928,284)	
General government	3,007,022	951,019	125,576	-	(1,930,427)	
Public safety	6,247,496	661,365	402,983	11,000	(5,172,148)	
Public works	463,036	58,501	26,959	-	(377,576)	
Health & welfare	3,784,639	447,419	612,220	-	(2,725,000)	
Community & economic development	195,404	124,370	12,261		(58,773)	
Interest on debt	13,051				(13,051)	
Total governmental						
activities	16,660,112	2,884,599	2,278,214	11,000	(11,486,299)	
Business-type activities						
Delinquent property tax	476,342	1,741,126	-	-	1,264,784	
Airport	259,163	96,938	-	96,792	(65,433)	
Landfill	26,458	-	-	-	(26,458)	
Commissary Inmate	161,411	189,353			27,942	
Total business-						
type activities	923,374	2,027,417		96,792	1,200,835	
Total primary government	\$ 17,583,486	\$ 4,912,016	\$ 2,278,214	\$ 107,792	\$ (10,285,464)	
Component unit						
Road Commission	\$ 8,560,901	\$ 1,354,787	\$ 7,802,904	\$ 901,343	\$ 1,498,133	
Total component units	\$ 8,560,901	\$ 1,354,787	\$ 7,802,904	\$ 901,343	\$ 1,498,133	

ROSCOMMON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

				Component
		Primary Government		Units
	Governmental	Business-type		Road
	Activities	Activities	Total	Commission
Changes in net positions				
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (11,486,299)	\$ 1,200,835	\$ (10,285,464)	\$ 1,498,133
General revenues:				
Property taxes	10,128,611	-	10,128,611	-
Convention tax	149,023	-	149,023	-
State Shared Revenues	563,585	-	563,585	-
Unrestricted Investment earnings	47,232	60,188	107,420	11,458
Sales of capital assets	27,034	8,433	35,467	-
Transfers - internal activities	238,571	(238,571)		
Total general revenues, contributions				
and transfers	11,154,056	(169,950)	10,984,106	11,458
Change in net positions	(332,243)	1,030,885	698,642	1,509,591
Net position, beginning of year (Restated)	2,438,724	10,840,366	13,279,090	24,846,281
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,106,481	\$ 11,871,251	\$ 13,977,732	\$ 26,355,872

ROSCOMMON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General Fund	E-911	Sheriff Road Patrol	Housing Rehab	Commission on Aging	Gypsy Moth	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Assets								
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	\$ 634,433 310,830 14,527	\$ 379,568 1,313,689 -	\$ 456,870 1,970,534	\$ 125,084 - -	\$ 138,697 1,176,357	\$ 1,075,575 328,422	\$ 1,235,948 613,232 7,687	\$ 4,046,175 5,713,064 22,214
Interest receivable Due from governmental units Mortgages receivable	212,218	44,285	41,922	- - 1,909,867		6,474 _ 	202,891	6,474 501,316 1,909,867
Total Assets	\$ 1,172,008	\$ 1,737,542	\$ 2,469,326	\$ 2,034,951	\$ 1,315,054	\$ 1,410,471	\$ 2,059,758	\$ 12,199,110
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other governmental units	\$ 116,158	\$ 2,671	\$ 17,600	\$ - 	\$	\$ 150	\$ 106,016 7,215	\$ 242,595 7,215
Total Liabilities	116,158	2,671	17,600			150	113,231	249,810
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Taxes levied for a subsequent period Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	-	1,313,689	1,970,534	- 1,909,867	1,313,689	328,422	547,808	5,474,142 1,909,867
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,313,689	1,970,534	1,909,867	1,313,689	328,422	547,808	7,384,009
Fund Balances								
Committed For: Insurance Deductibles Restricted For:	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,000
Contamination Cleanup Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	305,141 182,857	305,141 182,857
Public Safety Health & Welfare	-	20,682	481,192	-	- 1,365	- 1,081,899	164,591 492,699	666,465 1,575,963
Community & Economic Development	-	-	-	125,084	-	-	27,274	152,358
Public Works Capital Projects Unassigned	- - 995,850	400,500		-			128,075 98,082	128,075 498,582 995,850
Total Fund Balances	1,055,850	421,182	481,192	125,084	1,365	1,081,899	1,398,719	4,565,291
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,172,008	\$ 1,737,542	\$ 2,469,326	\$ 2,034,951	\$ 1,315,054	\$ 1,410,471	\$ 2,059,758	\$ 12,199,110

ROSCOMMON COUNTY Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position DECEMBER 31, 2018

Fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ 4,565,291
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	l
Add - capital assets Deduct - accumulated depreciation	21,216,170 (12,826,304)
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - Bonds and notes payable Deduct - Compensated absences payable Deduct - Accrued interest on bonds payable Deduct - Net Pension Obligation and deferred outflows Deduct - Post employment benefit liability	(538,346) (616,845) (10,745) (7,163,682) (2,519,058)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,106,481</u>

ROSCOMMON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General Fund	E-911	Sheriff Road Patrol	Housing Rehab	Commission on Aging	Gypsy Moth	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenue:								
Taxes	\$ 5,110,660	\$ 846,933	\$ 1,926,952	\$ -	\$ 1,288,518	\$ 322,154	\$ 633,394	\$ 10,128,611
Federal	48,158	-	12,620	-	-	-	12,261	73,039
State	1,344,121	180,353	58,449	-	-	-	1,105,029	2,687,952
Local	136,024	6,626	56,297	-	-	-	458,728	657,675
Charges for services	1,618,405	91	79,839	-	-	-	186,610	1,884,945
Fines and forfeits	21,974	-	-	-	-	-	2,500	24,474
Rents	6,635	-	-	-	-	-	58,501	65,136
Loan payments	-	-	-	120,681	-	-	-	120,681
Reimbursements and refunds	301,760			-	-	-	29,595	331,355
Interest	20,901	6,957	2,222	-	-	15,699	1,453	47,232
Other		34,727	36,545				4,619	75,891
Total Revenue	8,608,638	1,075,687	2,172,924	120,681	1,288,518	337,853	2,492,690	16,096,991
Expenditures:								
Legislative	265,149	-	-	-	-	-	-	265,149
Judicial	1,947,296	-	-	-	-	-	464,869	2,412,165
General	2,455,300	-	-	-	-	-	37,459	2,492,759
Public safety	2,421,909	1,092,609	2,162,067	-	-	-	546,487	6,223,072
Public works	46,572	-	-	-	-	-	139,694	186,266
Health and welfare	574,398	-	-	-	1,293,855	117,603	1,649,550	3,635,406
Community & economic development	179,341	-	-	9,681	-	-	8,068	197,090
Other	378,744	-	-	-	-	-	-	378,744
Debt Service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	104,303	104,303
Interest							8,658	8,658
Total Expenditures	8,268,709	1,092,609	2,162,067	9,681	1,293,855	117,603	2,959,088	15,903,612
Excess:								
Revenue over (under)								
expenditures	339,929	(16,922)	10,857	111,000	(5,337)	220,250	(466,398)	193,379
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	426,433	-	50,000	-	-	-	1,074,341	1,550,774
Operating transfers out	(717,951)			(1,661)			(592,591)	(1,312,203)
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)	(291,518)		50,000	(1,661)			481,750	238,571
Excess: Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other								
financing uses	48,411	(16,922)	60,857	109,339	(5,337)	220,250	15,352	431,950
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	1,007,439	438,104	420,335	15,745	6,702	861,649	1,383,367	4,133,341
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 1,055,850	\$ 421,182	\$ 481,192	\$ 125,084	\$ 1,365	\$ 1,081,899	\$ 1,398,719	\$ 4,565,291

ROSCOMMON COUNTY Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$	431,950
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Add - Capital outlay Deduct - Depreciation expense Deduct - Sales of capital assets		195,702 (549,622) (7,693)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Add - Principal payments on long-term liabilities		104,303
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.		
Deduct - Increase in accrued interest payable on bonds Deduct - Increase in the accrual for compensated absences Add - Decrease in the accrual for employment benefits Deduct - Pension expense and deferred outflows		(4,393) (2,182) 135,104 (635,412)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	<u>(332,243</u>)

ROSCOMMON COUNTY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	Tax Payment	Airport	Landfill	Commissary Inmate	Totals
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 7,053,534	\$ 1,829	\$ 1,599	\$ 68,575	\$ 7,125,537
Taxes receivable	1,695,367	-	-	-	1,695,367
Accounts receivable	-	420	-	-	420
Interest receivable	53,885				53,885
Due from governmental units	43,459	-	-	-	43,459
Special Assessment receivables	538,647	-	-	-	538,647
Inventory	-	26,862	-	-	26,862
Capital Assets - Net	<u> </u>	2,398,016			2,398,016
Total Assets	9,384,892	2,427,127	1,599	68,575	11,882,193
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Grant match deposits		2,991			2,991
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		4,958		8,975	13,933
Total Current Liabilities		4,958		8,975	13,933
NET POSITIONS					
Investment in Capital Assets - Net					
of related debt	-	2,398,016	-	-	2,398,016
Restricted for delinquent property	301,519	-	-	-	301,519
Unrestricted	9,083,373	27,144	1,599	59,600	9,171,716
Total Net Positions	\$ 9,384,892	\$ 2,425,160	\$ 1,599	\$ 59,600	\$ 11,871,251

ROSCOMMON COUNTY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	Tax Payment	Airport	Landfill	Commissary Inmate	Totals
Operating Revenue:					
Penalties on taxes, collection					
fees and property sales	\$ 1,741,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,741,126
Rental fees and sales		96,938		189,353	286,291
Total Operating Revenue	1,741,126	96,938		189,353	2,027,417
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries	-	23,460	1,000	-	24,460
Payroll taxes	-	1,735	6	-	1,741
Fringe benefits	-	23,692	-	-	23,692
Forfeiture costs	476,342	-	-	-	476,342
Supplies	-	822	-	161,411	162,233
Fuel costs	-	60,700	-	-	60,700
Service charges	-	39,992	25,452	-	65,444
Depreciation		108,762			108,762
Total Operating Expenses	476,342	259,163	26,458	161,411	923,374
Operating Income (Loss)	1,264,784	(162,225)	(26,458)	27,942	1,104,043
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):					
Capital Grants	-	96,792	-	-	96,792
Sale of fixed assets	-	8,433	-	-	8,433
Interest revenue	53,849		6,339		60,188
Total Nonoperating Revenue					
(Expenses)	53,849	105,225	6,339		165,413
Net Income (Loss) before					
operating transfers	1,318,633	(57,000)	(20,119)	27,942	1,269,456
Transfers:					
Transfers from other funds	28,557	84,674	21,000	-	134,231
Transfers to other funds	(372,802)				(372,802)
Total Transfers	(344,245)	84,674	21,000		(238,571)
Net income (loss)	974,388	27,674	881	27,942	1,030,885
Net Positions - Beginning of year	8,410,504	2,397,486	718	31,658	10,840,366
Net Positions - End of year	\$ 9,384,892	\$ 2,425,160	\$ 1,599	\$ 59,600	\$ 11,871,251

ROSCOMMON COUNTY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	Tax Payment	Airport	Landfill	Commissary Inmate	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ 974,388	\$ 27,674	\$ 881	\$ 27,942	\$ 1,030,885
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net					
cash flows from operating activities:					
Depreciation	-	108,762	-	-	108,762
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable	130,480	-	-	-	130,480
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	-	(11)	-	-	(11)
Decrease (increase) in inventory	-	(21,672)	-	-	(21,672)
Decrease (increase) in due from					
governmental units	(10,910)	-	-	-	(10,910)
Decrease (increase) in special assessments	104,002	-	-	-	104,002
Decrease (increase) in interest receivable	(22,243)	-	-	-	(22,243)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expense	-	-			-
Decrease (increase) in grant match deposit	-	(2,991)	-	-	(2,991)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	-	2,773	-	(8,332)	(5,559)
Increase (decrease) in due to					
governmental units	(16,809)				(16,809)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	1,158,908	114,535	881	19,610	1,293,934
Cash Provided by (Used For) Capital and					
Related Financing Activities:					
Sale of fixed assets	-	58,838	-	-	58,838
Purchase of fixed assets		(171,656)			(171,656)
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Capital and					
Related Financing Activities		(112,818)			(112,818)
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash					
And Cash Equivalents	1,158,908	1,717	881	19,610	1,181,116
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1	5,894,626	112	718	48,965	5,944,421
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$ 7,053,534	\$ 1,829	\$ 1,599	\$ 68,575	\$ 7,125,537

ROSCOMMON COUNTY AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

ASSETS

Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>

LIABILITIES

Due to governmental units Undistributed collections Other current liabilities		151,978 1,460,289 280,002
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	1,892,269

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

DESCRIPTION OF COUNTY OPERATIONS

The County was organized in 1876 and covers an area of approximately 576 square miles with the County seat located in Roscommon, Michigan. The County operates under an elected Board of Commissioners of five (5) members and provides services, assistance and care to its 24,449 residents, primarily from the operations of its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. The County's services, assistance and care include the (1) general county departments, boards and commissions; (2) court system administration; (3) law enforcement and corrections; (4) assistance and/or institutional care to the aged, needy, wards of the court and neglected children, public and mental health recipients; (5) libraries, and (6) recreation.

REPORTING ENTITY

As required by generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement no. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity", these financial statements present Roscommon County (primary government) and its component units. The criteria established by the GASB for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included.

<u>COMPONENT UNITS</u> - In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of Component Units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

<u>BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS</u> - The Roscommon County Building Authority is governed by a board appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. Although it is legally separate from the County, the Building Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the County's public buildings.

<u>DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS</u> - The Component Unit's Columns in the Government-wide Financial Statements include the financial data of the Roscommon County Road Commission. These financial statements are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

<u>ROSCOMMON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION</u> - The Road Commission operates under an elected Board of Commissioners; however, the Road Commission is fiscally dependent on the County because treasury functions are maintained by the County Treasurer, the County approval is needed for entering into certain types of debt, and it would be misleading to exclude these financial statements. Copies of the separately audited financial statements of the Road Commission can be obtained at their business office located in Prudenville.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

<u>CENTRAL MICHIGAN DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT</u>: Roscommon County participates jointly with Arenac, Clare, Gladwin, Isabella and Osceola Counties in the operation of the Central Michigan District Health Department. All of the financial operations of the District Health Department are recorded in the records of Isabella County. The funding formula approved by the member counties is based pro rata on each unit's population and equalized valuation to the districts total population and valuation. Roscommon County's appropriation to the District Health Department for the calendar year was \$287,574. A copy of the audit report may be acquired from the following: Central Michigan District Health Department, 2012 E. Preston, Mt. Pleasant, MI 48858.

<u>NORTHERN LAKES COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH AUTHORITY</u>: Roscommon County participates jointly with Crawford, Missaukee, Grand Traverse, Leelanau, and Wexford Counties, in the operation of the North Central Community Mental Health Authority. The authority was established October 1, 2004 pursuant to MCL 330.1210. All of the financial operations of the Community Mental Health Authority are recorded in the records of Grand Traverse County. The funding formula approved by the member counties is based on pro rata of each unit's population to the total population of the participating counties. Roscommon County's appropriation to the authority for the calendar year was \$72,567. A copy of the audit report may be acquired from the following: Northern Lakes Community Mental Health, 105 Hall Street, Suite A, Traverse City, MI 49684.

<u>GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Indirect expenses* are charged based upon a County-wide cost allocation plan which allocates costs based upon the number of full time equivalents, number of transactions, and other pertinent information. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION</u>: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. After March 1 of the year for which they were levied, the Delinquent Tax Revolving Fund pays the County for any outstanding taxes as of that date. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant revenues are considered to be available when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and select compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Central Dispatch E911 Fund - This fund is used to account for revenue collected and operational expenses for emergency dispatching in Roscommon County.

Sheriff Road Patrol Fund - This fund is used to account for revenue collected and operation expenses for the Sheriff's Department and law enforcement activities.

Housing Rehabilitation Fund - This fund is used to account for the mortgage receivables and related program income from housing grants closed out in prior years.

Commission on Aging Fund - This fund is used to account for property tax revenues levied for the welfare of senior citizens.

Gypsy Moth Fund - This fund is used to account for the property tax revenue and operation expenses for the supervision of the gypsy moth in Roscommon County.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED):

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Tax Payment Fund - This fund is used to pay each local governmental unit, including the County General Fund, the respective amount of taxes not collected as of March 1 of each year. Financing is provided by subsequent collection of delinquent property taxes by the County Treasurer.

Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the Airport operations located in Prudenville, Michigan.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue from specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) and related expenditures which are restricted for specific purposes by administrative action or law.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the Building Authority.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are interest and penalties on delinquent taxes and charges for services provided. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds consist of administrative expenses, airport and landfill operating costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

<u>BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING</u> - Except as noted, all fund types and funds are under direct or superintending budgetary control of the County Board of Commissioners. Certain fund budgets are controlled by other County boards or commissions and/or department heads and certain program budgets are in effect for fiscal periods other than the County's fiscal year.

Governing board of commissions and/or department heads responsible for certain fund budgets transmit the budgetary information to the County Board of Commissioners for review and inclusion in the County's General and Special Appropriations Acts as required by the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act -Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978.

In accordance with the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act the County Board of Commissioners is responsible for all County funds except the County Road Fund which is the responsibility of the Board of County Road Commissioners.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The County, through its appointed chief administrative and chief fiscal officer, follows the requirements of the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act in the preparation and execution of its annual budget. Any violations are disclosed in audits of the County's financial statements as required by law.

The budgets for the County's governmental fund types were adopted on a basis consistent with modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with the actual financial statements for the funds. The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds' budgets were reviewed and amended periodically throughout the year.

<u>ESTIMATES</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>INVENTORY</u> - County Road Commission (Special Revenue Fund) road equipment parts and materials inventory items and the Airport (Enterprise Fund) fuel inventory are stated at cost and utilized the first-in, first-out method of accounting when used. All other inventories, including the cost of supplies for other County funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.

<u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exists. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

No interest expense has been incurred or capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

Depreciation on the capital assets (including infrastructure) of the primary government, as well as the component units, is computed using the straight-line or sum-of-the-years digits method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings	30-50
Public domain infrastructure	8-50
Equipment	3-20

<u>PROPERTY TAXES</u> - Assessed property values are established annually (the first Monday in March) by the local units of government and equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. Property taxable value is determined in accordance with (MCL 211.34d). The property taxes are levied based on taxable value on December 1, and are payable without penalty through the following February 28.

Real property taxes not paid by February 28 are purchased by the County as part of the March tax settlement. County property taxes are recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Because County operating mills are levied on July 1st for each fiscal year ended December 31, it is Roscommon County's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made available for financing operations. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be paid from the delinquent tax revolving fund within one year.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The December 2017 taxable valuation of Roscommon County amounted to \$1,278,309,058 on which ad valorem taxes of 3.583 mills were levied for Operations, .6593 mills for E-911 Operations, 1.5 mills for County Road Patrol, 1.0 mills for the Commission on Aging, .25 mills for Gypsy Moth, .25 mills for Animal Control, .167 for Veterans Affairs and .50 mills for the Roscommon Public Transportation Authority Operations.

<u>INTERNAL BALANCES</u> - Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and businesstype activity are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

<u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u> - In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. For new bond issuances after the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES</u> - The transfers of cash between the various County funds are budgeted but reported separately from revenues and expenditures as operating transfers in or (out), unless they represent temporary advances that are to be repaid, in which case, they are carried as assets and liabilities of the advancing or borrowing funds.

<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has items qualifying for reporting in this category related to the pension liability, OPEB liability, and grant funds.

<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> - In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows of resources include mortgage receivables as unavailable revenue due to the question of their collectability; property taxes levied during the current year that were intended to finance future periods; pension related timing differences; and OPEB liabilities.

<u>PENSIONS</u> - For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>FUND BALANCES</u> - Fund balance is essentially the difference between the assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. There are five separate components of fund balance, each of which identifies the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts can be spent.

- 1. Non-spendable fund balance (inherently non-spendable)
- 2. Restricted fund balance (externally enforceable limitations on use)
- 3. Committed fund balance (self-imposed limitations on use)
- 4. Assigned fund balance (limitation resulting from intended use)
- 5. Unassigned fund balance (the residual classification of the general fund)

As a general rule, when multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the County will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds. The Board of Commissioners established a policy on January 1, 2012 to maintain a minimum fund balance in the General Fund equal to 15% of General Fund annual operating expenditures. On December 31, 2018, the fund balance was 13% of the operating expenditures.

NOTE B - EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Public Act 621 of 1978, section 18 (1), as amended, provides that a County shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. In the body of the financial statements, the County's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the General Fund, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budget of the County for the General Fund was adopted on an activity and/or program level.

During the year ended December 31, 2018 the County incurred functional expenditures in the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

Primary Government Fund/Function	Amended Budget	Actual	Budget Variance
General Fund: District Court Jail Other Insurance	\$ 627,492 \$ 1,644,963 \$ 299,865	\$ 627,459 \$ 1,692,910 \$ 377,095	\$ <u>(7)</u> <u>\$(47,947</u>) <u>\$(77,230</u>)
Special Revenue Funds: Health Building Rental Law Library Housing Administration	\$32,675 \$20,588 \$1,200	\$32,708 \$21,231 \$1,736	$\frac{\$ (33)}{\$ (643)}$ $\frac{\$ (536)}{\$ (536)}$
Debt Service Funds: Channel Court	<u>\$ 39,000</u>	<u>\$47,930</u>	<u>\$ (8,930</u>)

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the statement of net position related to deposits and investments are as follows:

Drimany Covernment.	Cash and Deposits	Investments	Total
Primary Government: Government Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 3,216,358 6,065,073	\$ 829,817 1,060,464	\$ 4,046,175 7,125,537
Agency Funds	1,833,815	58,454	1,892,269
Component Units: Road Commission	1,734,923	561,425	2,296,348
Total	\$12,850,169	\$ 2,510,160	\$ 15,360,329

The Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, risk disclosures for Roscommon County's cash deposits are as follows:

		Carrying Amount	
	Primary Government	Component Unit	Total
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 1,654,283 9,460,963	\$ 829,688 905,235	\$ 2,483,971 10,366,198
Total Deposits	<u>\$ 11,115,246</u>	\$ 1,734,923	\$ 12,850,169
		Bank Balances	
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 1,654,283 9,839,386	\$ 829,688 904,436	\$ 2,483,971 10,743,822
Total Deposits	<u>\$ 11,493,669</u>	<u>\$ 1,734,124</u>	\$ 13,227,793

<u>Deposits</u> - At year-end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$12,850,169 and the bank balance was \$13,227,793. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Rules and Regulations, approximately 19% of the total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments - Act 217, PA 1982, authorizes the County to deposit and invest in the following:

- a. Bonds and other direct obligations of the United States or its agencies.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of federally insured banks, insured savings and loan associations or credit unions insured by the national credit union administration that are eligible to be depository of surplus money belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of act 105, PA 1855, as amended (MCL 21.145 and 21.146).
- c. Commercial paper rated at time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services. Maturity cannot be more than 270 days after purchase.
- d. United States governmental or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers' acceptance of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investments which are legal for direct investments by local units of government in Michigan.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The County's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the County at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the County or its agent in the County's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker's or dealer's trust department or agent in the County's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

		Category		Carrying	Market
Risk Categorized:	1	2	3	Amount	Value
Government Obligations	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
TOTAL CATEGORIZED INVESTMENTS	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	-0-	-0-
Non-Risk Categorized: Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Michigan CLASS Huntington National Bank				277,224 1,418,883 814,053	277,224 1,418,883 814,053
Total Investments				<u>\$ 2,510,160</u>	<u>\$ 2,510,160</u>

The non-categorized investments are the County's share of investment pools which were made up of U.S. Treasury, Agencies, and instrumentalities, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and repurchase agreements which were not in the name of the County.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Michigan law and the County's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Michigan law and the County's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted a policy that indicates how the County will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than a given period of time.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County has not adopted a policy that indicates how the County will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

NOTE D - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of Register of Deeds services of \$22,214 and the Airport Fund of \$420 totaling \$22,634.

NOTE E - DUE FROM GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Due from other governmental units for the Primary Government consists of amounts due from the Federal Government of \$10,230, the State of Michigan of \$484,158, due from other Counties of \$50,387, totaling \$544,775.

NOTE F - MORTGAGE RECEIVABLES

The long-term mortgage receivable offset by deferred inflows of resources consists of \$1,909,867 in HUD mortgages from current and previous years grants. The receivables are not recognized as revenue until collected due to the question of their collectability.

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

<u>Primary Government</u>	Balance 1/1/2018		Additions	De	letions		alance 31/2018
Governmental activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	2	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2
Subtotal		2	-		-		2
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	16,914,7	33	-		-	16	,914,733
Machinery and equipment	3,670,6	59	79,694		741,964	3	,008,389
Vehicles	1,177,0	38	116,008		-	1	,293,046
Total	21,762,4	30	195,702		741,964	21	,216,168
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	9,197,1	13	294,286		-	g	,491,399
Machinery and equipment	2,882,7	30	163,489		734,271	2	,311,948
Vehicles	931,1	10	91,847		-	1	,022,957
Total	13,010,9	53	549,622		734,271	12	,826,304
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	8,751,4	77	(353,920)	,	7,693	8	,389,864
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 8,751,4	79	\$ (353,920)	\$	7,693	\$ 8	,389,866
	Balance 1/1/2018		Additions	De	letions		alance 31/2018
Business-type activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 205,4	31	\$ -	\$	-	\$	205,431
Subtotal	205,4	31	-		-		205,431
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	3,216,1	79	101,886		-	3	,318,065
Machinery and equipment	173,9	30	69,770		71,745		171,955
Vehicles	11,5	00	-		-		11,500
Total	3,401,6	09	171,656		71,745	3	,501,520
		180	108,762		12,907	1	,308,935
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,213,0		100,702		,		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	2,188,5		62,894		58,838		,192,585

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: Judicial General government Public works Public safety Health and welfare	\$ 163,866 60,536 6,018 270,869 48,333
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 549,622
Business-type Activities: Airport	\$ 108,762

Discretely Presented Units

Activity for the capital assets of the component units for the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2018
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Improvements	\$ 2,164,114	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,164,114
Subtotal	2,164,114			2,164,114
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	433,020	-	-	433,020
Buildings	6,943,275	30,376	-	6,973,651
Road Equipment	9,828,286	656,107	-	10,484,393
Shop Equipment	248,830	-	-	248,830
Office Equipment	172,313	-	-	172,313
Engineers Equipment	148,600	2,718	-	151,318
Yard & Storage Equipment	369,836	-	-	369,836
Infrastructure - Bridges	1,835,735	28,178	-	1,863,913
Infrastructure - Roads	34,940,018	2,979,451	1,071,716	36,847,753
Total	54,919,913	3,696,830	1,071,716	57,545,027
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	221,309	13,937	-	235,246
Buildings	2,723,569	155,230	-	2,878,799
Road Equipment	7,717,802	774,582	-	8,492,384
Shop Equipment	229,939	5,416	-	235,355
Office Equipment	149,238	5,851	-	155,089
Engineers Equipment	103,136	8,628	-	111,764
Yard & Storage Equipment	241,208	14,973	-	256,181
Infrastructure - Bridges	1,113,248	6,827	-	1,120,075
Infrastructure - Roads	18,737,741	2,150,904	1,071,716	19,816,929
Total	31,237,190	3,136,348	1,071,716	33,301,822
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	23,682,723	560,482		24,243,205
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 25,846,837	\$ 560,482	\$ -	\$ 26,407,319

Depreciation expense of \$3,136,348 was recognized by the Road Commission for the year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTE H - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Primary Government

Roscommon County has an accrued liability for accumulated vested paid time off based on a maximum of 20 days and 1,000 hours for vacation and sick time, respectively. An accrual of \$616,845 is reported in the total Primary Government of the Net Position as of December 31, 2018.

Road Commission - Component Unit

In accordance with contracts negotiated with the various employee groups of the Road Commission, employees have a vested right upon termination to receive compensation for accumulated sick and vacation leave under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts. The dollar amount of these vested rights, which has been accrued on the financial statements amounts to approximately \$133,642 for sick and \$195,896 vacation at December 31, 2018.

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT:

Following is a summary of pertinent information concerning the County's long-term debt:

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

Article 7, Section 11 of the Constitution of Michigan of 1963 states that, "No County shall incur any indebtedness which shall increase its total debt beyond 10 percent of its assessed valuation." In addition, Section 46.11b(2) of Compiled Laws of 1979 as amended concerning the purchases of land, property or equipment for a period of 10 years or less states in part: The aggregate outstanding balance...shall not exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% of the equalized value...balance. Following is an analysis of the County Legal Debt Margin as of December 31, 2018. The county is in compliance with the aforementioned State of Michigan Statutes.

	2018 State	Debt Limit	Outstanding	Legal Debt
	<u>Equalized Value</u>	10%	Debt	Margin
Computation	<u>\$ 1,534,157,880</u>	<u>\$ 153,415,788</u>	<u>\$ 3,574,729</u>	<u>\$149,841,059</u>

Outstanding Debt Descriptions:

	Primary <u>Government</u>	Road <u>Commission</u>	Total
General Obligation: General Obligation Bonds Drain Notes Compensated Absences	\$ -0- 538,346 <u>616,845</u>	\$ 2,090,000 -0- <u>329,538</u>	\$ 2,090,000 538,346 <u>946,383</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 1,155,191</u>	<u>\$ 2,419,538</u>	<u>\$ 3,574,729</u>

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The general long-term debt and other general long-term obligations of the County, and the changes therein, may be summarized as follows:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

	Balance 1/1/2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2018	Due within one year
Johnston Haven Drainage District Drain Notes @ 2.4048%	\$ 160,896	\$ -	\$ 23,650	\$ 137,246	\$ 24,101
Channel Court Drainage District Drain Notes @2.4048%	222,453	-	44,923	177,530	31,769
Pine Bluffs Drainage District Drain Notes @ 3.0%	174,300	-	35,730	138,570	21,557
Richfield Drain #1 District Drain Notes @ 6.0%	85,000	-	-	85,000	-
Compensated Absences	614,663	(1) 2,182		616,845	
Total Primary Government	1,257,312	2,182	104,303	1,155,191	77,427

(1) Changes in compensated absences are shown as a net addition/deduction.

NOTE I LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

COMPONENT UNITS

Road Commission Component Unit

	Balance 1/1/2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2018	Due within one year
General Obligation Bonds					
2009 MTF Refunding Bonds 2017 MTF Refunding Bonds	\$ 360,000 1,905,000	\$ - -	\$ 175,000 -	\$ 185,000 1,905,000	\$ 185,000 25,000
Compensated Absences	303,289	(1) 26,249		329,538	
Total Component Unit Long-Term Debt	2,568,289	26,249	175,000	2,419,538	210,000
Total Reporting Entity Long-Term Debt Account Group	\$ 3,825,601	\$ 28,431	\$ 279,303	\$ 3,574,729	\$ 287,427

(1) Changes in compensated absences are shown as a net addition/deduction.

Johnston Haven Drain Notes

The County issued General Obligation Limited Tax Notes, Series 2015 on July 9, 2015 under Act No. 40 of Public Acts of 1956. These notes were issued in the form of a single, fully registered note in the denomination of \$208,000, bear interest rate of 2.4048% per annum payable on each June 1, commencing June 1, 2016, and each June 1 thereafter through June 1, 2025. The note proceeds were used to fund the Johnston Haven Drainage District Project with the note being repaid through a special assessment. The Johnston Haven Drain notes were purchased by the County Tax Payment Funds in 2016 with the same terms of repayment that were negotiated by the bank and are now reflected as a receivable in the County Tax Payment Funds.

Johnston Haven Drainage

Annual Debt Service Requirements:

<u>Year</u>	
2019	\$ 24,101
2020	23,600
2021	23,100
2022	22,600
2023	22,100
2024	21,600
2025	 12,745
Total Payments	149,846
Less Interest and Fees	 12,600
Net Balance Due	\$ 137,246

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Channel Court Drain Notes

The County issued General Obligation Limited Tax Notes, Series 2015 on July 9, 2015 under Act No. 40 of Public Acts of 1956. The notes were issued in the form of a single, fully registered note in the denomination of \$275,000, bear interest rate of 2.4048% per annum payable on each June 1, commencing June 1, 2016, and each June 1 thereafter through June 1, 2025. The note proceeds were used to fund the Channel Court Drain District Project with the note being repaid through a Special Assessment. The Channel Court Drain Notes were purchased by the County Tax Payment Funds in 2016 with the same terms of repayment that were negotiated by the bank and are now reflected as a receivable in the County Tax Payment Funds.

Channel Court Drain Notes

Annual Debt Service Requirements:

Year	
2019	\$ 31,769
2020	31,108
2021	30,447
2022	29,785
2023	29,124
2024	28,463
2025	 12,832
Total Payments	193,528
Less Interest and Fees	15,998
Net Balance Due	\$ 177,530

Pine Bluffs Drain Notes

On September 13, 2017, the County authorized the County Treasurer to enter into a Drain Note Agreement for the purpose of financing the Pine Bluffs Drainage District Project. The Note is for a total of \$174,300 at an interest rate of 3.0% with repayment to be made over a 10 year period in annual installments.

Pine Bluffs Drain Notes

Annual Debt Service Requirements:

Year	
2019	\$ 21,557
2020	21,035
2021	20,513
2022	19,991
2023	19,469
2024	18,947
2025	18,222
2026	 17,173
Total Payments	156,907
Less Interest and Fees	 18,337
Net Balance Due	\$ 138,570

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Richfield Drain #1

On November 21, 2017, the County authorized the County Treasurer to enter into a Drain Note Agreement for the purpose of financing the Richfield Township Drain District #1. The current amount of the note is \$85,000 with an interest rate of 6.0%. The final terms of the repayment are to be determined when the project is finished.

<u>General Obligation Bonds Payable - Road Commission</u>

2017 Michigan Transportation Refunding Bonds

On November 28, 2017, the County of Roscommon approved a \$1,905,000 Michigan Transportation Fund Refunding Bond issue, Series 2017, to refund the 2009 bond issue that was for the purpose of constructing Road Commission buildings. An advance refunding bond issue occurs when a new debt is issued to refinance an existing debt (old debt), but the proceeds must be placed in escrow pending call date or maturity. The difference between the cash flow required to service the old debt and the new debt and complete the refunding is \$1,866,419. The economic gain from the transaction (difference between the present value of the old debt service requirement and the present value of new debt service requirement, discounted at the effective interest rate on the new debt and adjusted for any additional cash) is \$127,385. The total bond issuance cost, including issuance cost, underwriter's discount, insurance fee, and additional proceeds was \$40,698. The refunding bonds are payable over the period of 2018 to 2027 at an interest rate \$1.981%.

2009 Michigan Transportation Refunding Bonds

On December 29, 2009, the County of Roscommon approved a \$3,225,000 Michigan Transportation Fund Refunding Bond issue, Series 2009, to refund the 2004 bond issue that was for the purpose of constructing Road Commission buildings. An advance refunding bond issue occurs when a new debt is issued to refinance an existing debt (old debt), but the proceeds must be placed in escrow pending call date or maturity. The refunding bonds were payable over the period of 2009 to 2027 at interest rates that range from 2% to 4%.

Annual Debt Service Requirements:

Year 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	Amount \$ 247,490 250,113 250,805 256,348 251,791 257,135 252,381 257,528
2027	257,526
Total Payments	2,281,117
Less Interest & Fees	(191,117)
Net Balance Due	<u>\$ 2,090,000</u>

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at <u>www.mersofmich.com</u>.

01 General Union: Closed to new h	iires
	2017 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier: Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced): Early Retirement (Reduced): Final Average Compensation: COLA for Current Retirees: Employee Contributions:	2.50% Multiplier (80% max) 60 8 years 50/25 55/15 3 years 2.50% (Non-Compound) 3.50%
DC Plan for New Hires: Act 88:	3/1/2010 No
02 Sheriff: Closed to new hires, l	inked to Division 21
	2017 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier: Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced):	2.50% Multiplier (80% max) 60 8 years 50/25 55/20
Early Retirement (Reduced): Final Average Compensation: COLA for Current Retirees: Employee Contributions: Act 88:	55/15 3 years 2.50% (Non-Compound) 5.00% No
11 Friend of the Court: Closed to	new hires
	2017 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier: Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced):	2.50% Multiplier (80% max) 60 8 years 50/25
Early Retirement (Reduced): Final Average Compensation: Employee Contributions: DC Plan for New Hires:	55/15 - 3 years 5.50% 3/1/2010
Act 88:	No
20 Command Unit: Closed to new hi	res, linked to Division 21
	2017 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier: Normal Retirement Age:	2.50% Multiplier (80% max) 60 8 years
Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced):	50/25 55/20

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

HA - Prsctng att/asst aftr 12/1/15:	Open Division
	2017 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier:	Hybrid Plan - 1.50% Multiplier
Normal Retirement Age:	60
Vesting:	бyears
Early Retirement (Unreduced):	-
Early Retirement (Reduced):	-
Final Average Compensation:	3 years
Employee Contributions:	0.00%
Act 88:	No

Membership of the defined benefit plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (December 31, 2017):

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving bene	efits 108
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	31
Active plan members	78
Total	<u>217</u>

Contributions

The County is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the Actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The Actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The 2018 contribution rates or amounts were as follows:

General Union	\$438,636
Sheriff	\$277,452
Friend of the Court	\$ 17,532
Command Unit	\$104,268
Prosecuting Attorney after 12/1/15	5.85%

Net Pension Liability

The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.25%

Salary Increases: 3.75% in the long-term

Investment rate of return: 7.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3%-4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The Actuarial Assumptions used in valuations were based on the results of the most recent Actuarial experience study of 2009-2013.

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Target Allocation Gross Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Gross Rate of Return	Inflation Assumption	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	55.5%	8.65%	4.80%	2.50%	3.41%
Global Fixed Income	18.5%	3.76%	0.70%	2.50%	0.23%
Real Assets	13.5%	9.72%	1.31%	2.50%	0.97%
Diversifying Strategies	12.5%	7.50%	0.94%	2.50%	0.63%
Total	100.0%		7.75%		5.25%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.0%. The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher then MERS assumed rate of return. This is because, for GASB 68 purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/16	\$ 27,921,764	\$ 20,804,478	\$ 7,117,286
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	453,024	-	453,024
Interest	2,186,149	-	2,186,149
Changes in benefits	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(227,288)	-	(227,288)
Change in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions: employer	-	887,750	(887,750)
Contributions: employees	-	164,086	(164,086)
Net investment income	-	(802,490)	802,490
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,642,831)	(1,642,831)	-
Administrative expense	-	(40,058)	40,058
Other changes	47,406		47,406
Net Changes	816,460	(1,433,543)	2,250,003
Balance at 12/31/17	\$ 28,738,224	\$ 19,370,935	\$ 9,367,289

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.0%) or 1% higher (9.0%) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Total Pension Liability	\$ 32,054,041	\$ 28,738,224	\$ 25,933,414
Fiduciary Net Position	19,370,935	19,370,935	19,370,935
Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,683,106	\$ 9,367,289	\$ 6,562,479

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2018 the employer recognized pension expense of \$1,643,313. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences in experience Differences in assumptions Excess (deficit) investment returns Contributions subsequent to the	\$ 7,620 -0- 2,309,394	\$ 180,847 -0- 820,310	
Measurement date *	887,750	-0-	
Total	\$ 3,204,764	\$ 1,001,157	

* The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019 2020 2021	\$ 444,766 88,661 291.060
2021 2022 2023	489,846 1,524
Total	<u>\$1,315,857</u>

<u>County Road - Component Unit</u>

The Roscommon County Road Commission Money Purchase Plan is a single employer Plan established by the Roscommon Board of County Road Commission in 1985 to provide retirement and pension benefits. The trustees of the plan are the Board of County Road Commissioners. An administrative service agreement has been entered into with the Principal Financial Group to provide a number of the administrative functions.

The Plan covers substantially all full-time employees of the Road Commission, and had a membership of 39 participants at September 30, 2018. Act No. 103 of the Public Act of 1960, as amended, governs the benefits and conditions of the Pension Plan. The Road Commission contributes 13 percent of all employees base compensation to the plan monthly. All benefits vest immediately and are credited to each participants account. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2018. The Road Commission's payroll subject to retirement contribution amounted to approximately \$1,904,693 with employer contributions of \$247,610.

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards concerning "accounting policies and plan assets matters" is not provided in the annual actuarial valuation report issued by the Principal Financial Group, which handles and invest all of the pension assets.

NOTE K - RESTRICTED NET POSITIONS

Net Asset reserves can be described as follows:

<u>Restricted For</u> Primary Government:	Amount	Description
E-911 Training	<u>\$ 20,682</u>	Portion of E-911 revenues dedicated for training.
Contamination Cleanup	<u>\$ 305,377</u>	Amount restricted by the State of Michigan for potential contamination cleanup.
Insurance Deductibles	<u>\$60,000</u>	Amount reserved by board resolution for the payment of MMRMA liability insurance deductibles.
Delinquent Property Taxes	<u>\$ 301,519</u>	Net fees received from delinquent tax sales in accordance with Public Act 123.

NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As a result of the higher cost of obtaining commercial insurance, the County joined the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool. The Pool was established in 1982 under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended by Public Act 36 of 1988, to develop and administer a group program of liability and property self insurance for Michigan municipalities. The objectives of the Pool are to establish and administer a municipal risk management service, to lessen the incidence of property and casualty losses occurring in the operation of local governmental functions, and to defend members of the Pool against stated liability or loss. Any city or village which is a member of the Michigan Municipal League or any instrumentality of any city or village or, any governmental city which hold Service Associate States with the League is eligible to participate in the Pool. There are approximately 740 members in the Pool. The Pool is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through N.C. Mutual Insurance Company. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverages for the past three years.

The County is also a member of the Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund. This program was formed in 1977 under the sponsorship of the Michigan Municipal League and is subject to the direct supervision and regulation of the Bureau of Workers Disability Compensation and the Michigan Department of Labor. The County has a workers compensation liability coverage of \$500,000.

NOTE M - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Roscommon County Employee OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the County's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Roscommon County. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

PLAN DESCRIPTION

Roscommon County Retiree Medical Plan is a single employer plan established and administered by Roscommon County and can be amended as its discretion.

Benefits Provided

Eligibility:

- . Sheriff Hired prior to 2009 and attain age 55 with 20 years of service.
- . Others Hired prior to 2013 and attain age 55 with 25 years of service.

Employer benefits:

. Medical and dental premiums paid for retiree and dependents from age 62 until Medicare eligibility.

Spouse coverage:

. Spouse covered until earliest of death, death of retiree, Medicare eligibility or Medicare eligibility of retiree.

Changes since prior valuation:

. Benefits eliminated for non-Sheriff employees hired after 2012.

Summary of Plan Participants

As of December 31, 2017, Retirement Plan membership consisted of the following:

	<u>Sheriff</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
Inactive plan members receiving benefits Covered Spouses of retirees Active plan members	2 2 21	7 6 <u>43</u>	9 8 <u>64</u>
Total Participants	25	56	81

<u>Contributions</u>

The Roscommon County Employee OPEB Plan was established and is being funded under the authority of the County and under agreements with the unions representing various classes of employees. The plan's funding policy is that the employer will fund the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. That is, benefit payments will be made from general operating funds. There are no long term contracts for contributions to the plan. The plan has no legally required reserves.

NOTE M - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (CONTINUED)

ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

The County's OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	Implicit in expected payroll increases
Salary increases	1.0%
Investment rate of return	N/A; plan is not pre-funded
20-year Aa Municipal bond rate	3.0%

Mortality: As set forth in IRS Regulations for 2018 (1.430(h)(3)), separately for males and females as well as annuitants and non-annuitants. Based on RP-2000 Tables with Scale AA.

As this plan is not pre-funded, no long-term expected rate of return on Plan Investments was determined.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.0%. Because the plan does not have a dedicated OPEB trust, there are no assets projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. For projected benefits that are covered by projected assets, the long-term expected rate was used to discount the projected benefits. From the year that benefit payments were not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the "depletion date"), projected benefits were discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20-year AA/Aa tax-exempt municipal bond yield. A single equivalent discount rate that yields the same present value of benefits is calculated. This discount rate is used to determine the Total OPEB Liability. December 31, 2017 is the first year of potential compliance with GASB 75, so there is no required discount rate change to disclose.

- -

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ 2,455,689	\$ -	\$ 2,455,689
Changes during the Year			
Service Cost	85,501	-	85,501
Interest	75,259	-	75,259
Experience (Gains)/Losses	(876,145)	-	(876,145)
Change in plan terms	94,789	-	94,789
Change in actuarial assumptions	661,895	-	661,895
Contributions to OPEB trust	-	-	-
Contributions/benefit paid from general operating funds Net Investment Incom	-	65,156	(65,156) -
Benefit Payments;			
Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(65,156)	(65,156)	-
Administrative expenses			-
Total Changes	(23,857)		(23,857)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 2,431,832	\$ -	\$ 2,431,832

NOTE M - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (CONTINUED)

Net OPEB Liability - Discount and Trend Rate Sensitivities

The following presents the net OPEB liability (NOL) of the County, calculated using trend and discount rates 1% higher and lower than base assumptions:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
Trend			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,070,283	\$2,431,832	\$2,868,251
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			-
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,070,283	\$2,431,832	\$2,868,251
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
Discount	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
Discount Total OPEB Liability	1% Decrease \$ 2,726,622	Current Rate \$2,431,832	1% Increase \$2,164,143
Discount Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position			

Components of County's OPEB Expense for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2017

Below are the components of the Total OPEB Expense:

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2017	
Service Cost	\$	85,501
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		75 , 259
Experience (Gains)/Losses		(64,517)
Changes in Assumptions		48,740
Changes in plan terms		94,789
Employee Contributions		-
Projected Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		-
Investment Earnings (Gains)/Losses		-
Administrative expenses		-
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		
Total OPEB Expense	\$	239,772

NOTE M - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (CONTINUED)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position as of December 31, 2018 is \$ -0-; this plan is not pre-funded

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plan

	Ou	Deferred tflows Of esources	Ir	Deferred Iflows Of esources
Experience (Gains)/Losses Changes in Assumptions	\$	- 564,415	\$	747,111 -
Contributions subsequent to the Measurement date *		95,470		0
Total	\$	659,885	\$	747,111

* The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net OPEB Liability for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	Amount	
<u>December 31,</u>	<u>R</u>	lecogn i zed
2019	\$	15,777
2020		15,777
2021		15,777
2022		15,777
2023		15,777
Thereafter		103,811
	\$	182,696
Reconciliation of Net OPEB Liability		
Net OPEB Liability December 31, 2016 Total OPEB expense Contributions	\$	2,455,689 239,772 (65,156)

Total OPEB expense	239,772
Contributions	(65,156)
Change in deferred outflows of resources	613,155
Change in deferred inflows of resources	 (811,628)
Net OPEB Liability December 31, 2017	\$ 2,431,832

Net OPEB Liability by Participant Status

Active participants	\$ 2,209,286
Inactive participants	222,545
Total	\$ 2,431,831

NOTE M - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

COMPONENT UNIT - ROAD COMMISSION

<u>Plan Description</u>

Roscommon County Road Commission administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides healthcare benefits for eligible employees and their spouses upon retirement, in accordance with labor contracts. The benefits are provided under the collective bargaining agreement for union employees and by resolution of the Board of County Road Commissioners for nonunion employees. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

Roscommon County Road Commission provides hospitalization and medical coverage for eligible retirees and their spouses through the road commission's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members as follows:

- . Employees hired prior to December 29, 1993, and retired prior to July 1, 2013 with 30 years of employment and age 55 years, or greater, will receive supplemental health insurance after age 65 years for the employee and spouse for their lifetimes.
- . Employees hired prior to December 29, 1993, and retired prior to July 1, 2013 with 20 years of employment and age 62 years, or greater, will receive health insurance comparable to that provided to the current employees until age 65 years and supplemental health insurance for the employee and spouse for their lifetimes.
- . Employees hired after December 29, 1993, and retired prior to July 1, 2013 with 30 years of employment and age 55 years or greater, will receive supplemental health insurance after age 65 for the retiree until age 80, or the retirees death, which ever occurs first.
- . Employees hired after December 29, 1993, and retired prior to July 1, 2013 with at least 20 years of employment and age 62 or greater, will receive supplemental health insurance after age 65 for the retiree until the retiree reaches age 80 or dies, whichever occurs first.
- . Employees retiring after July 1, 2013 receive no benefits. In lieu of benefits an additional 3% of eligible wages is being contributed to their retirement and a negotiated payout was made for past services.

Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms

At year end, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees or beneficiaries entitled to but not yet	15
receiving benefits	-0-
Active employees	20
Totals	<u>35</u>

NOTE M - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

COMPONENT UNIT - ROAD COMMISSION (CONTINUED)

<u>Contributions</u>

The Road Commission has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums or claims are due for payment (in other words, this may be financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis). For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Road Commission's actuarially determined contribution was \$74,183. The Road Commission paid retiree premiums of \$77,608 during the year and made no contributions to pre-fund the liability. Employees are required to contribute to the premium costs in accordance with the benefit provisions described previously.

Net OPEB Liability

The Road Commission's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined using the alternative measurement method as permitted GASB Statement 75 for employers in plans fewer than 100 (one hundred) total plan members.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectation and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Salary increases	3.0%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.5%, net of OPEB plan investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.6% per year
Mortality	RP-2014 group annuity mortality table of 50% male and
-	50% female blend

The discount rate was based on the current AA 20-year munibond rate.

<u>Changes in the Total OPEB Liability</u>

Changes in the Total OPEB liability during the year were as follows:

<u>Changes in OPEB Liability</u>	Total OPEB Liability
Beginning Balance Service Cost Interest Benefit Payments Other	<u>\$ 1,136,875</u> -0- 39,791 (77,608) <u>197,684</u>
Net Changes	159,867
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 1,296,742</u>

NOTE M - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

COMPONENT UNIT - ROAD COMMISSION (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the change in the net OPEB liability of the Road Commission, calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.50%) or 1% higher (4.50%) then the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease in rate to 2.5%	Assumed Rates Discount Rate <u>3.5%</u>	1.0% Increase in rate to 4.5%
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 1,219,905</u>	<u>\$ 1,296,742</u>	<u>\$ 1,382,491</u>

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Road Commission, as well as what the Road Commission's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.6%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.6%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1.0% Decrease 4.6%	Rates 5.6%	1.0% Increase 6.6%
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 1,215,118</u>	<u>\$ 1,296,742</u>	<u>\$ 1,385,366</u>

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>OPEB</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Road Commission recognized an OPEB expense of \$159,867. At December 31, 2018, the Road Commission did not report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following source as they use the alternative measurement method to determine the OPEB liability and this was the first year of reporting under GASB Statement 75.

NOTE N - FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which Roscommon County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Non-spendable - assets that are <u>not available in a spendable form</u> such as inventory, prepaid expenditures, and long-term receivables not expected to be converted to cash in the near term. It also includes funds that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of a permanent fund or foundation.

Restricted - amounts that are <u>required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose</u>. Constraints are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws, regulations or enabling legislation.

Committed - amounts <u>constrained on use imposed by formal action</u> of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board, Council, etc.).

Assigned - amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. The governing body, the budget or finance committee or a delegated municipality official, determines this.

Unassigned - all other resources; <u>the remaining fund balance after non-spendable</u>, <u>restrictions</u>, <u>commitments</u>, and <u>assignments</u>. This class only occurs in the General Fund, except for cases of negative fund balances. Negative Fund Balances are always reported as unassigned, no matter which fund the deficit occurs in.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

For committed fund balance, Roscommon County's highest level of decision-making authority is the County Road Board. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is by vote and approval by the County Board of Commissioners.

For assigned fund balance, the Finance Committee is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. Such assignments cannot exceed the available fund balance in any particular fund.

For the classification of fund balances, Roscommon County considers restricted amounts to have been spent when expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also for the classification of fund balances, the County considers committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE O - TAX ABATEMENTS

INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES EXEMPTION

Municipalities within the County of Roscommon entered into property tax Abatement Agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (Known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended. The IFT on a new plant and non-industrial property, such as some high-tech personal property, is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%.

Village of Roscommon Tax Abatements

For the year ended December 31, 2018, Roscommon County property taxes were reduced \$4,386 under this program.

NOTE P - UPCOMING CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of governments and improves guidance for accounting and financial reporting related to how these activities should be reported. The County is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the County's financial statements for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

In March 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, which addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The County is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the County's financial statements for the 2017-2018 fiscal year and have been implemented.

In May 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, which improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The County is currently evaluating the impact this statement are effective for the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the County's financial statements for the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The County is currently evaluating the impact this statement are effective for the County financial statements for the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not consistently provided. In addition, information about resources to liquidate debt and the risks associated with changes in terms associated with debt will be disclosed. As a result, users will have better information to understand the effects of debt on a government's future resource flows. The County is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

NOTE Q - FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The County received \$91,697 of federal revenue through a capital grant administered by the Michigan Department of Transportation for Airport improvements. In addition, the County Road Commission, a component unit of the County, received \$840,362 federal revenue for road projects. Because the grant money was expended on improvement projects where the work was performed by independent contractors paid for and administered by the Michigan Department of Transportation, they are not included in the total federal assistance of the County for Single Audit purposes. The remaining federal funds received by the County totaled less than the \$750,000 threshold. Therefore, the County was not required to have a Single Audit performed for the year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTE R - RESTATEMENT

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Beginning net position as previously reported January 1, 2018	\$ 3,344,867
Restatement of Beginning net position - implementation of GASB 75: Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post employment Benefits (Measurement date) and contributions	
to beginning of fiscal year	(906,143)
Net position as restated, January 1, 2018	<u>\$ 2,438,724</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

ROSCOMMON COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Service cost	\$ 453,024	\$ 466,920	\$ 471,513	\$ 468,642
Interest on total pension liability	2,186,149	2,114,719	2,094,219	1,922,534
Changes in benefit terms	-	(17,974)	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(227,288)	(58,646)	12,192	58,745
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments including employee refunds	- (1,642,831)	- (1,548,641)	- (1,503,594)	1,041,697 (1,320,443)
Other changes	47,406	(1,548,041) (9,460)	(1,505,594)	(1,320,443)
other enanges	 47,400	 (3,400)	 	
Net change in total pension liability	816,460	946,918	1,074,330	2,171,175
Total pension liability - beginning	 27,921,764	 26,974,846	 25,900,516	 23,729,341
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 28,738,224	\$ 27,921,764	\$ 26,974,846	\$ 25,900,516
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions – employer	\$ 887,750	\$ 767,871	\$ 700,090	\$ 654,650
Contributions - employee	164,086	158,123	146,484	167,779
Net investment income	(802,490)	2,485,897	1,990,307	(276,391)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(1,642,831)	(1,548,641)	(1,503,594)	(1,320,443)
Administrative expenses	 (40,058)	 (39,381)	 (39,303)	 (40,297)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,433,543)	1,823,869	1,293,984	(814,702)
Total plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 20,804,478	 18,980,609	 17,686,625	 18,501,327
Total plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 19,370,935	\$ 20,804,478	\$ 18,980,609	\$ 17,686,625
County's net pension liability	\$ 9,367,289	\$ 7,117,286	\$ 7,994,237	\$ 8,213,891
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the				
total pension liability	67%	75%	70%	68%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,693,147	\$ 3,803,411	\$ 3,898,369	\$ 3,988,191
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	254%	187%	205%	206%

ROSCOMMON COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Calendar Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	857,750	\$	767,600	\$	700,091	\$	635,460	\$ 586,441	\$ 571,235	\$ 576,773
Contributions in relation to the actuarially											
determined contribution		887,750		767,872	_	700,091		654,650	 586,441	 571,235	 602,675
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$	30,000	\$	272	\$	_	\$	19,190	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 25,902
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,455,391	\$	3,693,147	\$	3,803,411	\$	3,898,369	\$ 3,988,191	\$ 4,692,636	\$ 4,692,275
Actuarially determined contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		24.82%		20.78%		18.41%		16.30%	14.70%	12.17%	12.29%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 24 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the contributions are required.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	21 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed marked
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense including inflation

ROSCOMMON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIONS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Below are the components of the Total OPEB Expense:

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,
Total OPEB Liability	2017
Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Difference between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Employee Contributions) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 85,501 75,259 94,789 (876,145) 661,895 (65,156) (23,857) 2,455,689 2,431,832
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions to OPEB Trust Contributions/benefit payments made from general operating funds Net Investment Income Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Employee Contributions) Administrative Expenses Other Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	- 65,156 - (65,156) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,431,832
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total OPEB Liability	<u>0.0%</u>
Covered Payroll	Not available
Net OPEB Liability as Percentage of Payroll	Not available

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,				
		2017		2018	
Service Cost	\$	88,066	\$	86,927	
Amortization of unfunded liability		174,291		181,772	
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribuiton		262,357		268,699	
Employer Contribution (benefit payments)		(65,156)		(95,470)	
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$	197,201	\$	173,229	
Covered Employee Payroll	N	ot Avail	No	ot Avail	
Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N	ot Avail	No	ot Avail	

ROSCOMMON COUNTY ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS USED IN OPEB CALCULATIONS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assumptions and methods used in Calculation of 2017 Actuarially Determined Contribution

Valuation date	12/31/2017
Actuarial Methods	
Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (level percentage of compensation)
Asset valuation method	Not applicable; plan is not pre-funded

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount rate - 3.0% for December 31, 2017 liability and 2018 contribution Rationale - 20 year AA Municipal bond rate

Salary scale - 1.0j%

Rationale - Expected future pay increases provided by client

Return on plan assets - N/A; Plan is not pre-funded

Mortality rates - 2018 IRS 1.430(h) Annuitant and Non-annuitant (sex distinct) tables Rationale - Based on most up-to-date industry studies as published by the IRS

Turnover rates - Sample rates below

Rationale - Based on GASB recommended turnover and consistent with regional municipalities

Sample Age	Rate (%)	Sample Age	Rate (%)
20	5.00	40	1.45%
25	5.00	45	0.75%
30	4.50	50	0.75%
35	3.55		

Retirement rates - Sample rates below

Rationale - based on experience

Age	Rate	Sample Age	Rate
55	18%	59-60	20%
56	15%	61-63	24%
57	10%	64	27%
58	15%	65	100%

Utilization - Eligible employees will elect coverage at retirement consistent with current coverage; actual coverage used for non-active Rationale - based on experience

Marital Status - 90% of active employees will have a covered spouse at retirement with females 3 years younger than males; actual status used for retirees Rationale - based on experience

Dependents other than spouses - 20% of active employees will have dependents at retirement; actual status used for retirees

Rationale - based on experience

Annual claims costs

Pre-65 costs - for retirees or spouse under 65, see rates below:

Age	Pai	ticipant	Spouse	Family			
55-59	\$	8,556	\$ 11,915	\$	17,164		
60-64		9,992	13,915		20,045		

ROSCOMMON COUNTY ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS USED IN OPEB CALCULATIONS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2018

Medical cost basis

Pre-65 premiums - see rates below Rationale - actual 2018 monthly rates

2018	Single	2 person	Family
Monthly			
Premium	\$ 492.81	\$ 1,179.07	\$ 1,481.43

Dental premiums - \$30.86 single/\$72.06 dual monthly rates Rationale - actual 2018 monthly rates

Inflation rates

Medical: Pre-65 - 8.0% in 2019 graded to 5.0% over 6 years Dental - 3.0% annually

Rationale - consistent with national trends

Implicit Subsidy - age-weighted rates valued

Rationale - premiums are the same for active employees and pre-65 retirees

40% excise tax on "high cost" group health coverage - Monthly premiums are not projected to exceed the 2022 thresholds; The thresholds were indexed by CPI plus 1% in 2023 and CPI only beginning in 202⁴ The CPI is assumed to be 3% in 2023 and following

Data Collection

Date and form of data - All personnel and asset data was prepared by the plan sponsor or a representat and was generally relied upon as being correct and complete without audit by Watkins Ross

Method change since prior valuation

* Funding method changed from Projected Unit Credit to Entry Age Normal (level percent of pay) and a salary scale of 1.0% was adopted

Assumption changes since prior valuation

- * Discount rate updated from 4.0% to 3.0%
- * Marital status assumption changed from 60% to 90%
- * Family coverage assumed for 20% of future retirees
- * Mortality tables updated to 2018
- * Trend rates updated from 6% graded to 5% over one year to 8% graded to 5% over six years
- * New retirement rates adopted

ROSCOMMON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ROSCOMMON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ -
Interest	39,791
Changes in benefit terms	-
Differences between expected	
and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions	-
Other	197,684
Benefit payments	 (77,608)
Net change in total OPEB Liability	159,867
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 1,136,875
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 1,296,742
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,904,693
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage	
of covered-employee payroll	 68.08%

GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented as of December 31, 2018. Information from prior years are not available. Additional years will be presented on this schedule on a prospective basis.

ROSCOMMON COUNTY GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018		2017	
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	634,433	\$	568,338
Taxes receivable		310,830		334,778
Accounts receivable		14,527		23,144
Due from governmental units		212,218		222,148
Total Assets	\$	1,172,008	\$	1,148,408
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	116,158	\$	140,969
Total Liabilities		116,158		140,969
Fund Balances Committed for:				
Insurance Deductibles		60,000		60,000
Unassigned		995,850		947,439
Total Fund Balances		1,055,850		1,007,439
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,172,008	\$	1,148,408

ROSCOMMON COUNTY GENERAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ 4,988,021	\$ 4,988,021	\$ 5,110,660	\$ 122,639
Licenses and permits	16,025	16,025	23,955	7,930
Federal	12,556	12,556	48,158	35,602
State	1,495,706	1,538,807	1,344,121	(194,686)
Local	146,085	146,085	136,024	(10,061)
Charges for services	1,332,610	1,349,323	1,594,450	245,127
Fines and forfeitures	23,500	23,500	21,974	(1,526)
Rents	6,714	6,714	6,635	(79)
Reimbursements and refunds	326,951	326,951	301,760	(25,191)
Interest	7,500	7,500	20,901	13,401
Total Revenue	8,355,668	8,415,482	8,608,638	193,156
Expenditures:				
Legislative	239,855	266,004	265,149	855
Judicial	2,039,069	1,951,749	1,947,296	4,453
General	2,286,308	2,464,131	2,455,300	8,831
Public safety	2,384,636	2,379,965	2,421,909	(41,944)
Public works	45,129	49,659	46,572	3,087
Health and welfare	492,883	574,917	574,398	519
Community & Economic Development	172,988	180,929	179,341	1,588
Other	316,050	351,514	378,744	(27,230)
Total Expenditures	7,976,918	8,218,868	8,268,709	(49,841)
Excess:				
Revenue over (under)				
expenditures	378,750	196,614	339,929	143,315
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	343,100	433,100	426,433	188,986
Operating transfers out		(718,293)	(717,951)	(189,190)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	343,100	(285,193)	(291,518)	(204)
Excess:				
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other				
financing uses	721,850	(88,579)	48,411	143,111
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	1,007,439	1,007,439	1,007,439	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 1,729,289	\$ 918,860	\$ 1,055,850	\$ 143,111

ROSCOMMON COUNTY E-911 FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017	
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 379,568	\$ 429,598	
Taxes receivable	1,313,689	842,789	
Interest receivable	-	1,873	
Due from other governmental units	44,285	36,510	
Total Assets	\$ 1,737,542	\$ 1,310,770	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,671	\$ 29,877	
Total Liabilities	2,671	29,877	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	1,313,689	842,789	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,313,689	842,789	
Fund Balances			
Restricted for capital outlay	400,500	406,704	
Restricted for training	20,682	31,400	
Restricted for E-911 operations			
Total Fund Balances	421,182	438,104	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	¢ 1 707 540	¢ 1 010 770	
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,737,542	\$ 1,310,770	

ROSCOMMON COUNTY E-911 FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable _(Unfavorable)
Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ 842,900	\$ 846,915	\$ 846,933	\$ 18
State	158,000	172,619	180,353	7,734
Local	15,900	6,700	6,626	(74)
Charges for services	100	100	91	(9)
Interest	3,000	8,500	6,957	(1,543)
Other	300	34,000	34,727	727
Total Revenue	1,020,200	1,068,834	1,075,687	6,853
Expenditures:				
Salaries	603,075	594,845	591,363	3,482
Payroll taxes	45,718	45,718	44,653	1,065
Fringes	248,774	224,830	216,348	8,482
Supplies	16,709	7,545	4,714	2,831
Uniforms	1,600	1,200	929	271
Legal and professional	2,000	1,000	750	250
Service charges	49,796	76,384	73,545	2,839
Dues and subscriptions	1,000	1,700	1,623	77
Cost allocation	57,330	57,330	57,330	-
Communications	13,160	13,350	13,269	81
Travel	2,600	4,200	4,121	79
Utilities	8,800	9,250	8,035	1,215
Repair and maintenance	41,600	9,085	7,719	1,366
Training	13,000	18,905	17,966	939
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	305	1,195
Capital outlay	44,000	65,100	49,939	15,161
Total Expenditures	1,150,662	1,131,942	1,092,609	39,333
Excess:				
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(130,462)	(63,108)	(16,922)	46,186
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	438,104	438,104	438,104	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 307,642	\$ 374,996	\$ 421,182	\$ 46,186

ROSCOMMON COUNTY SHERIFF ROAD PATROL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017	
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 456,870	\$ 428,326	
Taxes receivable	1,970,534	1,917,464	
Due from other governmental units	41,922	24,928	
Total Assets	\$ 2,469,326	\$ 2,370,718	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 17,600	\$ 32,919	
Total Liabilities	17,600	32,919	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	1,970,534	1,917,464	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,970,534	1,917,464	
Fund Balances			
Restricted for victim's services	8,625	7,171	
Restricted for road patrol	472,567	413,164	
Total Fund Balances	481,192	420,335	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows			
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,469,326	\$ 2,370,718	

ROSCOMMON COUNTY SHERIFF ROAD PATROL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ 1,920,664	\$ 1,927,701	\$ 1,926,952	\$ (749)
Federal	15,000	17,000	12,620	(4,380)
State	53,500	59,862	58,449	(1,413)
Local	59,780	61,000	56,297	(4,703)
Charges for services	69,600	96,900	79,839	(17,061)
Interest	500	2,500	2,222	(278)
Other	13,200	15,567	36,545	20,978
Total Revenue	2,132,244	2,180,530	2,172,924	(7,606)
Expenditures:				
Salaries	1,091,134	1,191,124	1,190,809	315
Payroll taxes	90,328	91,811	91,803	8
Fringes	545,838	588,131	569,848	18,283
Insurance	5,000	-	-	-
Supplies	24,400	23,869	23,804	65
Uniforms	13,500	10,299	11,188	(889)
Gas and oil	70,000	78,558	78,558	-
Service charges	8,000	7,395	7,710	(315)
Telephone	4,500	4,910	4,908	2
Travel	300	308	308	-
Repair and maintenance	16,000	24,094	24,093	1
Training	30,000	36,366	36,366	-
Miscellaneous	12,000	17,160	17,159	1
Capital outlay	130,000	105,514	105,513	1
Total Expenditures	2,041,000	2,179,539	2,162,067	17,472
Excess:				
Revenue over (under)				
expenditures	91,244	991	10,857	9,866
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Excess:				
Revenue and other financing sources over (under)				
expenditures and other financing uses	141,244	50,991	60,857	9,866
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	420,335	420,335	420,335	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 561,579	\$ 471,326	\$ 481,192	\$ 9,866

ROSCOMMON COUNTY HOUSING REHABILITATION FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 125,084	\$ 15,745
Mortgages receivable	1,909,867	2,009,013
Total Assets	\$ 2,034,951	\$ 2,024,758
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue - mortgages receivable	\$ 1,909,867	\$ 2,009,013
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,909,867	2,009,013
Fund Balances		
Restricted for housing program	125,084	15,745
Total Fund Balances	125,084	15,745
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balances	\$ 2,034,951	\$ 2,024,758

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue: Loan repayments	\$ 45,000	\$ 123,000	\$ 120,681	\$ (2,319)
Total Revenue	45,000	123,000	120,681	(2,319)
Expenditures: Service charges	45,000	123,000	9,681	113,319
Total Expenditures	45,000	123,000	9,681	113,319
Excess: Revenue over (under) expenditures			111,000	111,000
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers out			(1,661)	(1,661)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(1,661)	(1,661)
Excess: Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	_	_	109,339	109,339
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	15,745	15,745	15,745	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 15,745	\$ 15,745	\$ 125,084	\$ 109,339

ROSCOMMON COUNTY COMMISSION ON AGING COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 138,697	\$ 134,053
Taxes receivable	1,176,357	1,150,958
Total Assets	\$ 1,315,054	\$ 1,285,011
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	\$ 1,313,689	\$ 1,278,309
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,313,689	1,278,309
Fund Balances		
Restricted for Commission on Aging	1,365	6,702
Total Fund Balances	1,365	6,702
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balances	\$ 1,315,054	\$ 1,285,011

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ 900,000	\$ 1,545,000	\$ 1,288,518	\$ (256,482)
Total Revenue	900,000	1,545,000	1,288,518	(256,482)
Expenditures:				
Service charges	900,000	1,545,000	1,293,855	251,145
Total Expenditures	900,000	1,545,000	1,293,855	251,145
Excess:				
Revenue over (under)				
expenditures	-	-	(5,337)	(5,337)
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	6,702	6,702	6,702	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 6,702	\$ 6,702	\$ 1,365	\$ (5,337)

ROSCOMMON COUNTY GYPSY MOTH FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 1,075,575	\$ 857 , 537
Taxes receivable	328,422	319,577
Interest receivable	6,474	4,112
Total Assets	\$ 1,410,471	\$ 1,181,226
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 150	\$ -
Total Liabilities	150	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	328,422	319,577
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	328,422	319,577
Fund Balances		
Restricted for Gypsy Moth Extermination	1,081,899	861,649
Total Fund Balances	1,081,899	861,649
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,410,471	\$ 1,181,226

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ 319,798	\$ 319,798	\$ 322,154	\$ 2,356
Interest	4,000	4,000	15,699	11,699
Total Revenue	323,798	323,798	337,853	14,055
Expenditures:				
Salaries	87,433	87,433	51,073	36,360
Payroll taxes	6,689	6,689	4,083	2,606
Fringes	5,697	5,697	1,195	4,502
Supplies	15,000	15,000	1,950	13,050
Cost allocation	20,000	20,000	17,301	2,699
Contracted services	135,600	135,600	35,276	100,324
Telephone	500	500	899	(399)
Travel	10,000	10,000	4,838	5,162
Training	2,500	2,500	988	1,512
Total Expenditures	283,419	283,419	117,603	165,816
Excess:				
Revenue over (under)				
expenditures	40,379	40,379	220,250	179,871
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	861,649	861,649	861,649	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 902,028	\$ 902,028	\$ 1,081,899	\$ 179,871

OTHER INFORMATION

TAXES:		
Current property taxes	\$ 4,749,500	
Personal taxes	2,758	
Swamp tax	356,630	
Trailer tax	1,772	\$ 5,110,660
LICENSES AND PERMITS:		
Marriage licenses	1,105	
Soil erosion permits	22,850	23,955
FEDERAL:		
Byrne Grant	15,013	
Emergency management	33,145	48,158
STATE:		
Judges standardization	190,756	
Prosecuting attorney		
cooperative reimbursement	54,801	
Friend of the court incentive	51,228	
Victim's right act	55,604	
Convention facility tax	149,023	
Revenue sharing	518,445	
State-aid caseflow assistance	705	
Drunk driving assistance	12,777	
State court funding	153,967	
Local Community Stabilzation Share	45,140	
Survey & remonumentation grant	70,775	
Prescription Drug Diversion	1,950	
Marine safety	32,400	
Snowmobile safety	2,978	
ORV grant	3,572	1,344,121
<u>COUNTY:</u>		

Ogemaw County - Central Services

136,024

CHARGES FOR SERVICES:

Circuit court costs and fees	59,550	
Probate court costs and fees	30,797	
District court costs and fees	483,952	
Family court costs and fees	13,806	
Jury fees	3,428	
Clerk fees	26,131	
Register of deeds fees	255,753	
Register of deeds transfer tax	197,006	
Prosecuting attorney	29,592	
Treasurer fees	10,053	
Sheriff fees	4,404	
Drug enforcement	34,229	
Marine safety	340	
Jail	403,660	
Equalization	41,726	
Management information system	23	1,594,450
FINES AND FORFEITURES:		21,974
INTEREST EARNED:		20,901
<u>RENTS:</u>		6,635
REIMBURSEMENTS AND REFUNDS:		
Cost allocation	116,048	
Sale of plat books	1,976	
Grants and donations	5,967	
Elections	23,378	
Insurance claims and refunds	142,261	
Other	12,130	301,760
Total Revenue	12,100	8,608,638
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:		
Openating two networks in.		
Operating transfers in:		
Housing funds	7,731	
Health rental fund	45,900	
Tax payment funds	372,802	426,433
TOTAL REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		\$ 9,035,071

ROSCOMMON COUNTY GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Legislative:				
Board of commissioners	\$ 239,855	\$ 266,004	\$ 265,149	\$ 855
Total Legislative	239,855	266,004	265,149	855
Judicial:				
Circuit court	431,767	429,071	426,553	2,518
Family court	189,983	183,047	187,362	(4,315)
Court administrator	292,168	273,752	268,783	4,969
District court	679,534	627,492	627,499	(7)
Jury commission	3,100	1,094	1,094	-
Probate court	442,517	437,293	436,005	1,288
Total Judicial	2,039,069	1,951,749	1,947,296	4,453
General Government:				
County controller	168,400	171,780	171,780	-
Elections	23,840	36,911	36,911	-
Clerk/Register of deeds	314,324	286,168	286,168	-
Equalization	244,357	246,639	243,666	2,973
Management information system	155,095	173,888	173,801	87
Prosecuting attorney	461,992	477,865	475,475	2,390
Crime victims advocate	65,758	71,548	70,736	812
County survey and remonumentation	48,228	47,174	47,174	-
Treasurer	292,374	302,001	299,521	2,480
Courthouse and grounds	438,382	568,696	568,764	(68)
Mailing department	36,205	33,182	33,182	-
Record copying	5,925	18,931	18,931	-
Drain commissioner	15,395	14,673	14,673	-
Crawford-Roscommon				
soil conservation	3,000	3,000	3,000	-
Huron pines	100	100	100	-
Soil erosion	12,933	11,575	11,418	157
Total General Government	2,286,308	2,464,131	2,455,300	8,831
Public Safety:				
Sheriff	433,737	418,921	418,117	804
Drug enforcement	132,380	129,259	128,394	865
Marine Safety	70,040	51,817	51,679	138
Snowmobile grant	9,870	4,453	4,453	-
Marine dive team	15,428	14,332	10,672	3,660
ORV grant	15,250	5,031	5,031	-
Courthouse security	43,050	45,646	45,646	-
Jail	1,616,466	1,644,963	1,692,910	(47,947)
Emergency preparedness	48,415	65,543	65,007	536
Total Public Safety	2,384,636	2,379,965	2,421,909	(41,944)

ROSCOMMON COUNTY GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Public Works:				
Dams	\$ 29,854	\$ 26,659	\$ 26,572	\$ 87
Recycling	15,275	23,000	20,000	3,000
Total Public Works	45,129	49,659	46,572	3,087
Health and welfare:				
Central Michigan District Health	211,743	287,574	287,574	-
Contagious disease	500	500	-	500
Medical examiner	61,597	126,610	126,591	19
Northern Michigan Substance				
Abuse Services	148,078	74,512	74,512	-
North Central MI Mental Health	68,720	72,567	72,567	-
211 Service	1,245	-	-	-
Social Services	-	13,000	13,000	-
Trio Council on Aging	1,000	154	154	
Total Health and Welfare	492,883	574,917	574,398	519
Community and Economic Development				
Planning Commission	2,440	1,118	1,118	
Cooperative Extension	50,100	55,407	55,407	_
Economic development	43,435	38,773	38,222	551
East MI Council of Governments	6,500	6,500	6,500	551
Richfield DDA	1,000	1,000	1,000	_
Housing Administration	69,513	78,131	77,094	1,037
				1,588
Total Community & Economic Development	172,988	180,929	179,341	1,500
Other:				
MAC and UCOA dues	11,250	-	-	-
Property tax refunds	5,000	1,649	1,649	-
Insurance, bonds, and fringes	249,800	299,865	377,095	(77,230)
Contingencies	50,000	50,000	-	50,000
Total Other	316,050	351,514	378,744	(27,230)
Total Expenditures	7,976,918	8,130,289	8,268,709	(138,420)
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,100,205	0,200,705	(130,420)
Other Financing Uses:				
Operating transfers out:				
Sheriff Road Patrol	-	50,000	50,000	-
Airport Fund	70,980	84,674	84,674	-
Law Library Fund	12,500	19,000	19,000	-
Child Care - Probate	551,369	413,869	413,527	342
Second Chance Academy	-	27,500	27,500	-
Landfill	-	21,000	21,000	-
Friend of the Court Fund	87,000	102,250	102,250	
Total Other Financing Uses	721,849	718,293	717,951	342
Total Expenditures and Other				
Financing Uses	\$ 8,698,767	\$ 8,848,582	\$ 8,986,660	\$ (138,078)

LEGISLATIVE

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Salaries and per diem	\$ 90,640	
Payroll taxes	6,423	
Fringes	91,844	
Supplies	2,304	
Telephone	1,088	
Travel	1,923	
Printing and publishing	2,221	
Legal & professional services	64,482	
Outside services	223	
Dues and subscriptions	1,447	
Training	 2,554	\$ 265,149

JUDICIAL

CIRCUIT COURT

Salaries	177,989	
Payroll taxes	9,908	
Fringes	86,380	
Supplies	5,035	
Court recorder expenses	2,036	
Attorney fees	116,357	
Appellate fees	7,772	
Jury and witness fees	12,021	
Outside services	7,587	
Telephone	908	
Travel	425	
Training	135	426,553

FAMILY COURT

Salaries	60,595	
Payroll taxes	4,498	
Fringes	41,157	
Supplies	2,048	
Court recorder expenses	475	
Attorney fees	64,946	
Contracted Services	8,396	
Transcripts	510	
Telephone	1,320	
Travel	484	
Dues and subscriptions	927	
Training	1,106	
Capital outlay	900	187,362

JUDICIAL (CONTINUED)

ODDICIAL (CONTINUE			
<u>COURT ADMINISTRATOR</u>			
Salaries	111,899		
Payroll taxes	8,603		
Fringes	91,075		
Insurance	6,770		
Supplies	845		
Court recorder	14,539		
Dues and subscriptions	1,308		
Contracted services	27,434		
Telephone	2,301		
Travel	3,335		
Training	674	\$	268,783
		Ŷ	200,700
DISTRICT COURT			
Salaries	349,238		
Payroll taxes	25,914		
Fringes	157,716		
Supplies	5,413		
Attorney fees	52,451		
Jury and witness fees	1,505		
Dues and subscriptions	602		
Contracted services	27,933		
Telephone	3,528		
Travel	1,223		
Training	1,976		627 , 499
JURY COMMISSION			
	405		
Per diem	405		
Supplies	452		1 004
Travel	237		1,094
PROBATE COURT			
Salaries	288,709		
Payroll taxes	20,729		
Fringes	88,663		
Supplies	2,907		
Attorney fees	9,351		
Dues and subscriptions	9,691		
Telephone	2,226		
Travel	438		
Contracted services	12,841		
Training	450		436,005

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

COUNTY CONTROLLER		
Salaries	\$ 123,835	
Payroll taxes	9,188	
Fringes	30,141	
Supplies	2,318	
Contracted services	2,543	
Telephone	725	
Travel	167	
Training	 2,863	\$ 171,780
ELECTIONS		
Per diem	840	
Supplies	34,286	
Travel	478	
Outside services	 1,307	36,911
COUNTY CLERK/REGISTER OF DEEDS		
Salaries	177,137	
Payroll taxes	13,017	
Fringes	86,683	
Supplies	2,610	
Dues and subscriptions	664	
Contracted services	4,302	
Telephone	1,451	
Travel	219	
Training	 85	286,168
EQUALIZATION		
Salaries	139,591	
Payroll taxes	9,622	
Fringes	66,391	
Supplies	2,626	
Dues and subscriptions	375	
Contracted services	18,192	
Telephone	2,189	
Travel	3,185	
Training	 1,495	243,666

GENERAL GOVERNMENT (CONTINUTED)

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Salaries	\$ 61,631	
Payroll taxes	4,659	
Fringes	29,375	
Supplies Contracted services	26,012	
	40,145 9,332	
Telephone Travel	9,332 67	
Repairs and maintenance	2,580	\$ 173,801
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY		
Salaries	319,454	
Payroll taxes	24,241	
Fringes	110,161	
Supplies	3,006	
Contracted services	13,818	
Dues and subscriptions	1,761	
Telephone	2,058	
Travel	624	
Repairs and maintenance	352	475,475
CRIME VICTIMS ADVOCATE		
Salaries	38,985	
Payroll taxes	2,818	
Fringes	27,533	
Supplies	847	
Telephone	363	
Travel	190	70,736
COUNTY SURVEY AND REMONUMENTATION		
Salaries	9,184	
Contracted services	37,990	47,174
TREASURER		
Salaries	175,872	
Payroll taxes	12,878	
Fringes	109,502	
Telephone	1,269	299,521
rereptione	1,205	233,521

GENERAL GOVERNMENT (CONTINUTED)

COURTHOUSE AND GROUNDS Salaries Payroll taxes Fringes Supplies Contracted services Telephone Utilities Maintenance and repair	\$ 156,060 11,652 83,279 16,545 2,040 707 107,431 191,050	\$ 568,764
	 	-
MAILING DEPARTMENT		
Postage	27,468	
Equipment rental	 5,714	33,182
RECORD COPYING		
Supplies	15,085	
Equipment rental	3,846	18,931
DRAIN COMMISSIONER		
Salaries	6,000	
Payroll taxes	449	
Fringes	6,458	
Supplies	9	
Dues and subscriptions	225	
Telephone Travel	517 1,015	14,673
	 1,015	14,075
CRAWFORD-ROSCOMMON SOIL CONSERVATION		3,000
HURON PINES		100
SOIL EROSION		
Salaries	8,318	
Payroll taxes	630	
Fringes	1,023	
Supplies	97	
Telephone Bonains and maintenance	768 582	11 /10
Repairs and maintenance	 202	11,418

PUBLIC SAFETY

SHERIFF			
Salaries	\$ 267,315		
Payroll taxes	19,935		
Fringes	96,475		
Supplies	1,849		
Uniforms	985		
Gas and oil	3,862		
Dues and subscriptions	3,243		
Contracted services	12,123		
Telephone	7,146	1	
Repair and maintenance	466	1	
Training	4,718	\$	418,117
DRUG ENFORCEMENT			
Salaries	58,636	1	
Payroll taxes	4,416		
Fringes	31,113		
Payments to other units of government	34,229		128,394
MARINE SAFETY			
Salaries	31,420	ł	
Payroll taxes	2,416	I.	
Fringes	700		
Supplies	1,719		
Uniforms	1,307		
Gas and oil	5,676	1	
Dockage fees	2,295		
Repair and maintenance	1,275		
Training	716	1	
Capital outlay	4,155		51,679
SNOWMOBILE GRANT			
Salaries	3,739	1	
Payroll taxes	286		
Fringes	100		
Supplies	328		4,453
		—	.,

PUBLIC SAFETY CONTINUED

MARINE DIVE TEAM		
Salaries	\$ 4,021	
Payroll taxes	306	
Fringes	134	
Supplies	444	
Contracted services	279	
Utilities	2,026	
Repair and maintenance	318	
Training	2,494	
Capital outlay	650	\$ 10,672
<u>ORV GRANT</u>		
Salaries	3,383	
Payroll taxes	260	
Fringes	86	
Supplies	542	
Repair and maintenance	760	5,031
COURTHOUSE SECURITY		
Salaries	39,386	
Payroll taxes	3,020	
Fringes	650	
Supplies	1,544	
Uniforms	704	
Contracted services	155	
Telephone	187	45,646
JAIL		
Salaries	697,146	
Payroll taxes	53,222	
Fringes	327,574	
Supplies	79,904	
Food	201,428	
Uniforms	6,830	
Health services	129,884	
Contracted services	8,417	
Telephone	1,885	
Travel	440	
Utilities	91,375	
Repair and maintenance	72,726	
Training	8,144	
Capital outlay	13,935	1,692,910

PUBLIC SAFETY CONTINUED

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS Salaries \$ 28,257 Payroll taxes 2,159 11,058 Fringes Supplies 18,753 Dues and subscriptions 20 Telephone 1,436 Travel 1,823 Training 1,501

PUBLIC WORKS

\$

65,007

154

DAMS	26,572
RECYCLING	20,000
HEALTH AND WELFARE	
CENTRAL MICHIGAN DISTRICT HEALTH	287,574
MEDICAL EXAMINER/AUTOPSY	126,591
NORTHERN MICHIGAN SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES	74,512
NORTH CENTRAL MICHIGAN MENTAL HEALTH	72,567
SOCIAL SERVICES	13,000

TRIO COUNCIL ON AGING

COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

PLANNING COMMISSION			
Per Diem	\$ 400		
Supplies Travel	650 68	\$	1,118
·	 00	φ	1,110
COOPERATIVE EXTENSION			
Telephone Payments to other governments	907 54,500		55,407
	 34,300		
ECONOMIC DEVLOPMENT			38,222
EAST MICHIGAN COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS			6,500
RICHFIELD DDA			1,000
HOUSING ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries	55,817		
Payroll taxes	4,274		
Fringes	15,921		
Supplies	312		
Telephone Travel	544 226		77,094
OTHER			
MAC AND UCOA DUES			
PROPERTY TAX REFUNDS			1,649
INSURANCE, BONDS, AND FRINGES			
Insurance and bonds	134,479		
Blue cross	381		
Blue cross – retirees	65,938		
Health reimbursement account	136,710		
Health services	797		
Wellness program Retirement	1,680 30,000		
Unemployment	 7,110		377,095
			8,268,709
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Operating transfers out:			
Sheriff Road Patrol	50,000		
Airport Fund	84,674		
Law Library Fund	19,000		
Child Care - Probate	413,527		
Second Chance Academy	27,500		
Landfill	21,000		
Friend of the Court Fund	 102,250		717,951
Total Expenditures and Operating transfers		\$	8,986,660

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	Weyerhaeuser Clean Up	Animal Control	Animal Shelter	Friend of the Court	Counseling Services – Court	Health Building Rental	ROD Automation	
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$ 305,077	\$ 29,715	\$ 10,498	\$ (64,974)	\$ 41,078	\$ 5,098	\$ 90,341	
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,687	
Interest receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due from governmental units				74,930				
Total Assets	\$ 305,077	\$ 29,715	\$ 10,498	\$ 9,956	\$ 41,078	\$ 5,098	\$ 98,028	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 2,665	\$ 8,036	\$ 1,626	\$ -	\$ 5,044	\$ -	
Due to other governmental units								
Total Liabilities		2,665	8,036	1,626		5,044		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Taxes levied for a subsequent period								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances								
Restricted For:								
Contamination Cleanup	305,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Judicial	-	-	-	8,330	-	-	-	
Public Safety	-	27,050	2,462	-	-	-	-	
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	-	41,078	-	-	
Community & economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Projects						54	98,028	
Total Fund Balances	305,077	27,050	2,462	8,330	41,078	54	98,028	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 305,077	\$ 29,715	\$ 10,498	\$ 9,956	\$ 41,078	\$ 5,098	\$ 98,028	

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Homeland Security Hazmat	Michigan Indigent Defense	Concealed Pistol Licensing	Drug Enforcement	Correction Training	Welfare Fraud	Law Library		
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$ 37,635	\$ 203,100	\$ 27,289	\$ 3,030	\$ 28,605	\$ 6,393	\$ 269		
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Due from governmental units	-								
Total Assets	\$ 37,635	\$ 203,100	\$ 27,289	\$ 3,030	\$ 28,605	\$ 6,393	\$ 269		
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 28,842	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Due to other governmental units	-		-	-					
Total Liabilities		28,842							
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	-								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Fund Balances									
Restricted For:									
Contamination Cleanup	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Judicial	-	174,258	-	-	-	-	269		
Public Safety	37,635	-	27,289	3,030	28,605	-	-		
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	6,393	-		
Community & economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital Projects									
Total Fund Balances	37,635	174,258	27,289	3,030	28,605	6,393	269		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 37,635	\$ 203,100	\$ 27,289	\$ 3,030	\$ 28,605	\$ 6,393	\$ 269		

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS										
	Re	EDC volving	Hou	unty sing hab		sing stration		uvenile ustice	dfill liation	Child Care Probate	ldiers elief
Assets											
Cash and investments	\$	26,537	\$	1	\$	778	\$	63,633	\$ 64	\$ 83,008	\$ 1,120
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Interest receivable		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Due from governmental units		-		-				27,749	 	83,658	 -
Total Assets	\$	26,537	\$	1	\$	778	\$	91,382	\$ 64	\$ 166,666	\$ 1,120
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	42	\$	1,650	\$ -	\$ 35,966	\$ -
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		-	 	7,215	 -
Total Liabilities				-		42		1,650	 -	43,181	
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Taxes levied for a subsequent period				-					 		 -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				-					 -		 -
Fund Balances											
Restricted For:											
Contamination Cleanup		-		-		-		-	64	-	-
Judicial		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Public Works		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		89,732	-	123,485	1,120
Community & economic development Capital Projects		26,537		1		736		-	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances		26,537		1		736		89,732	 64	123,485	 1,120
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows											
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	26,537	\$	1	\$	778	\$	91,382	\$ 64	\$ 166,666	\$ 1,120

		SP	ECIAL RE	VENUE FUNDS		DEBT SERVICE			
	Day atment	Fe	ıp Home deral rant	Veterans Affairs	Juvenile Detention	Channel Court	Johnston Haven	Pine Bluffs	
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$ 211	\$	317	\$ 236,206	\$ 29,222	\$ 2,149	\$ 5,042	\$ 5,378	
Taxes receivable	-		-	219,386	-	25,124	22,644	17,656	
Accounts receivable	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest receivable	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due from governmental units	 -		-		16,554				
Total Assets	\$ 211	\$	317	\$ 455,592	\$ 45,776	\$ 27,273	\$ 27,686	\$ 23,034	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5 , 843	\$ 10,114	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Due to other governmental units	 -		-		-				
Total Liabilities	 			5,843	10,114				
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	 -		-	219,386					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 -			219,386					
Fund Balances									
Restricted For:									
Contamination Cleanup	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Judicial	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Safety	-		-	-	35,662	-	-	-	
Public Works	-		-	-	-	27,273	27,686	23,034	
Health & Welfare	211		317	230,363	-	-	-	-	
Community & economic development	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Projects	 -								
Total Fund Balances	 211		317	230,363	35,662	27,273	27,686	23,034	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 211	\$	317	\$ 455,592	\$ 45,776	\$ 27,273	\$ 27,686	\$ 23,034	

	 DEBT	CAPITAL PROJECTS									
	chfield ain #1		nimal ntrol		Drain volving		hannel Court		nston ven		Pine Bluffs
Assets											
Cash and investments	\$ 2,147	\$	711	\$	1,659	\$	2,118	\$	57	\$	43,888
Taxes receivable	-		328,422		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable	-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest receivable	-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from governmental units	 -								-		-
Total Assets	\$ 2,147	\$ 3	329,133	\$	1,659	\$	2,118	\$	57	\$	43,888
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16
Due to other governmental units	 								-		-
Total Liabilities	 				-				-		16
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	 	3	328,422		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 	3	328,422						-		
Fund Balances											
Restricted For:											
Contamination Cleanup	-		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial	-		-		-		-		-		-
Public Safety	2,147		711		-		-		-		-
Public Works	-		-		1,659		2,118		57		43,872
Health & Welfare	-		-		-		-		-		-
Community & economic development	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects	 		-						-		
Total Fund Balances	 2,147		711		1,659		2,118		57		43,872
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows											
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,147	\$ 3	329,133	\$	1,659	\$	2,118	\$	57	\$	43,888

		CAPITA	L PROJECT	s		
	chfield ain #1	Iro	on-Belle Trail elopment	Iron Ti	-Belle rail tudy	 Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,330	\$	1,510	\$	708	\$ 1,235,948
Taxes receivable	-		-		-	613,232
Accounts receivable	-		-		-	7,687
Interest receivable	-		-		-	-
Due from governmental units	 				-	 202,891
Total Assets	\$ 6,330	\$	1,510	\$	708	\$ 2,059,758
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 6,172	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 106,016
Due to other governmental units	 		-		-	 7,215
Total Liabilities	 6,172					 113,231
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	 				-	 547,808
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 					 547,808
Fund Balances						
Restricted For:						
Contamination Cleanup	-		-		-	305,141
Judicial	-		-		-	182,857
Public Safety	-		-		-	164,591
Public Works	158		1,510		708	128,075
Health & Welfare	-		-		-	492,699
Community & economic development	-		-		-	27,274
Capital Projects	 				-	 98,082
Total Fund Balances	 158		1,510		708	 1,398,719
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 6,330	\$	1,510	\$	708	\$ 2,059,758

			SPE	CIAL REVENUE F	UNDS		
	Weyerhaeuser Clean Up	Animal Control	Animal Shelter	Friend of the Court	Counseling Services – Court	Health Building Rental	ROD Automation
Revenue:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State	-	-	-	267,341	-	-	-
Local	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	29,971	55,402	23,953	1,965	-	58,385
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rents	-	-	-	-	-	58,501	-
Reimbursements and refunds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	1,453	-	-	-	-	-
Other		2,000					
Total Revenue		33,424	55,402	291,294	1,965	58,501	58,385
Expenditures:							
Judicial	-	-	-	386,602	1,481	-	-
General	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,459
Public Safety	-	30,733	486,765	-	-	-	-
Public Works	236	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	32,708	-
Community & economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest							
Total Expenditures	236	30,733	486,765	386,602	1,481	32,708	37,459
Excess:							
Revenue over (under)							
expenditures	(236)	2,691	(431,363)	(95,308)	484	25,793	20,926
Other financing sources (uses):						<u> </u>	
Operating transfers in		_	417,106	102,250		_	
Operating transfers out		(59,000)	417,100	102,230	-	(45,900)	_
		(33,000)				(43,500)	
Total Other Financing		()				(
Sources (Uses)		(59,000)	417,106	102,250		(45,900)	
Excess:							
Revenue and other financing							
sources over (under)							
expenditures and other							
financing uses	(236)	(56,309)	(14,257)	6,942	484	(20,107)	20,926
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	305,313	83,359	16,719	1,388	40,594	20,161	77,102
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 305,077	\$ 27,050	\$ 2,462	\$ 8,330	\$ 41,078	\$ 54	\$ 98,028
, ,							,

				SPECIAL REVEN	UE FUNDS		
	Homeland Security Hazmat	Michigan Indigent Defense	Concealed Pistol Licensing	Drug Enforcement	Correction Training	Welfare Fraud	Law Library
Revenue:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State	-	229,813	-	-	10,242	-	-
Local Charges for services	338	-	- 14,884	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	14,004	-	-	-	2,500
Rents	_		_	-	-		2,500
Reimbursements and refunds	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Interest	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue	338	229,813	14,884		10,242		2,500
Expenditures:							
Judicial	-	55,555	-	-	-	-	21,231
General	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	5,074	-	6,502	-	17,413	-	-
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community & economic development Debt Service:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest							-
Total Expenditures	5,074	55,555	6,502		17,413		21,231
Excess:							
Revenue over (under)	(()		()
expenditures	(4,736)	174,258	8,382		(7,171)		(18,731)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,000
Operating transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							19,000
Excess: Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other							
financing uses	(4,736)	174,258	8,382	-	(7,171)	-	269
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	42,371		18,907	3,030	35,776	6,393	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 37,635	\$ 174,258	\$ 27,289	\$ 3,030	\$ 28,605	\$ 6,393	\$ 269
· ·							

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	EDC Revolving	County Housing Rehab	Housing Administration	Juvenile Justice	Landfill Remediation	Child Care Probate	Soldiers Relief
Revenue:	*	¢	¢	^	*	*	*
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal State	-	12,261	-	-	-	-	-
Local	-	-	-	115,089	-	434,659	-
Charges for services	-	_	2,050		_	_	_
Fines and forfeits	_	_	2,000	-	_	-	-
Rents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reimbursements and refunds	-	-	-	-	-	26,940	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	1,639	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue	1,639	12,261	2,050	115,089	-	461,599	-
Expenditures:							
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health & Welfare	-	-		29,564	-	740,031	-
Community & economic development Debt Service:	141	6,191	1,736	-	-	-	-
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest							
Total Expenditures	141	6,191	1,736	29,564		740,031	
Excess:							
Revenue over (under) expenditures	1,498	6,070	314	85,525	-	(278,432)	-
Other financing sources (uses):		,					
Operating transfers in	-	_	-	-	-	413,527	-
Operating transfers out		(6,070)				(45,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(6,070)	. <u> </u>			368,527	
Excess: Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other							
financing uses	1,498	-	314	85,525	-	90,095	-
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	25,039	1	422	4,207	64	33,390	1,120
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 26,537	\$ 1	\$ 736	\$ 89,732	\$ 64	\$ 123,485	\$ 1,120

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	Veterans Trust	Day Treatment	Group Home Federal Grant	Veterans Affairs	Juvenile Detention	Channel Court	Johnston Haven	
Revenue:								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 214,262	\$ -	\$ 33,013	\$ 24,662	
Federal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
State	-	7,189	-	1,373	13,034	-	-	
Local	-	40,876	-	-	416,844	-	-	
Charges for services	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reimbursements and refunds	-	2,655	-		-	-	-	
Interest Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
other				980				
Total Revenue		50,720		216,615	429,878	33,013	24,662	
Expenditures:								
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Health & Welfare	4,852	147,721	-	208,958	485,716	-	-	
Community & economic development Debt Service:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Principal						44,923	23,650	
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	3,007	23,050	
Total Expenditures	4,852	147,721		208,958	485,716	47,930		
	4,052	147,721		200,950	405,710	47,930	24,435	
Excess: Revenue over (under)								
expenditures	(4,852)	(97,001)		7,657	(55 939)	(14 017)	227	
·	(4,032)	(97,001)		7,057	(55,838)	(14,917)		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	-	72,500	-	-	-	-	-	
Operating transfers out					(14,157)			
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		72,500			(14,157)			
Excess:								
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other								
financing uses	(4,852)	(24,501)	-	7,657	(69,995)	(14,917)	227	
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	4,852	24,712	317	222,706	105,657	42,190	27,459	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ -	\$ 211	\$ 317	\$ 230,363	\$ 35,662	\$ 27,273	\$ 27,686	
			÷ •••/	,,	÷ ••••••	, _,, <u>,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, <u>_</u> ,,	

	DEBT S	ERVICE			CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS			
	Pine Bluffs	Richfield Drain #1	Animal Control	Drain Revolving	Channel Court	Johnston Haven	Pine Bluffs	
Revenue:								
Taxes	\$ 37,105	\$ 2,147	\$ 322,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Federal State	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Local	-	-	-	- 350	-	-	- 320	
Charges for services	_	_	-	- 330	-		520	
Fines and forfeits	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	
Rents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reimbursements and refunds	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Revenue	37,105	2,147	322,205	350		-	320	
Expenditures:								
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Works	-	-	-	1,814	-	25	17,568	
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community & economic development Debt Service:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Principal	35,730	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest	4,866							
Total Expenditures	40,596			1,814		25	17,568	
Excess:								
Revenue over (under)	(2,401)	0 147	200 005	(1 464)		(25)	(17.040)	
expenditures	(3,491)	2,147	322,205	(1,464)		(25)	(17,248)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	2,108	-	- (358,106)	23,123 (20,000)	-	-	- (39,631)	
			(558,100)	(20,000)			(39,031)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,108		(358,106)	3,123			(39,631)	
Excess: Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other								
financing uses	(1,383)	2,147	(35,901)	1,659	-	(25)	(56,879)	
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	24,417		36,612		2,118	82	100,751	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 23,034	\$ 2,147	\$ 711	\$ 1,659	\$ 2,118	\$ 57	\$ 43,872	

	CAF	ITAL PROJECT FU		
	Richfield	Iron-Belle Trail	Iron-Belle Trail	
	Drain #1	Development	Study	Totals
Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 633,394
Federal	-	-	-	12,261
State	-	26,289	-	1,105,029
Local	-	-	-	458,728
Charges for services	-	-	-	186,610
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	2,500
Rents	-	-	-	58,501
Reimbursements and refunds	-	-	-	29,595
Interest	-	-	-	1,453
Other				4,619
Total Revenue		26,289		2,492,690
Expenditures:				
Judicial	-	-	-	464,869
General	-	-	-	37,459
Public Safety	-	-	-	546,487
Public Works	95,527	22,374	2,150	139,694
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	1,649,550
Community & economic development Debt Service:	-	-	-	8,068
Principal	-	-	-	104,303
Interest				8,658
Total Expenditures	95,527	22,374	2,150	2,959,088
Excess:				
Revenue over (under)				
expenditures	(95,527)	3,915	(2,150)	(466,398
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	20,000	1,161	3,566	1,074,341
Operating transfers out		(3,566)	(1,161)	(592,591)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	20,000	(2,405)	2,405	481,750
Excess:				
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other				
financing uses	(75,527)	1,510	255	15,352
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1	75,685		453	1,383,367
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$ 158	\$ 1,510	\$ 708	\$ 1,398,719

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ALL FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

ASSETS	General	<u>Library</u>	Landfill Perpetual <u>Care</u>	Total
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,741,709</u>	<u>\$ 140,074</u>	<u>\$ 10,486</u>	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,741,709</u>	<u>\$ 140,074</u>	<u>\$ 10,486</u>	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>
LIABILITIES				
Due to governmental units Undistributed collections Other current liabilities	\$ 151,978 1,309,729 <u> 280,002</u>	\$ -0- 140,074 	\$ -0- 10,486 	\$ 151,978 1,460,289 280,002
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,741,709</u>	<u>\$ 140,074</u>	<u>\$ 10,486</u>	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>

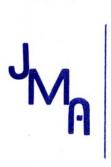
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

TRUST AND AGENCY	Balance January 1, 2018	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance December 31, 2018
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,538,706</u>	<u>\$20,830,886</u>	<u>\$20,627,883</u>	<u>\$ 1,741,709</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,538,706</u>	<u>\$20,830,886</u>	<u>\$20,627,883</u>	<u>\$ 1,741,709</u>
LIABILITIES				
Due to governmental units Undistributed collections Other current liabilities	\$ 126,909 1,181,033 230,764	\$ 1,741,821 8,888,886 10,200,179	\$ 1,716,752 8,760,190 10,150,941	\$ 151,978 1,309,729 <u>280,002</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,538,706</u>	<u>\$20,830,886</u>	<u>\$20,627,883</u>	<u>\$ 1,741,709</u>
LIBRARY				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 132,258</u>	<u>\$ 204,326</u>	<u>\$ 196,510</u>	<u>\$ 140,074</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 132,258</u>	<u>\$ 204,326</u>	<u>\$ 196,510</u>	<u>\$ 140,074</u>
LIABILITIES				
Undistributed collections	<u>\$ 132,258</u>	<u>\$ 204,326</u>	<u>\$ 196,510</u>	<u>\$ 140,074</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 132,258</u>	<u>\$ 204,326</u>	<u>\$ 196,510</u>	<u>\$ 140,074</u>
LANDFILL PERPETUAL CARE				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 10,484</u>	<u>\$2</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 10,486</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 10,484</u>	<u>\$2</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 10,486</u>
LIABILITIES				
Undistributed collections	<u>\$ 10,484</u>	<u>\$2</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 10,486</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 10,484</u>	<u>\$2</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 10,486</u>

ROSCOMMON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) ALL AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

AGENCY FUND TOTALS	Balance January 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance December 31, 2018
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,681,448</u>	<u>\$21,035,214</u>	<u>\$20,824,393</u>	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,681,448</u>	<u>\$21,035,214</u>	<u>\$20,824,393</u>	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>
LIABILITIES				
Due to governmental units Undistributed collections Other current liabilities	\$ 126,909 1,323,775 230,764	\$ 1,741,821 9,093,214 10,200,179	\$ 1,716,752 8,956,700 10,150,941	\$ 151,978 1,460,289 280,002
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,681,448</u>	<u>\$21,035,214</u>	<u>\$20,824,393</u>	<u>\$ 1,892,269</u>

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE



James M. Anderson, P.C.

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 19, 2019

Board of Commissioners Roscommon County Roscommon, MI 48653

Dear Board:

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Roscommon County, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Roscommon, Michigan's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon date June 19, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Roscommon County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Roscommon, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Roscommon, Michigan's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Board of Commissioners Roscommon County June 19, 2019 Page 2

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. I did identify a certain deficiency in internal controls described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses that I consider to be a significant deficiency listed as 2018-01.

<u>Compliance and Other Matters</u>

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Roscommon County, Michigan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

<u>County of Roscommon, Michigan's Response to Findings</u>

The County of Roscommon, Michigan's response to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The County of Roscommon, Michigan's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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JAMES M. ANDERSON, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

<u>Preparation of Financial Statements in Accordance</u> <u>with GAAP</u> - Repeat Comment

Finding 2018-01

Condition: The County has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the County's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition by considered to be a part of the County's internal controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by the County's decision that it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the auditors than to incur the time and expense of obtaining the necessary training and expertise required for County personnel to prepare them internally.

Effect: The County lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this duty.

Criteria: All Michigan governments are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is a responsibility of the County's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both: 1) recording, processing and summarizing accounting data (maintaining internal accounting books and records); and 2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related notes to financial statements (external financial reporting).

Recommendation: We recommend that the County Board evaluate the cost versus benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and determine if it is in the best interest of the County to outsource this duty to its external auditors. If the County continues to rely on its external auditors to prepare the financial statements, we recommend the board designate a responsible County official to carefully review the draft financial statements including the notes, prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.

Management'S Response: The County has chosen their independent auditor to prepare these financial statements and required footnote disclosures on their behalf. The board will designate a responsible County official to carefully review the draft financial statements including the notes, prior to approving them, and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.